

# Demographics of presenters and conveners at the EGU General Assemblies 2015-2022 – are there differences between physical, virtual and hybrid meetings?

JOHANNA STADMARK<sup>1</sup>, DANIEL J. CONLEY<sup>1</sup>, CLAUDIA JESUS-RYDIN<sup>2</sup>

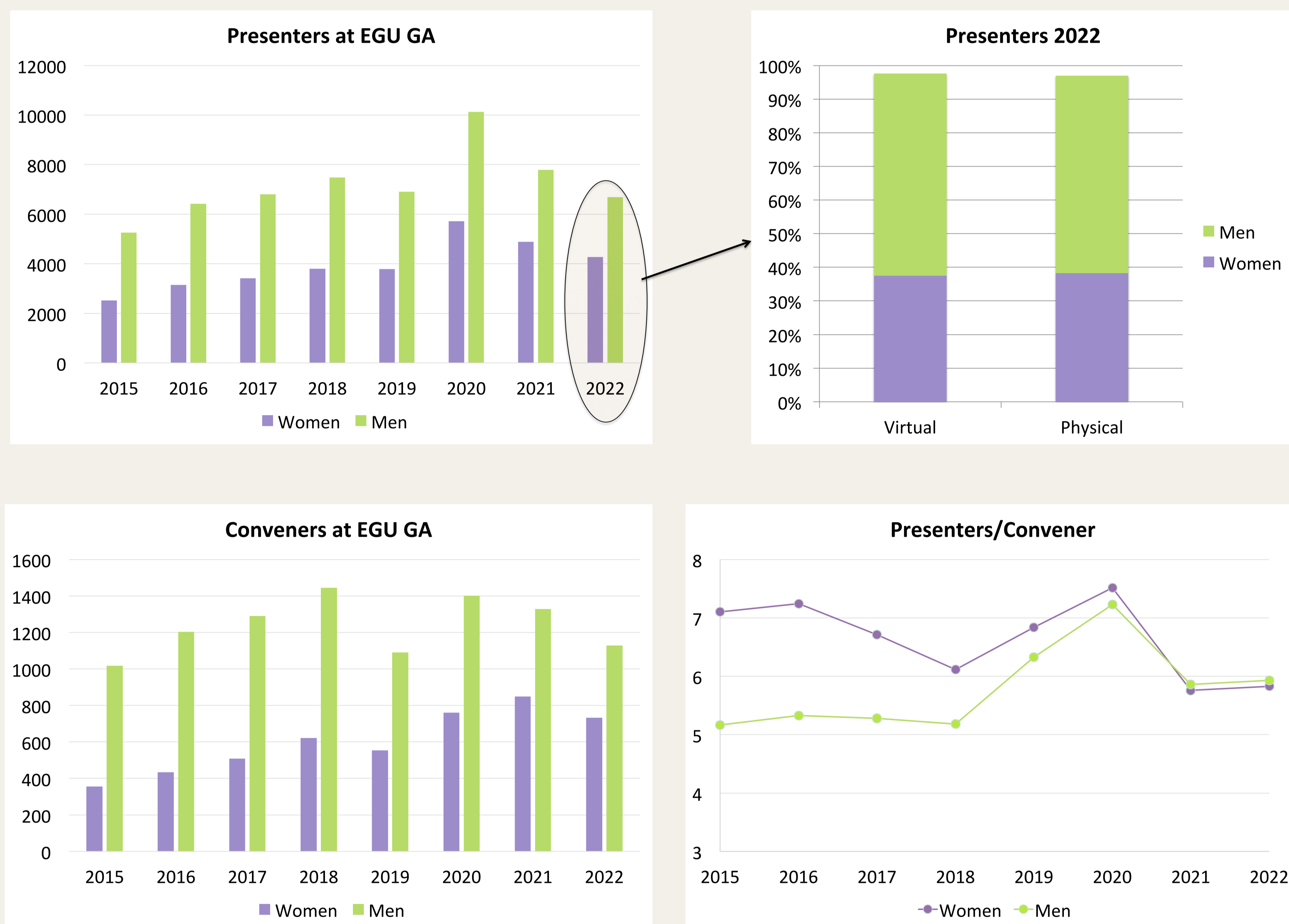
<sup>1</sup>Lund University, Department of Geology, Lund, Sweden, and EGU EDI committee <sup>2</sup>European Research Council (ERC), Scientific Department, Brussels, Belgium

