

Interannual Variability of Arctic Climate Seasonal and Regional Differences

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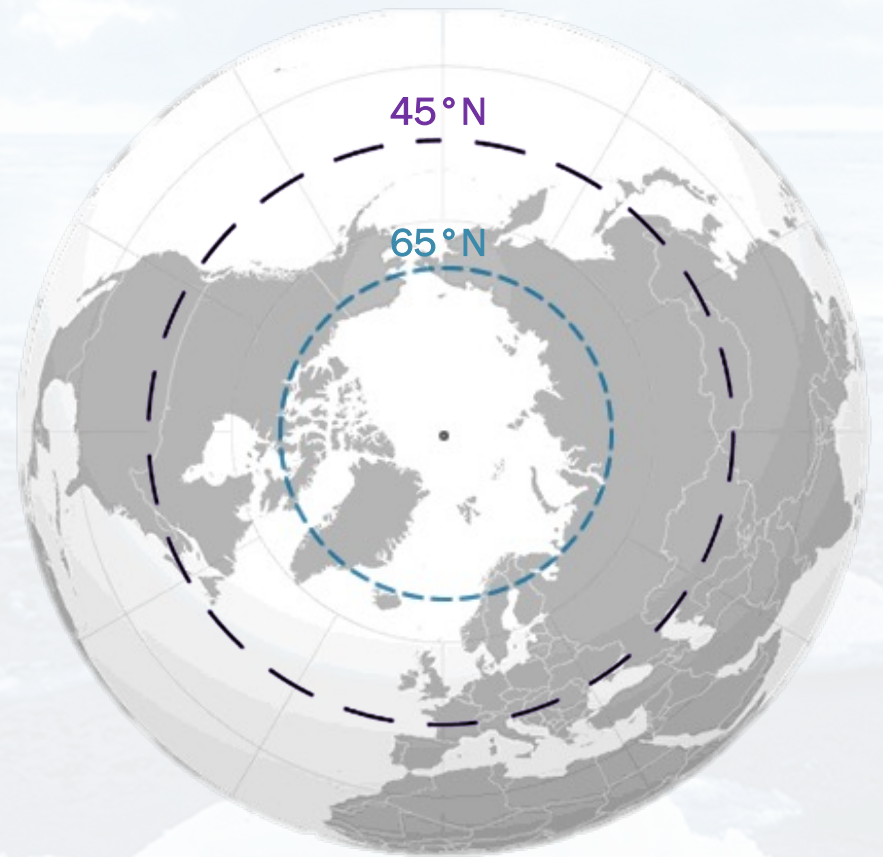
EGU Vienna, 2022

