





Theia/OZCAR Thesaurus: a terminology service to facilitate the discovery, interoperability and reuse of data from continental surfaces and critical zone science in interdisciplinary research

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Session GI2.3: Data and Information Services for Interdisciplinary Research and Applications in Earth Science







Data sharing in the context of critical zone and interdisciplinary science

Data sharing context

• Data sources: 21 long term French critical zone observatories with a long history, with 21 pre-existing Information systems



- ⇒ Large heterogeneity in data (diversity of variables names), data management and practices
- Context of interdisciplinary research with the building of a French Earth Science data Research Infrastructure in atmospheric, oceanic, solid earth, continental surfaces and biodiversity science
- Contribution to a European Research Infrastructure eLTER RI



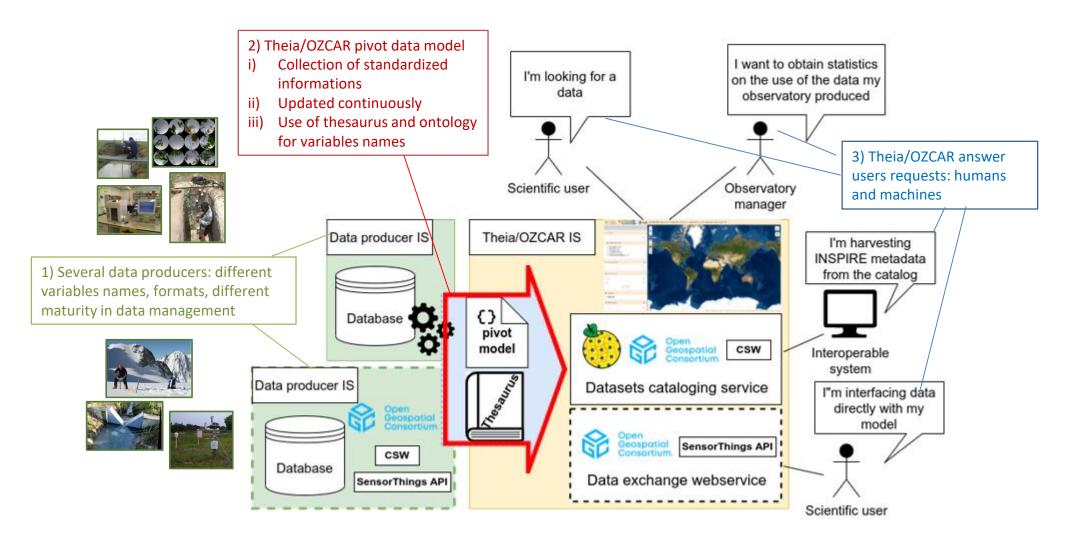
Objectives:

- Expose data from heterogeneous sources on a <u>single data portal</u>
- The search on variables names is a common need of the critical zone science community and more generally of the Earth Science community
- ⇒ Creation of a controlled vocabulary of environmental variables: the Theia/OZCAR thesaurus
- ⇒ To facilitate the data discovery by providing research criteria using harmonized variables names





Data fluxes and services between data producers and users

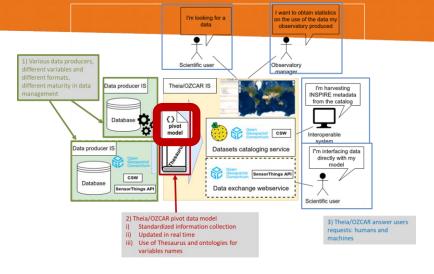




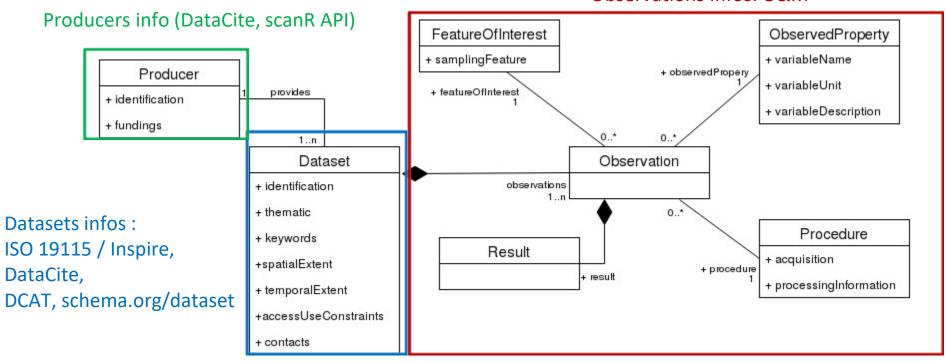


Pivot data model

- Pivot data model to harmonize data description, get the required information for the facetted search and set up data exchange web services
- Based on the mapping of different standards



Observations infos: O&M



https://github.com/theia-ozcar-is/data-model-documentation





Why did we choose to use I-ADOPT ontology in Theia/OZCAR thesaurus?

