



Temperature and precipitation distribution changes in response to global warming – results from transient simulations of the Last Deglaciation from a hierarchy of climate models

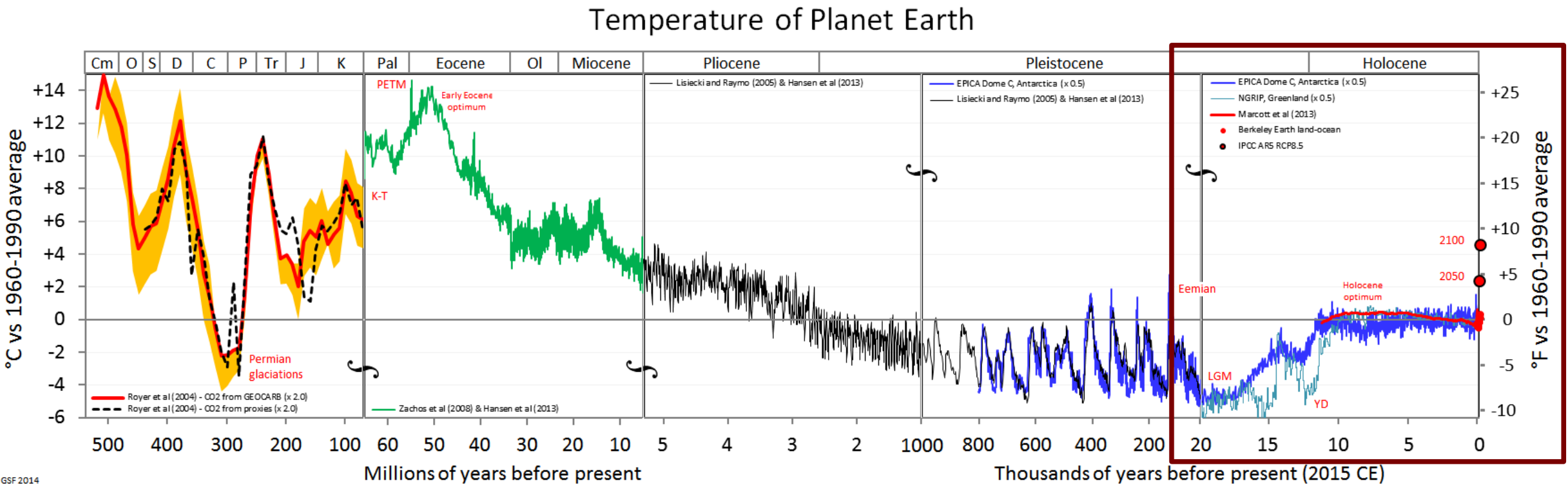
Elisa Ziegler, Christian Wirths, Heather Andres, Lauren Gregoire, Ruza Ivanovic, Marie-Luise Kapsch, Steffen Kutterolf, Uwe Mikolajewicz, Julie Christin Schindlbeck-Belo, Matthew Toohey, Paul J. Valdes, Nils Weitzel, and Kira Rehfeld



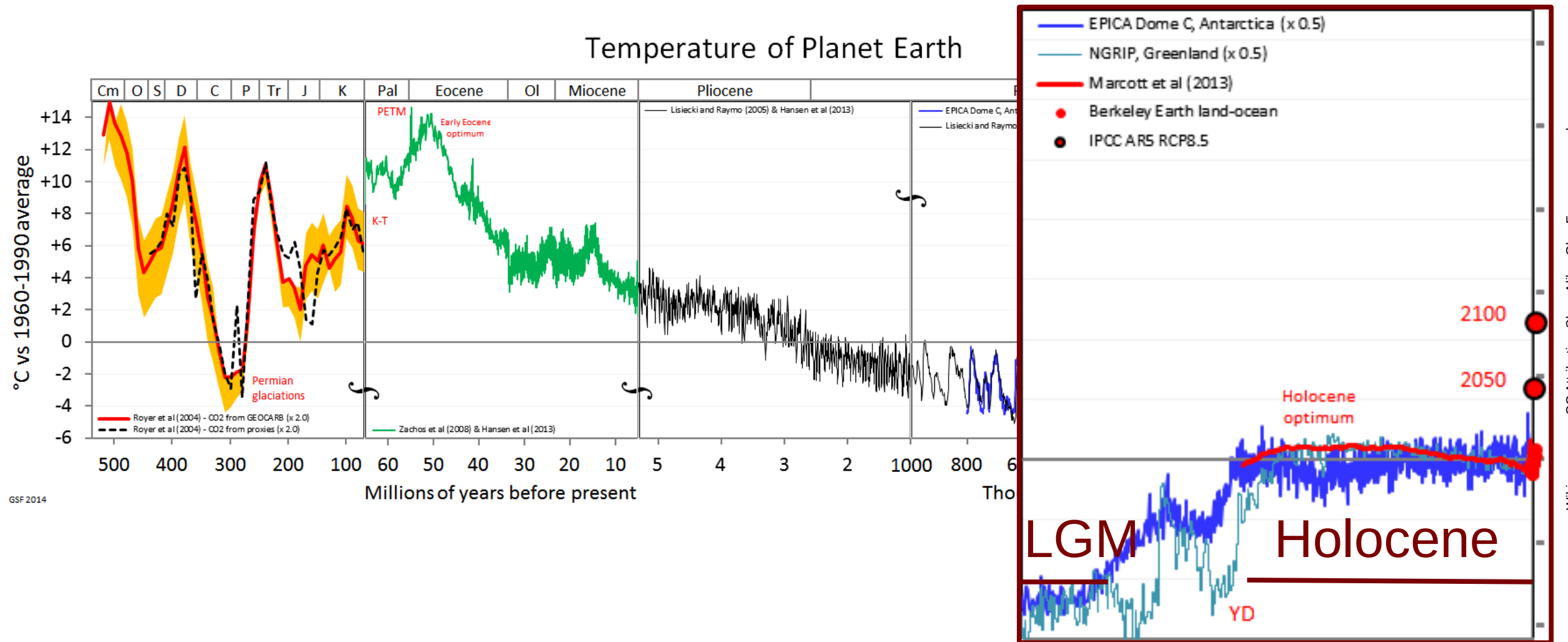
**PAL
MOD**



Consider past climate changes...



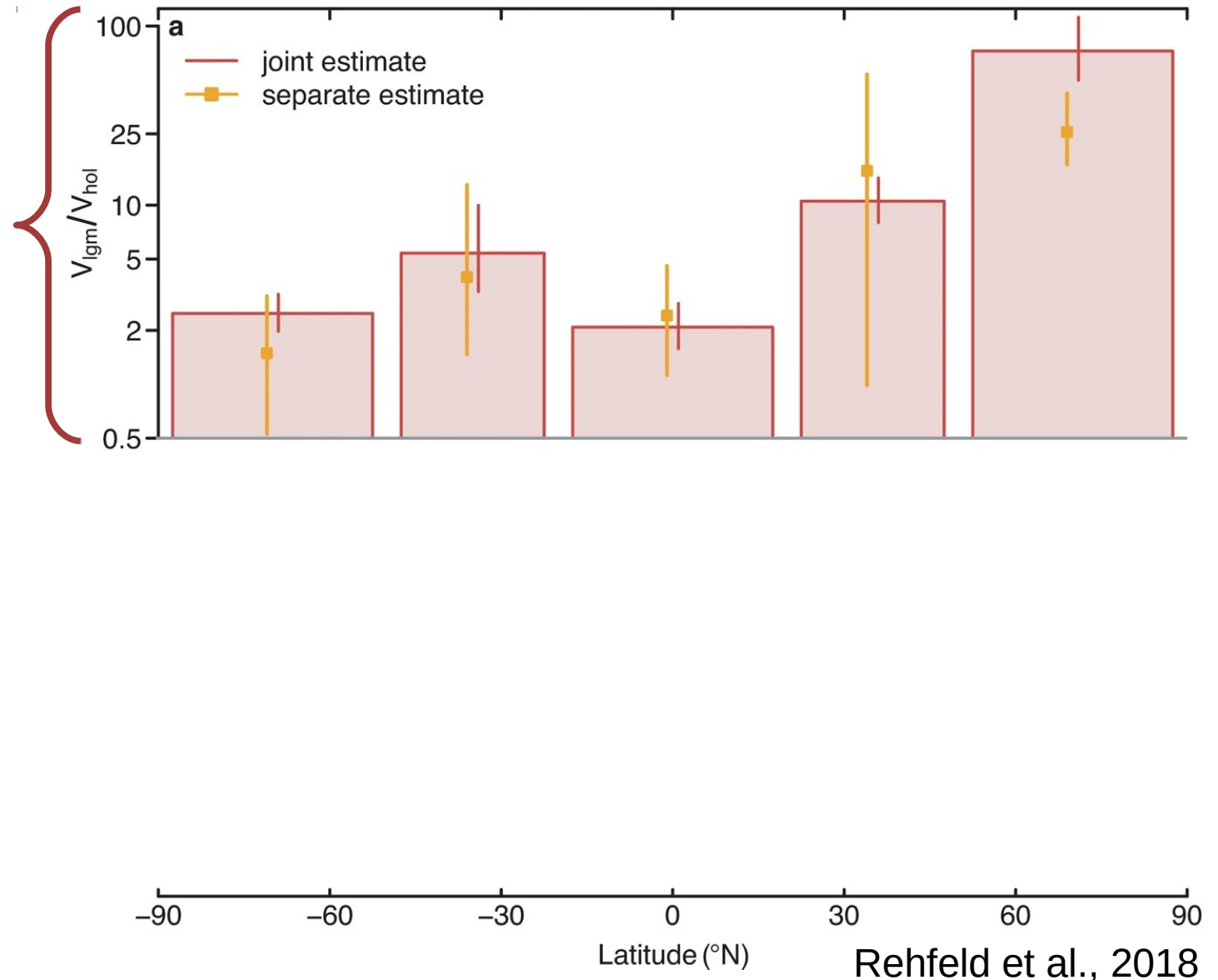
Consider past climate changes...



...to learn about what to expect in the future.

Limited agreement on past changes in variability

Proxies:
up to 100× higher
variance during LGM
than Holocene



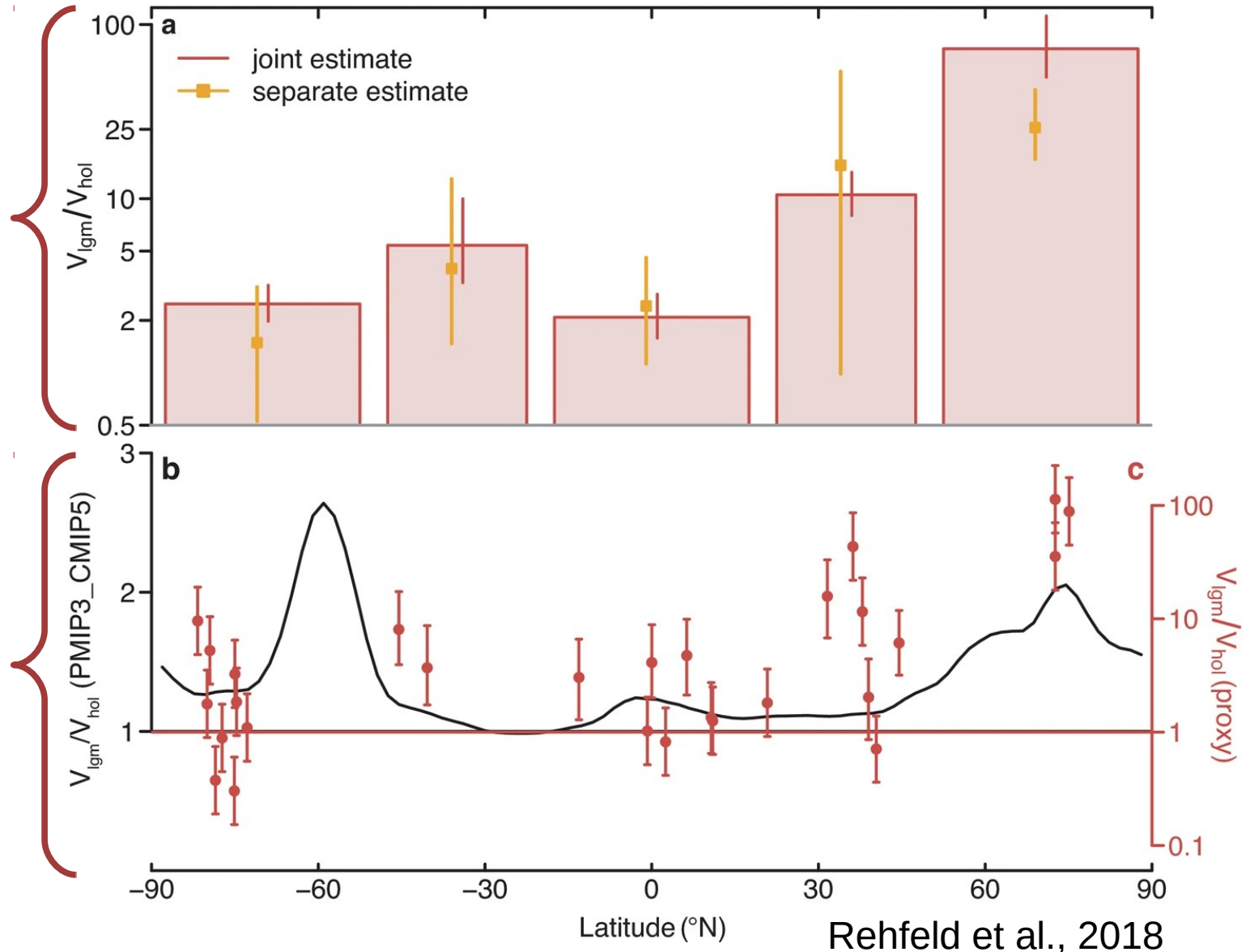
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Models:

variance only up to 3×
higher



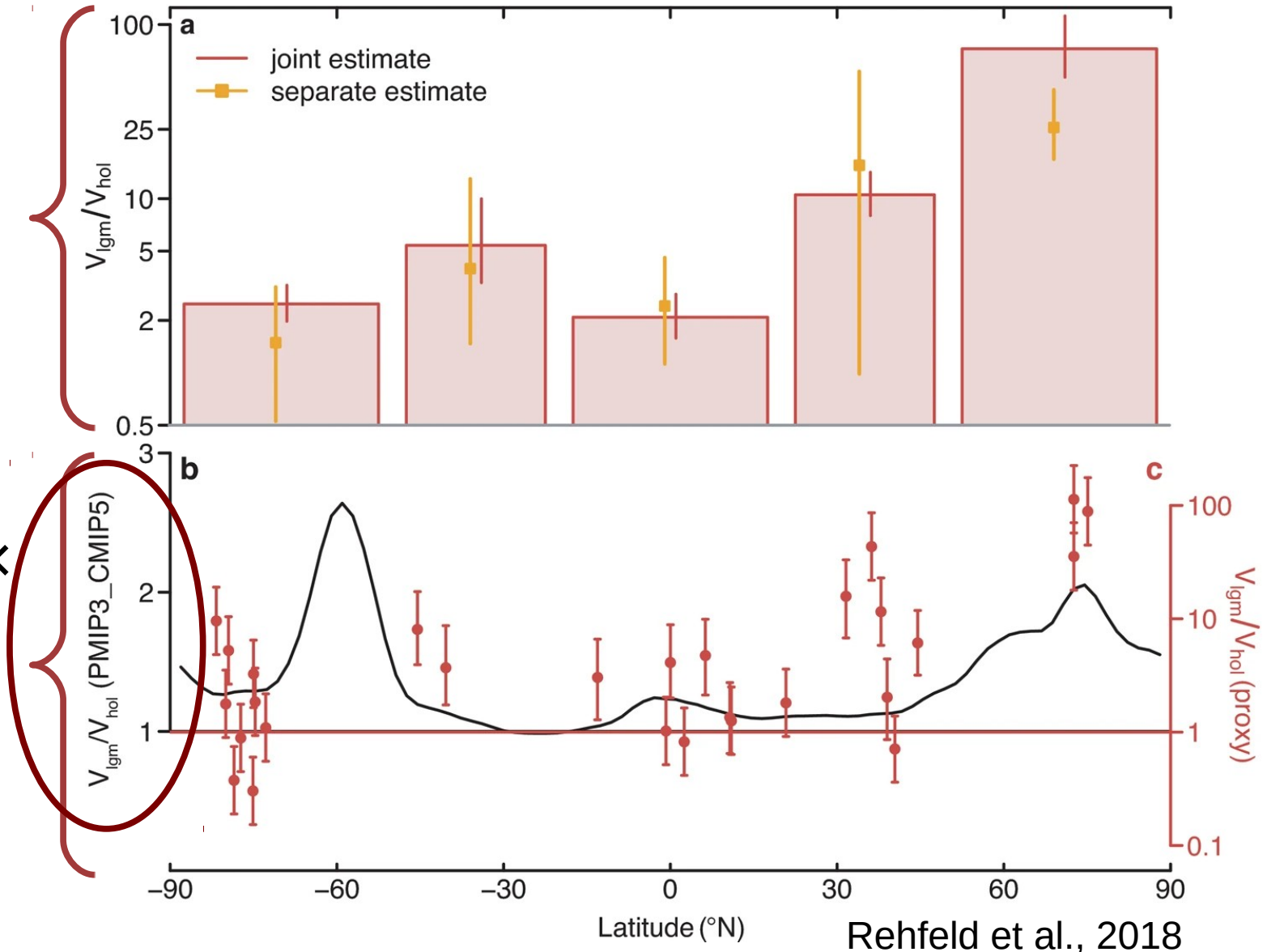
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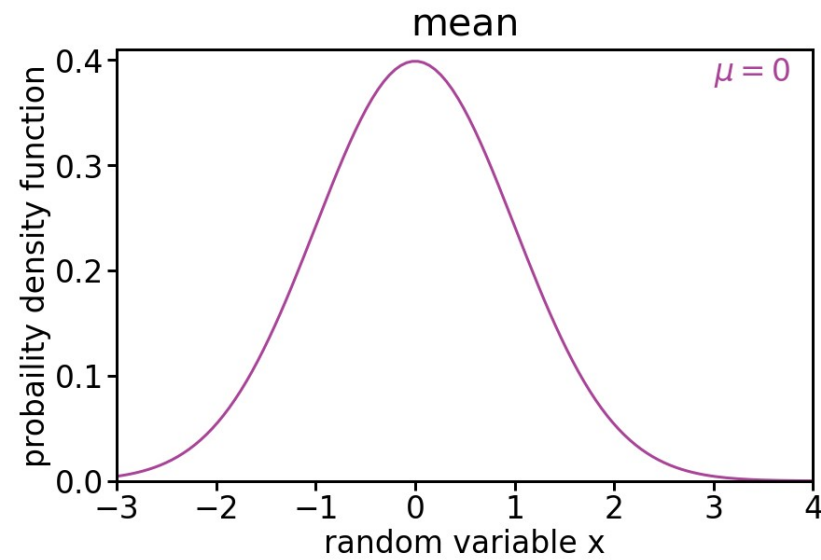
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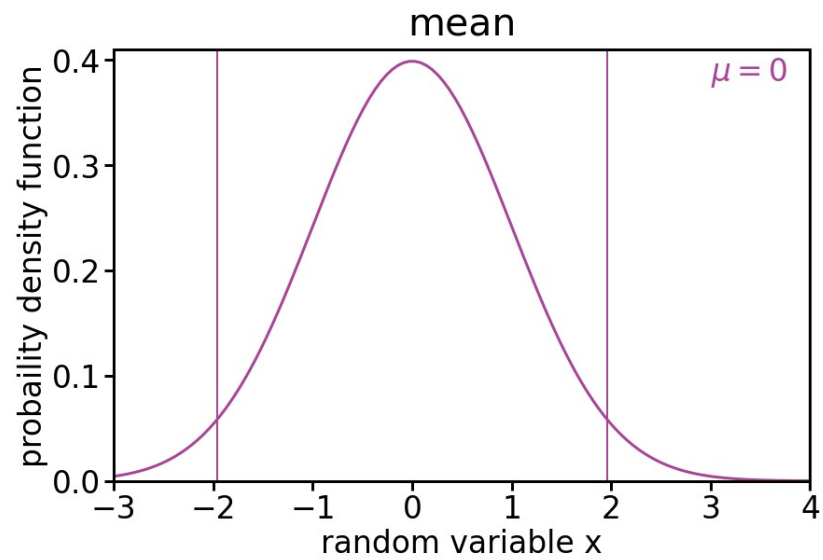
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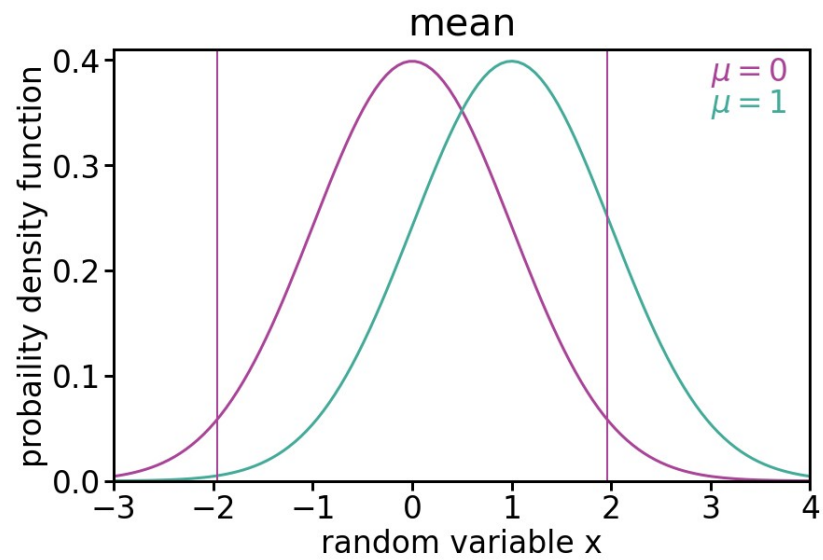
When the mean climate changes,