CL4 - Climate Variability and Prediction in High Latitudes

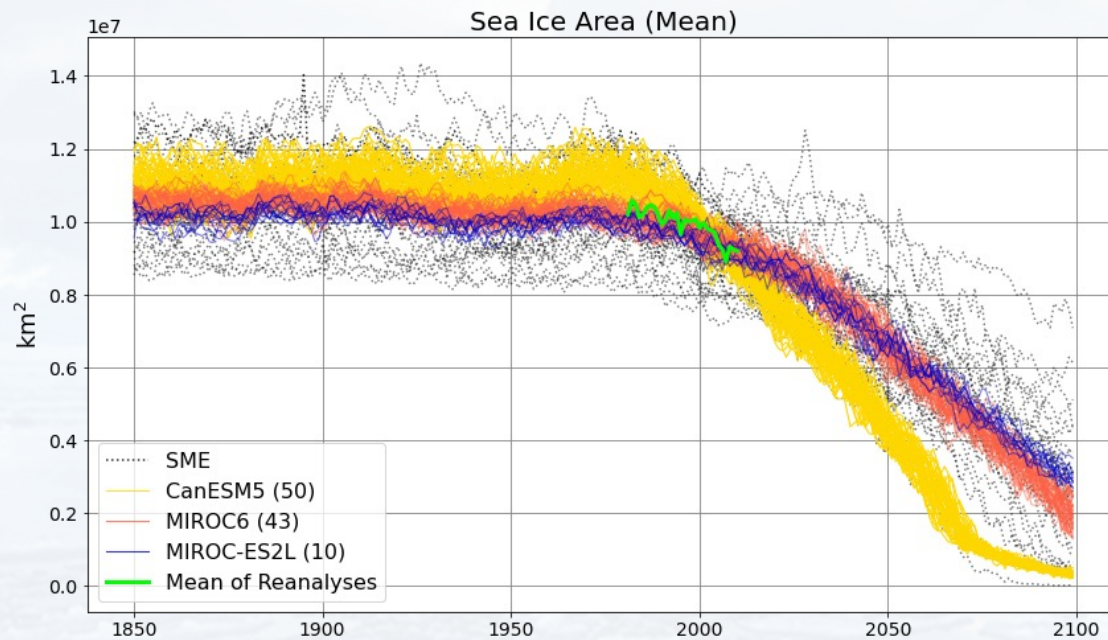
Data

Monthly CMIP6 (historical + SSP 5-8.5)
+ Reanalyses (ERA-5, JRA55, 20CRv3, HadISST, GIOMAS)

- **Surface atmospheric temperature**
- **Precipitation**
- **Sea ice concentration**

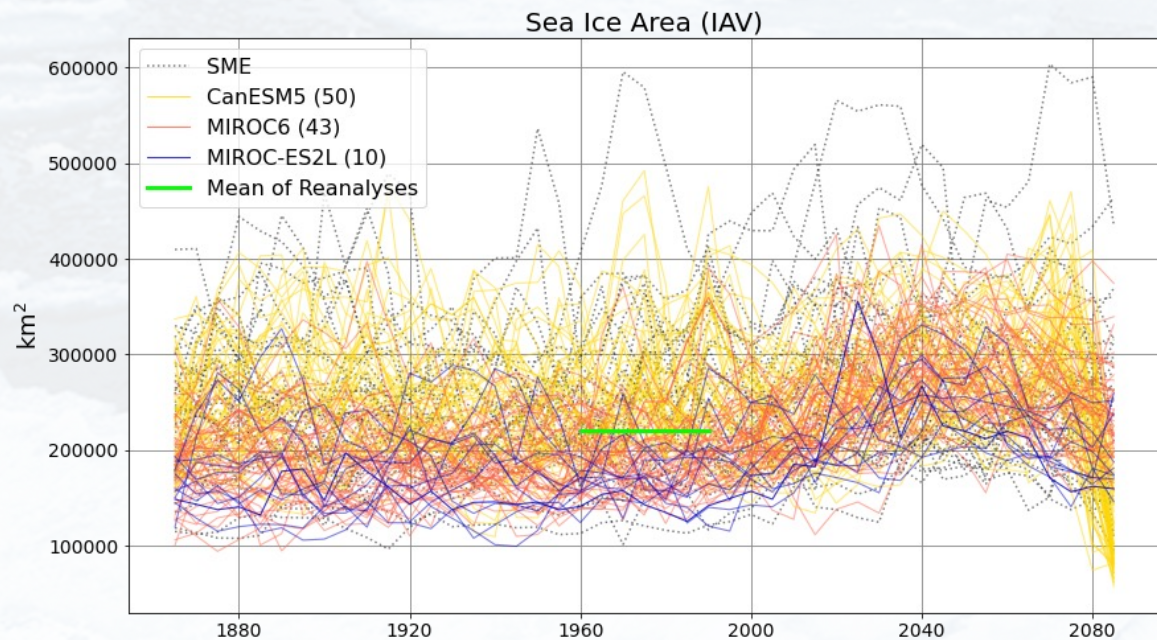


Annual Sea Ice Area



Members of one model mostly agree on mean SIA...

