



# Reconstructing the vertical velocities in the global thermocline from observations

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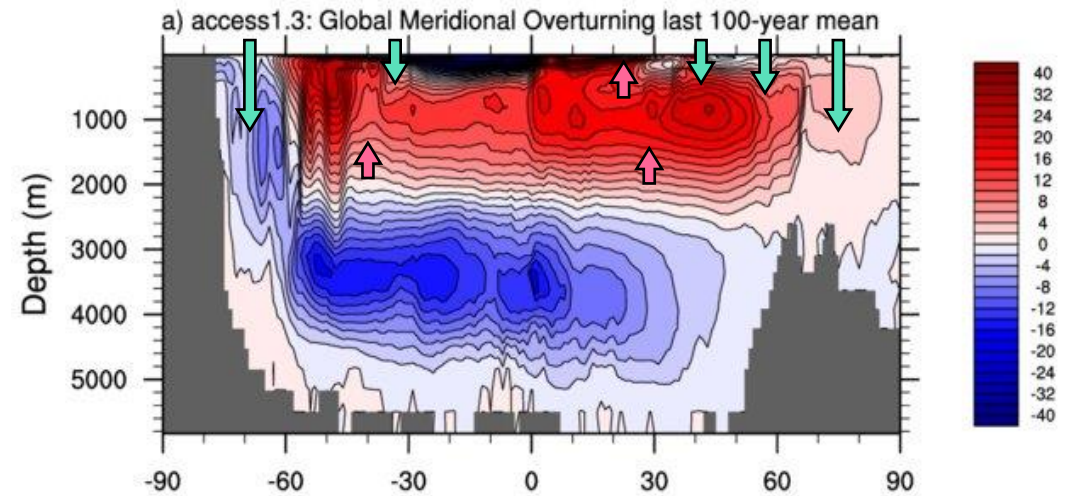
# An overlooked key quantity of the ocean

Vertical velocities ( $w$ ) drive the distribution of essential ocean properties but retrieving them is a challenge to be yet accomplished.

$w$  too small to be directly observable ( $10^{-6}$  m/s)



Link with more easily measured variables.