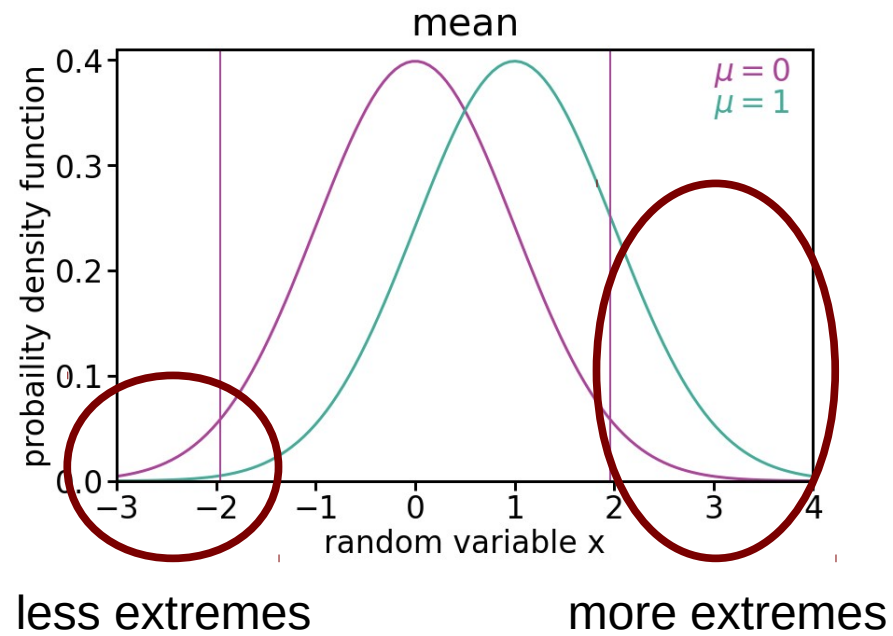
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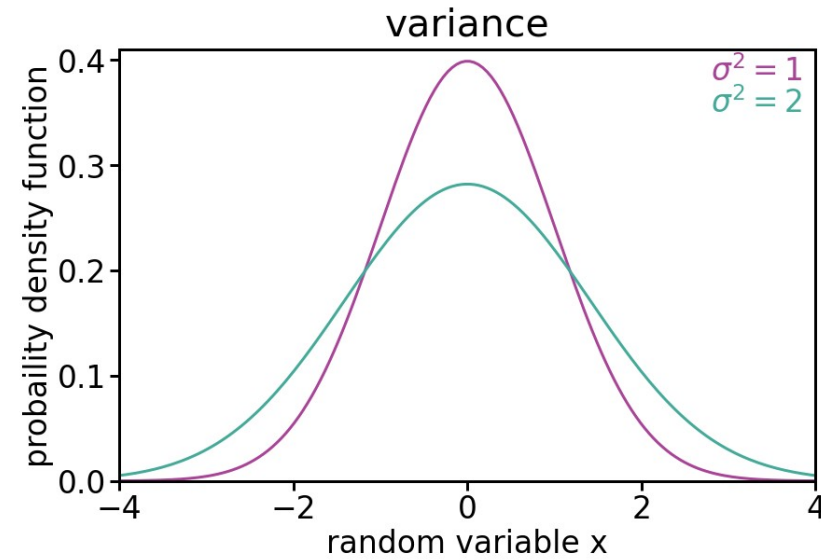
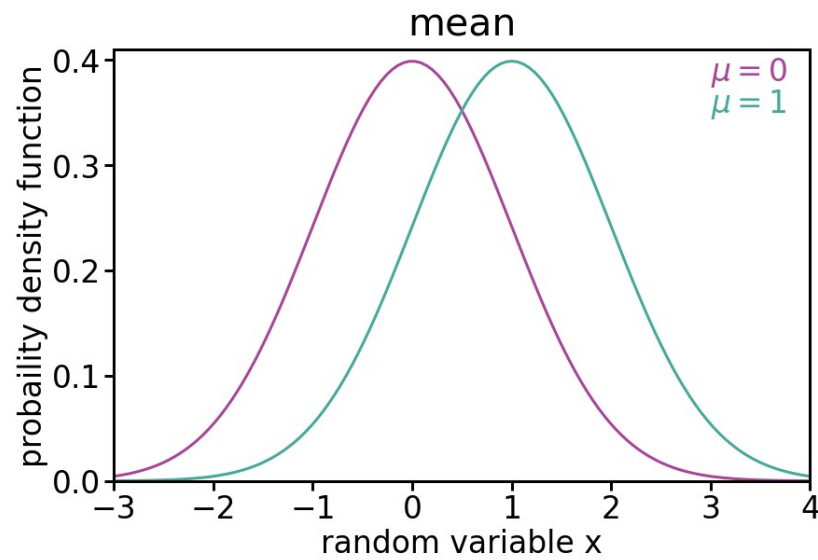
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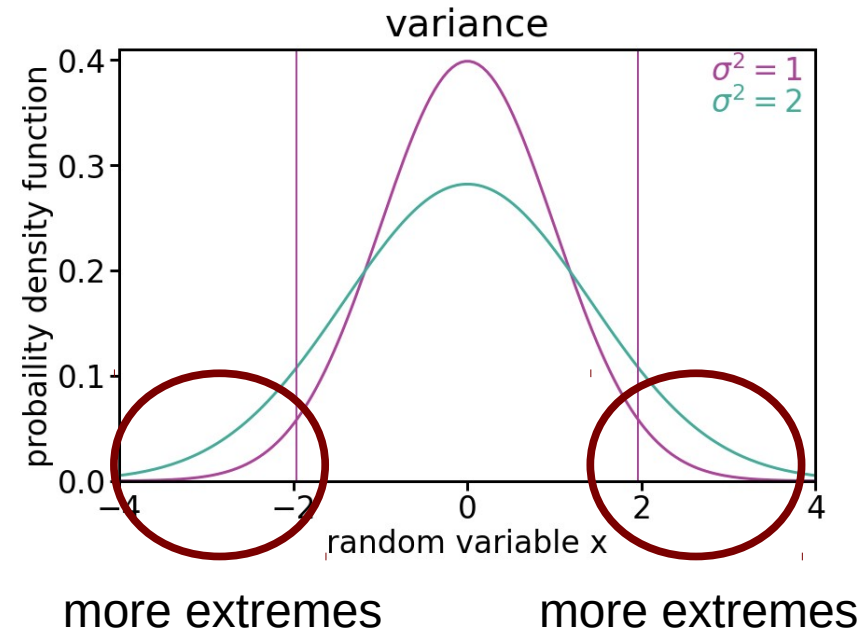
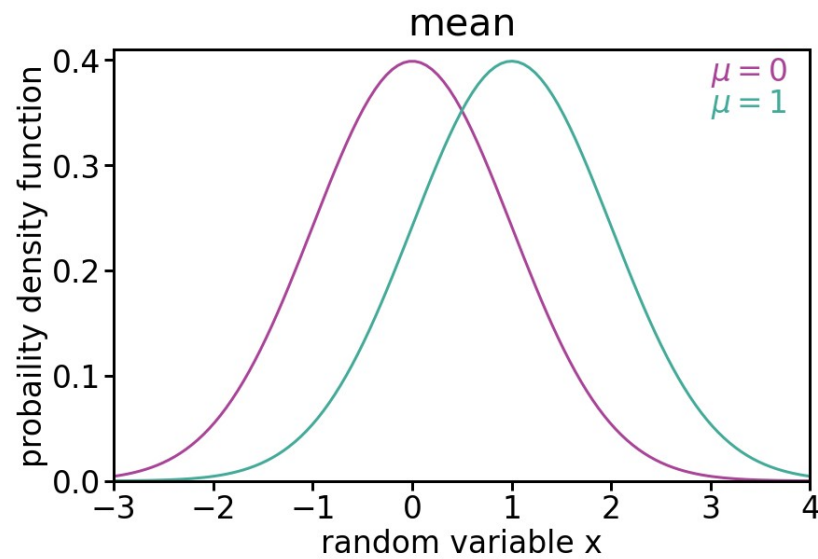
When the mean climate changes, so do the extremes



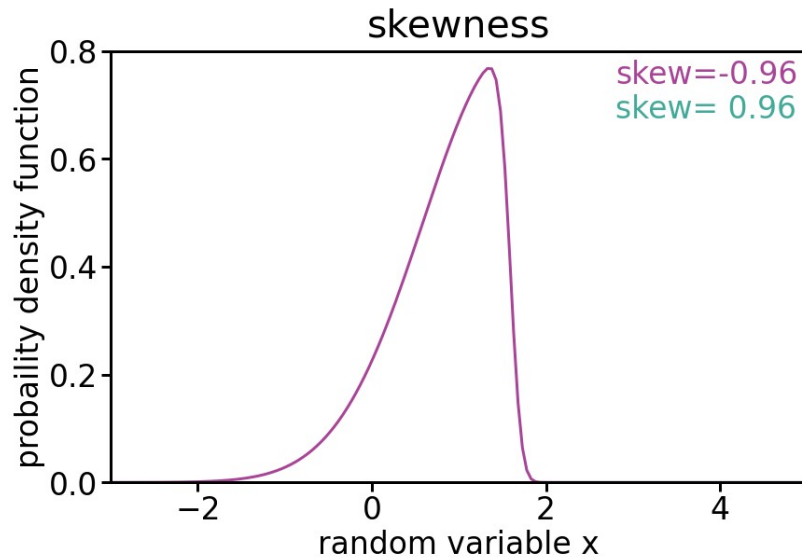
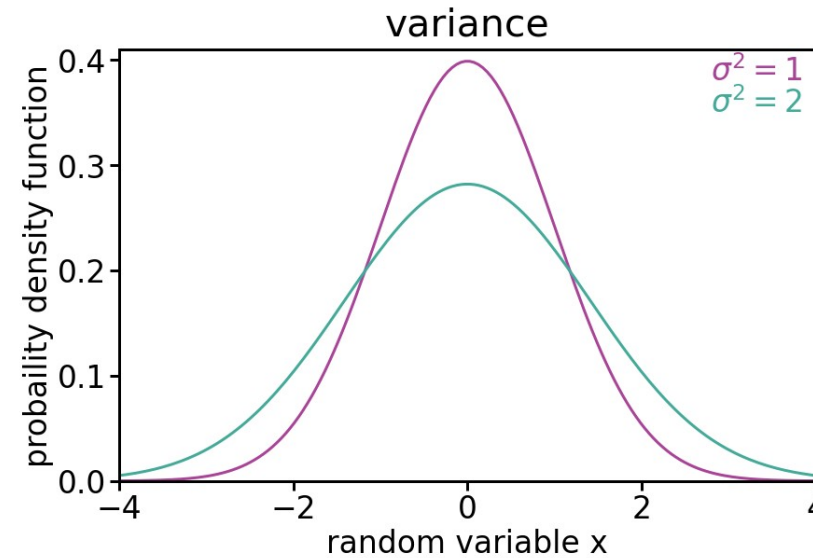
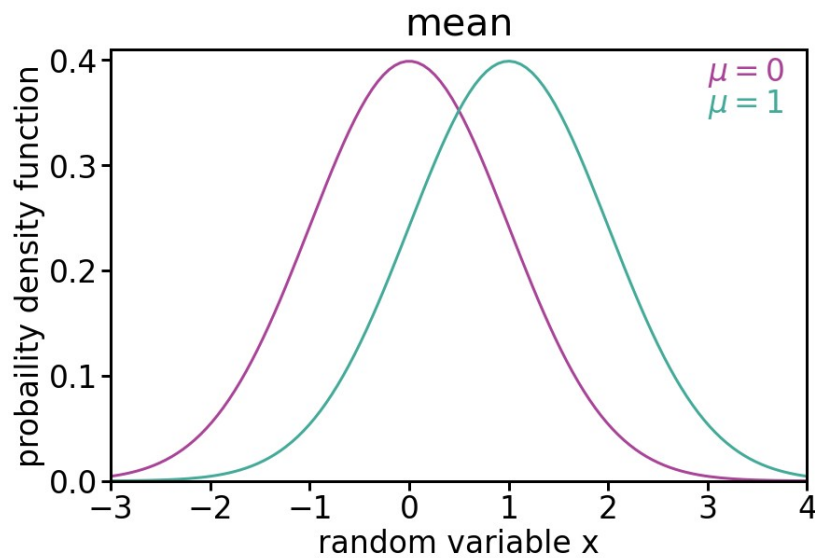
As do higher moments, i.e. variance



As do higher moments, i.e. variance



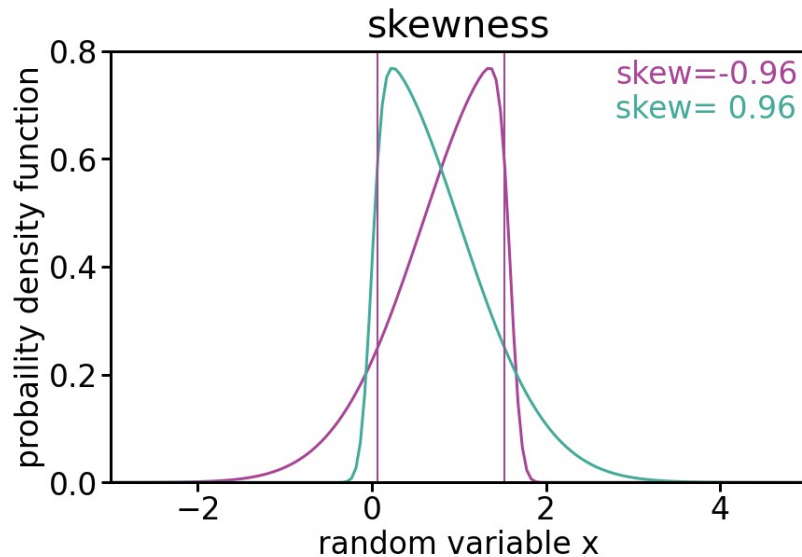
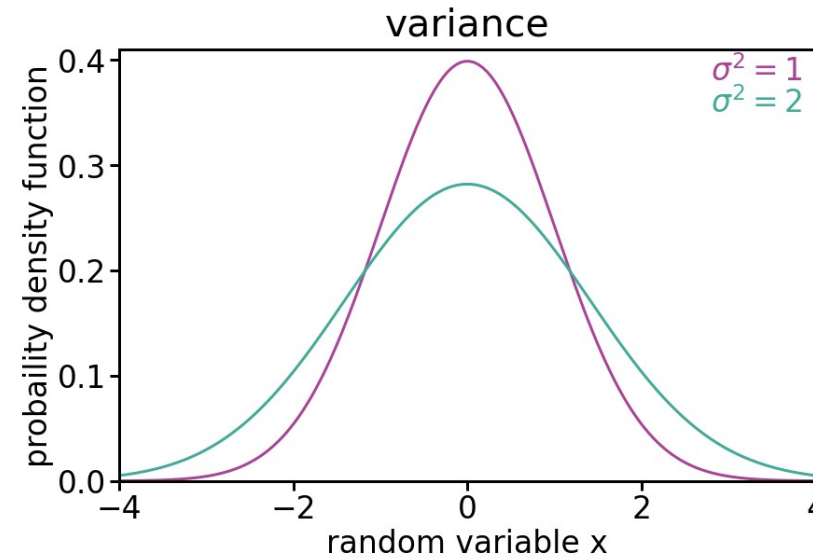
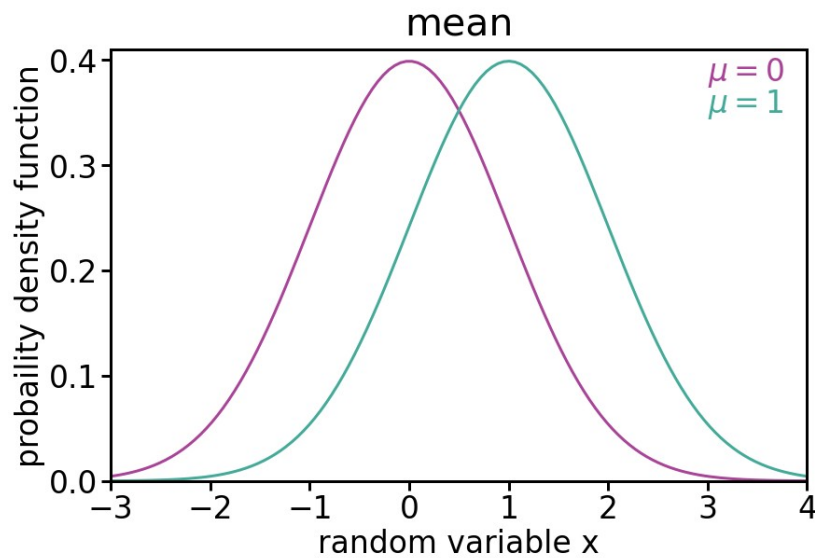
As do higher moments, i.e. skewness



Skewness:

- measure of asymmetry
- = 0: normal distribution
- < 0: bias to low value extremes,
weight of the distribution is at higher values

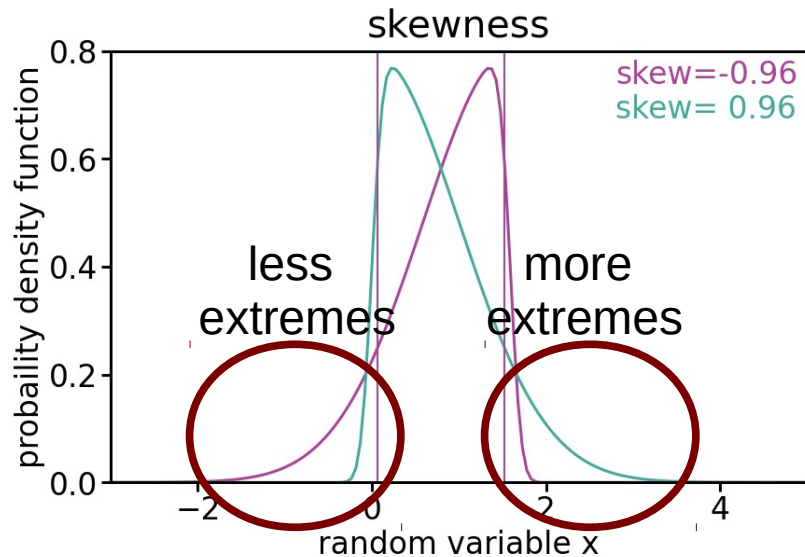
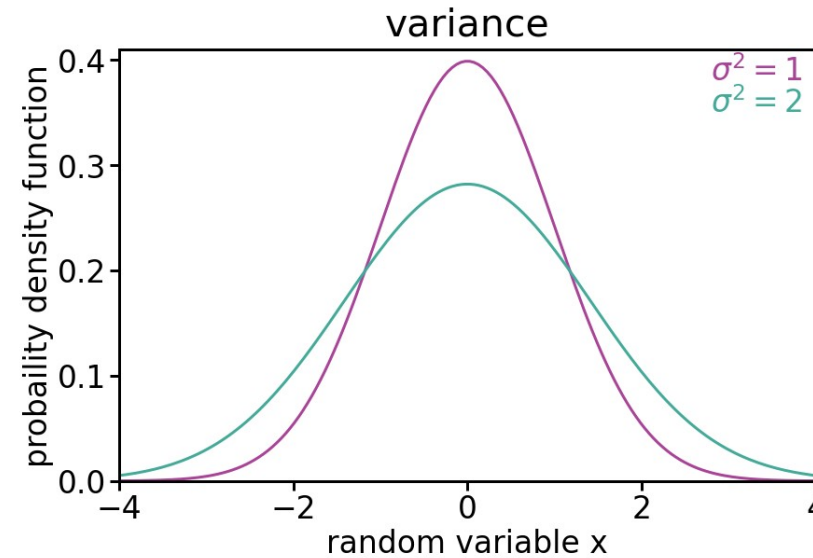
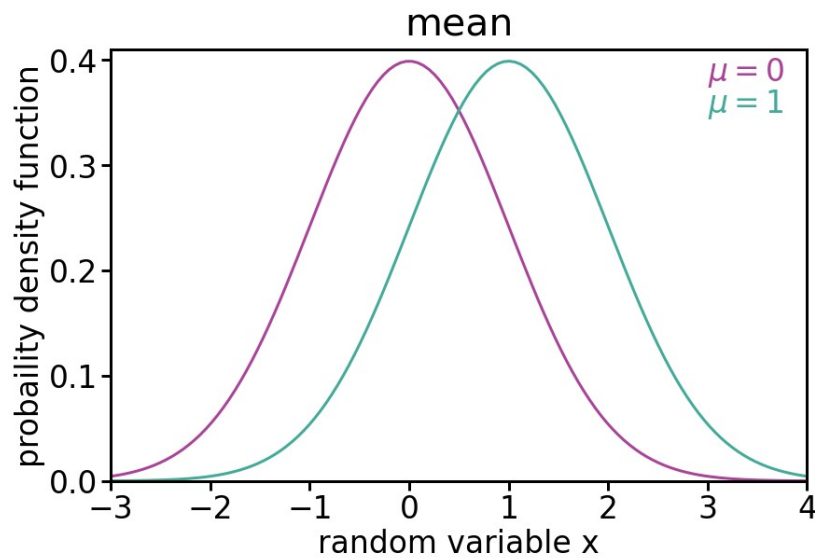
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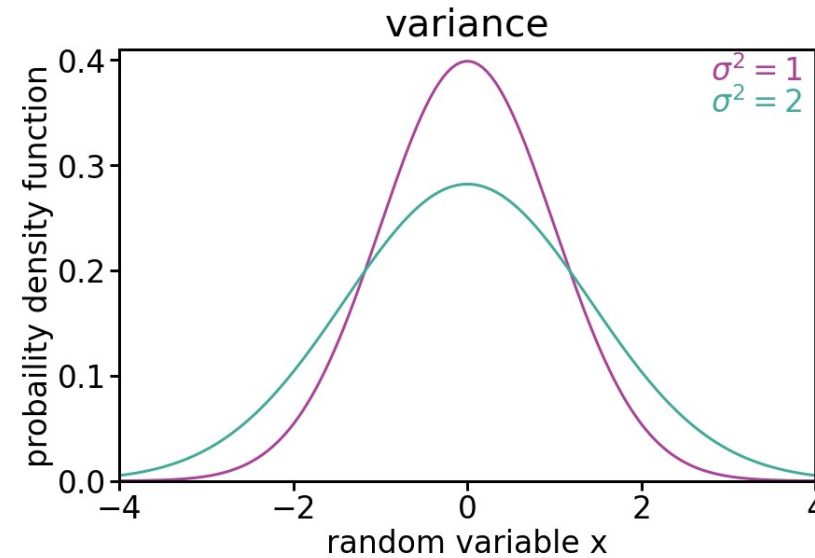
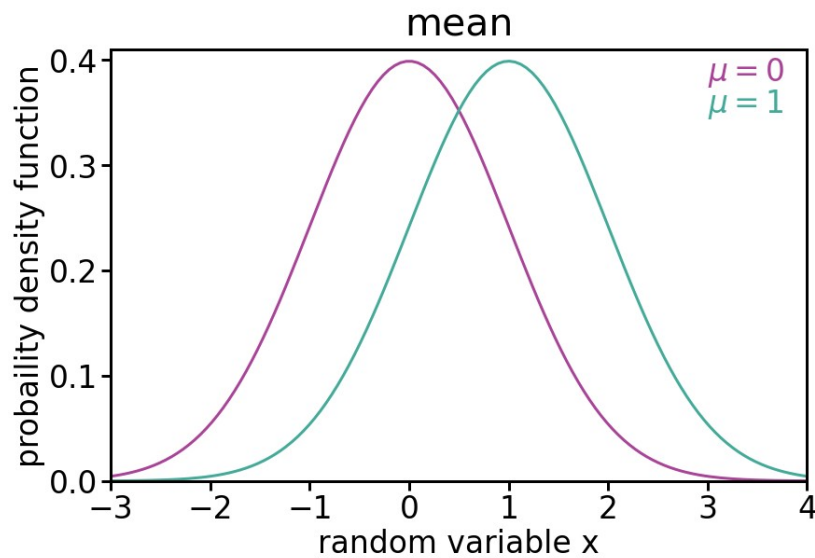
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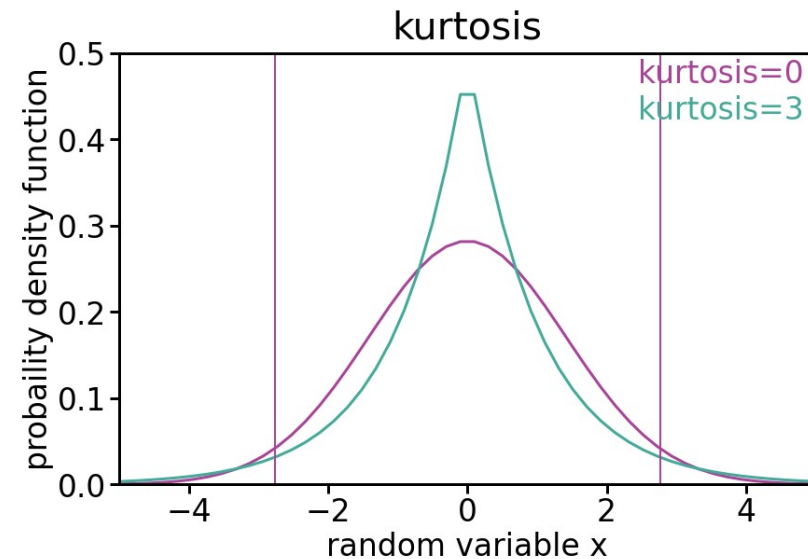
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As do higher moments, i.e. kurtosis