## Conclusions

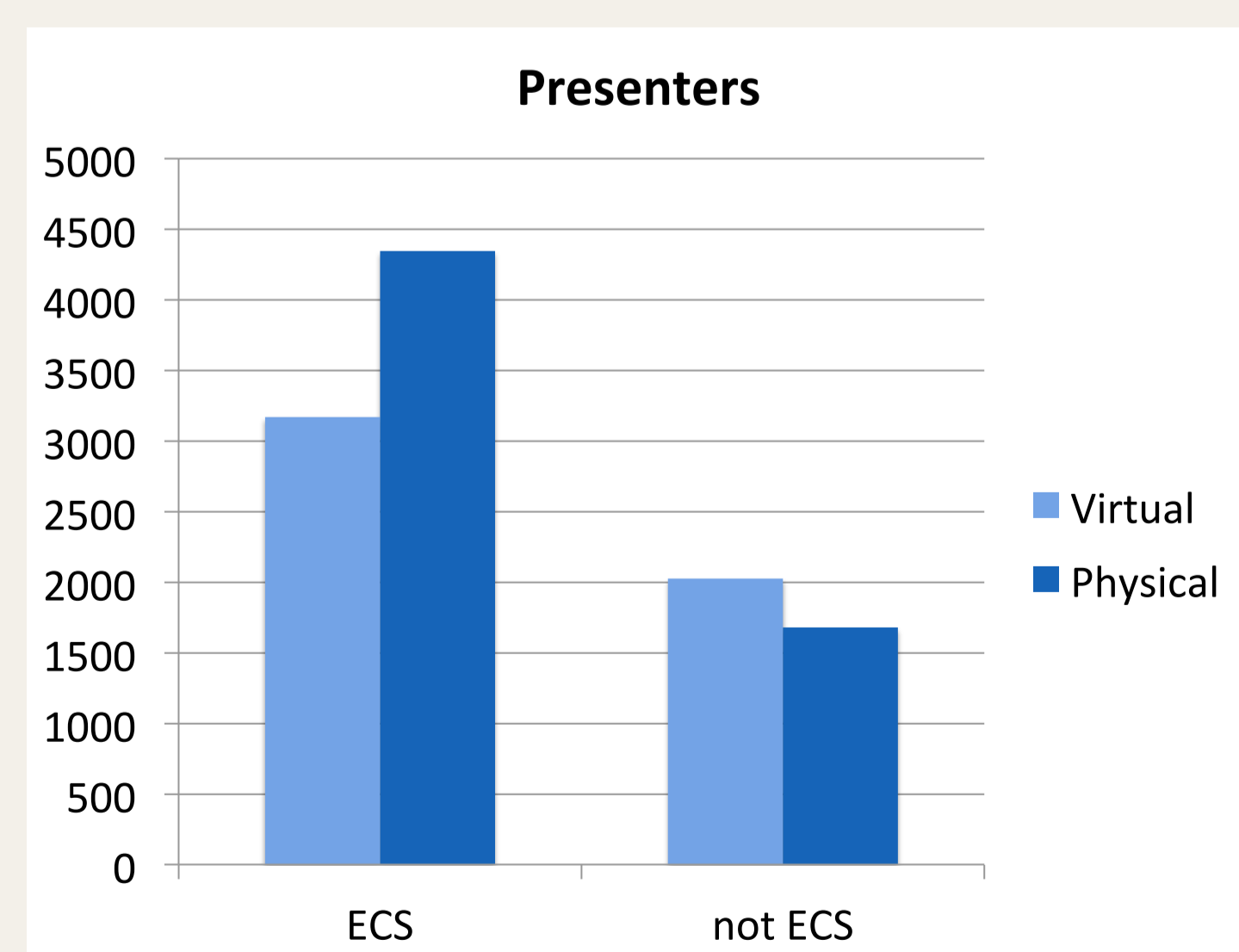
- The proportion of women presenters has increased over time (from 2015-2022) and almost 40% of the presentations, both online and physically, were given by women in 2022.
- The presenter/convener ratios for women and men have been on the same level the last years. If you meet an ECS (Early Career Scientist) at an EGU GA, they are half as likely as a non-ECS you meet to be convening a session.
- Scientists affiliated to institutions in European countries to a large extent attended EGU GA 2022 physically.

