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EGU General Assembly 2022

GM5.2 | Geomorphic, ecological, hydrological & wood-related river restoration and management in a changing climate

Convener: Lina Polvi Sjöberg

Co-conveners: Isabella Schalko, Maciej Liro, Elizabeth Follett, Gemma Harvey

Morphological response to climatic and anthropic pressures of the Vjosa river, a reference system for river management and restoration

Marta Crivellaro¹, Livia Serrao², Walter Bertoldi^{1,2}, Simone Bizzi³,
Alfonso Vitti² and Guido Zolezzi^{1,2}

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Wed, 25 May 2022 | 09:39–09:45 | EGU22-9135





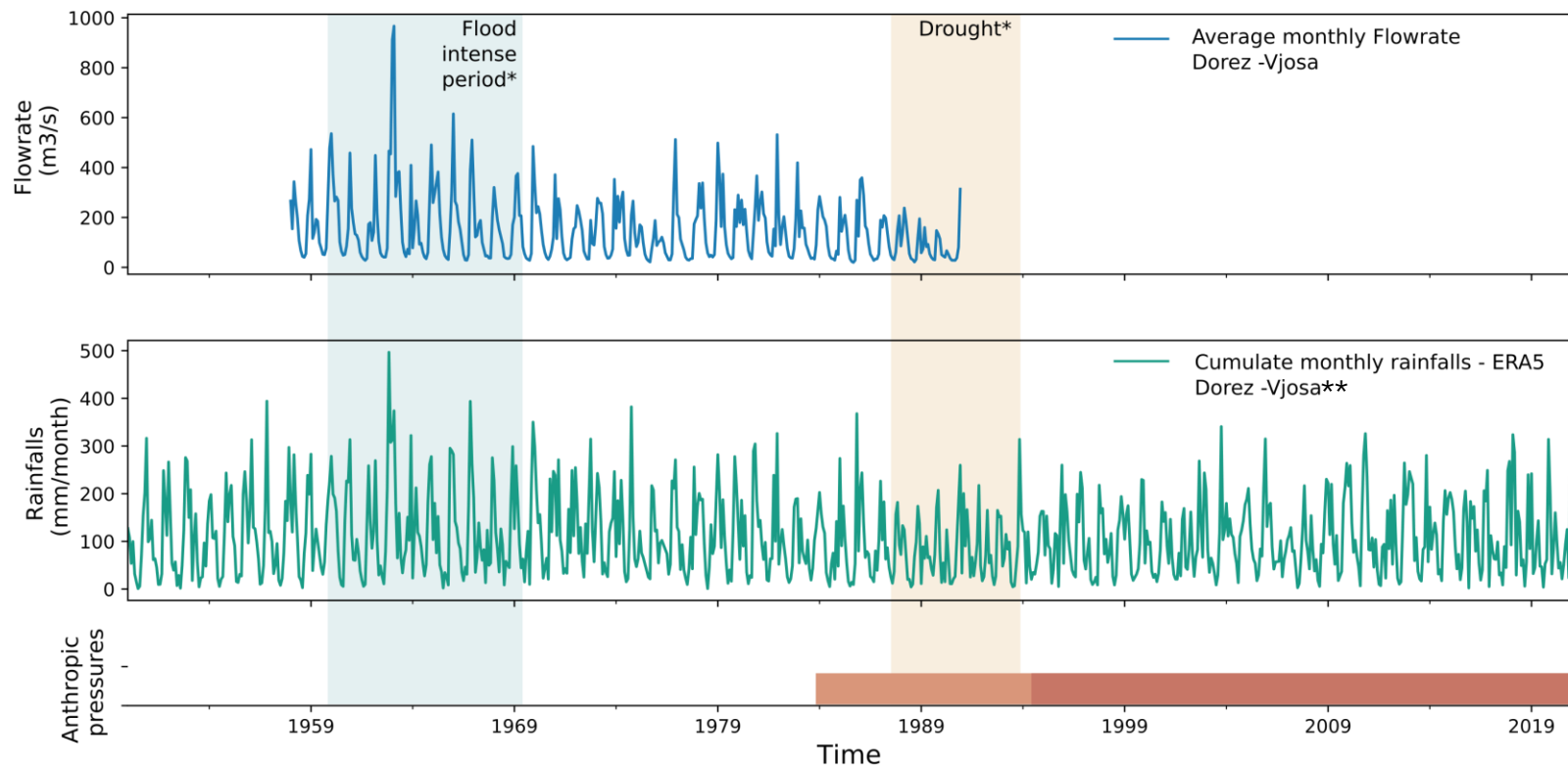
Near-Natural Rivers as reference systems to investigate river sensitivity in a changing climate



Climatic variations shaping river morphodynamics

Research Hypothesis:

Recent morphological trajectories of the Vjosa river system represent system's diverse response to regional climatic fluctuations and localized anthropic pressures.