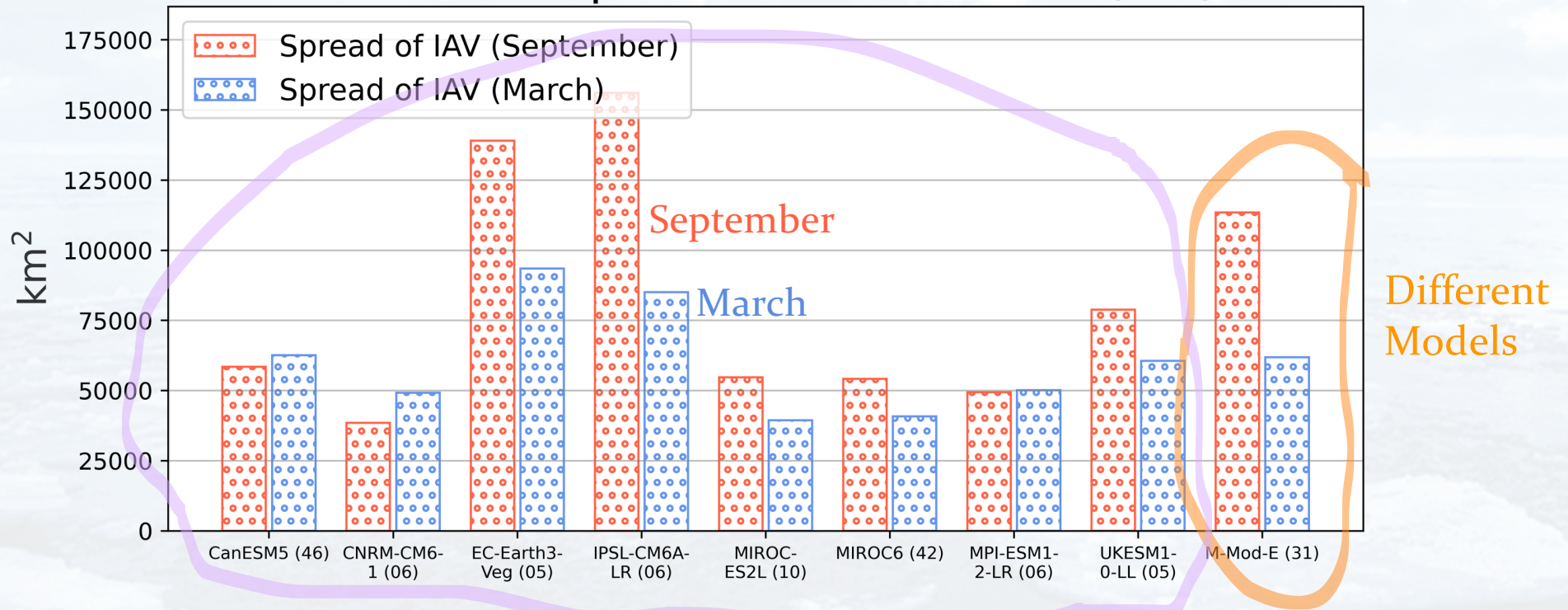
... but not on their annual variations.



