

Boundary and elastic parameter sensitivity for a receiver function waveform misfit in a global earth

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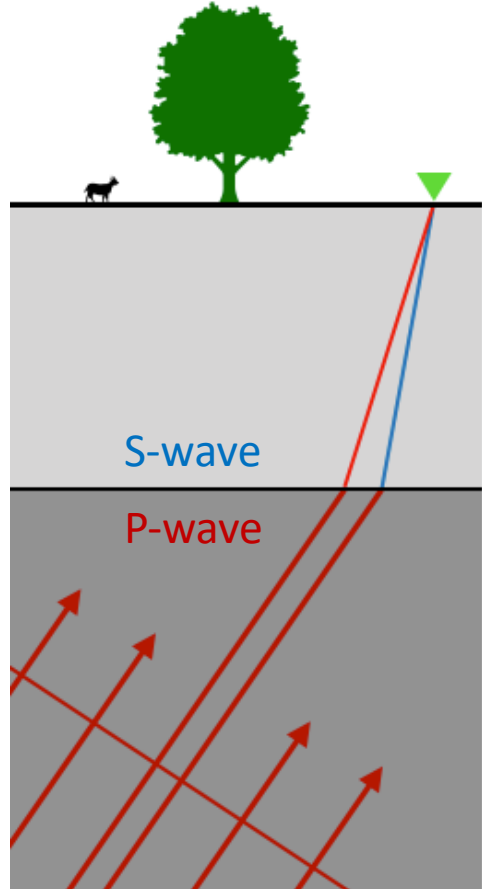
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Receiver Functions



Receiver Functions

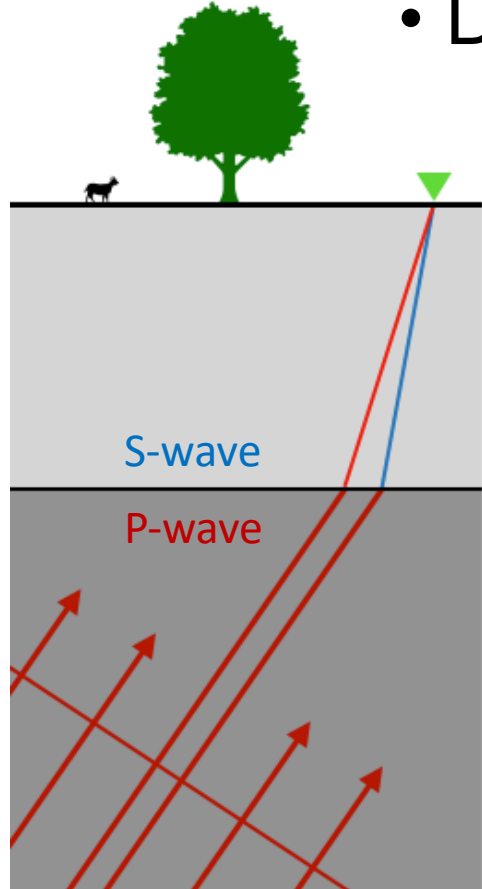
- Seismic signal: $u_i(\mathbf{x}_r, t) = S(\mathbf{x}_s, t) * P_i(\mathbf{x}_s, \mathbf{x}_r, t) * E_i^n(\mathbf{x}_r, t)$

- Deconvolution: $RF(\mathbf{x}_r, t) = F^{-1} \left[\frac{u_R(\mathbf{x}_r, \omega)}{u_V(\mathbf{x}_r, \omega)} \right]$

$$= F^{-1} \left[\frac{\cancel{S(\mathbf{x}_s, \omega)} \cancel{P_R(\mathbf{x}_s, \mathbf{x}_r, \omega)} E_R^n(\mathbf{x}_r, \omega)}{\cancel{S(\mathbf{x}_s, \omega)} \cancel{P_V(\mathbf{x}_s, \mathbf{x}_r, \omega)} E_V^n(\mathbf{x}_r, \omega)} \right]$$

$$P_V(\mathbf{x}_s, \mathbf{x}_r, \omega) \approx P_R(\mathbf{x}_s, \mathbf{x}_r, \omega)$$