Needs expressed by the critical zone science community

- Simplified variable names for data discovery (e.g. "precipitation amount")
- Description of observed variables names with rich semantics for unambiguous interpretation of data by a wider user community than the one that produced it and also by machines
- Examples of expected details:
 - "Precipitation amount": integration over which time step? is it solid or liquid precipitation (snow)?
 - "Water level": to which object does this variable refer? surface water or groundwater?

Ontologies used to formalize the thesaurus

- SKOS ontology = light ontology. Hierarchical or similarity relations between semantically non-typed terms (skos:Concept). Not precise enough when alignment with other concepts is required
- Comparison of various ontologies for variables names: Scientific Variable Ontology (SVO), Complex Property Model (CPM), Extensible Observation Ontology (OBOE), Interoperable Descriptions of Observable Property Terminology (I-ADOPT)
- **Choice of I-ADOPT** (RDA recommendation I-ADOPT)





A FAIR thesaurus FAIR: https://w3id.org/ozcar-theia

DOI: 10.17178/67b5a1d5-8c8c-4a94-a646-1cca1d0adf79

Variables

OZCAR Theia in-situ thesaurus

Objects of interest

OZCAR Theia in-situ thesaurus



Theia/OZCAR thesaurus Alphabetical Hierarchy Groups Vocabulary information Constraint -Instrument -Method TITLE Theia/OZCAR thesaurus Observable property Phenomenon DESCRIPTION Physical entity Thesaurus for in situ data from Environmental and Critical Zone Sciences. -Process Used by Theia/OZCAR information system: https://in-situ.theia-land.fr/ -Variable CREATOR Charly Coussot https://orcid.org/0000-0002-0544-4802 Véronique Chaffard https://orcid.org/0000-0003-2823-7117

LICENSE

LANGUAGE

SOURCE

CREATED

TYPE

LAST MODIFIED

DC:REQUIRES

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GCMD Science Keywords: https://earthdata.nasa.gov/about

/gcmd/global-change-master-directory-gcmd-keywords

http://www.w3.org/2004/02/skos/core#ConceptScheme

http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/

http://lexvo.org/id/iso639-3/eng

Monday, January 1, 2018 00:00:00

Friday, July 1, 2022 13:45:37

https://w3id.org/iadopt/ont

http://purl.org/voc/cpm

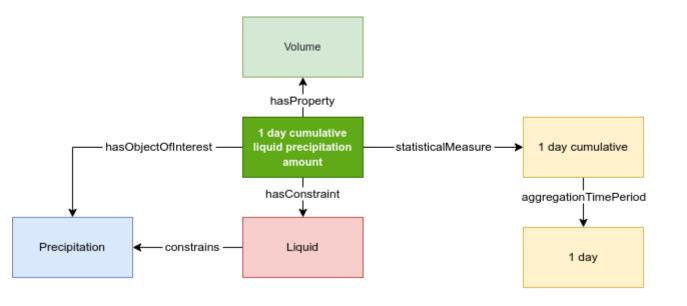
Alphabetical Hierarchy Groups Variable Atmosphere variable Biosphere variable Cryosphere variable Land surface variable Terrestrial hydrosphere variable Groundwater hydrology Karst hydrology Surface water hydrology Surface water chemistry -Surface water microbiology Surface water physic variable Pond turbidity River discharge -Surface water conductivity -Surface water pH Surface water suspended sediment concentration Surface water temperature Water level

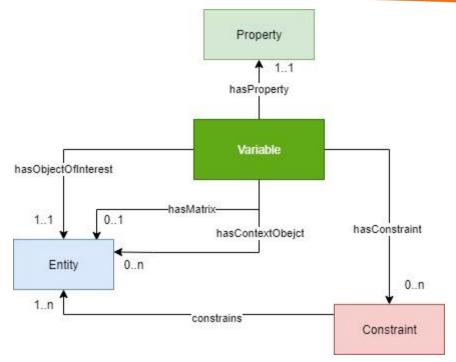




Implementation of I-ADOPT

- Decomposition of variables names into atomic concepts :
 - Property
 - Entity: roles [ObjectOfInterest, ContextObject, Matrix]
 - Constraint (depth, temperature, wavelength, ...)