Natural Variability

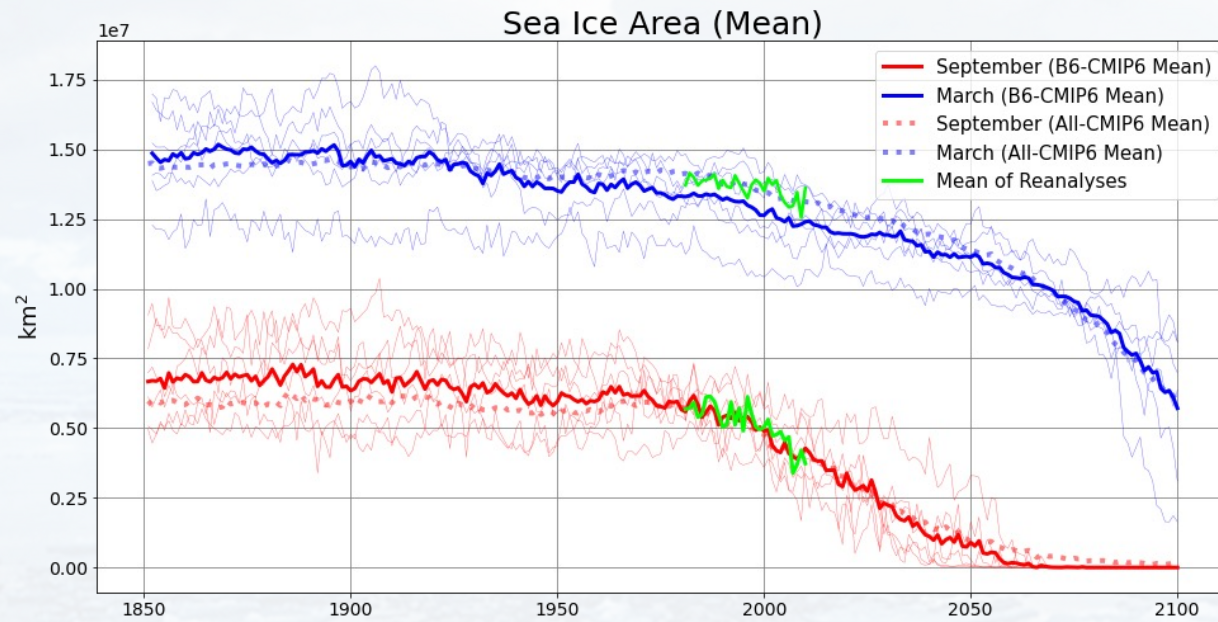
1981-2010

Ensemble Spreads: Sea Ice Area (IAV)



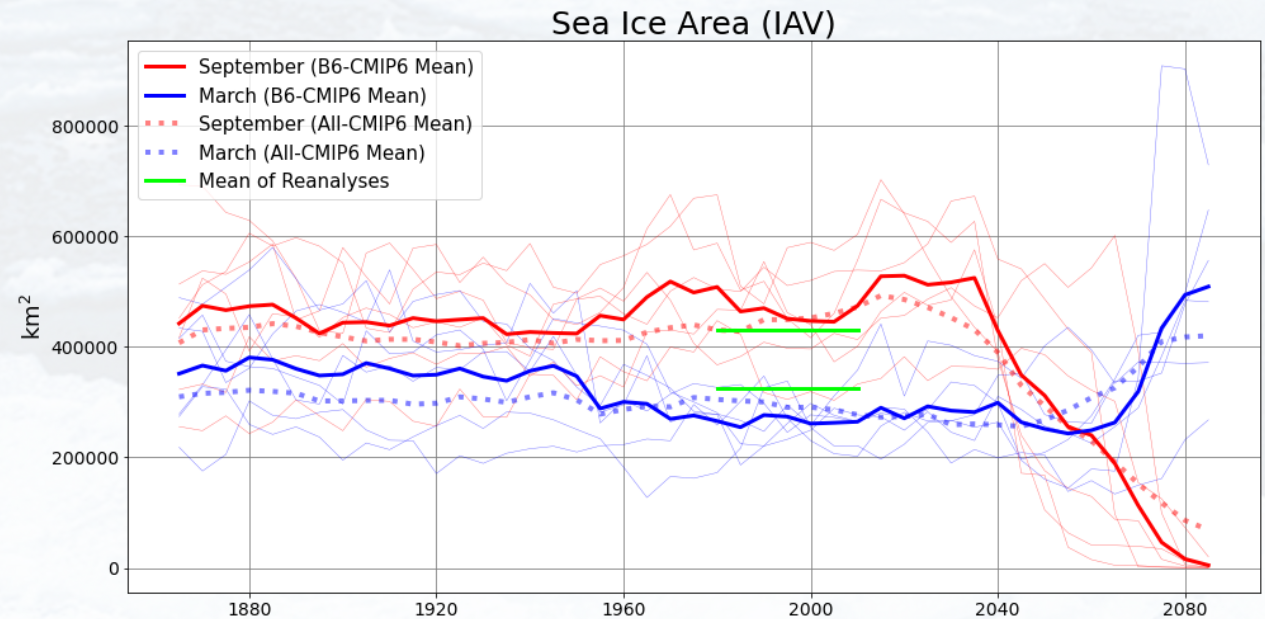
Individual models with multiple members

Seasonal Differences



March

September

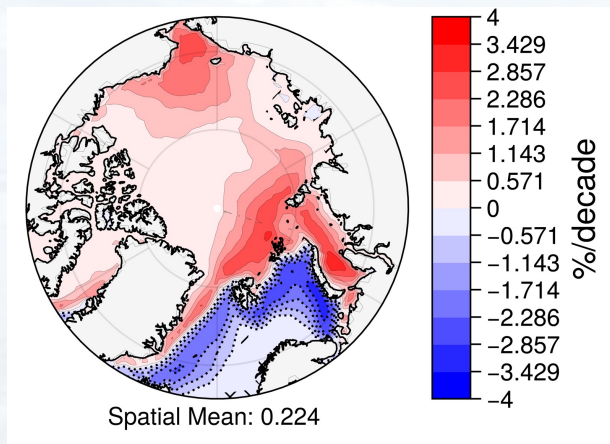


Regional Differences

Linear Trends (1981-2100)