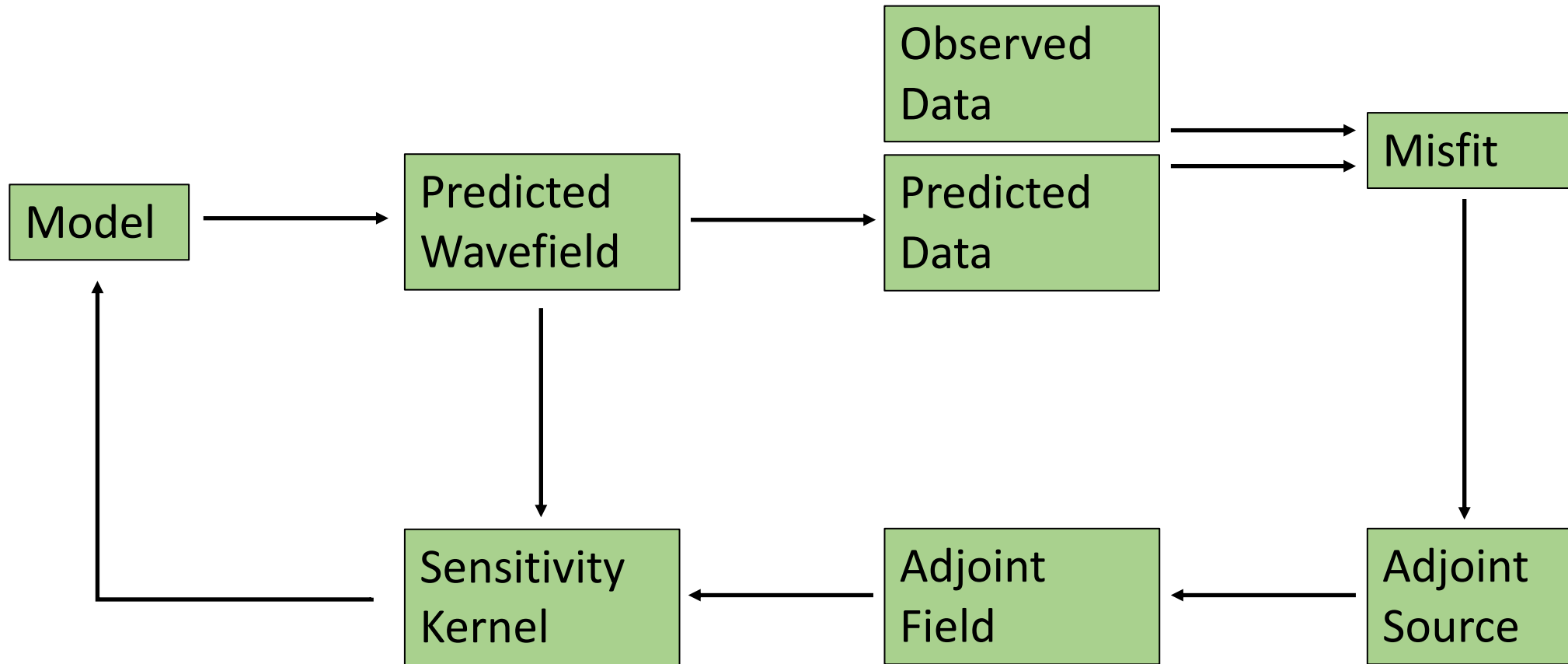
$$= F^{-1} \left[\frac{E_R^n(\mathbf{x}_r, \omega)}{E_V^n(\mathbf{x}_r, \omega)} \right]$$



Receiver Functions: challenges

- Challenges of receiver functions:
 - Weak signal
 - Coda scatterers
 - Assumptions
- We use Full Waveform Inversion
 - All information in waveform
 - Less assumptions