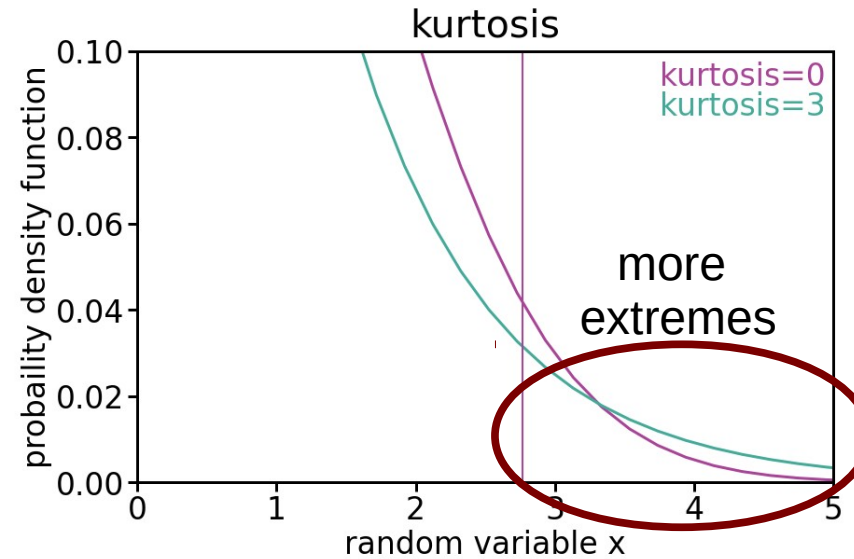
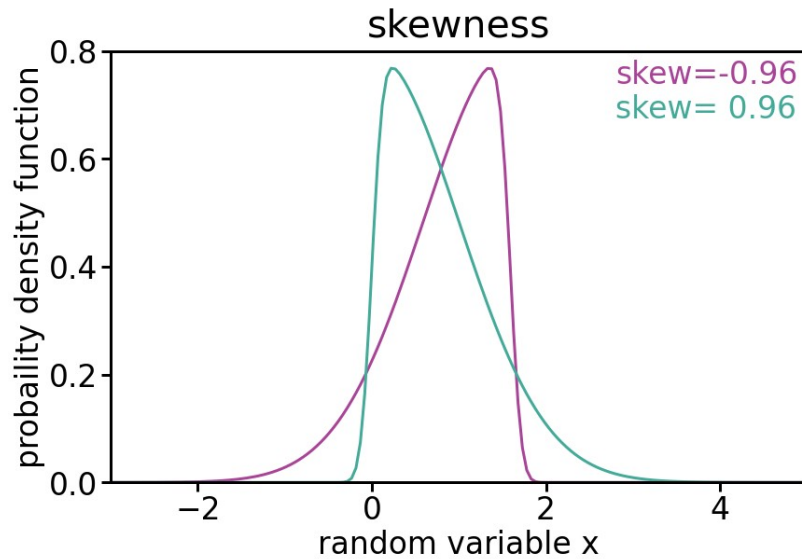
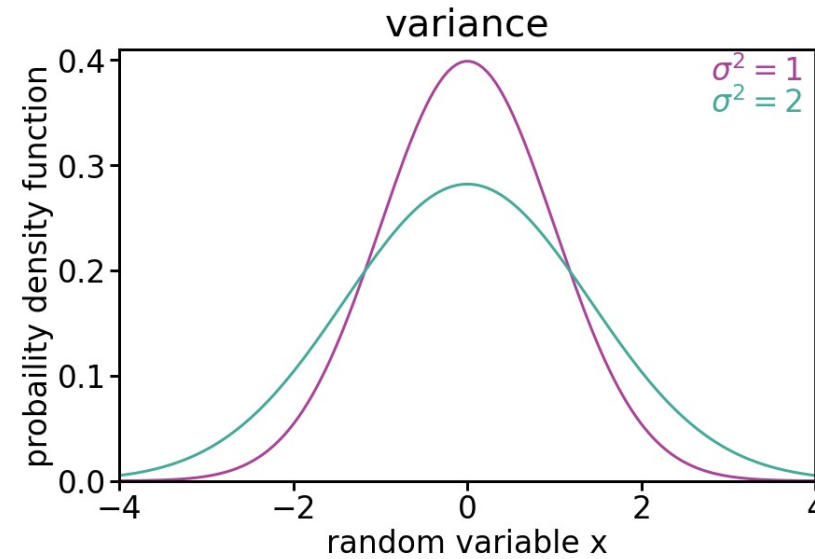
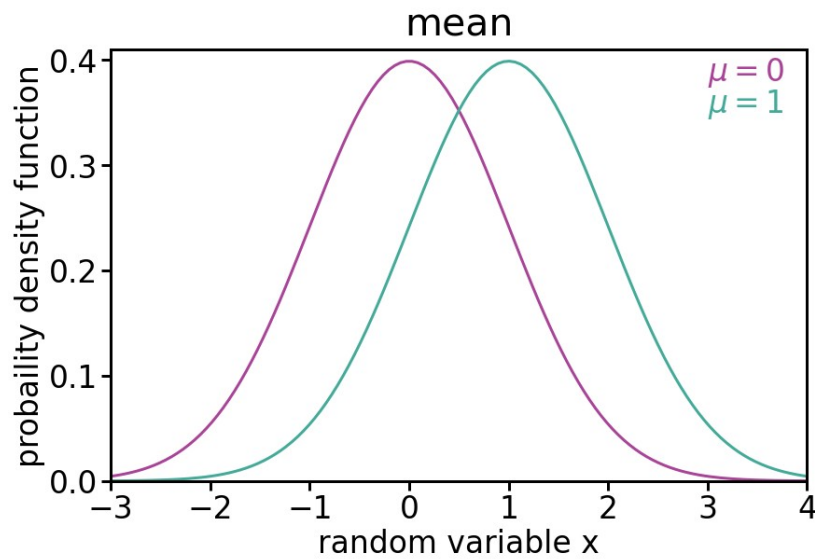


(Excess) kurtosis:

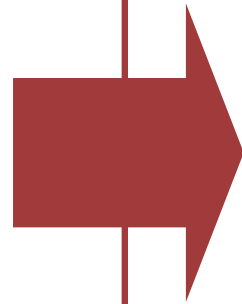
- measures heaviness of the tails
- = 0: normal distribution
- > 0: fat tails, more extremes



As do higher moments, i.e. kurtosis

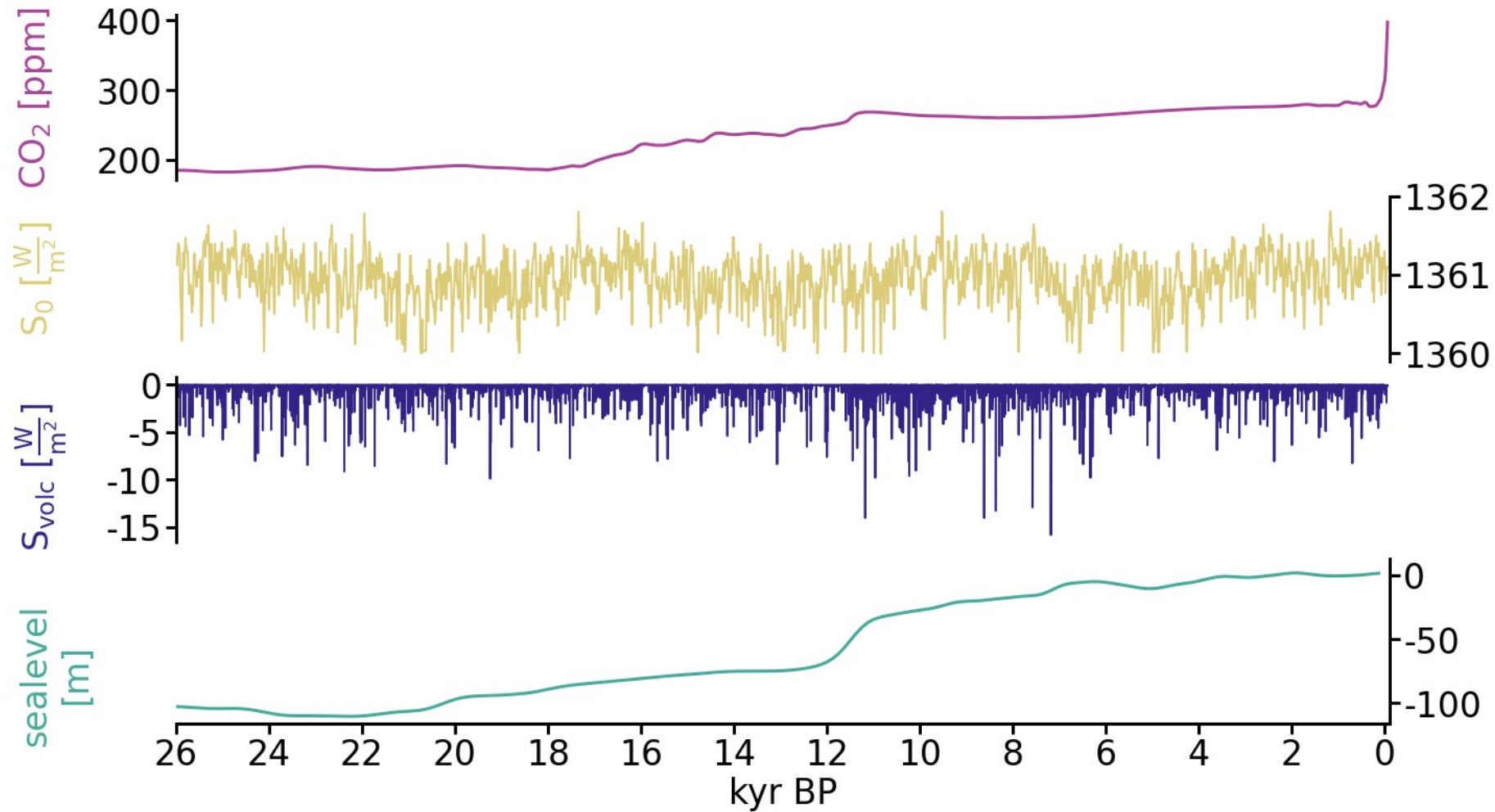


So how do the
distributions of
temperature &
precipitation change
under global warming?



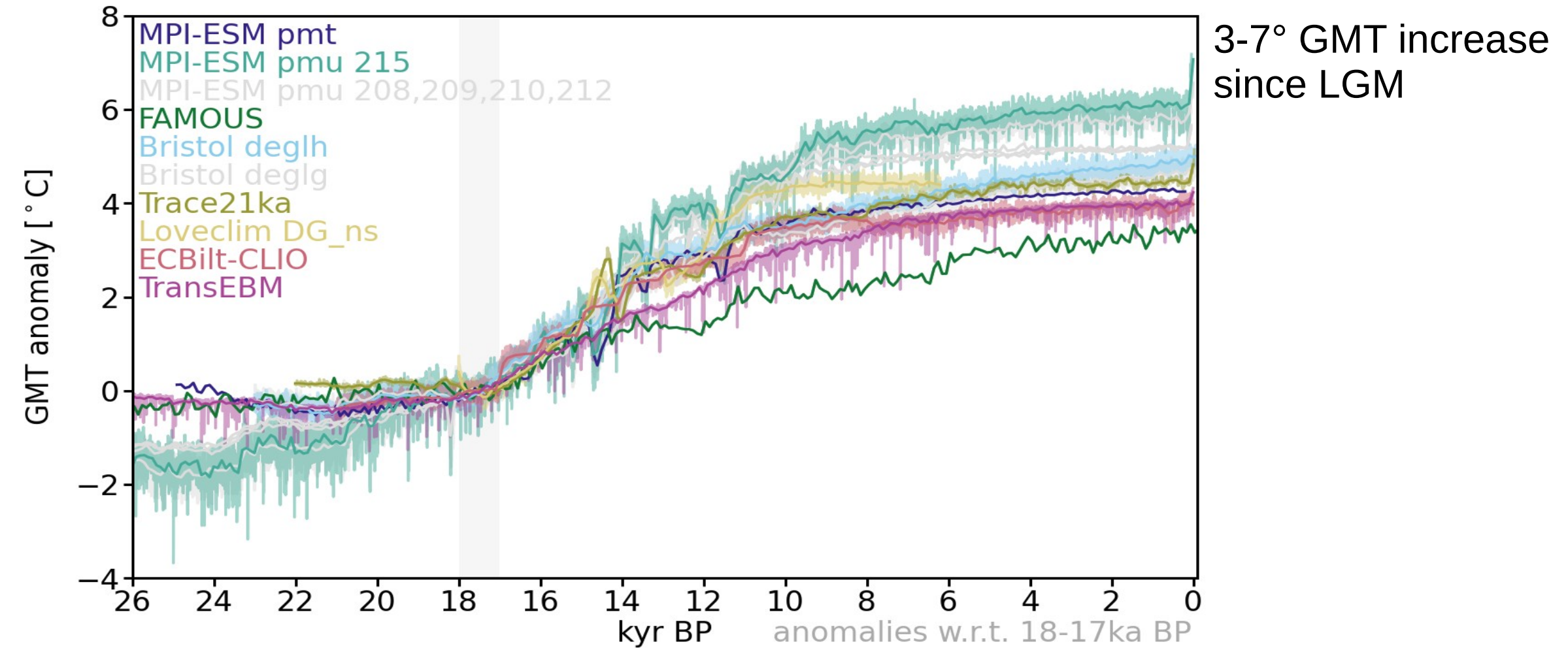
Analyze transient simulations
of the Last Deglaciation
from models of varying complexity

Forcings from LGM to present day



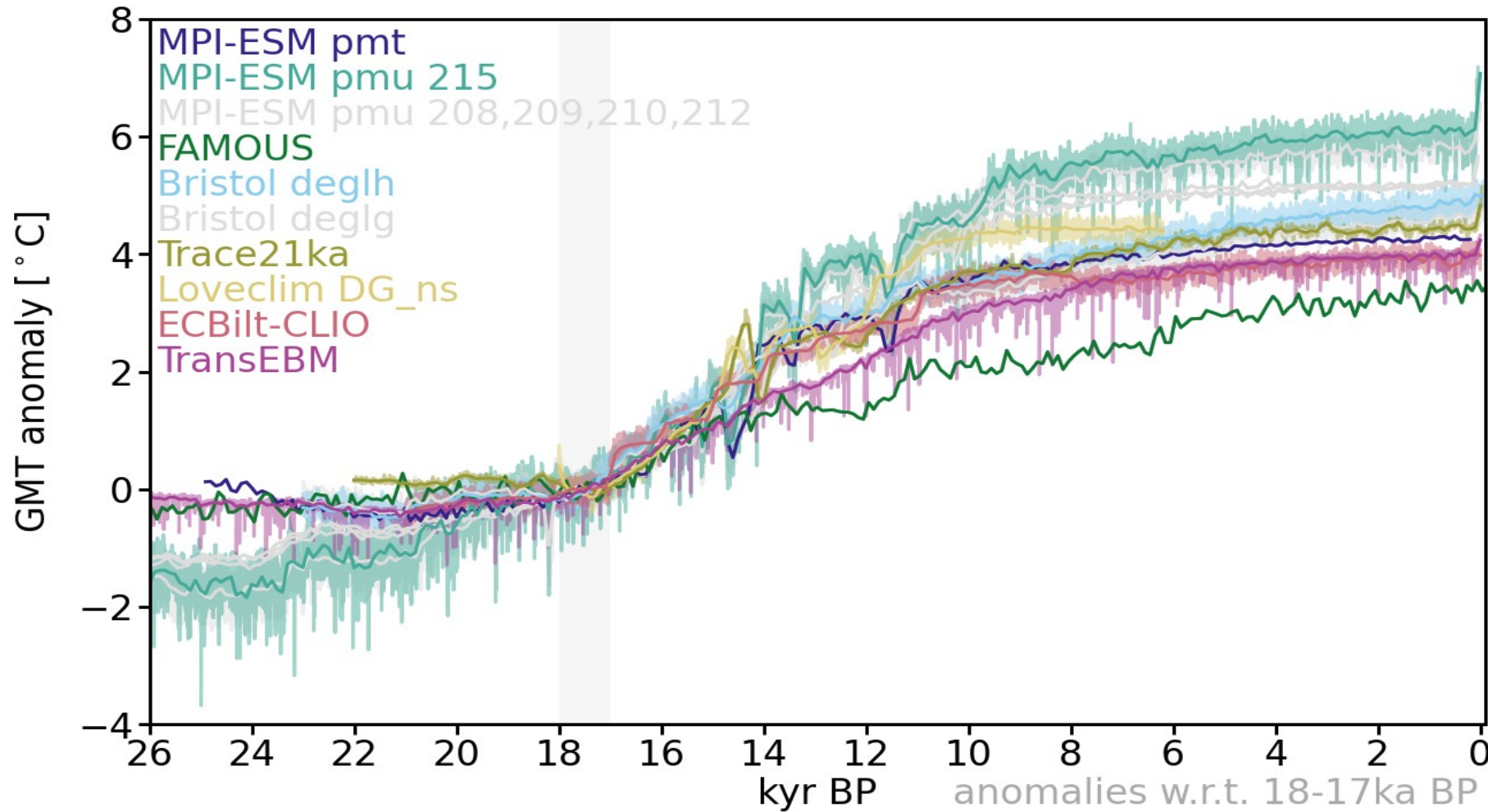
volcanic: Schindlbeck-Belo, Kutterolf, Toohey, pers. comm., CO₂: Köhler et al. 2017, sealevel: Grant et al. 2012, solar: surrogate from Steinhilber et al. 2009

Global means in transient Deglacial simulations



Models: MPI-ESM pmt Kleinen et al. 2020, pmu Kapsch et al, pers. comm., FAMOUS Smith & Gregory 2012, Bristol Gregoire, Ivanovic & Valdes, pers. comm., Trace21k He 2010, Loveclim DG_ns Menviel et al. 2011, ECBilt-CLIO Timm&Timmermann 2007, TransEBM forcing: CO₂: Köhler et al. 2017, orbital: Berger 1978, meltwater: assimilated from SSTs Jonkers et al. 2020, ice: Argus et al. 2014 & Peltier et al. 2015, volcanic: Schindlbeck-Belo, Kutterolf, Toohey, pers. comm., solar: surrogate from Steinhilber et al. 2009

Global means in transient Deglacial simulations



3-7° GMT increase since LGM

Here, 3 example simulations

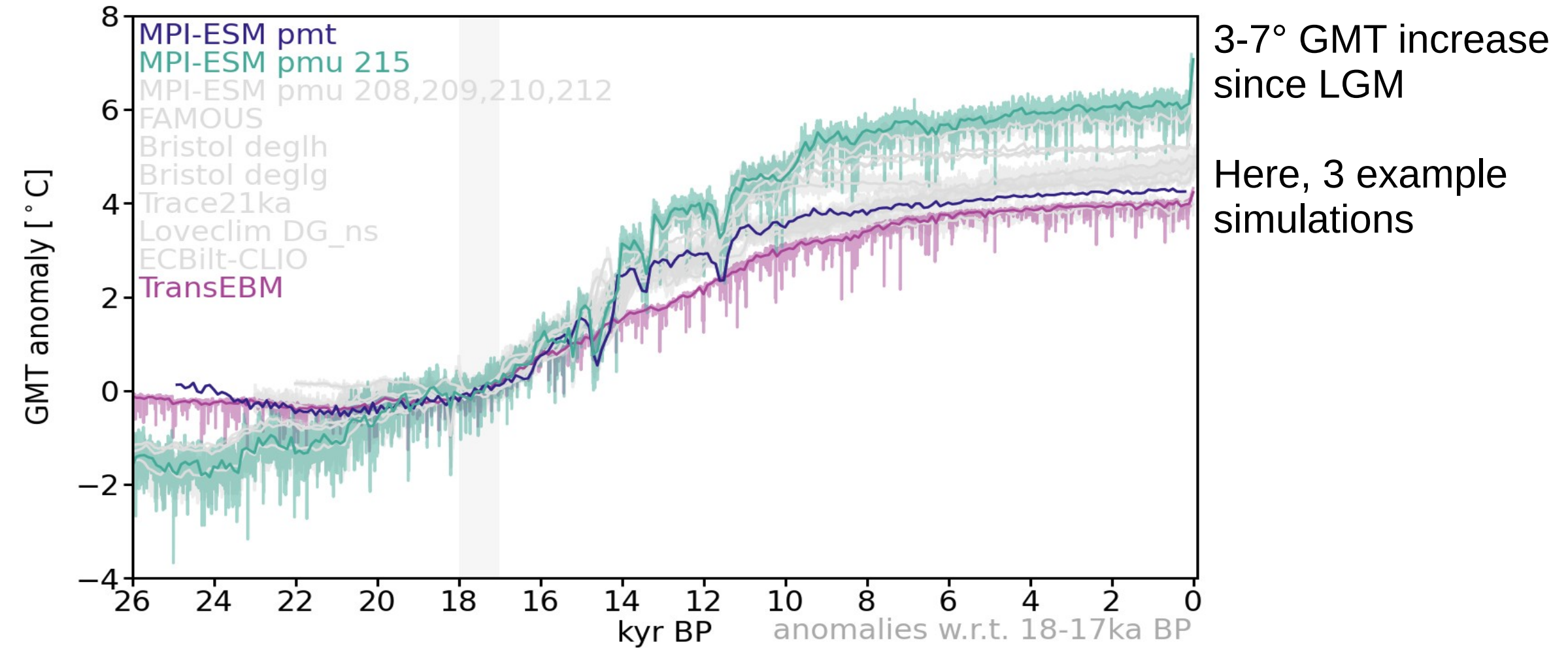
- LGM 23-19 ka, Deglaciation 19-8 ka, Holocene 8-0 ka BP
- separate linear detrending of periods
- resolution: T21, 100 yr