Climatic variations & Anthropic pressures → River morphodynamics?

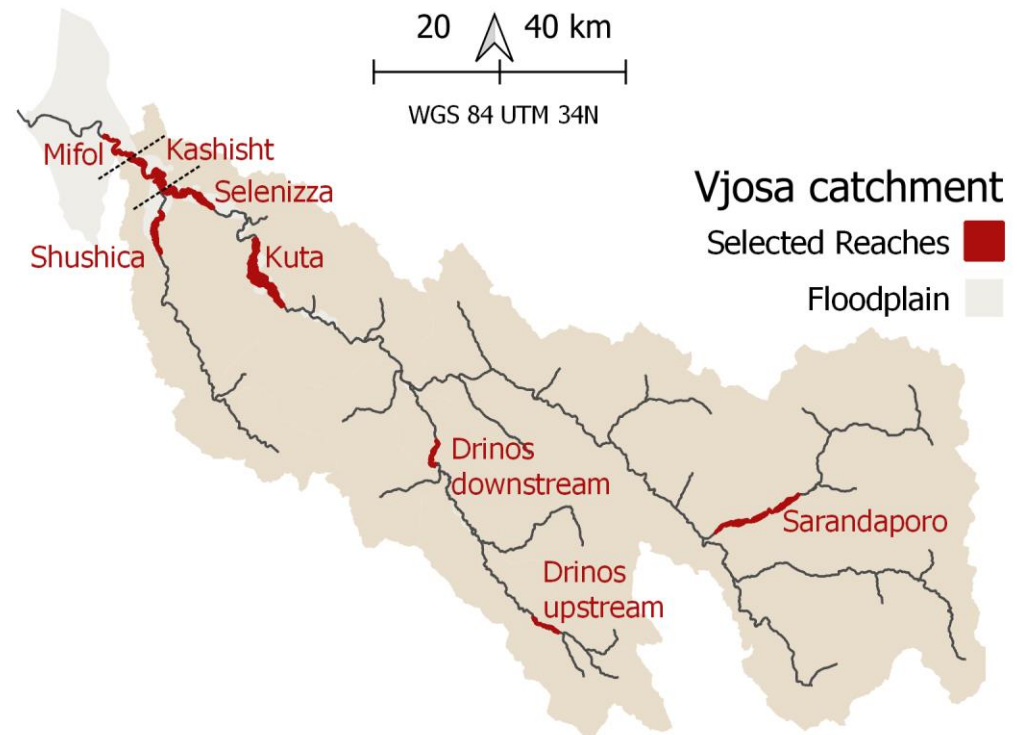
Methods

Channel adjustments over the past 50 years

- *USGS 1968 Declassified Corona images;*
- *Landsat 5/7/8 images – 1985-2020;*
- *Google Earth Engine cloud analysis;*
- *8 selected river reaches.*

Analysis of drivers of change at the catchment and reach scale

- *Hydrological analysis;*
- *Anthropic pressures assessment (land cover, sediment mining, HPPs).*



Results

Drinos upstream

Partially confined transitional reach

 $L^* = 6,3 \text{ km}$; $i_F^* = 1,7 \text{ m/km}$

Kuta

Partially confined braided reach

 $L^* = 13,5 \text{ km}$; $i_F = 1,8 \text{ m/km}$

Shushica

Partially confined braided reach

 $L^* = 8,1 \text{ km}$; $i_F = 2,5 \text{ m/km}$

MORPHOLOGICAL TRAJECTORY

Average
Active Width (m)