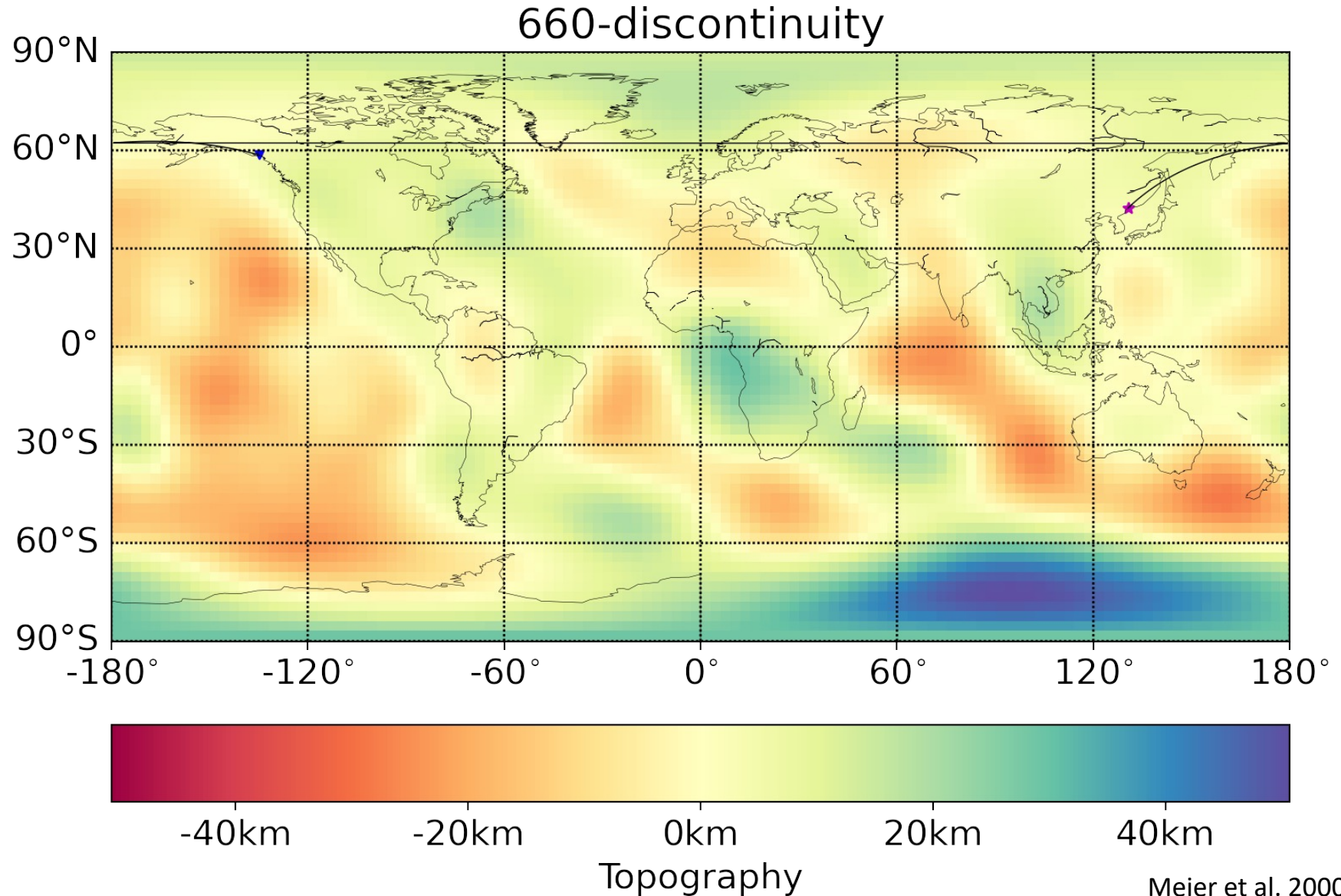
Full Waveform Inversion: Adjoint Method