⇒ Centennial changes

TransEBM experiments

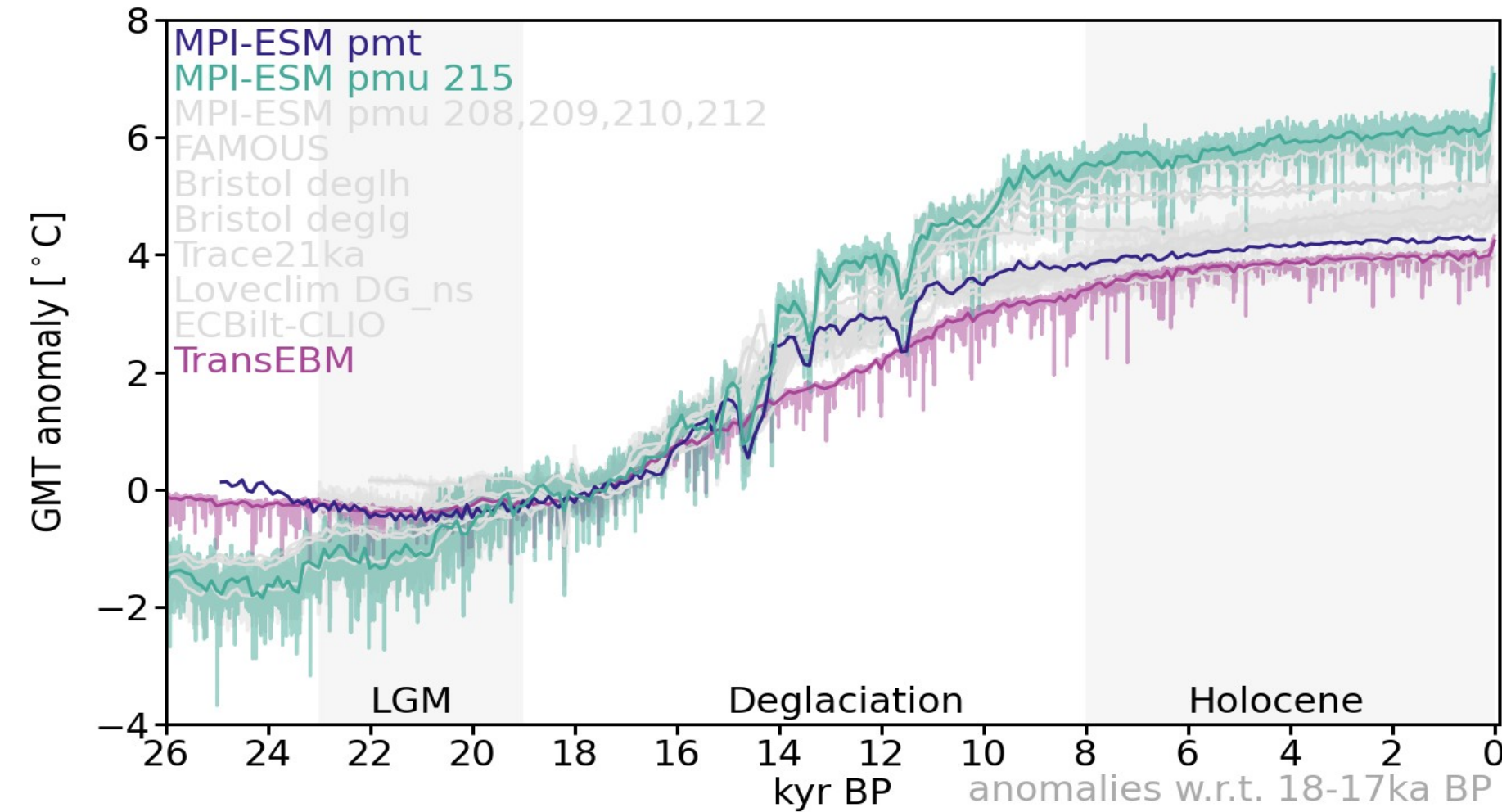
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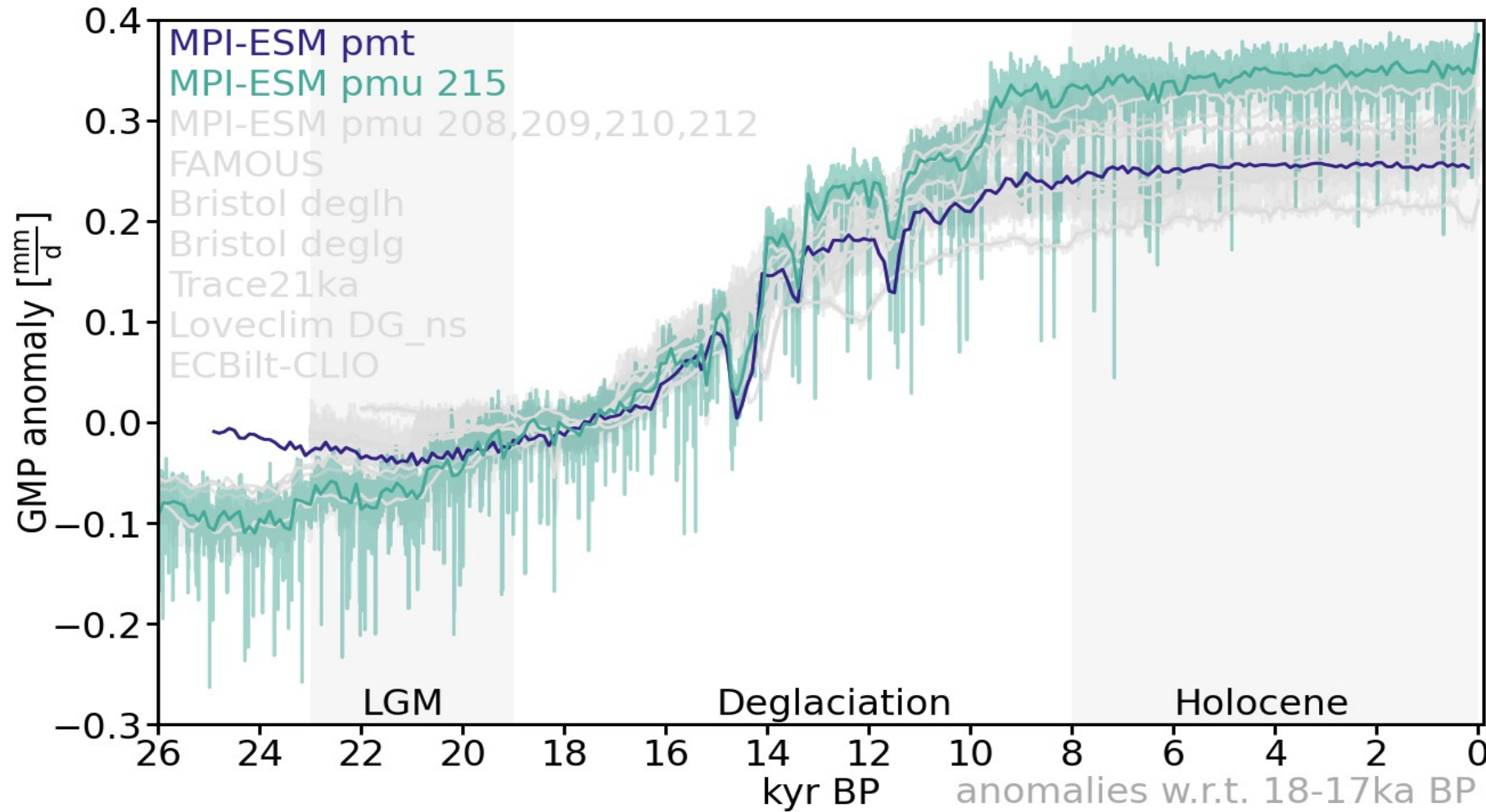
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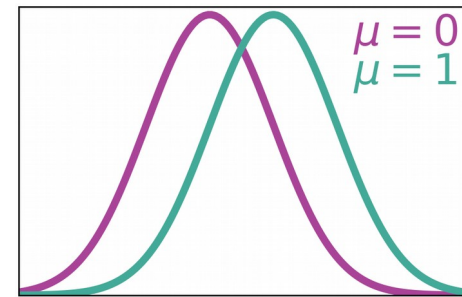
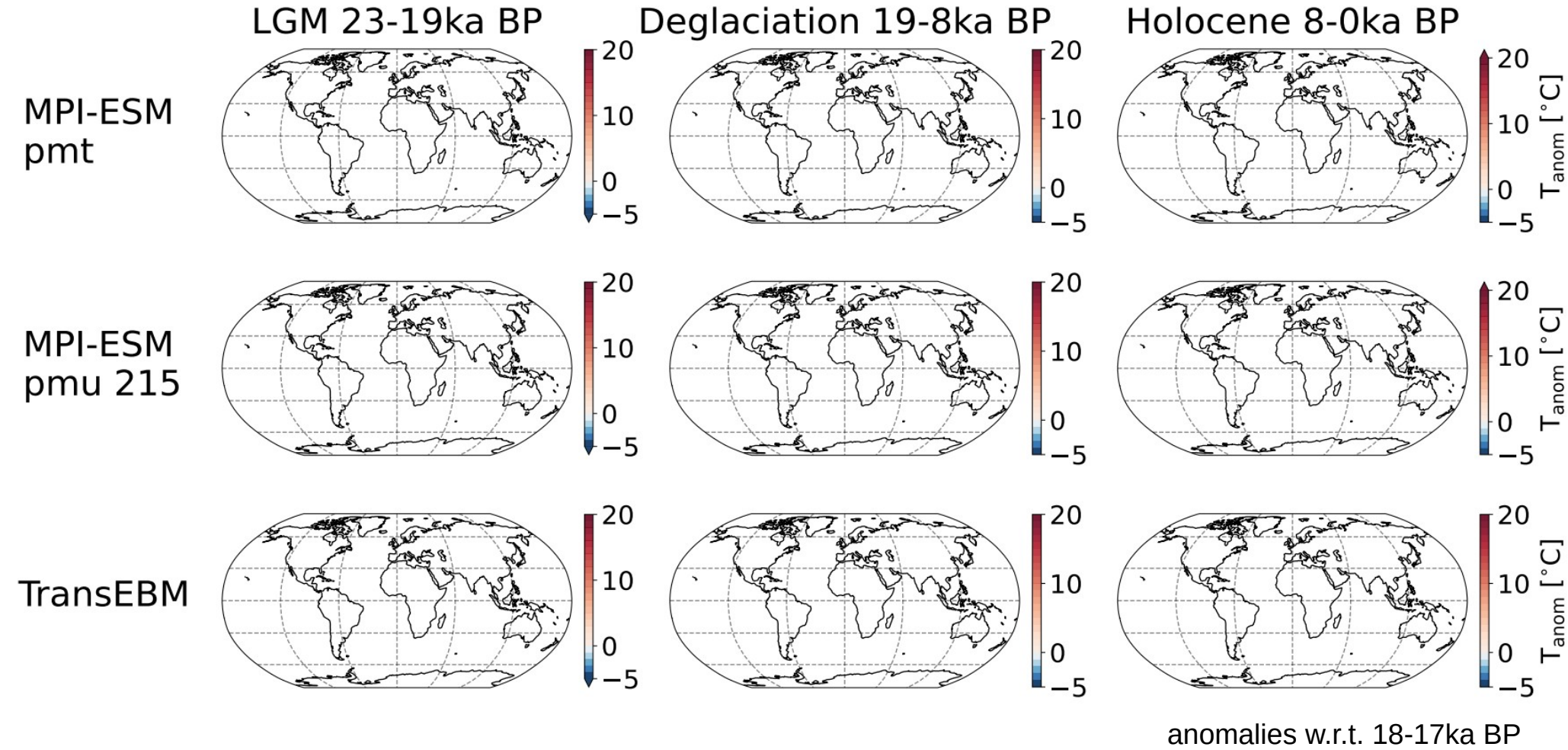
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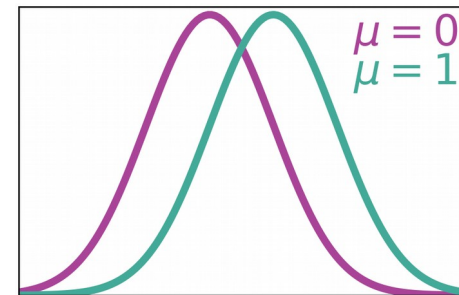
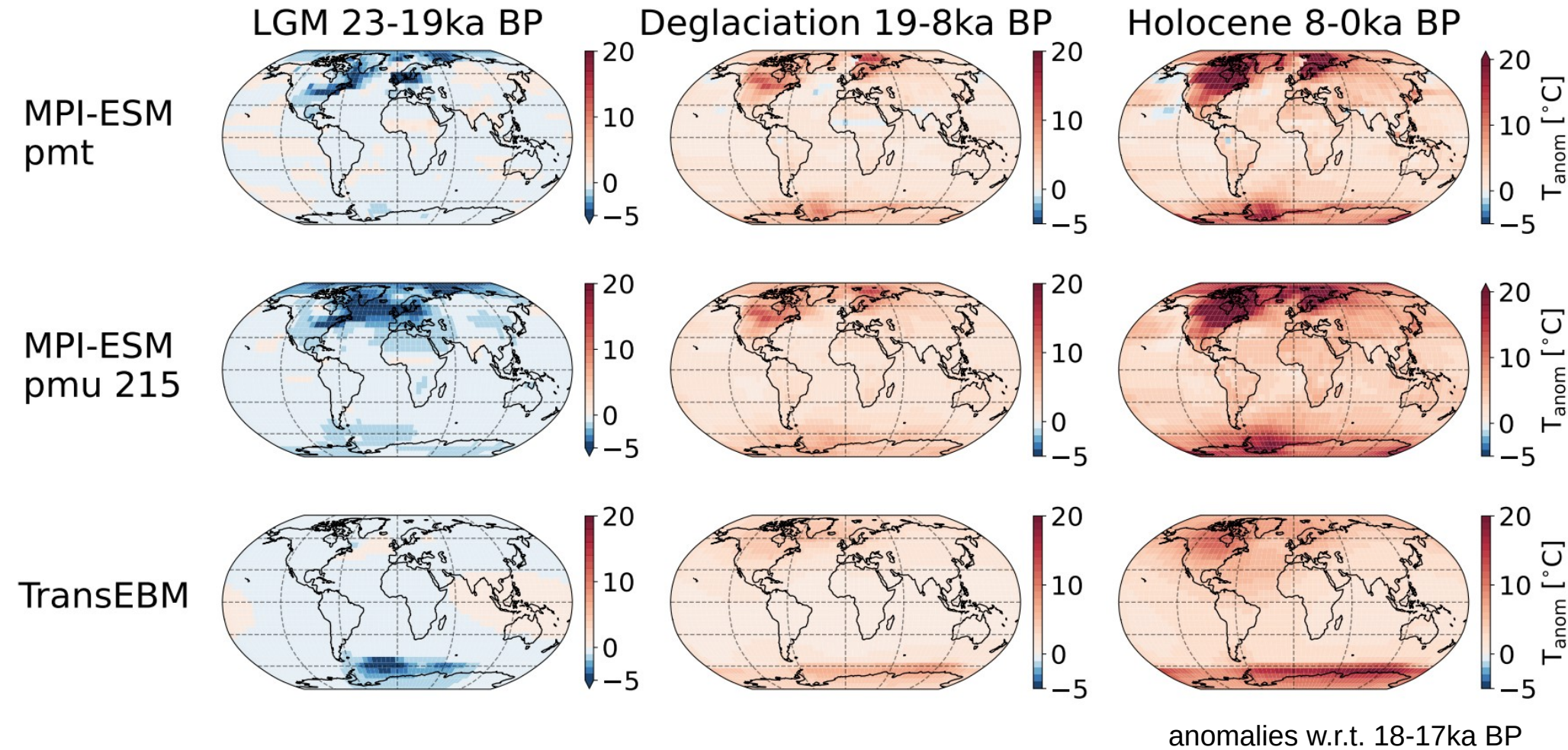
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Temperature mean:



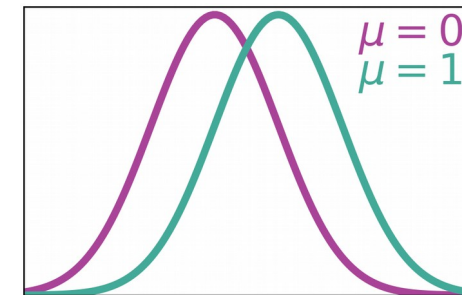
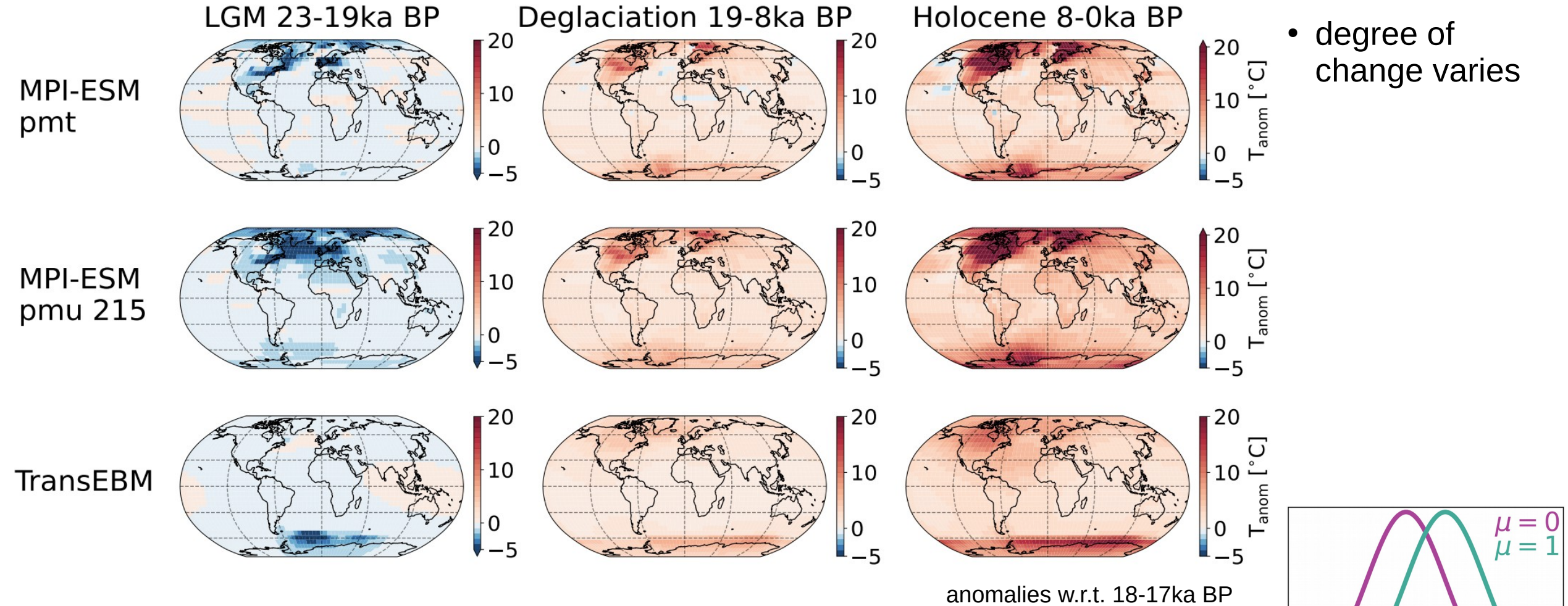
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Temperature mean: warming across simulations



