





Global land use transitions and their drivers during 1960-2019

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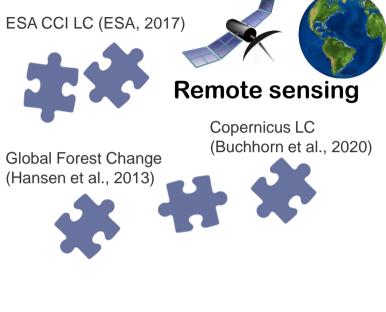


Background

- Understanding land use change is key
- Increasing data availability
- Spatial accuracy vs. long-time records

HILDA+ bridges the gap, provides higher spatial, temporal and thematic detail.

Winkler, K., Fuchs, R., Rounsevell, M., & Herold, M. (2021). Global land use changes are four times greater than previously estimated. *Nature Communications*, 12(1), 2501. 1103 https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-021-22702-2



LUH2 (Chini et al., 2021)

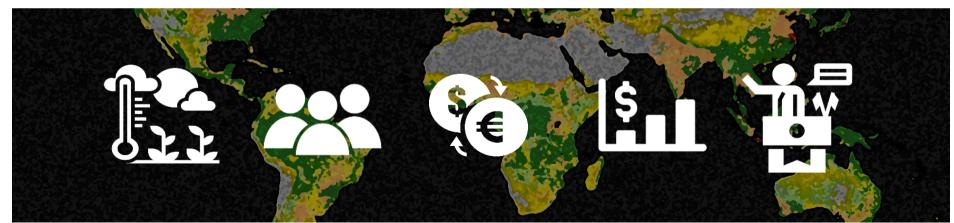






Research questions

- 1. What are major land use transitions? Spatial and temporal patterns
- 2. What are the drivers? How do they differ by world region?







1. Land use transitions 1960-2019

Urban Crop-pasture expansion dynamics Expansion of sparse/no Cropland vegetation abandonment Forest expansion Forestry Cropland dynamics expansion for cropland Pasture/ Deforestation rangeland Ρ for pasture/rangeland expansion Grass/ **Forest** shrubland 0



- cropland
- pasture/rangeland
- forest
- unmanaged grass/shrubland
- Sparse/no vegetation

Classification rules for major land use transitions based on HILDA+





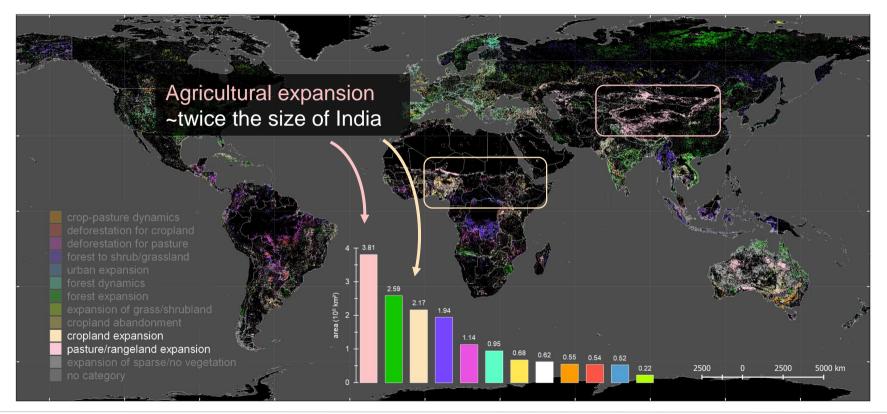
time

degradation

time

expansion

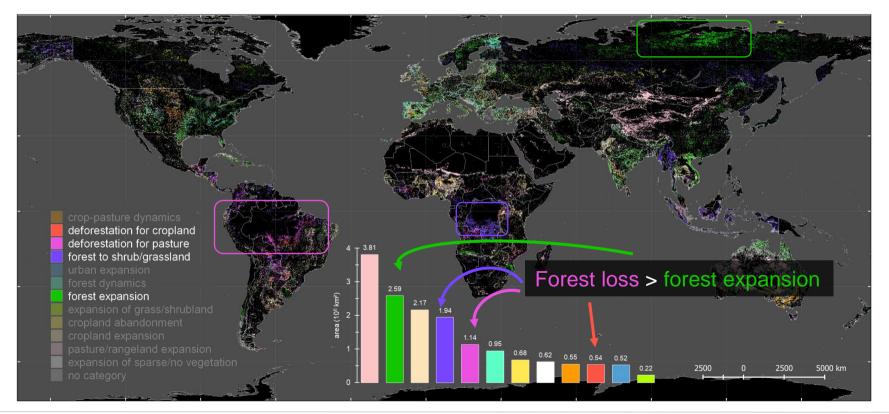
1. Land use transitions 1960-2019







1. Land use transitions 1960-2019









\$

DIRECT

INDIRECT

Economy

- · Agr. exports
- Agr. Imports
- Cereal price
- Consumption
- Exchange rate
- FDI
- · Forestry exports
- GDP
- · Labour force
- Oil price
- Wage