## Sex

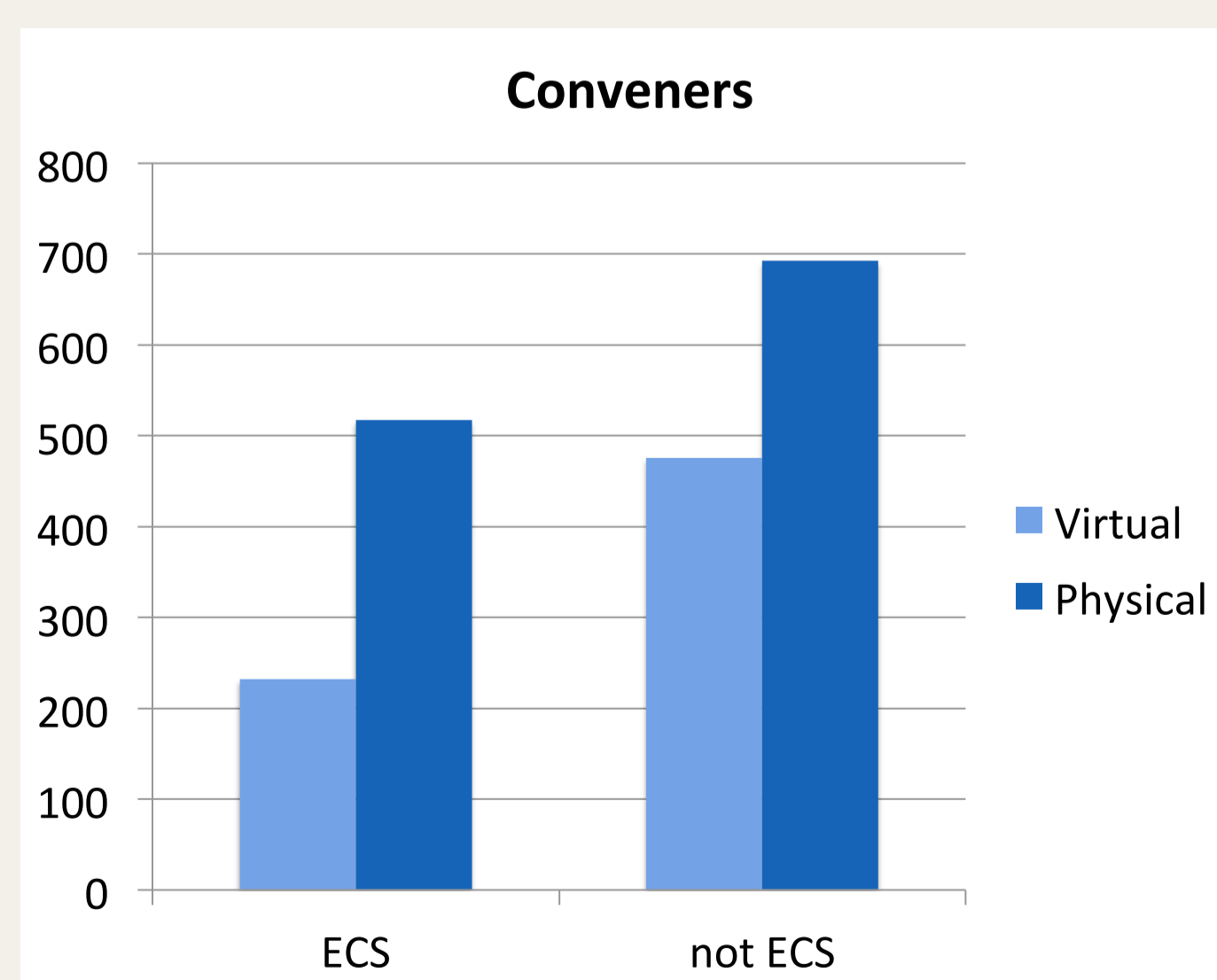
The proportions of women presenters and conveners have increased over time. In recent years one in six presenters (women and men) have convened a session. The proportion of women presenters at EGU GA 2022 did not differ between physical and virtual participation.