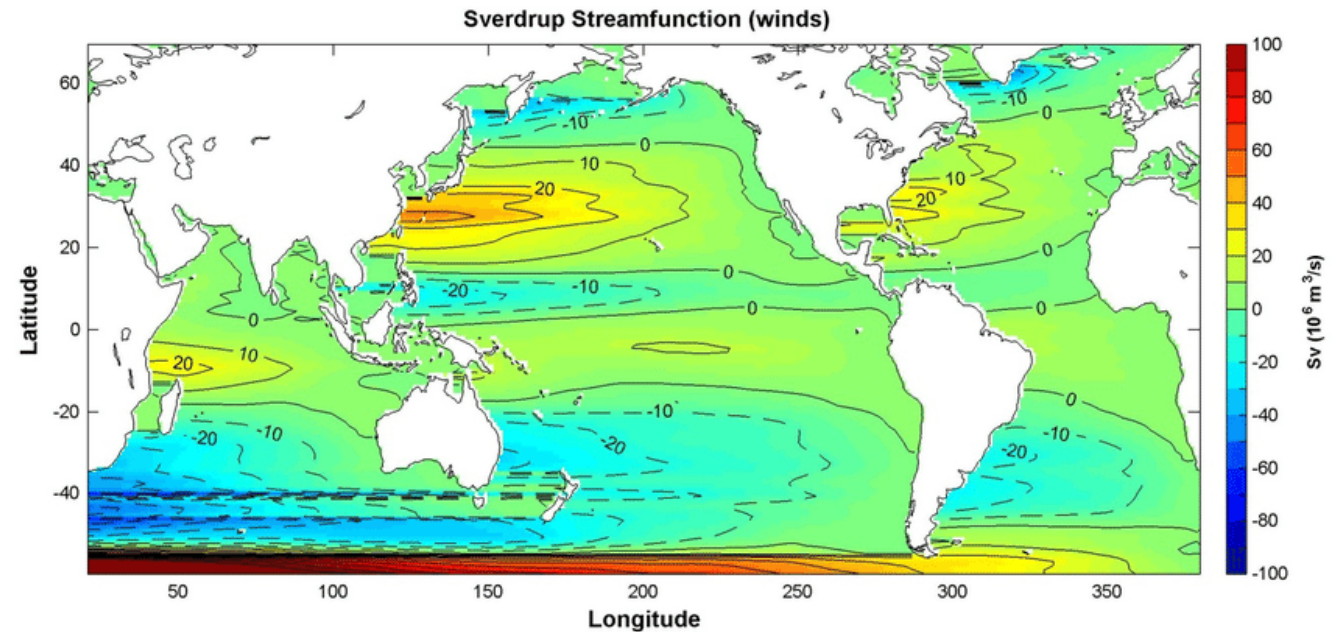
*Law et al. 2015*

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**Sverdrup Balance:**

$$\beta V_g = f w_{EK} = \hat{\mathbf{k}} \cdot \nabla \times \boldsymbol{\tau} / \rho_0$$



*Chu, 2016*

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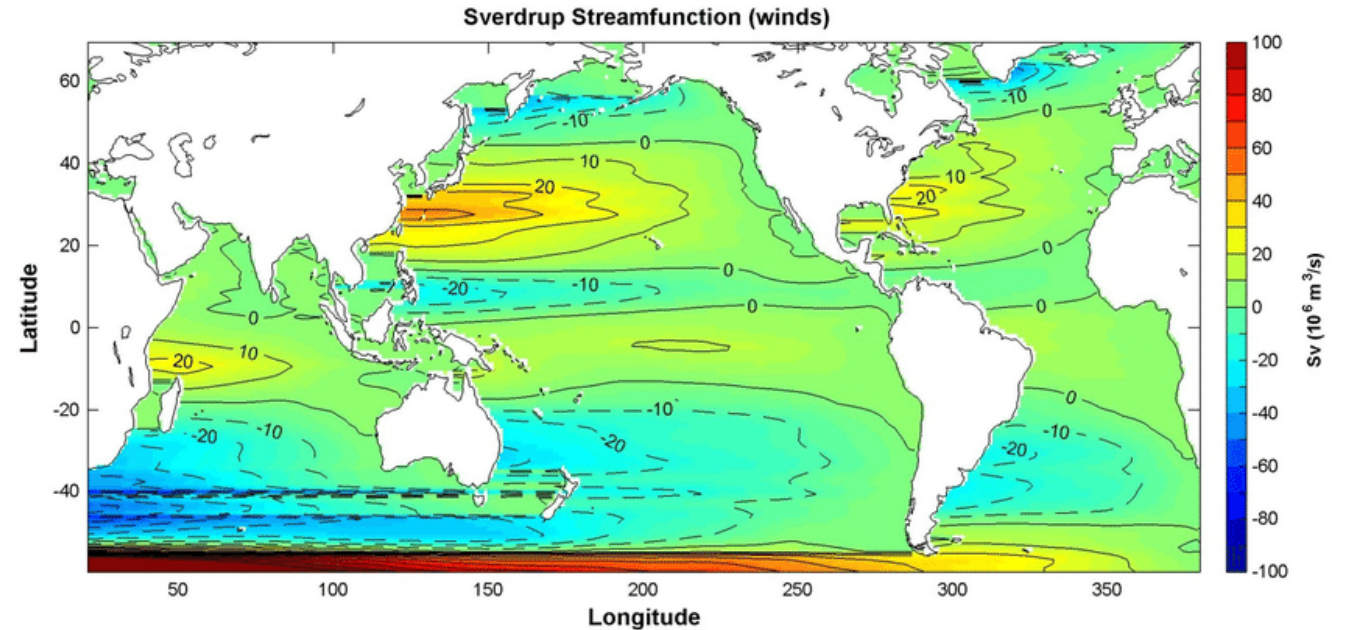
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Baroclinic case