- Implementation facilitated by the <u>I-ADOPT</u>
 <u>patterns</u> provided on quantitative/qualitative
 variables
- Need to complement with the CPM (Complex Property Model) ontology for the notion of temporal and spatial aggregation





What worked well

- We manage to get grips on the framework with available online resources
- Generic enough to model all of our variables (atmosphere, biosphere, cryosphere, continental surface, hydrosphere, chemistry, geophysics ...)
- Enriched our vocabulary with new concepts that could be used to create newer dimensions for data discovery: process, phenomenon, chemical entity, environmental entity (lake, river, ...) ...
- Combination with SKOS hierarchical relations to provide categorisation and to enhance data discovery
- Combination with CPM ontology to describe statistical aggregation
- Satisfy our semantic interoperability needs

... > Land surface variable > Soil variable > Soil geophysical variable > Acoustic investigation variable > Soil reflected acoustic wave median amplitude in all directions inside borehole

PREFERRED TERM	Soil reflected acoustic wave median amplitude in all directions inside borehole 🗳	
ТУРЕ	Variable	
BROADER CONCEPT	Acoustic investigation variable	
STATISTICAL MEASURE	360° median	
HASCONSTRAINT	Reflected wave	
HASCONTEXTOBJECT	Borehole	
HASMATRIX	Soil	
HASOBJECTOFINTEREST	Acoustic wave	
HASPROPERTY	Amplitude	
SIMPLIFIED LABEL	Soil reflected acoustic wave amplitude	
URI	https://w3id.org/ozcar-theia/c_1731d463 🔏	
DOWNLOAD THIS CONCEPT:	RDF/XML TURTLE JSON-LD	Created 12/20/22, last modified 12/20/22



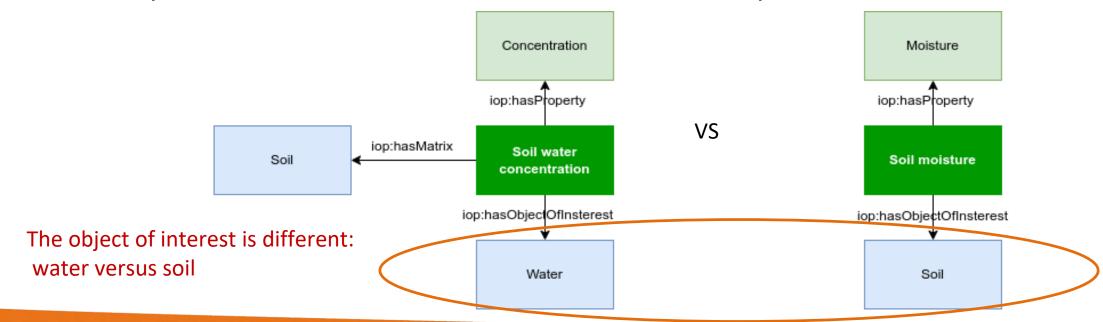


Limitations of I-ADOPT

 Variables labels often too complicated to be used directly for data discovery. We implemented our own "Simplified Label" for use on the web portal



• For some variables, different implementations are possible. How to choose one or another? How can we infer similarity relations between identical variables modelled differently?