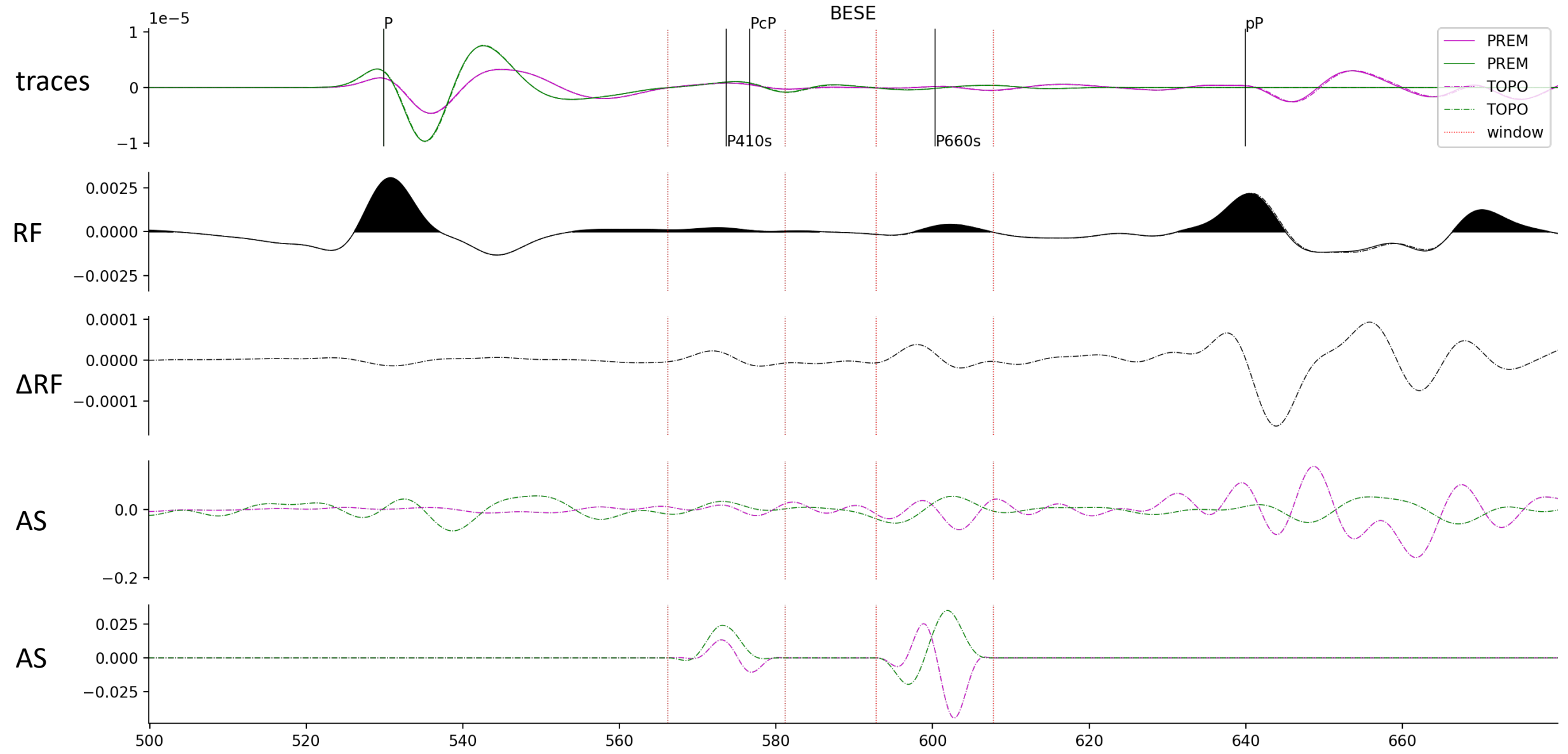
Example: Topography model, event, station