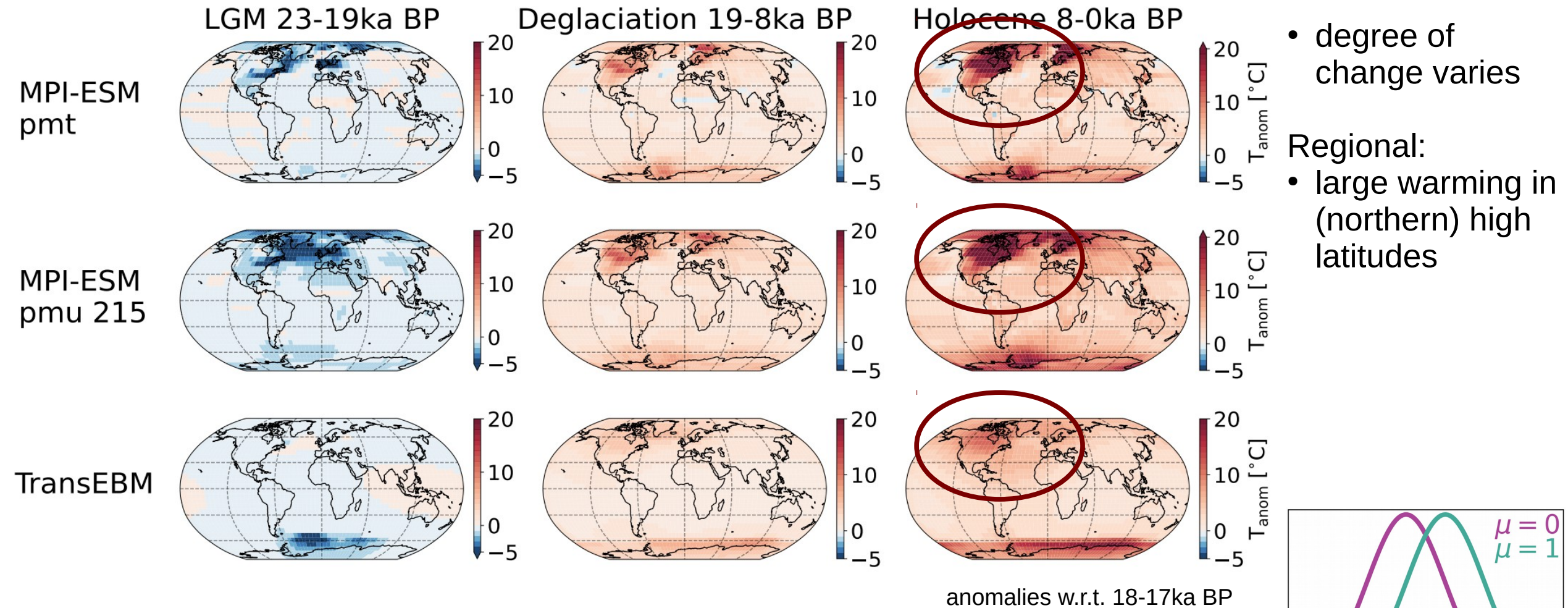
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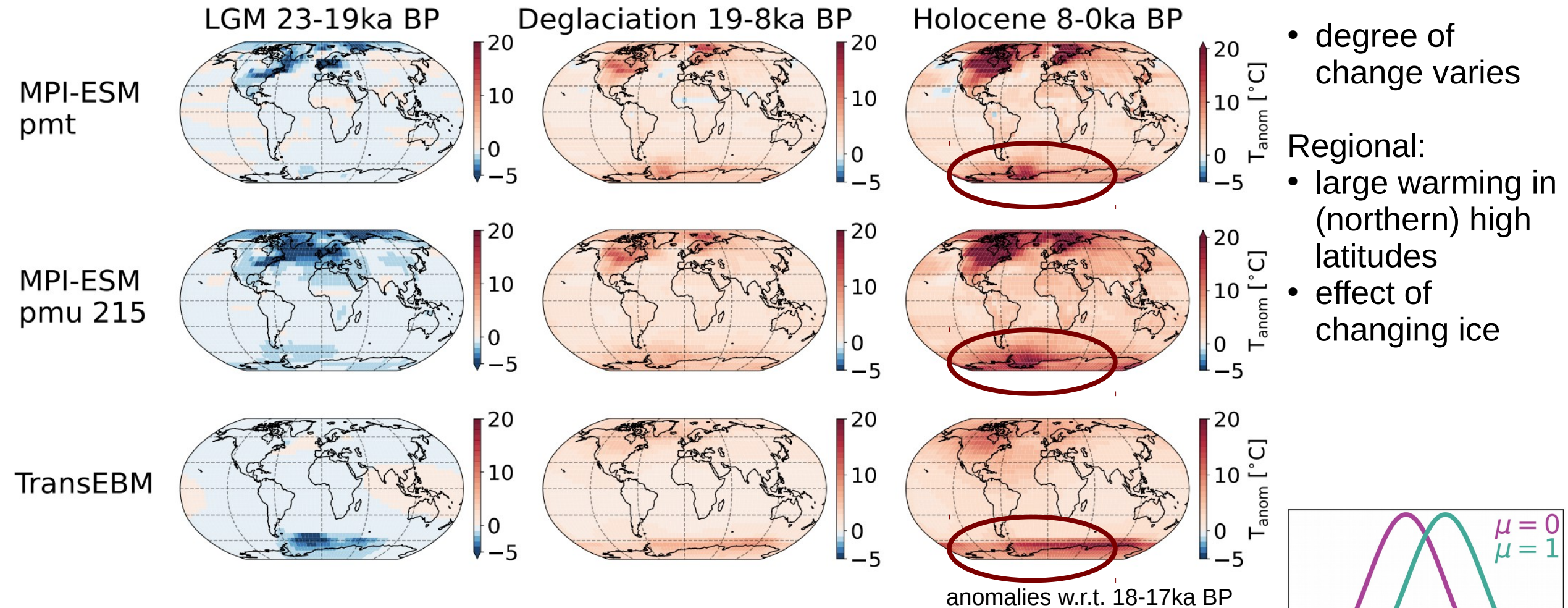
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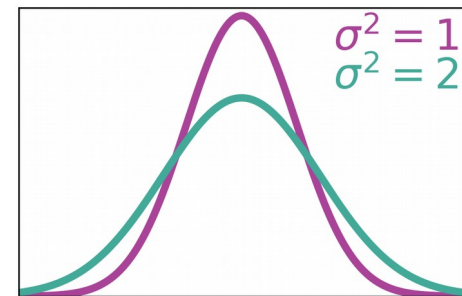
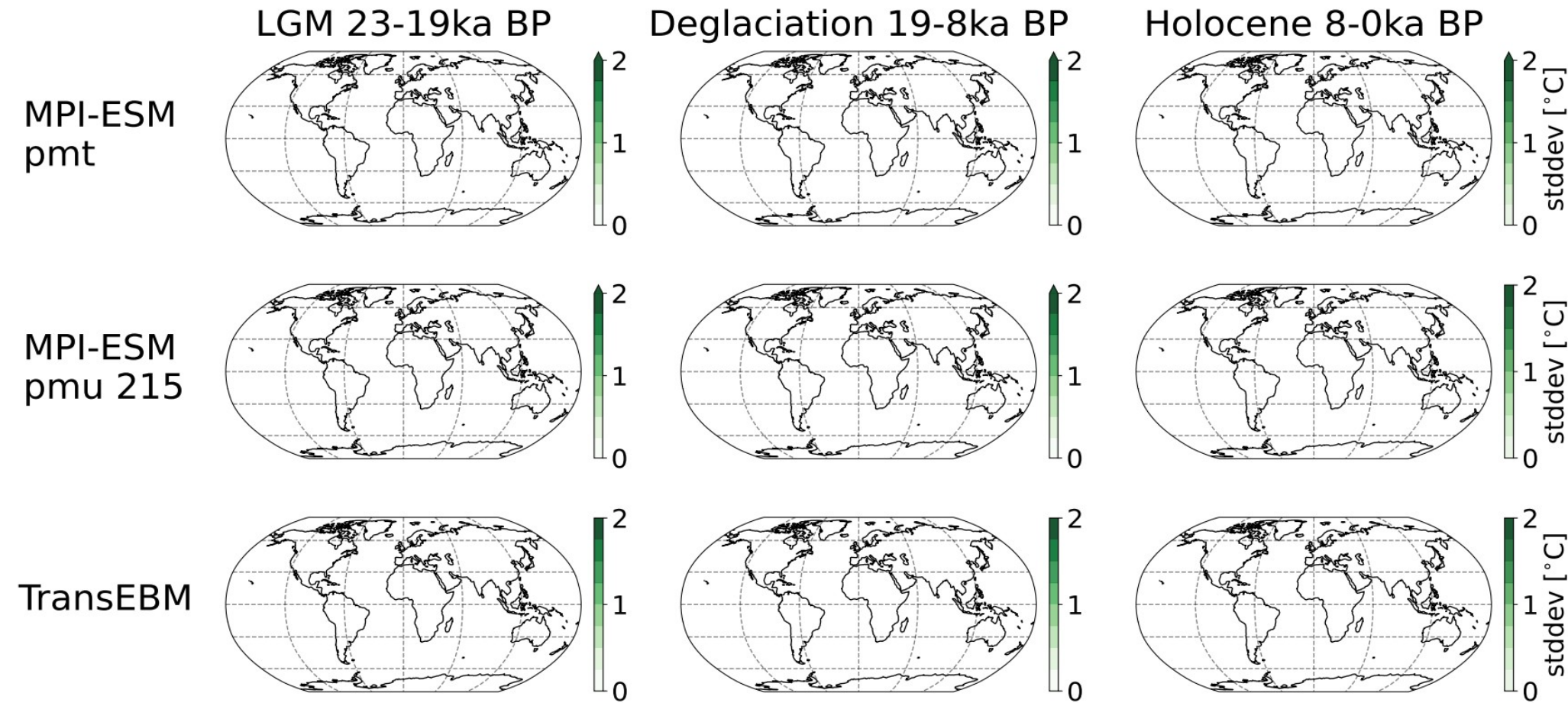
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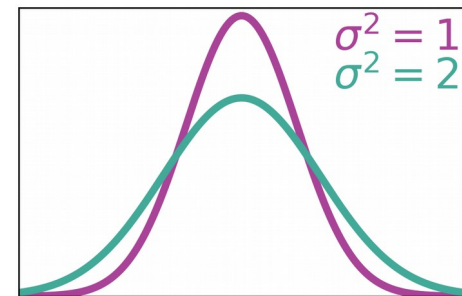
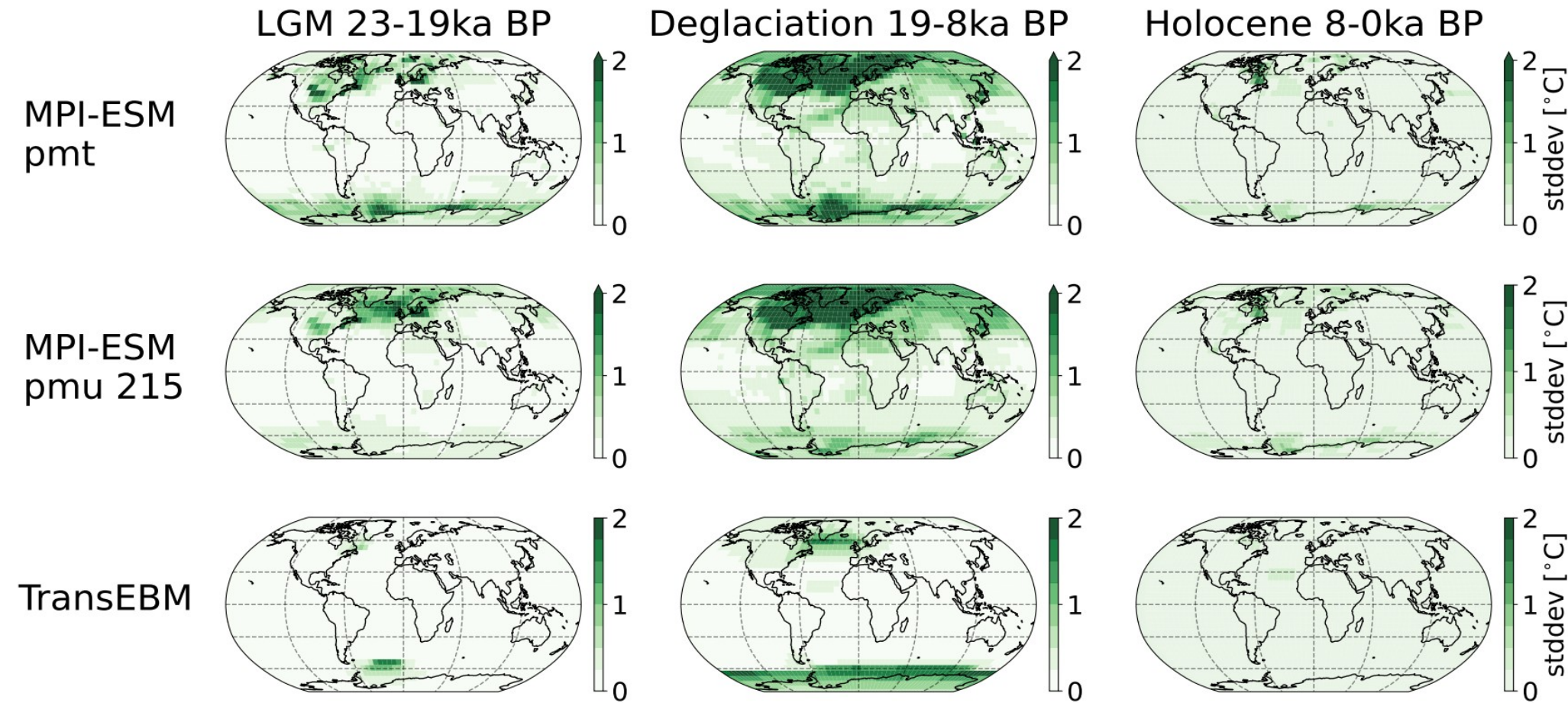
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Temperature standard deviation



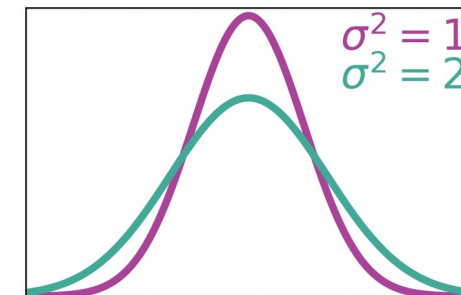
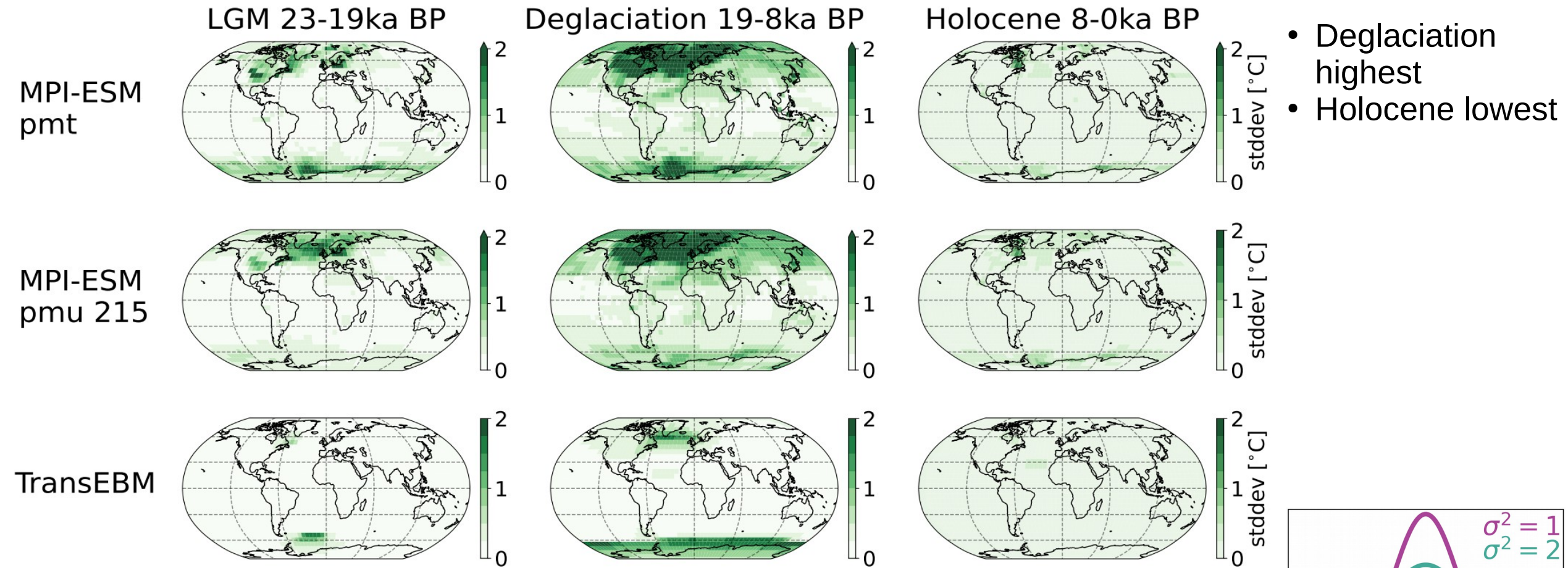
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Temperature standard deviation decreases towards Holocene



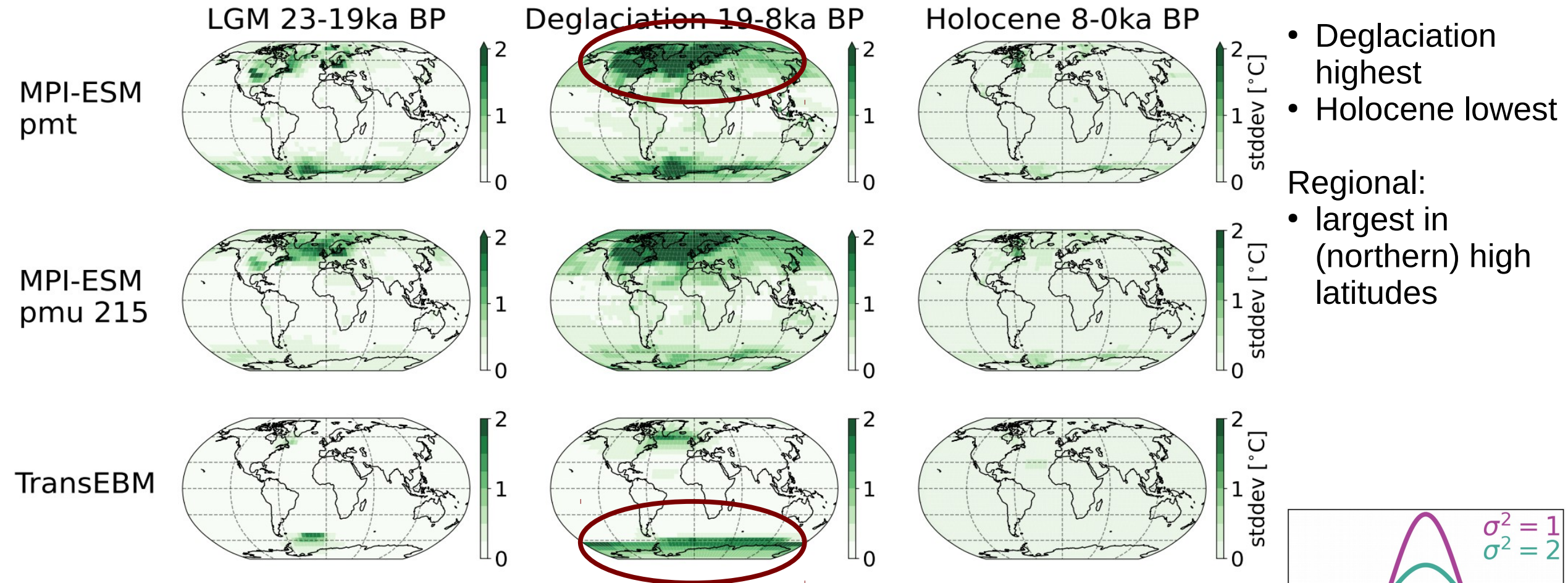
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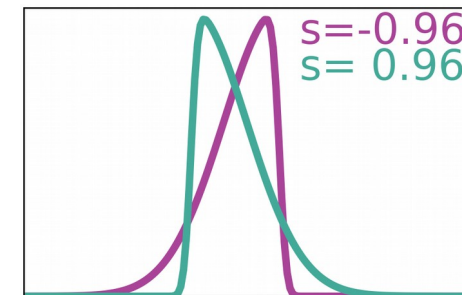
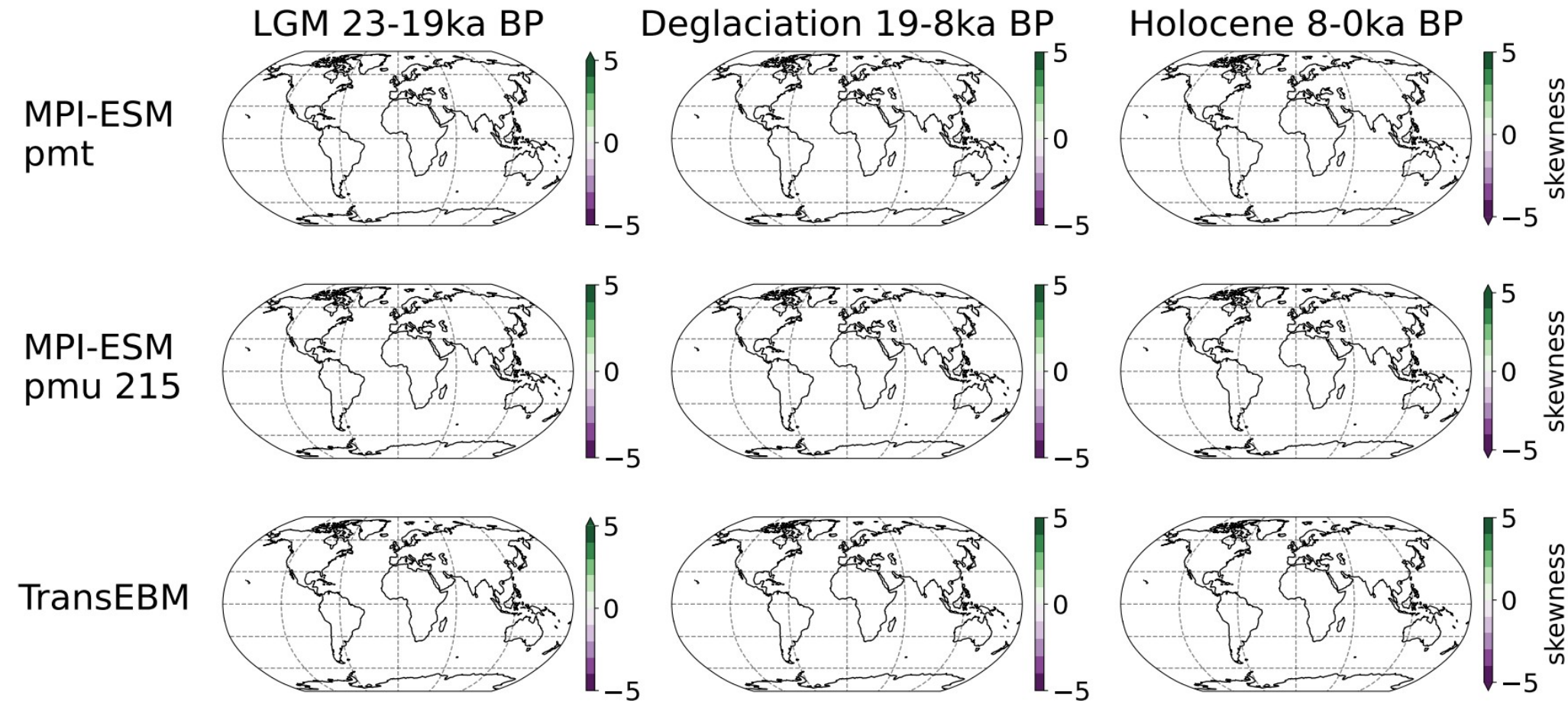
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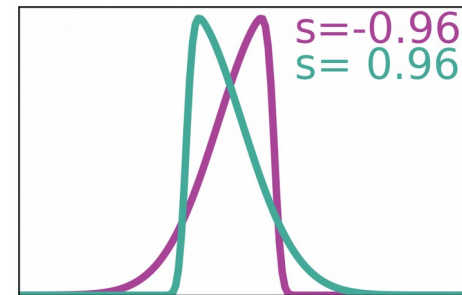
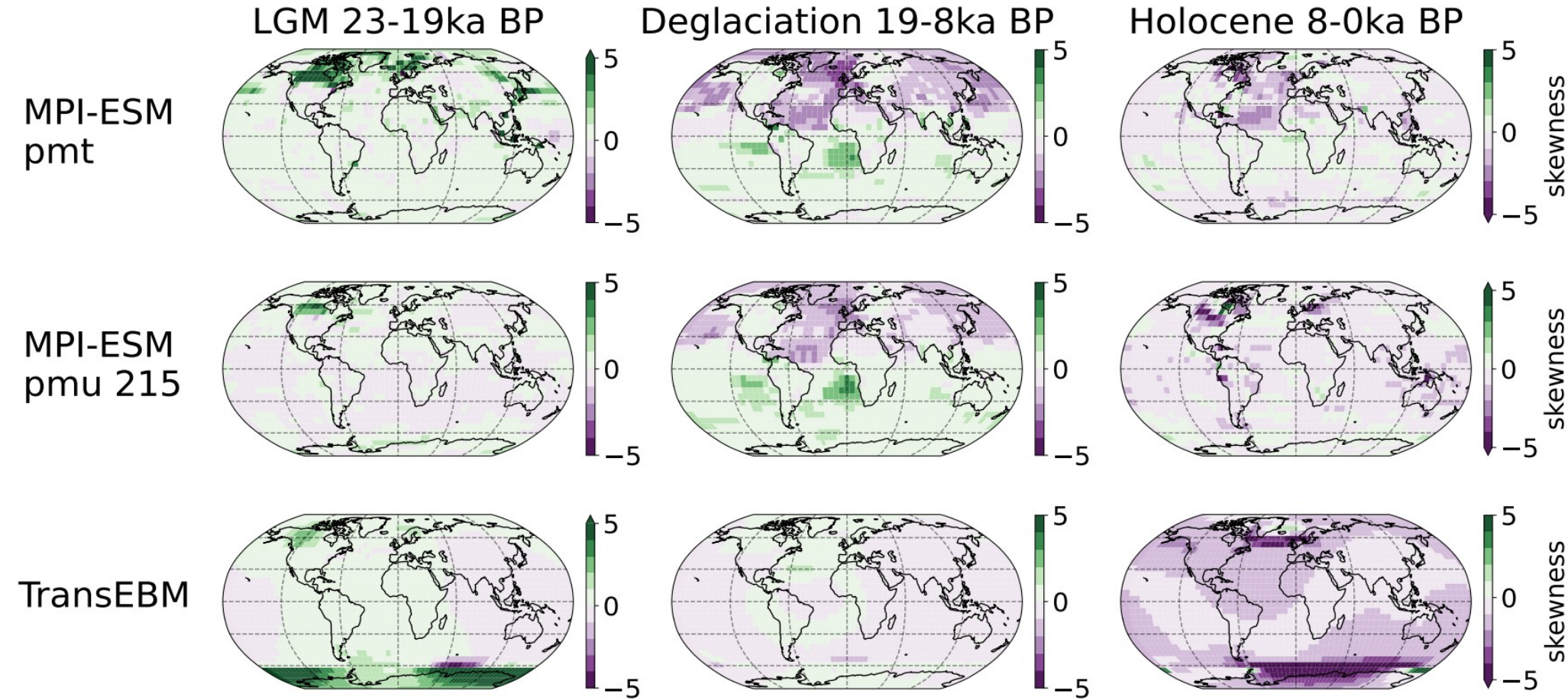
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Temperature skewness