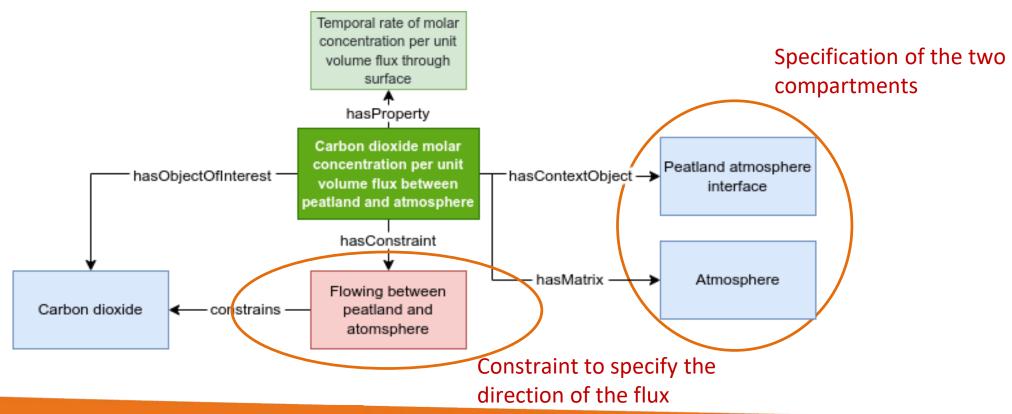






Limitations of I-ADOPT

- Difficulty for modelling some variables such as a flux between two compartments (ex: carbone dioxide flux between the land surface and the atmosphere)
 - ⇒ Choice to add a Constraint to specify the direction of the flux
 - ⇒ Choice to document the two compartments using the Context concept

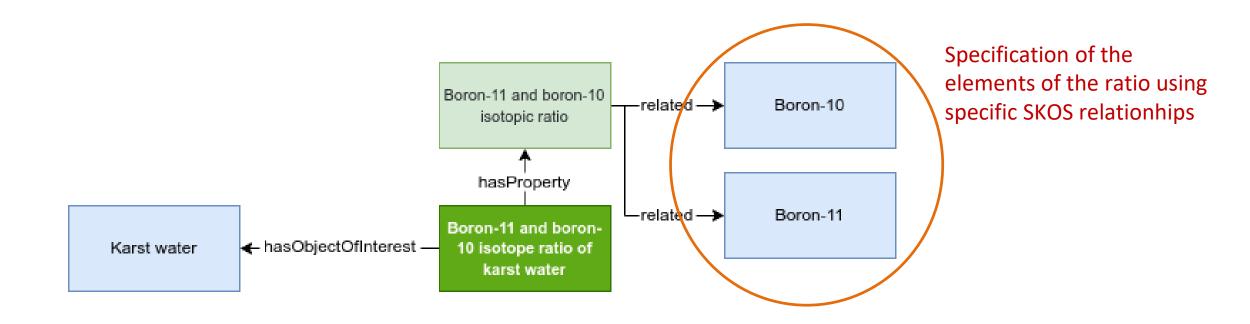






Limitations of I-ADOPT

- Difficulty for modelling some variables such as a ratio between two Properties (ex: 11B/10B isotopic ratio)
 - ⇒ Choice to use SKOS skos:related relationship to specify the two elements of the ratio





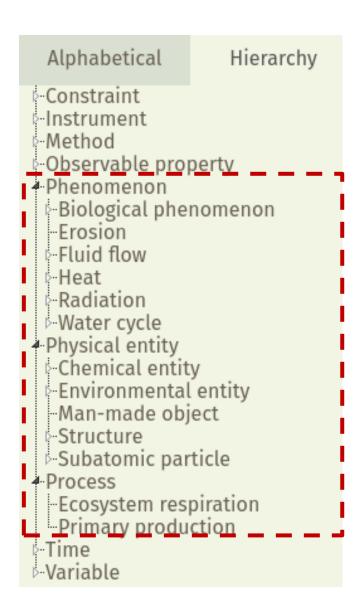


Benefits

Description of variables with rich and formal semantics (ad-hoc ontology)

- ✓ Enriched our thesaurus with new concepts

 ObjectOfInterest : process, phenomenon, chemical entity,
 environmental entity (lake, river, ...), ...
- -> which would allow us to offer new search dimensions on our portal (in addition to the observed variable)