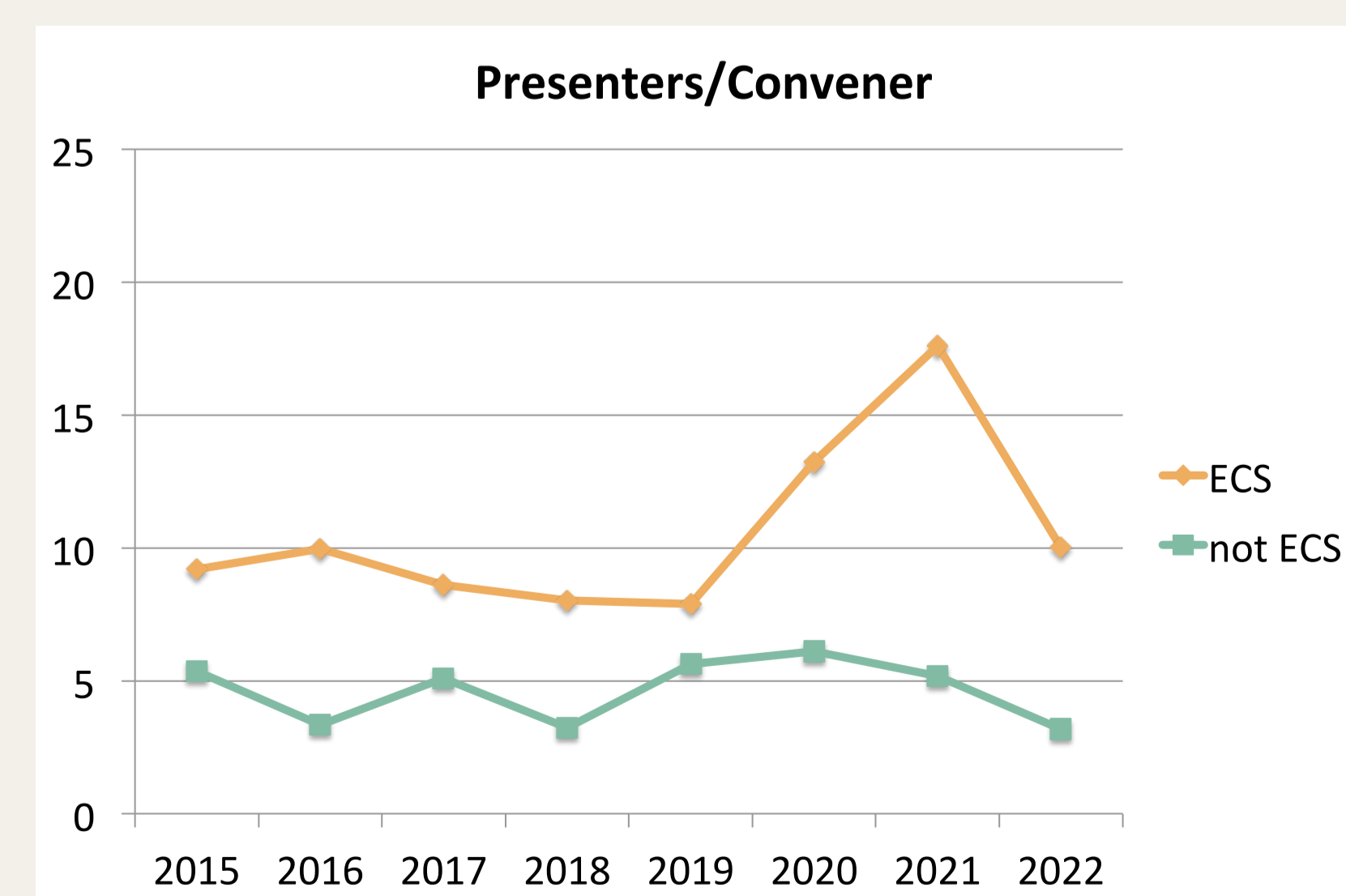
## ECS and non-ECS



A majority of the presentations at EGU GA 2022 were given by ECSs. A higher proportion of the ECSs attended physically than virtually. Among non-ECSs a higher proportion attended online.



A majority of the conveners 2022 attended the meeting physically. The proportion of non-ECS conveners were higher online than at the venue in Vienna.



Approximately one in five non-ECSs and one in ten ECSs presenters have been convening a session. Less ECSs were conveners in the online-only meetings in 2020 and 2021.

## Data

The data in this presentation are self-identification data collected by Copernicus, mainly at the times of the EGU General Assemblies.

## Country affiliation

At least 50% attended EGU GA 2022 physically		
Country affiliation	Number of attendees	% Physical attendees
Germany	2391	59%
United Kingdom of Great Britain – England, Scotland, Wales	1383	56%
Italy	1124	54%
France	1026	58%
Switzerland	701	66%
Netherlands	572	71%
Austria	509	75%
Norway	315	59%
Belgium	292	65%
Sweden	243	65%
Czechia	217	77%
Denmark	149	60%
Finland	147	55%
Poland	146	68%
Israel	144	58%