Event: Russia-China
Depth: 578.7 km
Mag: 6.9

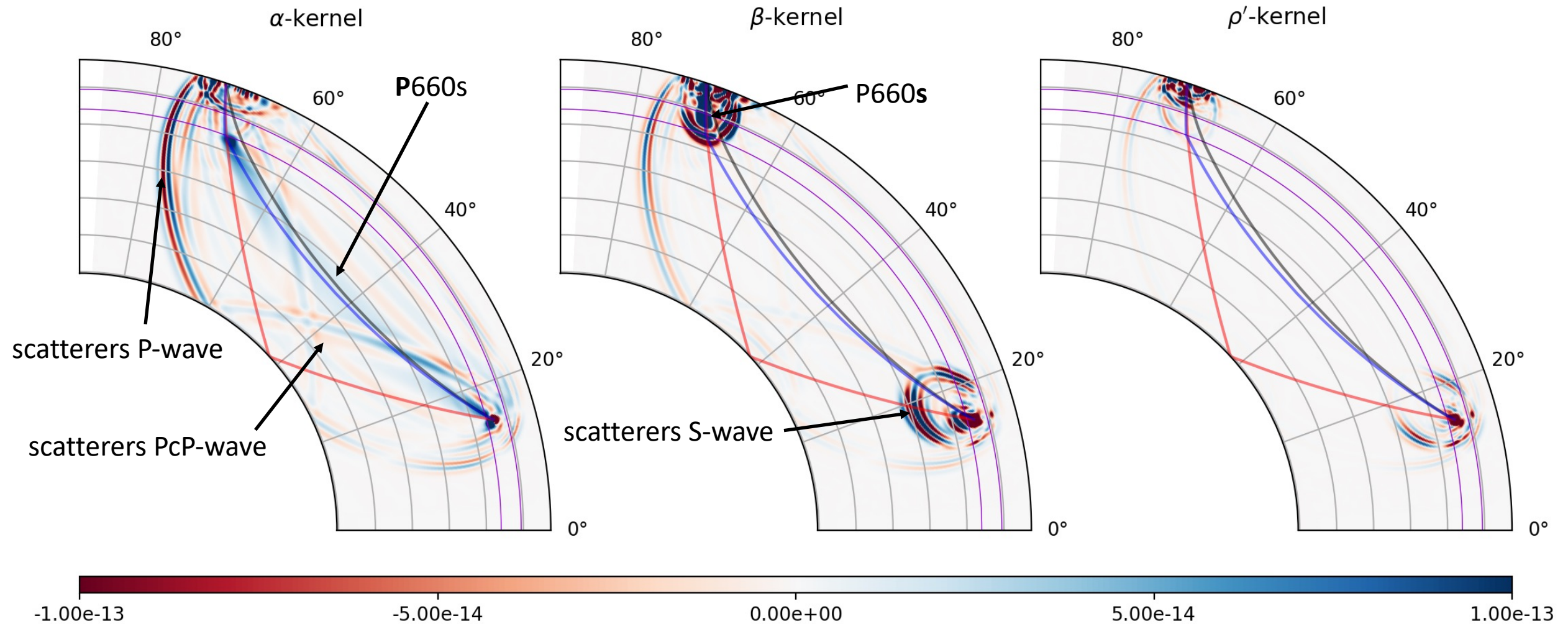
BESE (57°) Station



Example: Waveforms and adjoint sources

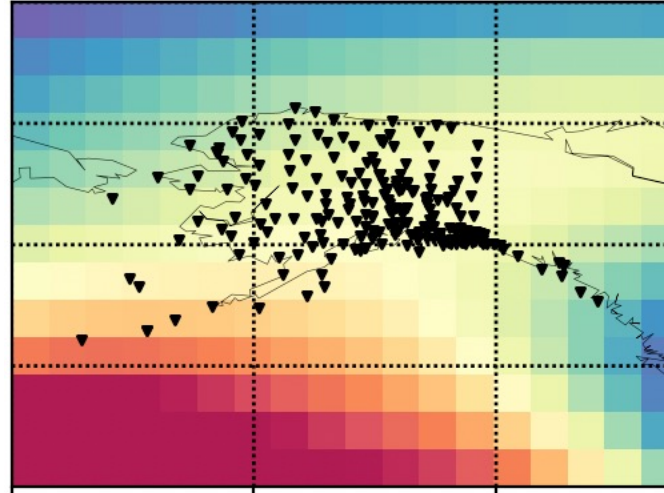


Mantle Kernels: P660s

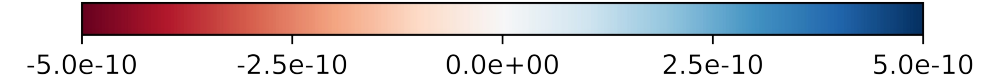
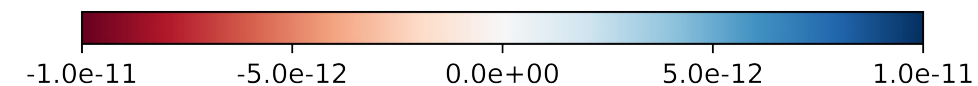
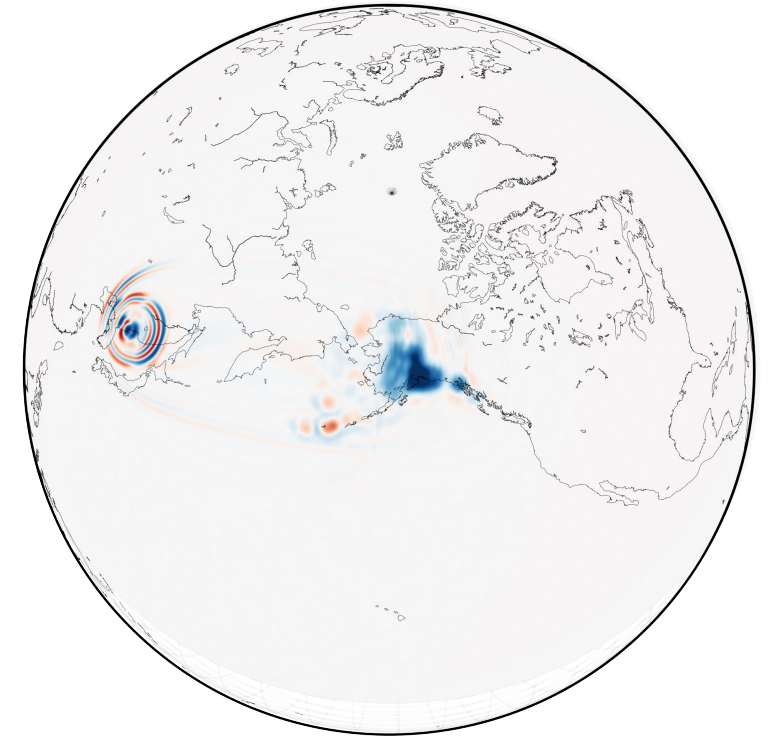


Boundary Kernels: 660-discontinuity

Scatterers Direct P- &
S-wave



Conversion point



Sensitivity kernels: Observations

Mantle Kernels

- Sensitivity to PS-ray path
- Sensitivity to large portion of the mantle
 - ~~$P_V(\mathbf{x}_s, \mathbf{x}_r, \omega) \approx P_R(\mathbf{x}_s, \mathbf{x}_r, \omega)$~~
- Sensitivity to other phases
 - P-wave, S-wave, PcP

Boundary Kernels

- Sensitivity to conversion point
- Source area
- P-wave scatterers
- S-wave scatterers

Take-away message

- Strong sensitivity to conversion point and P660s fresnel zone
- Direct P, direct S and other phases contribute significantly
- Receiver function's waveform depend on large portion of the mantle
- Sensitivity kernels can be used to determine which phases and areas contribute to a receiver functions waveform

Literature

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