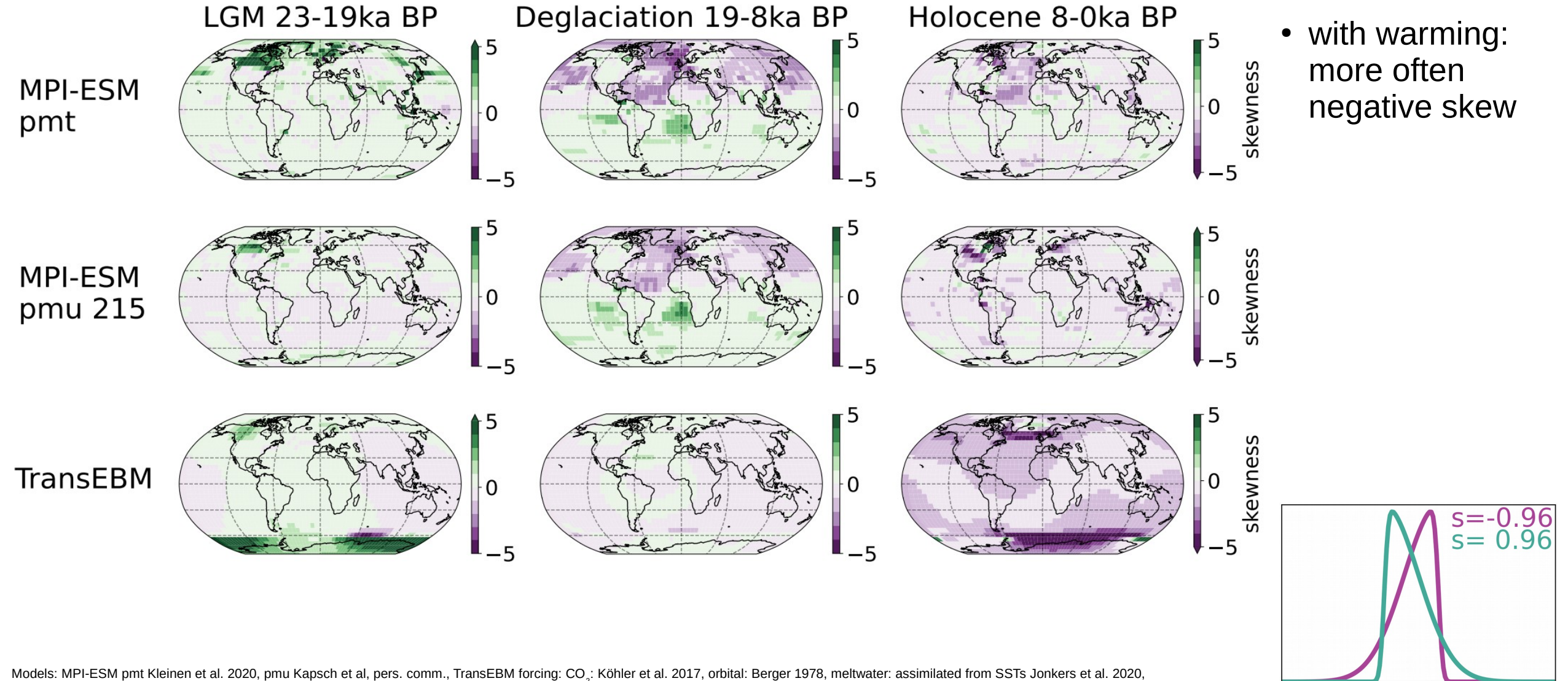
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Temperature skewness decreases with warming



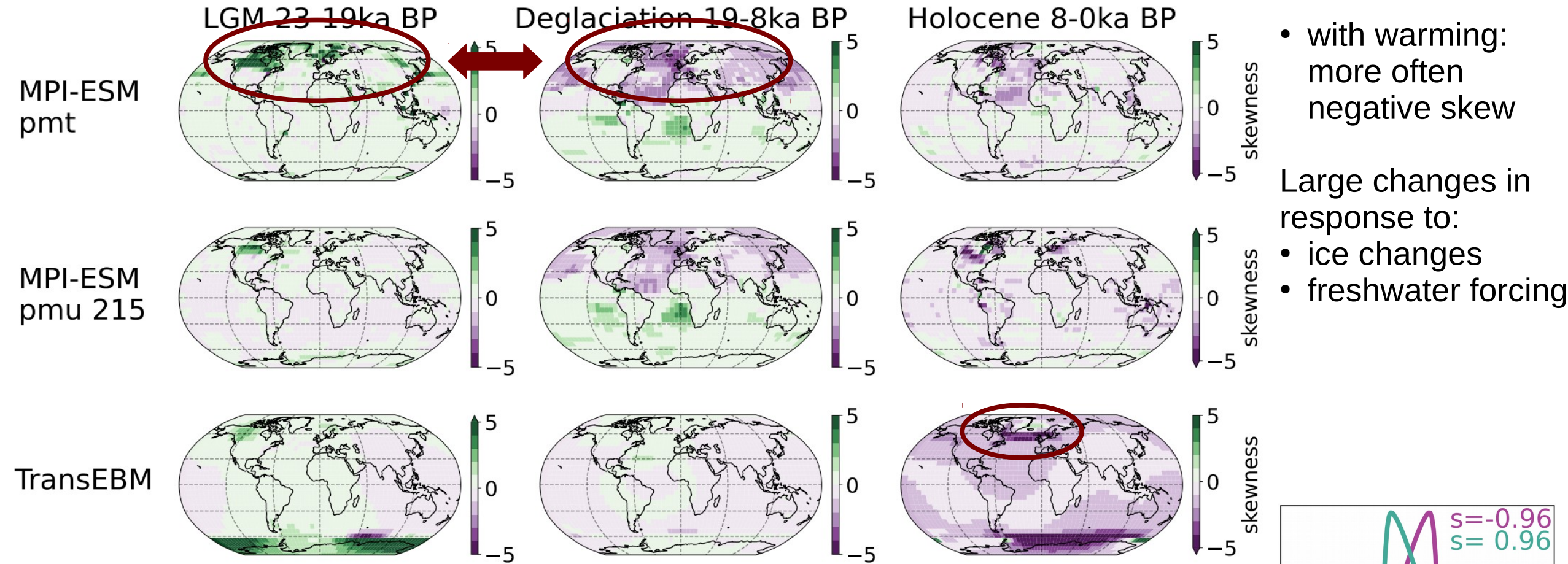
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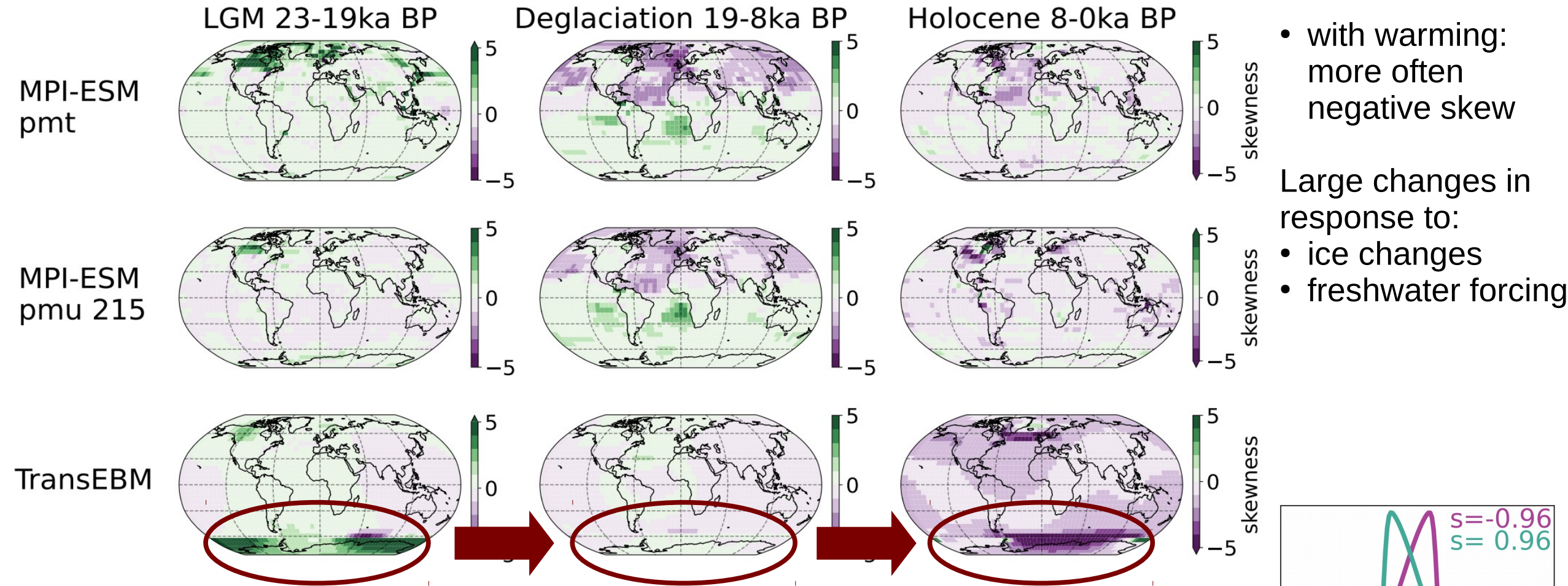
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Temperature skewness decreases with warming



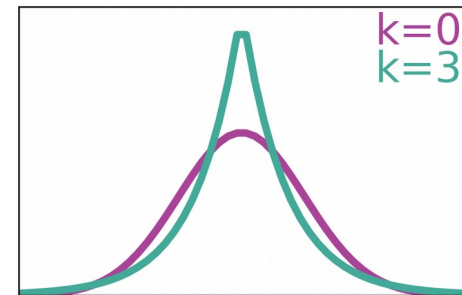
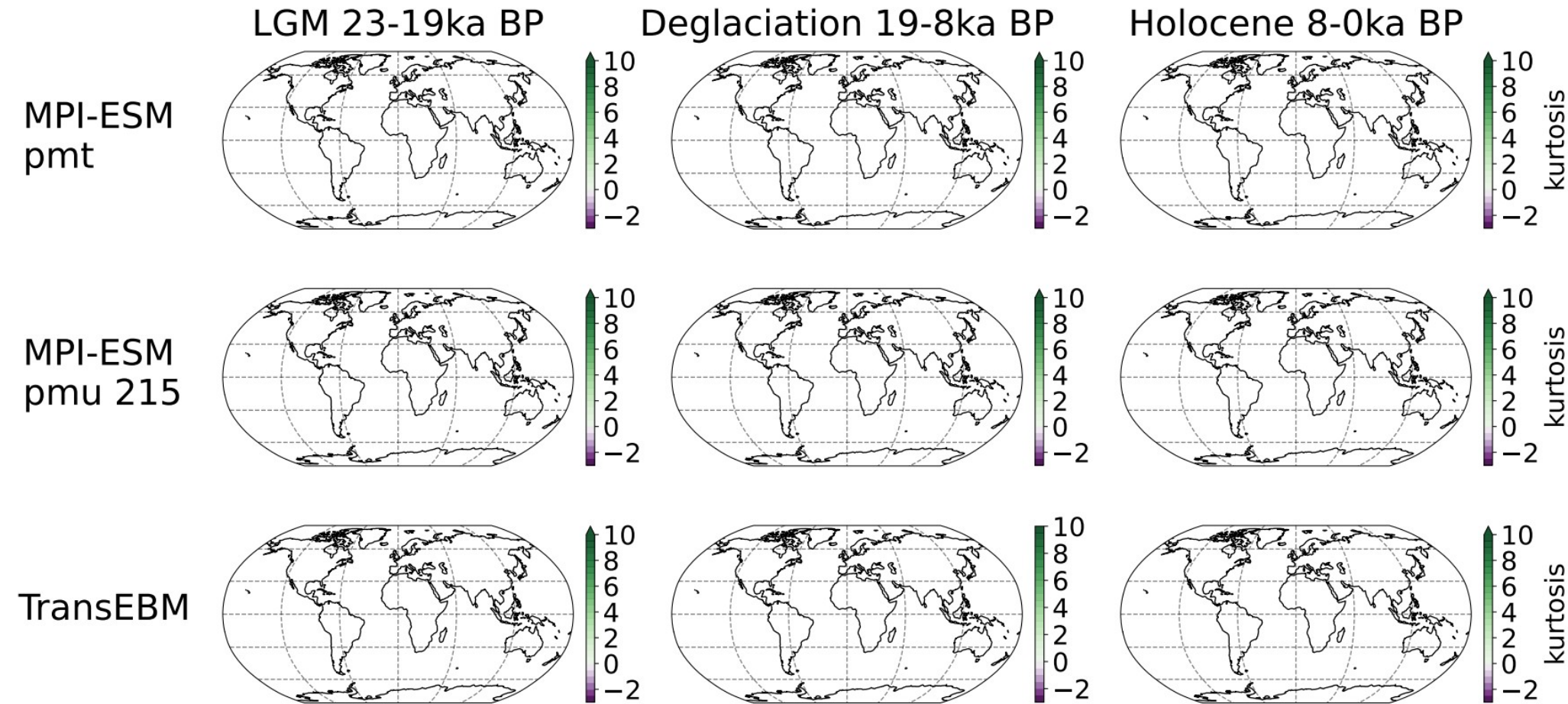
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Temperature skewness decreases with warming



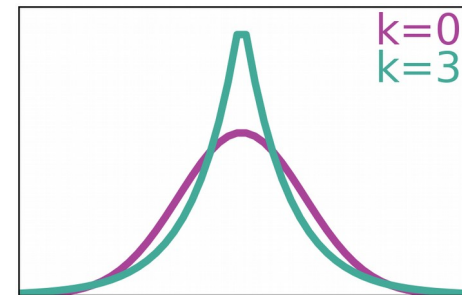
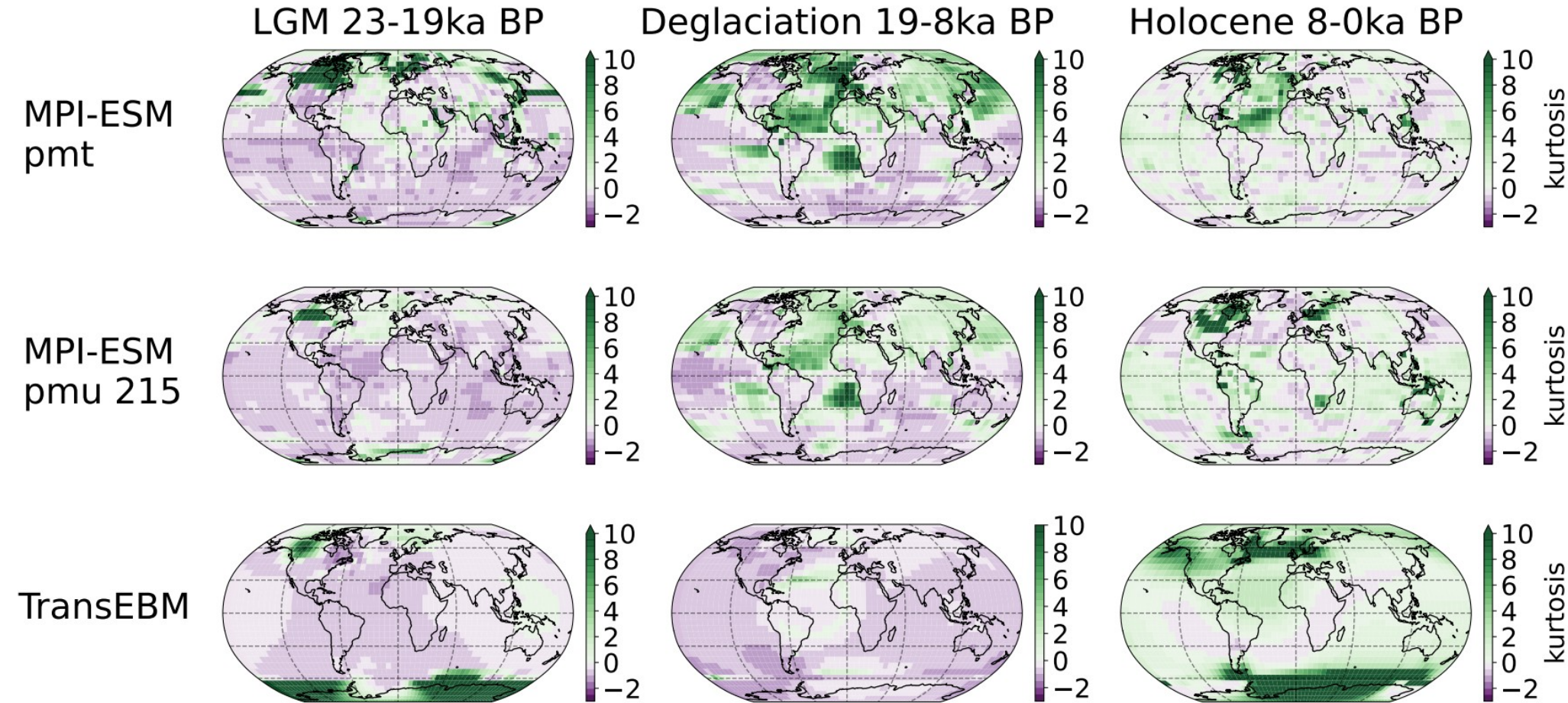
Models: MPI-ESM pmt Kleinen et al. 2020, pmu Kapsch et al, pers. comm., TransEBM forcing: CO₂: Köhler et al. 2017, orbital: Berger 1978, meltwater: assimilated from SSTs Jonkers et al. 2020, ice: Argus et al. 2014 & Peltier et al. 2015, volcanic: Schindlbeck-Belo, Kutterolf, Toohey, pers. comm., solar: surrogate from Steinhilber et al. 2009

Temperature kurtosis



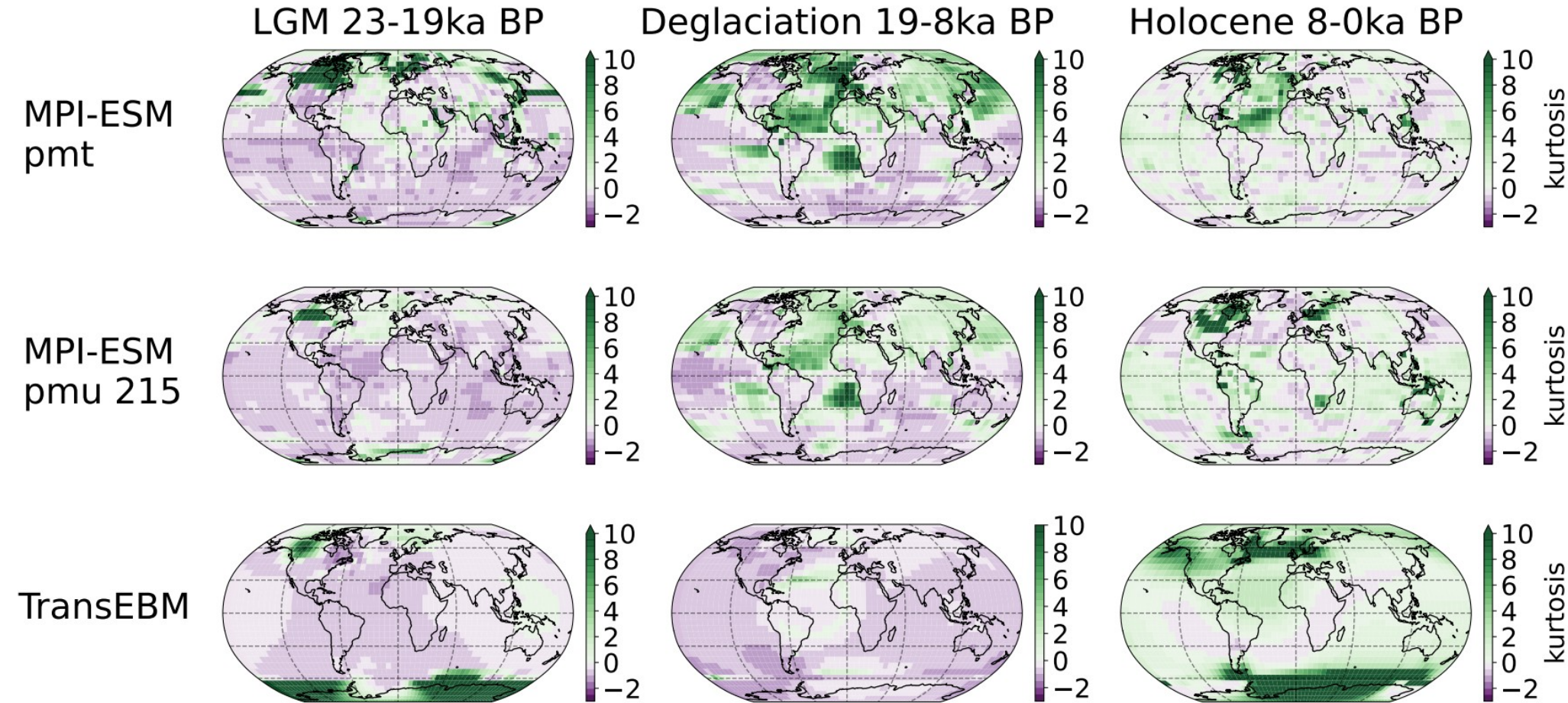
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Temperature kurtosis increases with warming

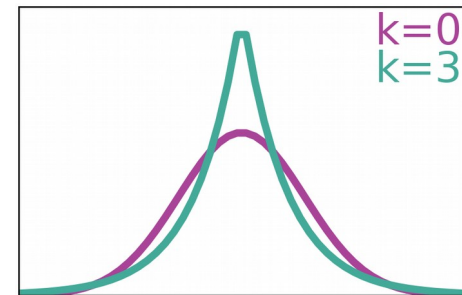


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Temperature kurtosis increases with warming