**Linear Vorticity Balance (LVB)**

$$\beta v_g = f \frac{\partial w}{\partial z}$$



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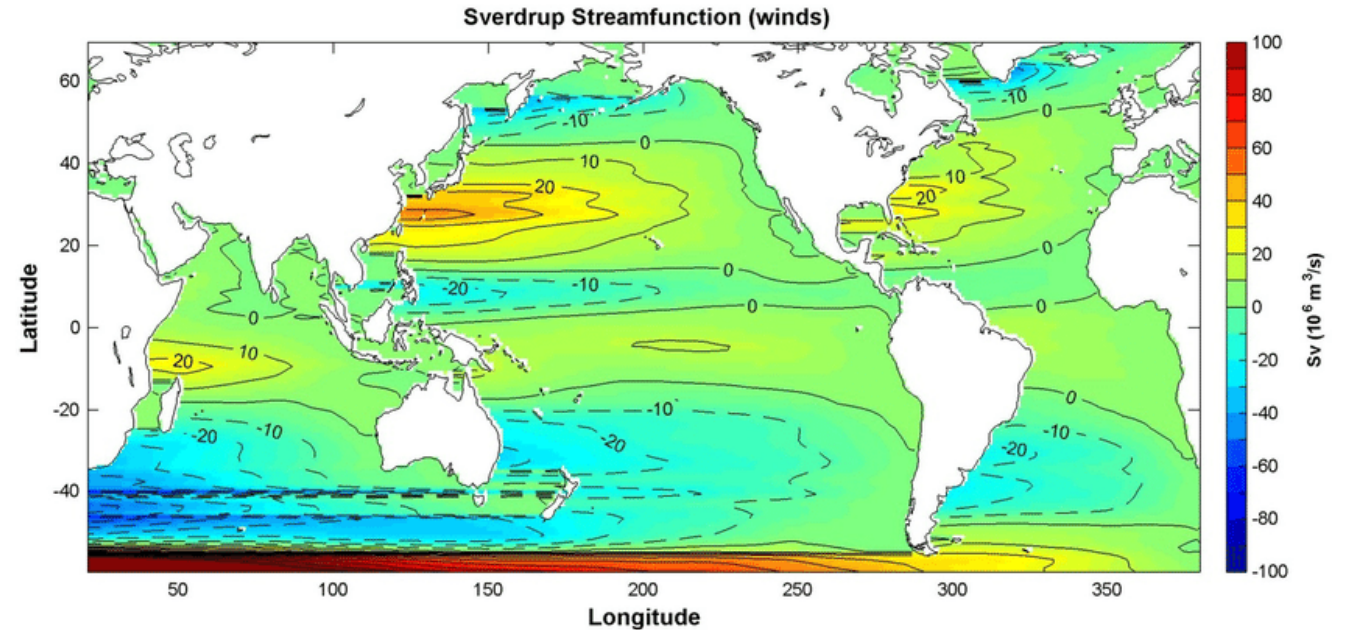
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**Linear Vorticity Balance (LVB)**

$$\beta v_g = f \frac{\partial w}{\partial z}$$

Vertical integral from surface

$$w(z') = w_{Ek} - \int_{z'}^0 \frac{\beta v_g}{f} dz$$



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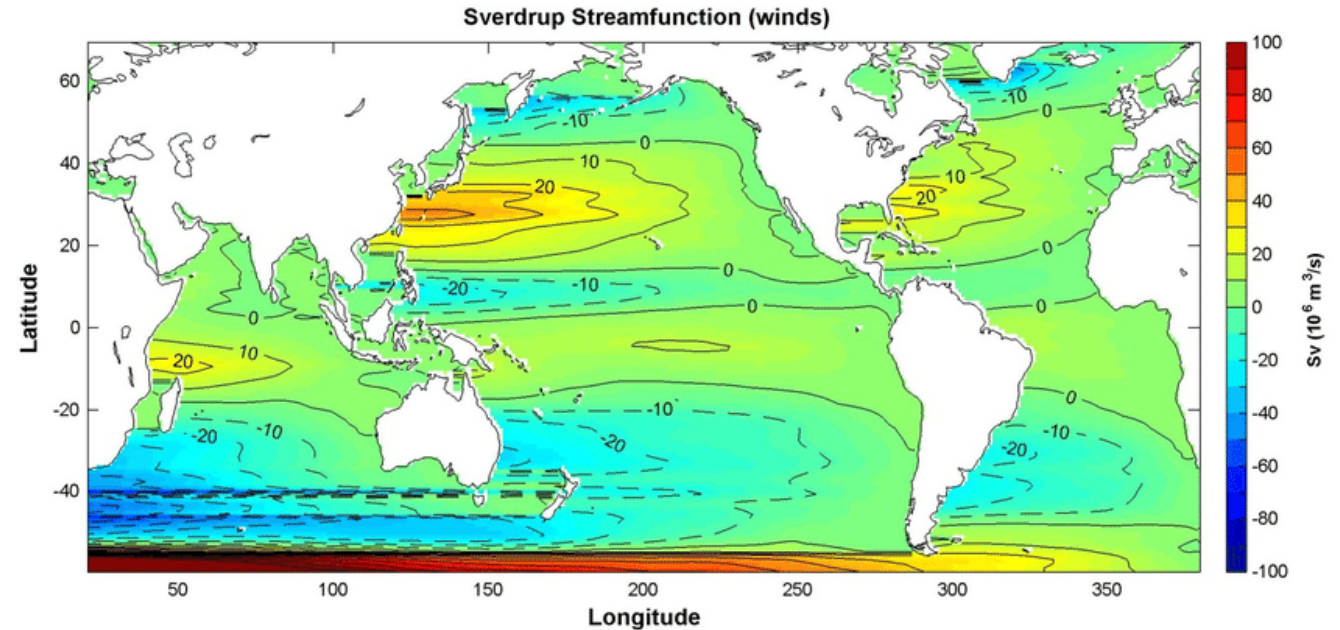
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LVB-W