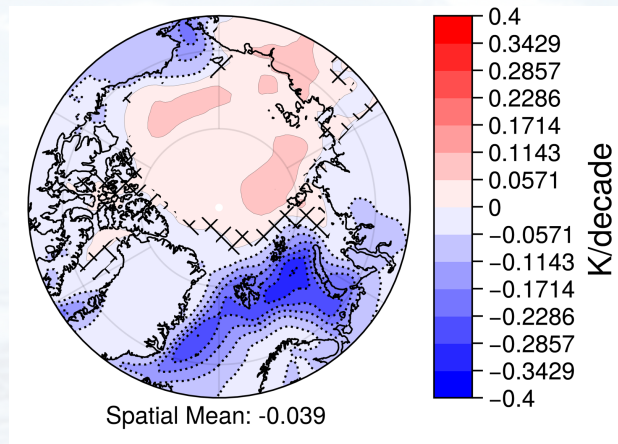
Winter

Sea Ice Concentration



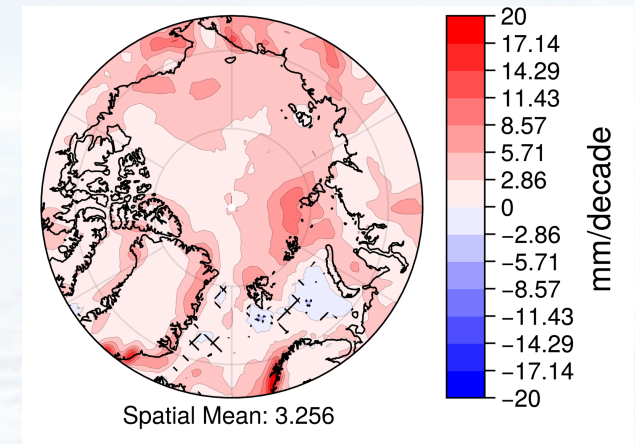
+0.22%/dec

Temperature



-0.04K/dec

Precipitation



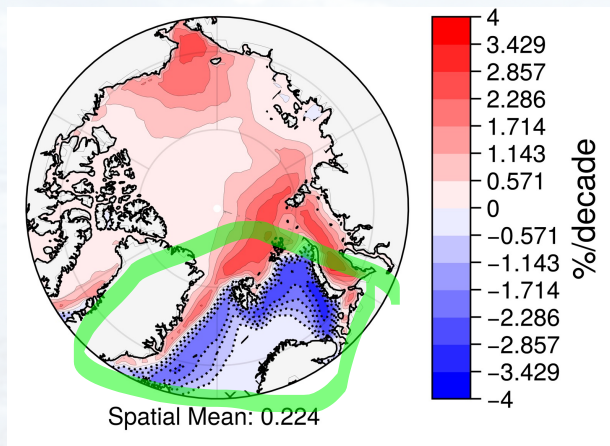
+3.26mm/dec

Regional Differences

Linear Trends (1981-2100)