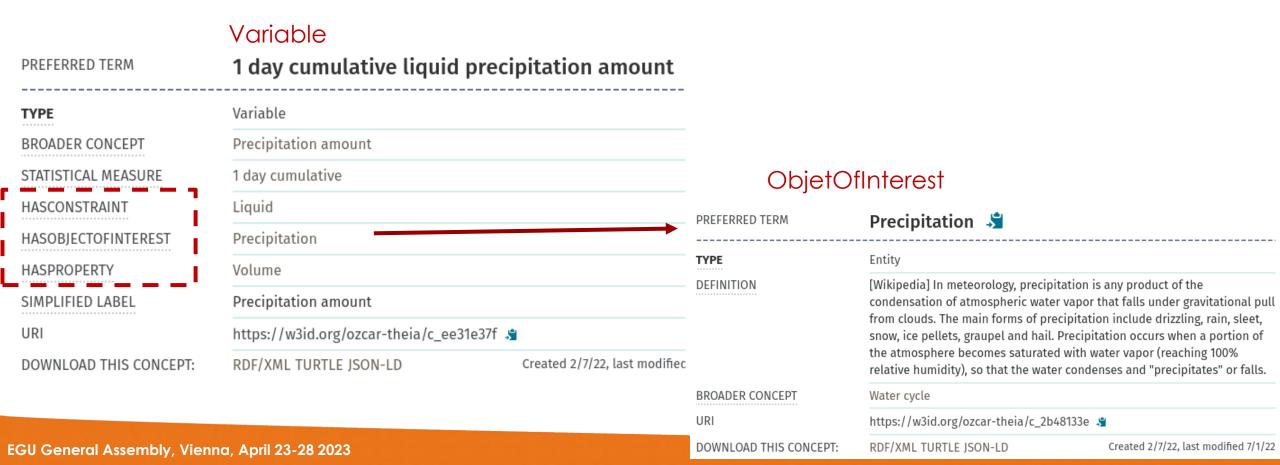






Benefits

✓ Promotes unambiguous interpretation of data and therefore better reuse

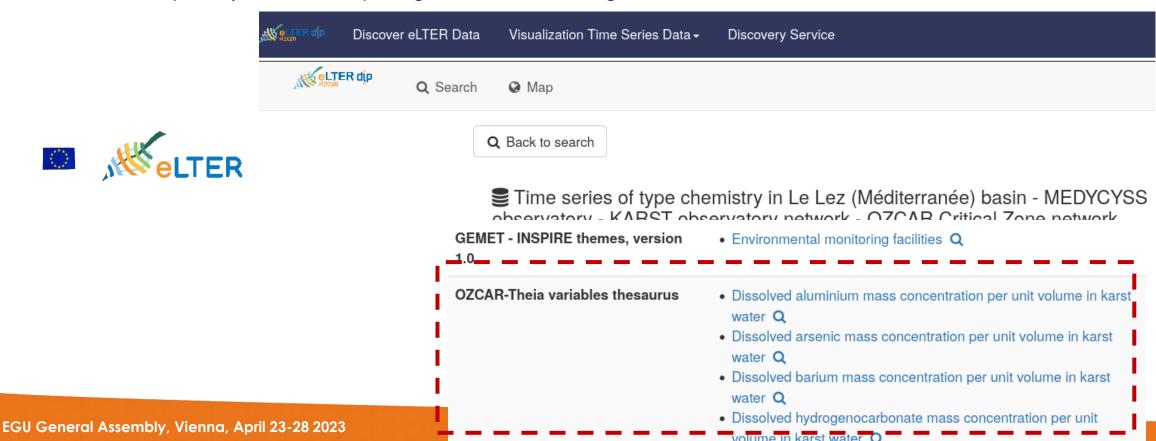






Benefits

- ✓ Allows an unambigous interpretation of data, thus a better reuse
- ✓ Promotes alignments between international thesauri in the field
- ✓ Promotes better semantic interoperability of data at the national/international level
- -> interdisciplinary studies requiring cross-referencing of multi-source and multi-theme data







To learn more about the project:

Braud, I., Chaffard, V., Coussot, C., Galle, S., et al., 2020. Building the Information System of the French Critical Zone Observatories network: Theia/OZCAR-IS, Hydrological Sciences Journal, special issue "Data: opportunities and barriers", https://doi.org/10.1080/02626667.2020.1764568.

Coussot et al., Putting in practice the I-ADOPT framework for the naming of environmental variables from continental surfaces, in preparation

To access the portal, the thesaurus and the project Github

Data portal: https://in-situ.theia-land.fr/

Thesaurus: https://w3id.org/ozcar-theia/

Cataloguing CSW webservice: https://in-situ.theia-land.fr/geonetwork/srv/eng/csw?service=CSW&version=2.0.2&request=GetCapabilities GitHub:https://aithub.com/theia-ozcar-is

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Thank you for your attention: Questions?

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