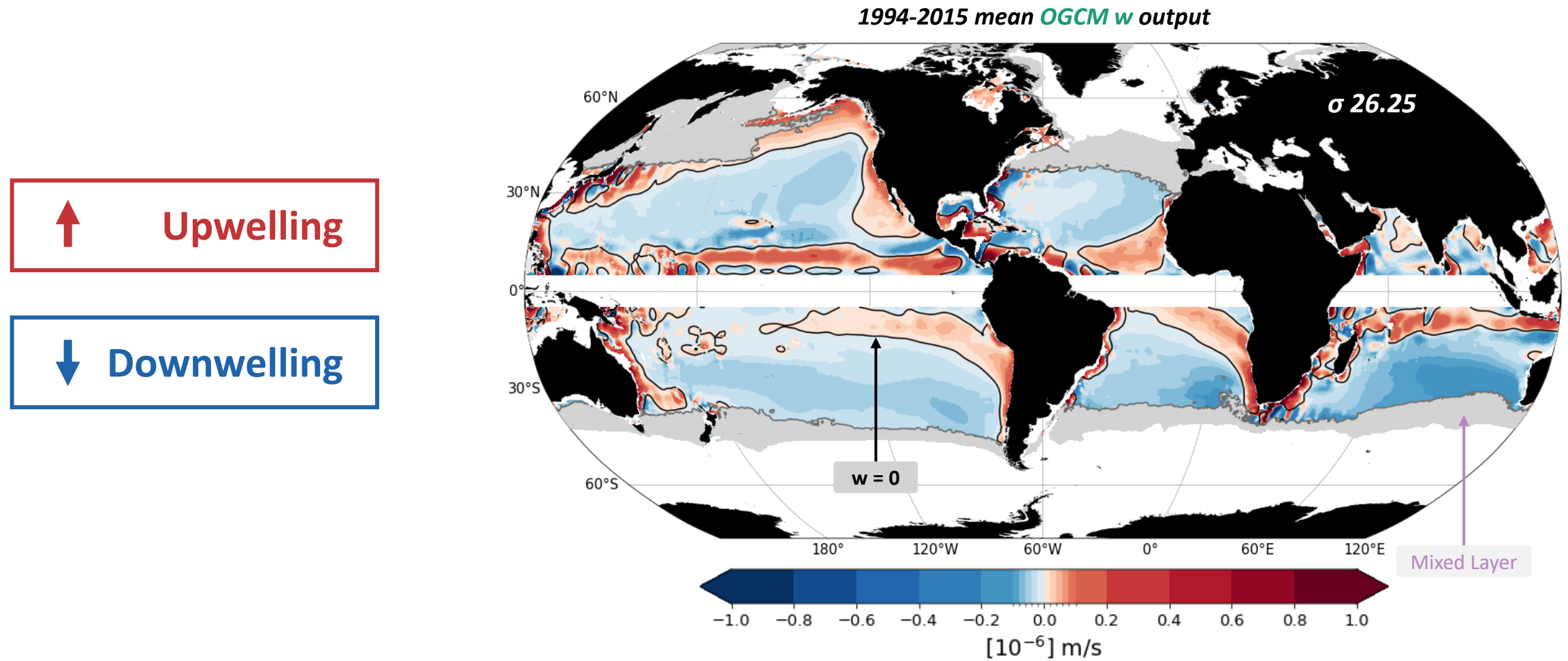
Chu, 2016

- Validation **NEMO OGCM LVB-W**
- Observation-based [Argo-based **ARMOR3D  $v_g$** ] **LVB-W**
- Obs. **LVB-W** comparison with other  $w$