Hungary	110	54%
Ireland	78	59%
Romania	64	50%
Croatia	54	67%
Iceland	45	60%
Saudi Arabia	35	69%
Estonia	32	69%
Slovakia	29	52%
Luxembourg	26	85%
South Africa	26	58%
Singapore	23	61%
Slovenia	21	71%
Peru	15	60%
Lithuania	12	50%
Serbia	10	50%

Less than 50% attended EGU GA 2022 physically		
Country affiliation	Number of attendees	% Physical attendees
United States of America	834	38%
China	671	7%
Spain	462	43%
India	362	9%
Canada	213	43%
Japan	159	11%
Greece	153	38%
Korea, Republic of	147	48%
Australia	140	20%
Portugal	128	37%
Russian Federation	127	6%
Türkiye	94	34%
Brazil	80	39%
New Zealand	45	16%
Iran, Islamic Republic of	43	5%
Taiwan	38	5%
Indonesia	36	28%
Morocco	33	18%
Cyprus	31	48%
Chile	29	38%
Ukraine	25	24%
Colombia	22	45%
Mexico	21	24%
Bulgaria	16	38%
Canary Islands	16	38%
Argentina	14	7%
Nepal	14	21%
Egypt	13	15%
Hong Kong	12	8%
Tunisia	12	17%
Thailand	11	18%

Countries with more than 10 participants in EGU GA 2022.

In total the number of physical and virtual participants at EGU GA 2022 were on a similar level (approximately 7000 each). More than half of the participants from most European countries attended in Vienna.