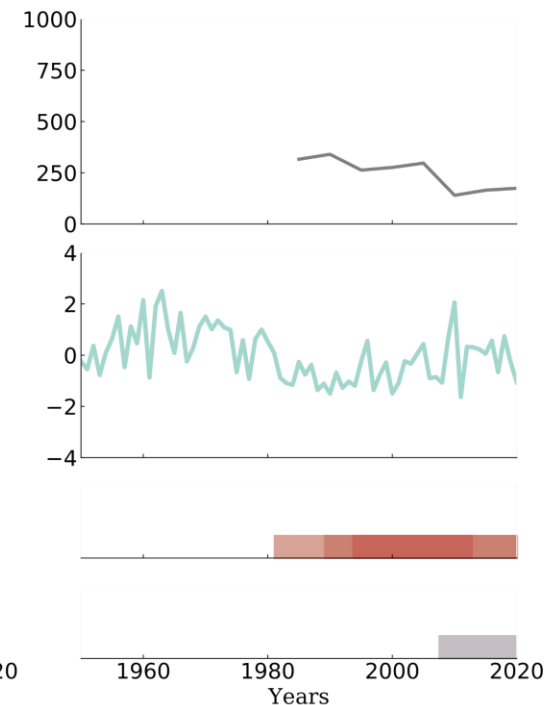
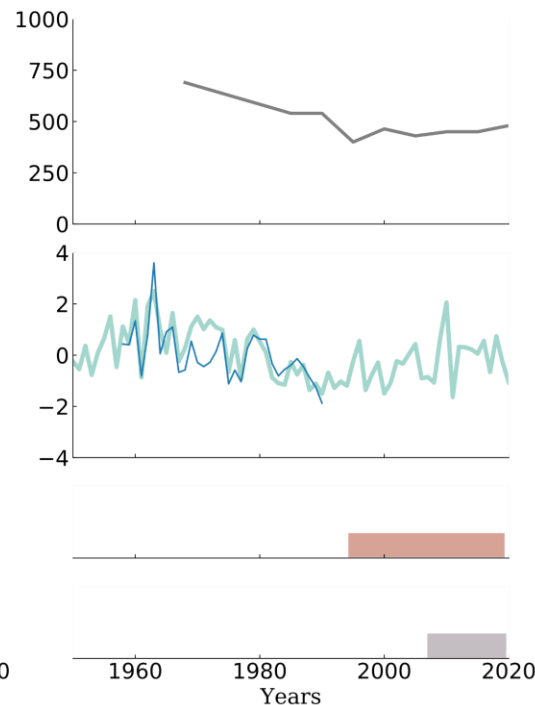
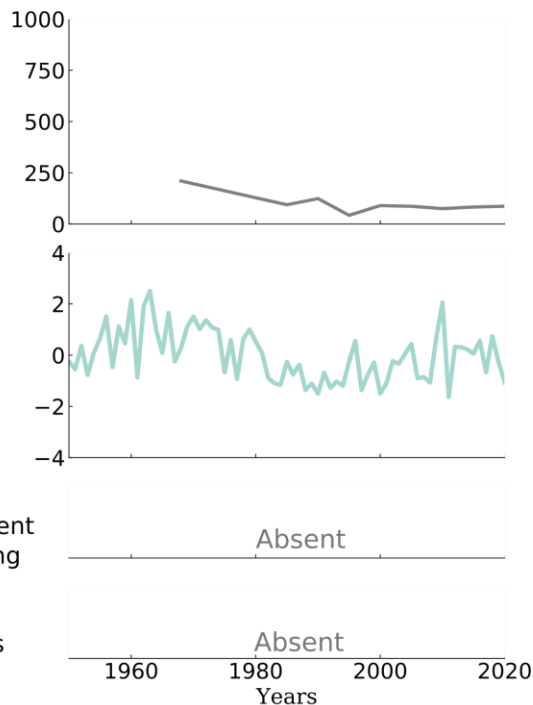
HYDROLOGIC REGIME