**NEMO OGCM simulation:** Bessières et al., 2017

**ARMOR3D:** Mulet et al., 2012

# Time-mean $w$ output from OGCM



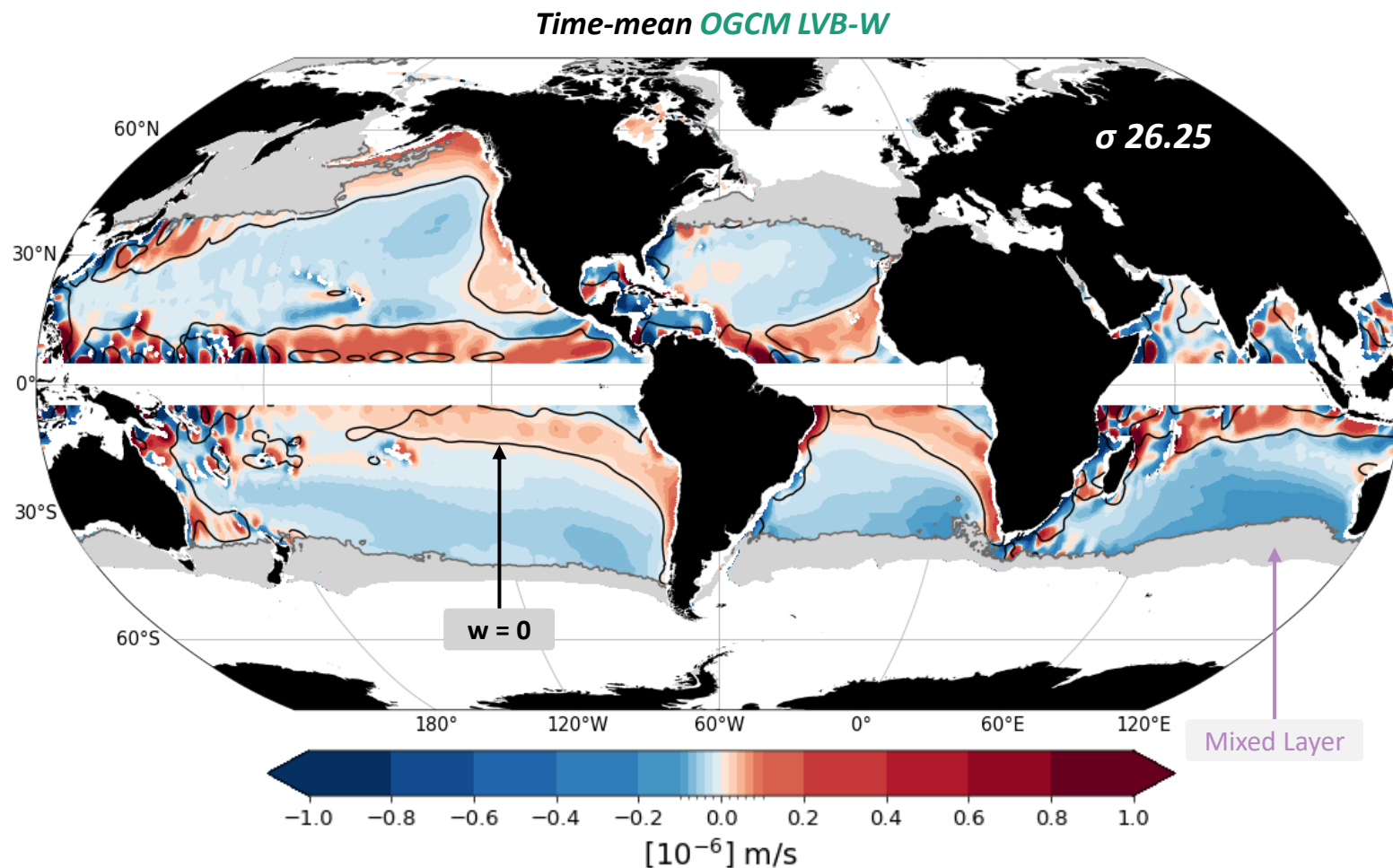
NEMO OCGM simulation: Bessières et al., 2017

# Time-mean $w$ estimate (LVB-W) from OGCM $v_g$

LVB vertical integral from surface:

$$LVB-W(z') = w_{Ek} - \int_{z'}^0 \frac{\beta v_g}{f} dz$$

The **upwelling** and **dowelling** regions are well reconstructed.