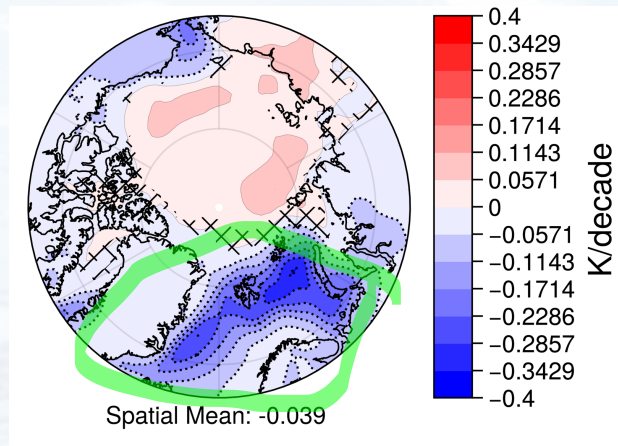
Winter

Sea Ice Concentration



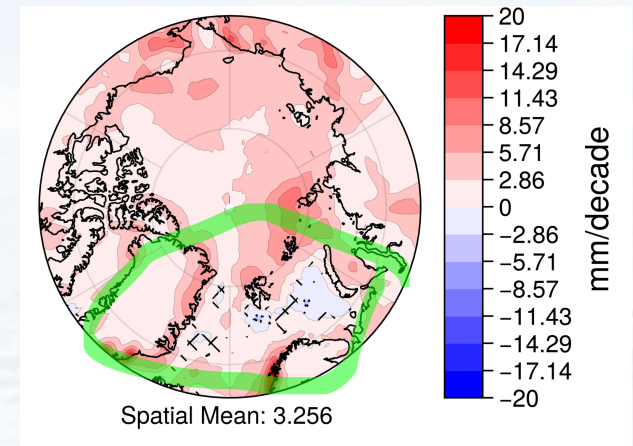
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Temperature



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Precipitation



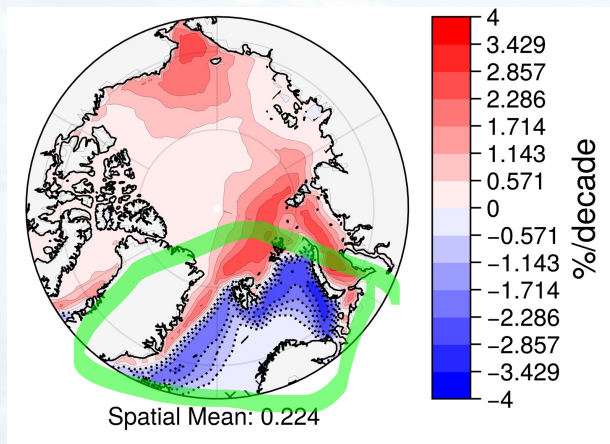
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Regional Differences

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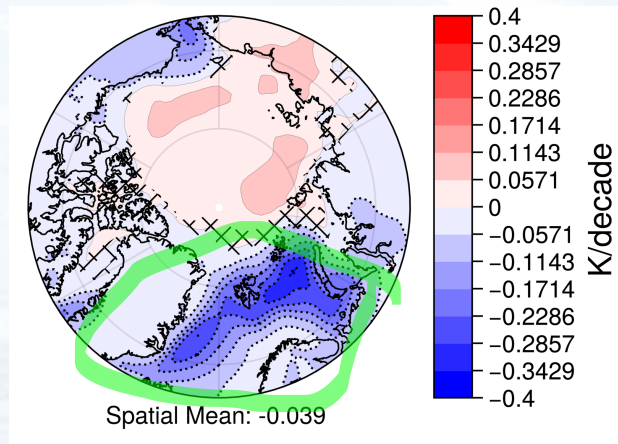
Winter

Sea Ice Concentration



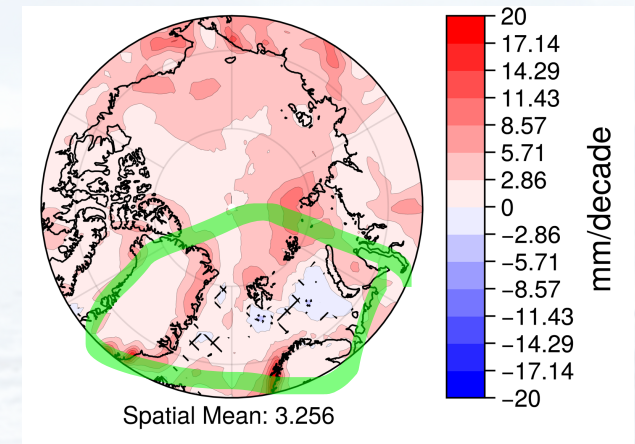
+0.22%/dec

Temperature



-0.04K/dec

Precipitation



+3.26mm/dec

Main Conclusion:

→ Attributing IAV changes to climate change is most beneficial if studied on
1) **local** and 2) **seasonal** scales, as well as 3) in context with **natural variability**.