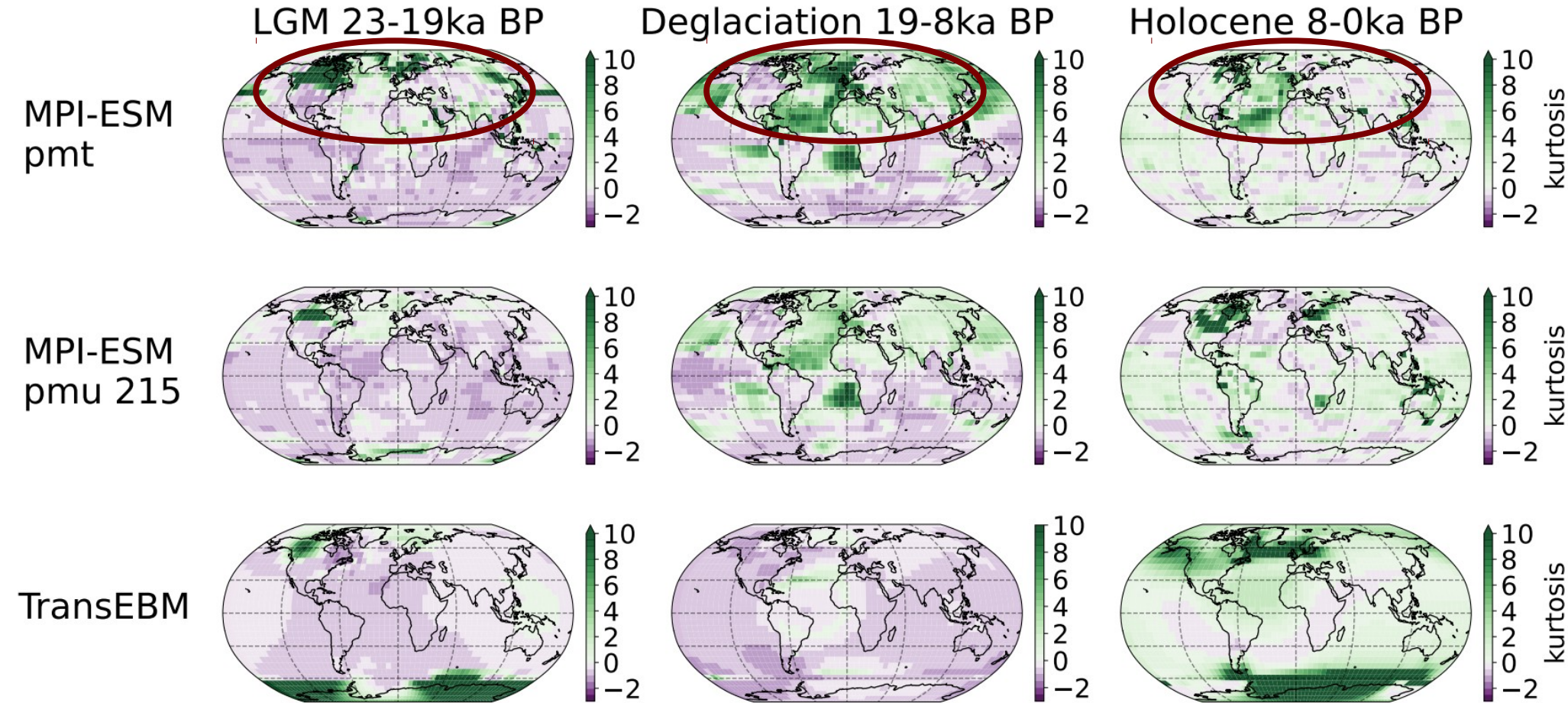


- Holocene: more often positive kurtosis
- differing trends in LGM vs. Deglaciation



Models: MPI-ESM pmt Kleinen et al. 2020, pmu Kapsch et al, pers. comm., TransEBM forcing: CO_2 : Köhler et al. 2017, orbital: Berger 1978, meltwater: assimilated from SSTs Jonkers et al. 2020, ice: Argus et al. 2014 & Peltier et al. 2015, volcanic: Schindlbeck-Belo, Kutterolf, Toohey, pers. comm., solar: surrogate from Steinhilber et al. 2009

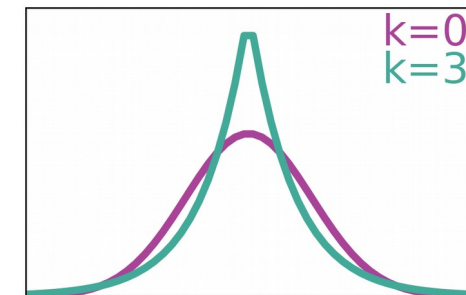
Temperature kurtosis increases with warming



- Holocene: more often positive kurtosis
- differing trends in LGM vs. Deglaciation

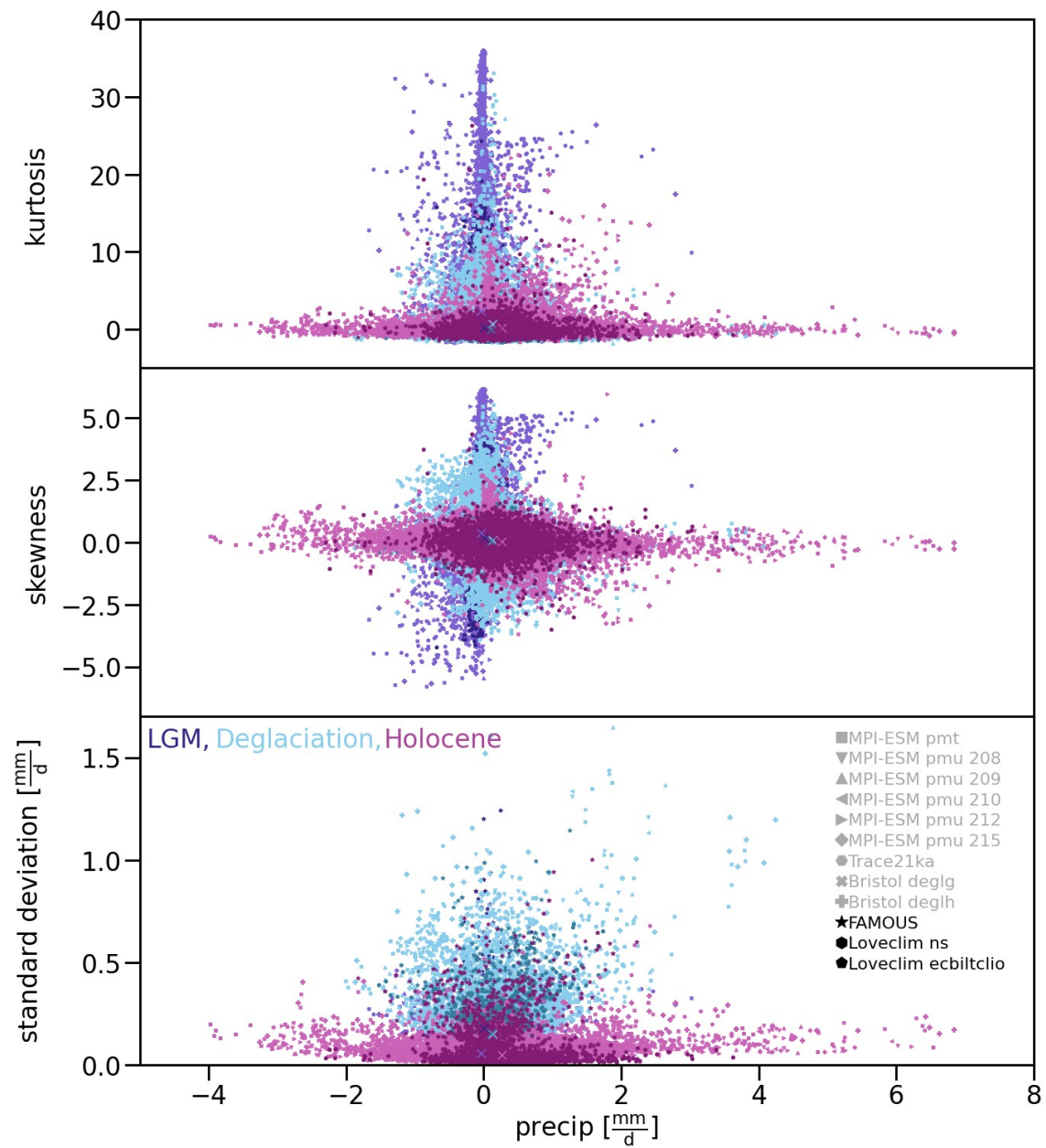
Large changes in response to:

- ice changes
- freshwater forcing



Models: MPI-ESM pmt Kleinen et al. 2020, pmu Kapsch et al, pers. comm., TransEBM forcing: CO_2 : Köhler et al. 2017, orbital: Berger 1978, meltwater: assimilated from SSTs Jonkers et al. 2020, ice: Argus et al. 2014 & Peltier et al. 2015, volcanic: Schindlbeck-Belo, Kutterolf, Toohey, pers. comm., solar: surrogate from Steinhilber et al. 2009

Overall for
temperature



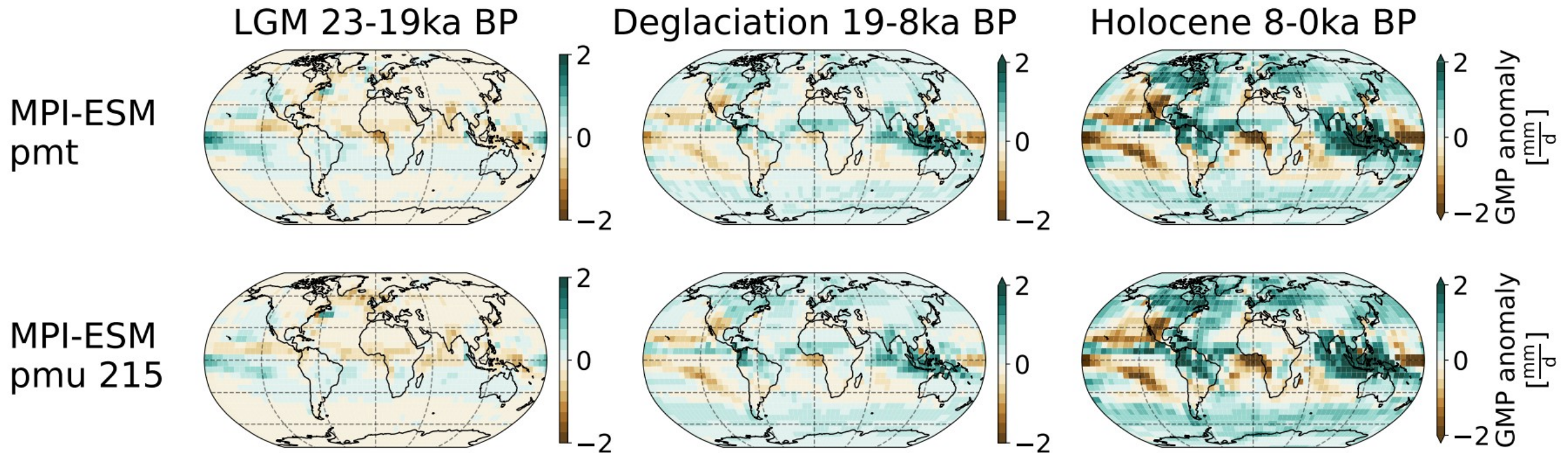
Overall for temperature

With warming:

- high variance while warming, before settling in low variance state
- trend towards negative skewness
- trend towards positive kurtosis

⇒ weight of distribution moves to higher temperatures (“normalizing” what used to be extreme), formerly common cold values part of lower temperature tails

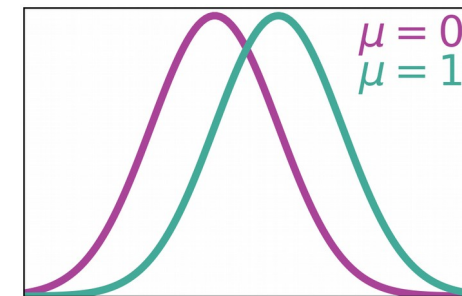
Precipitation mean: wetting across simulations



anomalies w.r.t. 18-17ka BP

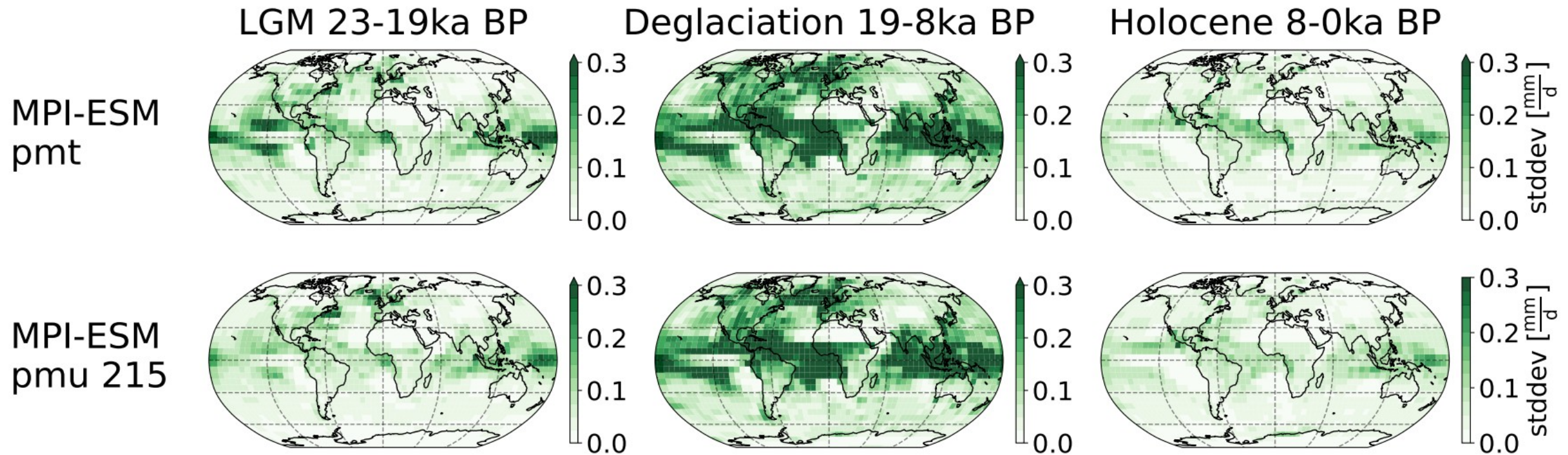
Across ensemble

- increase in precipitation towards the Holocene
- especially in tropical regions, Europe and the area of the Laurentide ice sheet over North America



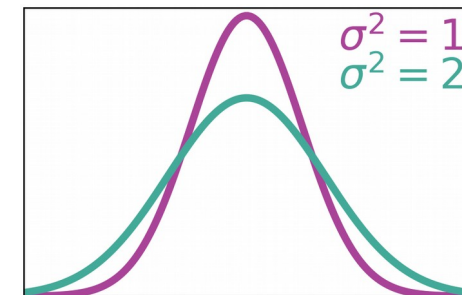
Models: MPI-ESM pmt Kleinen et al. 2020, pmu Kapsch et al, pers. comm., TransEBM forcing: CO₂: Köhler et al. 2017, orbital: Berger 1978, meltwater: assimilated from SSTs Jonkers et al. 2020, ice: Argus et al. 2014 & Peltier et al. 2015, volcanic: Schindlbeck-Belo, Kutterolf, Toohey, pers. comm., solar: surrogate from Steinhilber et al. 2009

Precipitation standard deviation increases during Deglaciation



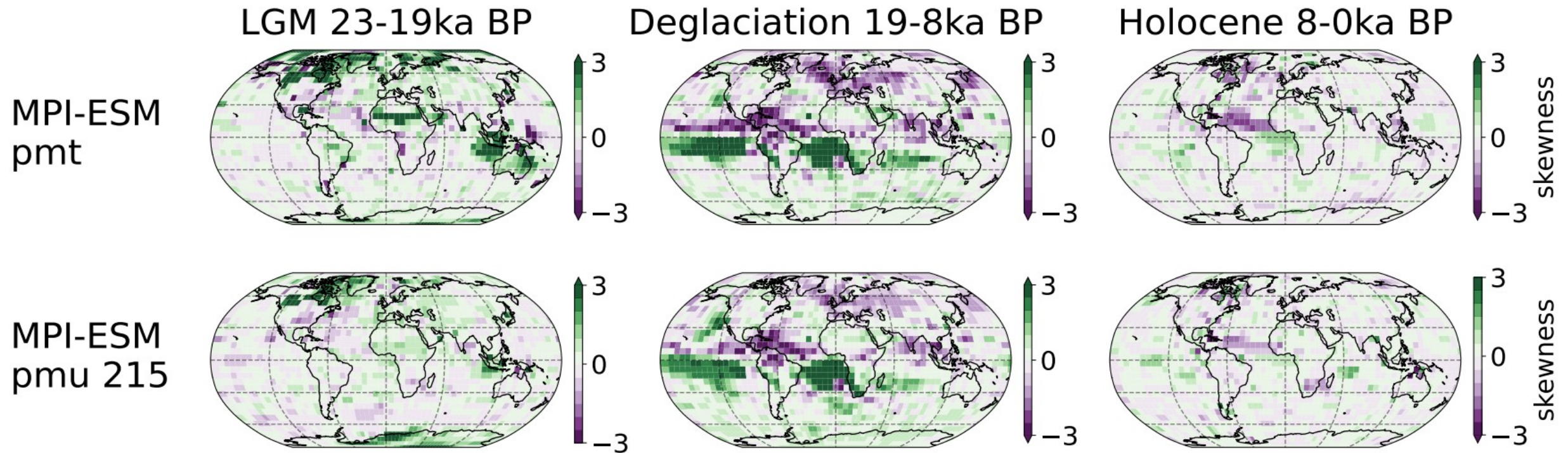
Across ensemble

- increase in standard deviation during the Deglaciation, in particular in the tropics
- LGM & Holocene: similar or lower values during LGM



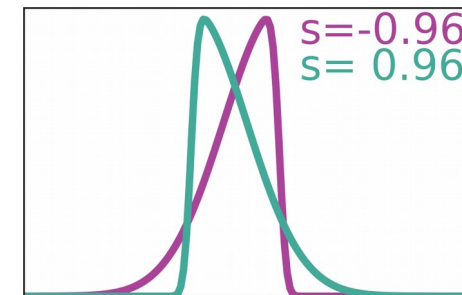
Models: MPI-ESM pmt Kleinen et al. 2020, pmu Kapsch et al, pers. comm., TransEBM forcing: CO_2 : Köhler et al. 2017, orbital: Berger 1978, meltwater: assimilated from SSTs Jonkers et al. 2020, ice: Argus et al. 2014 & Peltier et al. 2015, volcanic: Schindlbeck-Belo, Kutterolf, Toohey, pers. comm., solar: surrogate from Steinhilber et al. 2009

Precipitation skewness decreases with warming



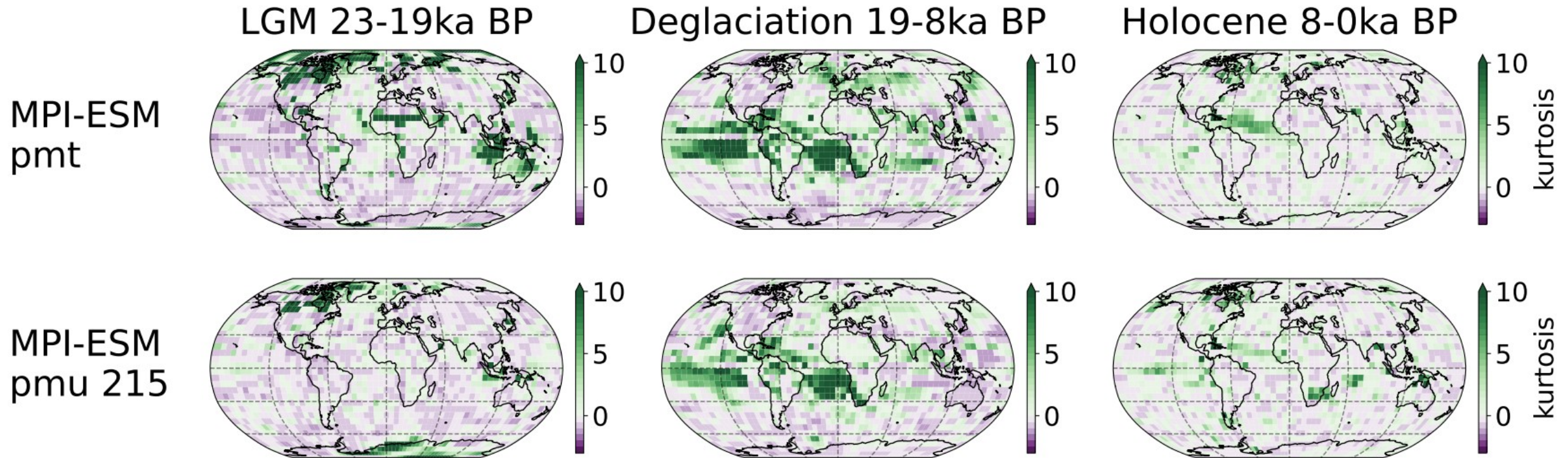
Across ensemble:

- more negative skew with warming
- suggesting a tendency towards dry event outliers in a long tail
- and an overall shift to higher values
- the degree of change varies between simulations & some extreme shifts during Deglaciation



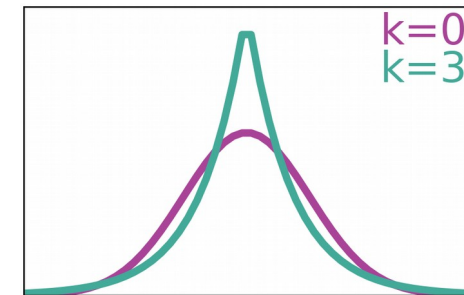
Models: MPI-ESM pmt Kleinen et al. 2020, pmu Kapsch et al, pers. comm., TransEBM forcing: CO₂: Köhler et al. 2017, orbital: Berger 1978, meltwater: assimilated from SSTs Jonkers et al. 2020, ice: Argus et al. 2014 & Peltier et al. 2015, volcanic: Schindlbeck-Belo, Kutterolf, Toohey, pers. comm., solar: surrogate from Steinhilber et al. 2009