— Normalized
annual rainfalls
— Dorez annual
flowrate volumes

Sediment
Mining

ANTHROPIC PRESSURES

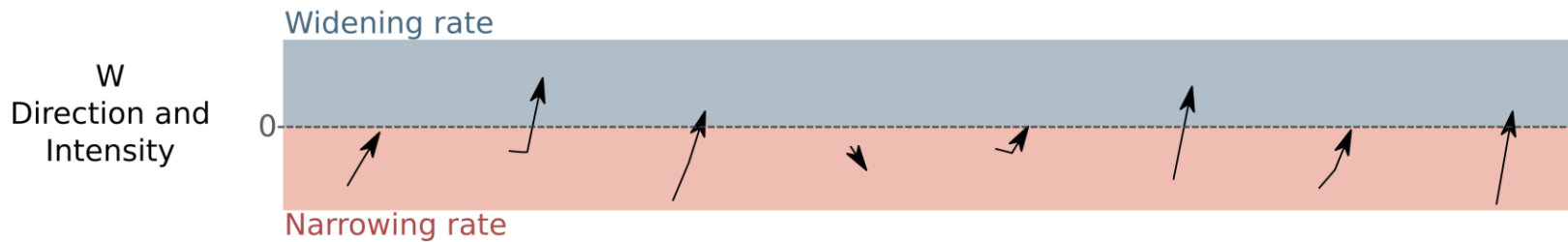
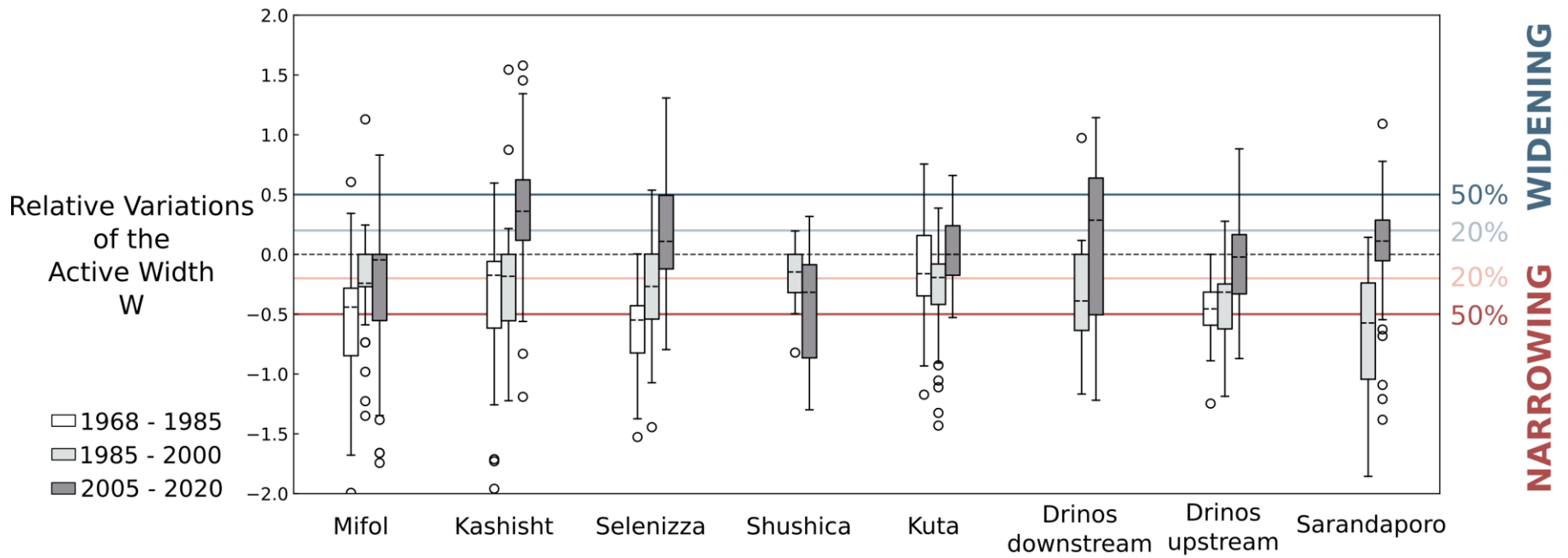
HPPs



Increasing Anthropogenic Pressures



Results



Conclusions

- **Catchment scale:** System time-to-recovery from the flood intense period (decreasing narrowing rates);
- **Reach scale:** important impact of sediment mining on evolutionary trajectory;

The study supports **geomorphic sensitivity assessment** for the Near-Natural Vjosa river. Main implications:

- Support for future management of the Vjosa;
- Reference analysis to support restoration of other regulated rivers.



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