Demography

- Age
- · Birth rate
- Gini
- · Life expectancy
- · Migration
- Population
- · Population density

Politics

- · Conflicts
- · Government effectiveness
- Military expenses
- · Nature protection
- · Political stability
- Subsidies



Production

- · Biofuel production
- Crop diversity
- · Livestock density
- Tractor
- · Wood production
- Yield

Environment

- · Burned area
- · Droughts
- Floods
- Precipitation
- · Soil moisture
- SPEI12
- Temperature anomaly
- Temperature change
- · Wildfires

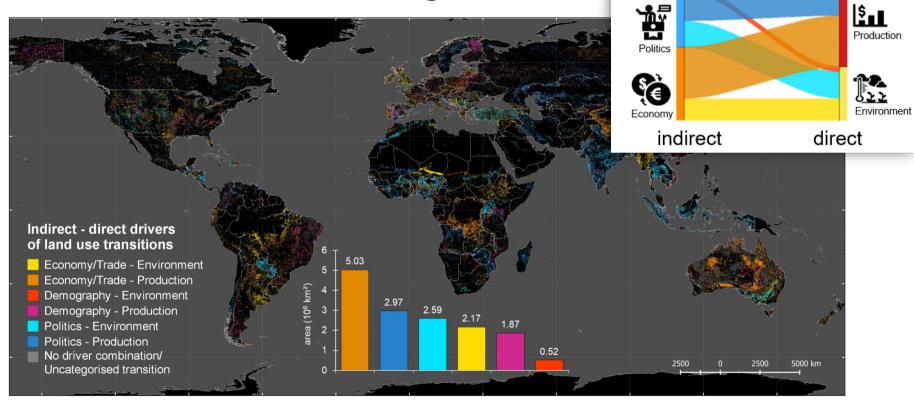
urbanisation
expansion of sparse/no vegetation
pasture/rangeland expansion
cropland expansion
crop-pasture dynamics
cropland abandonment
expansion of grass/shrubland
forest expansion
forestry dynamics
forest to shrub/grassland
deforestation for pasture/rangeland
deforestation for cropland



Driver groups and indicators





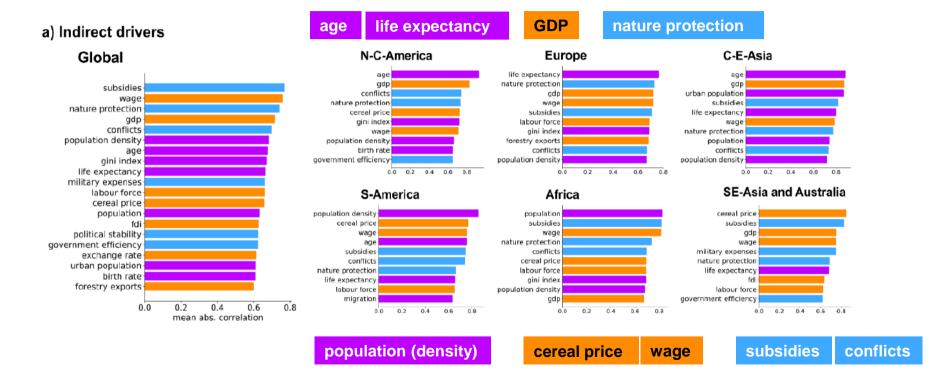




Global

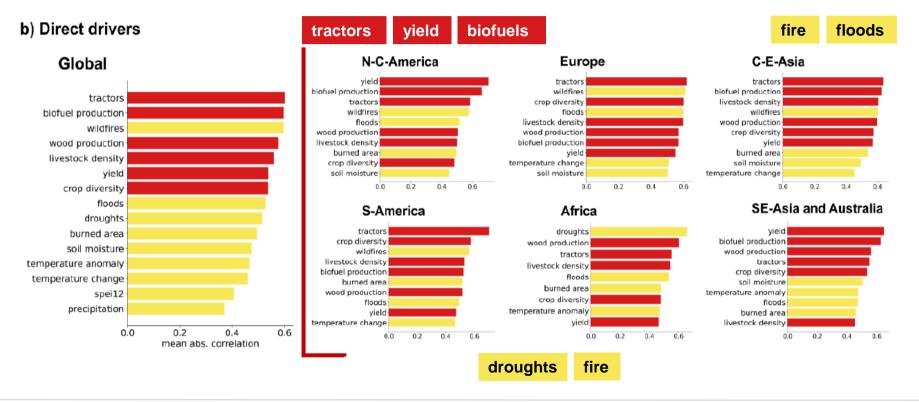
Demography















In a nutshell

Agricultural expansion into non-forest areas as largest land use transitions

■ N: forest expansion - S: deforestation, agricultural expansion

Importance of indirect drivers (Economy, Politics, Demography)





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Account for spurious correlation, interdependencies, endogeneity

Winkler et al. (in prep): Drivers of global land use transitions