Precipitation kurtosis: increase towards the Holocene



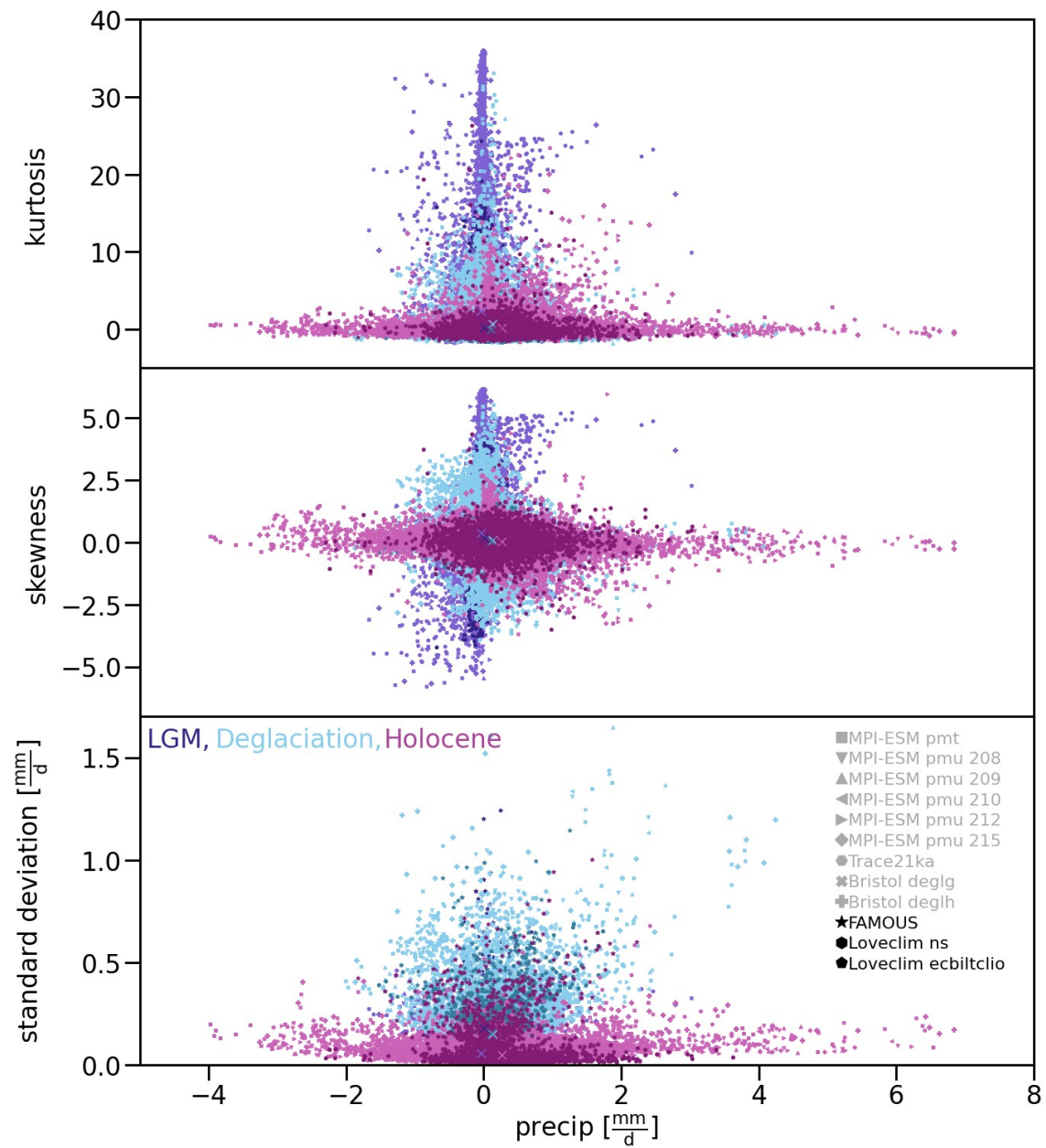
Across ensemble:

- from Deglaciation to the Holocene more often positive kurtosis
- suggesting more extreme centuries in response to the increase in overall precipitation
- but exceptions exist
- no clear patterns when comparing the LGM with Deglaciation or Holocene



Models: MPI-ESM pmt Kleinen et al. 2020, pmu Kapsch et al, pers. comm., TransEBM forcing: CO_2 : Köhler et al. 2017, orbital: Berger 1978, meltwater: assimilated from SSTs Jonkers et al. 2020, ice: Argus et al. 2014 & Peltier et al. 2015, volcanic: Schindlbeck-Belo, Kutterolf, Toohey, pers. comm., solar: surrogate from Steinhilber et al. 2009

Overall for precipitation



Overall for precipitation

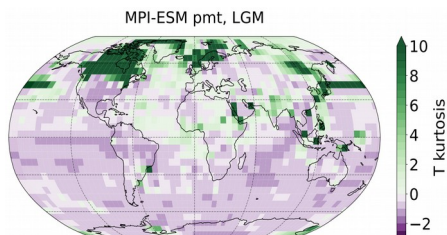
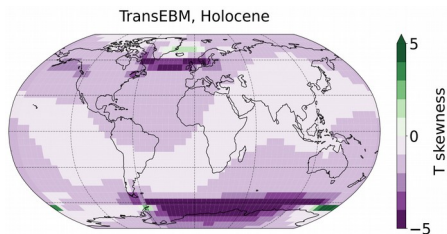
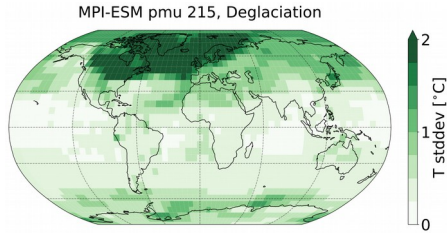
With warming:

- increase of variance with warming
- trend towards negative skewness
- trend towards positive kurtosis
- but large regional differences

⇒ weight of distribution moves to higher, previously extreme amounts of precipitation, but regionally dryness gets more pronounced

Warming changes the distributions of temperature and precipitation

While the degree of change varies, there are patterns on the **centennial** scale:



Variance:

- lower Holocene temperature variance than during LGM
- similar or higher precipitation variance
- overall higher Deglacial variance

Skewness:

- more often negative with warming
- suggesting longer low-value tails and more data at high values

Kurtosis:

- more often positive with warming
- suggesting fatter tails and thus more extremes

Deviations from normal distribution!

Changes seem related to freshwater forcing and that of changing ice sheets

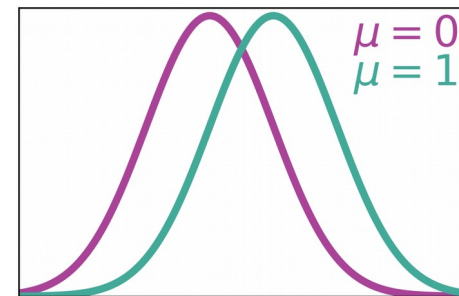
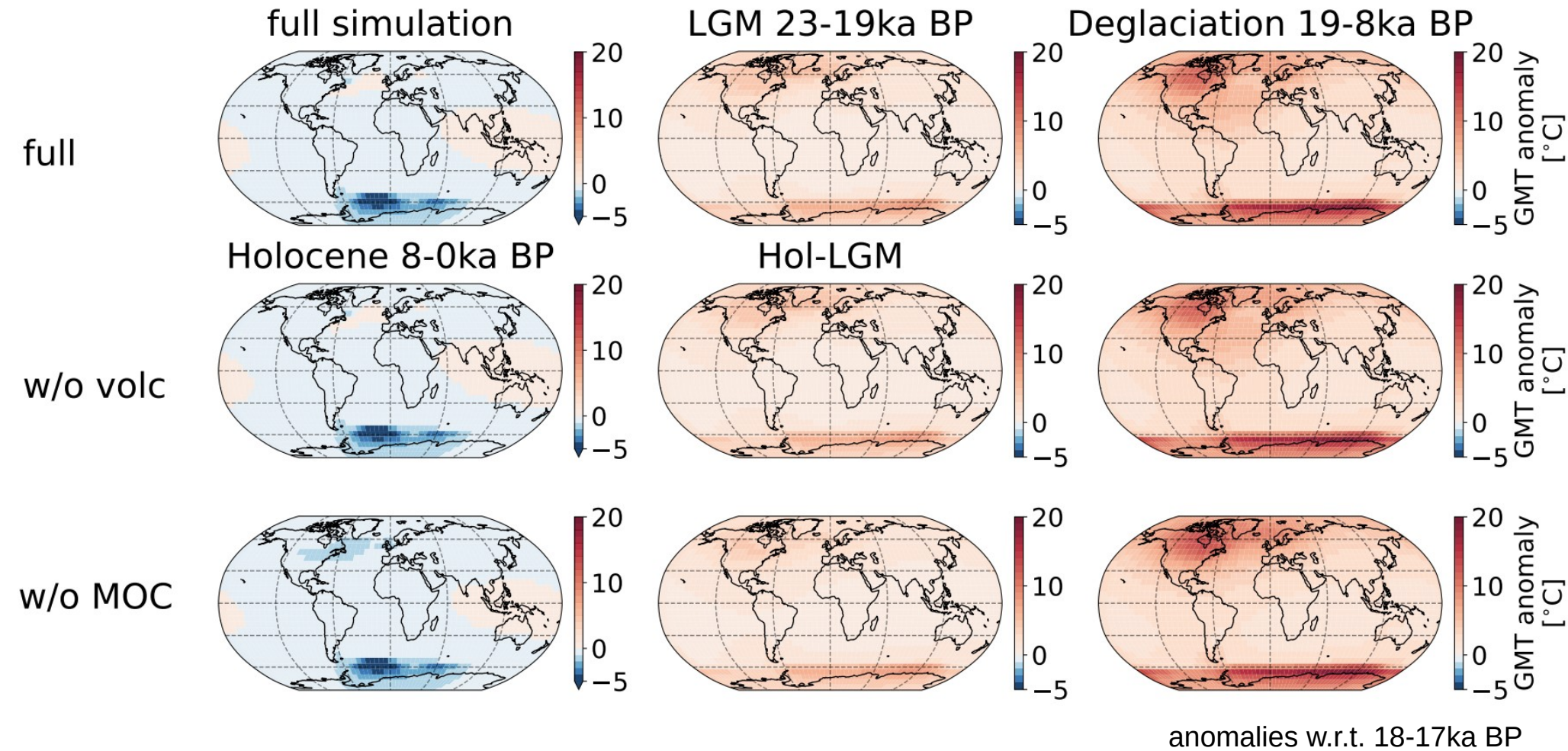


Examine sensitivity experiments



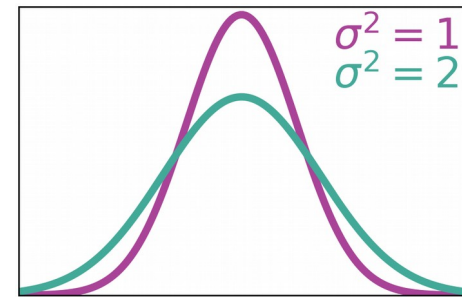
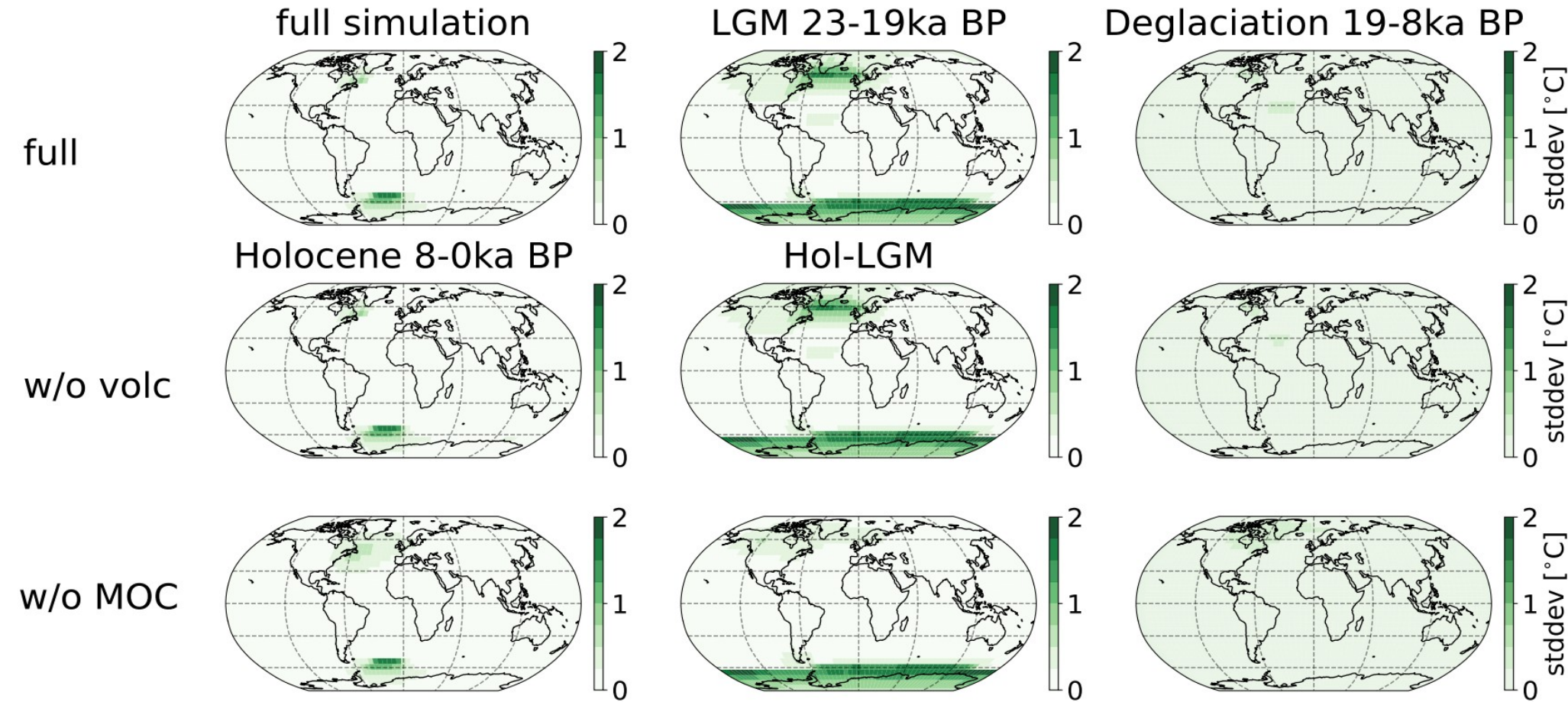
Compare to proxies

Temperature mean in TransEBM sensitivity experiments



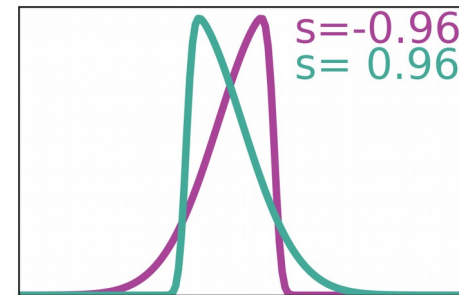
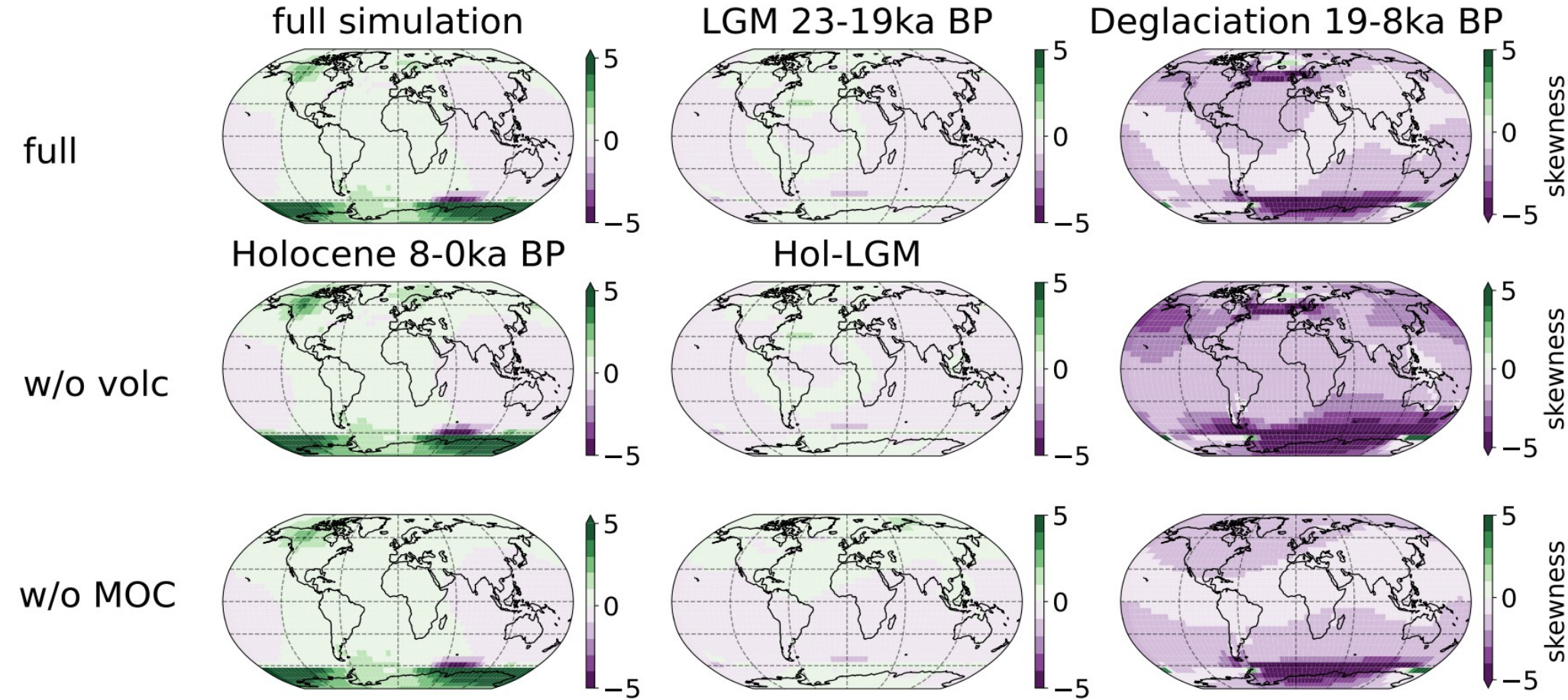
TransEBM forcing: CO₂: Köhler et al. 2017, orbital: Berger 1978, meltwater: assimilated from SSTs Jonkers et al. 2020, ice: Argus et al. 2014 & Peltier et al. 2015, volcanic: Schindlbeck-Belo, Kutterolf, Toohey, pers. comm., solar: surrogate from Steinhilber et al. 2009

Temperature standard deviation in TransEBM sensitivity experiments



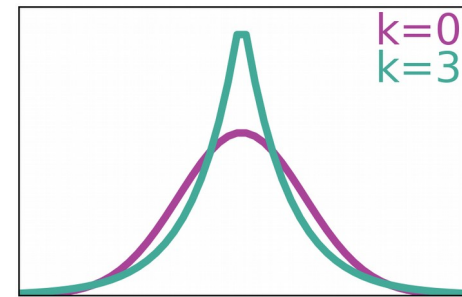
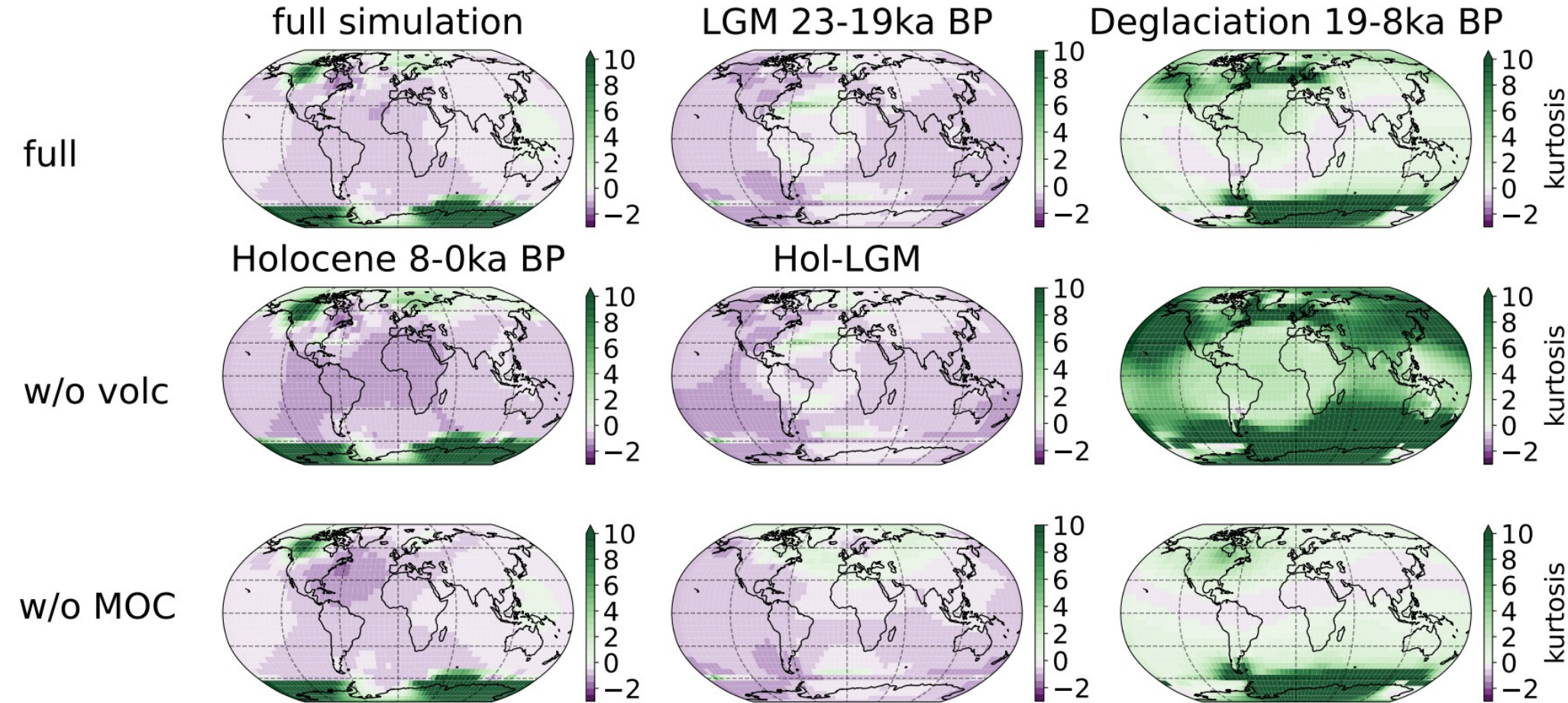
TransEBM forcing: CO₂: Köhler et al. 2017, orbital: Berger 1978, meltwater: assimilated from SSTs Jonkers et al. 2020, ice: Argus et al. 2014 & Peltier et al. 2015, volcanic: Schindlbeck-Belo, Kutterolf, Toohey, pers. comm., solar: surrogate from Steinhilber et al. 2009

Temperature skewness in TransEBM sensitivity experiments



TransEBM forcing: CO₂: Köhler et al. 2017, orbital: Berger 1978, meltwater: assimilated from SSTs Jonkers et al. 2020, ice: Argus et al. 2014 & Peltier et al. 2015, volcanic: Schindlbeck-Belo, Kutterolf, Toohey, pers. comm., solar: surrogate from Steinhilber et al. 2009

Temperature kurtosis in TransEBM sensitivity experiments



TransEBM forcing: CO₂: Köhler et al. 2017, orbital: Berger 1978, meltwater: assimilated from SSTs Jonkers et al. 2020, ice: Argus et al. 2014 & Peltier et al. 2015, volcanic: Schindlbeck-Belo, Kutterolf, Toohey, pers. comm., solar: surrogate from Steinhilber et al. 2009