*Cortés-Morales and Lazar, submitted*

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# Time-mean $w$ estimate (LVB-W) from **OGCM $v_g$**

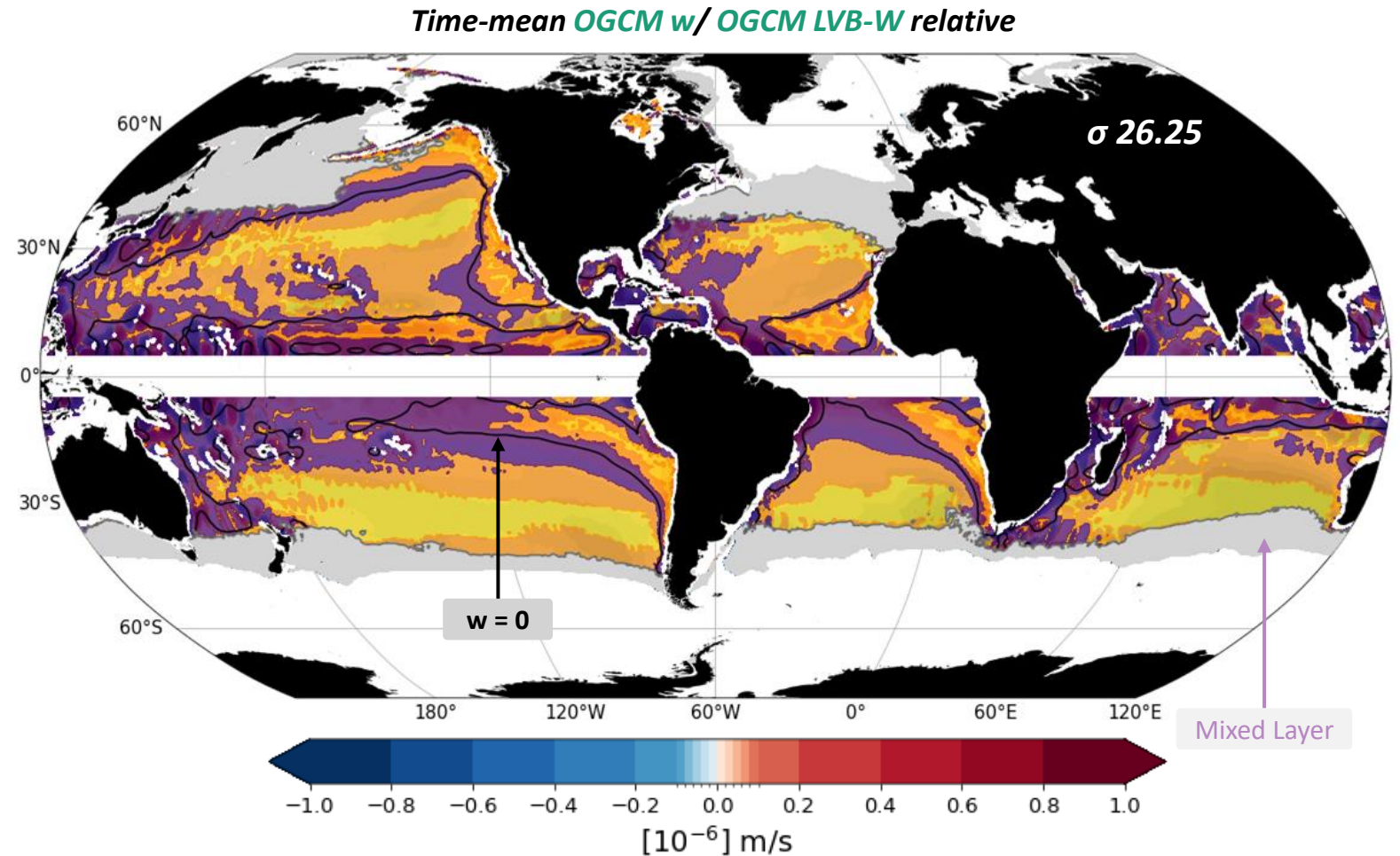
The **upwelling** and **dowelling** regions are well reconstructed.

Good mean relative error (<10%)

Acceptable mean relative error (10-50%)

Poor mean relative error (>50%)

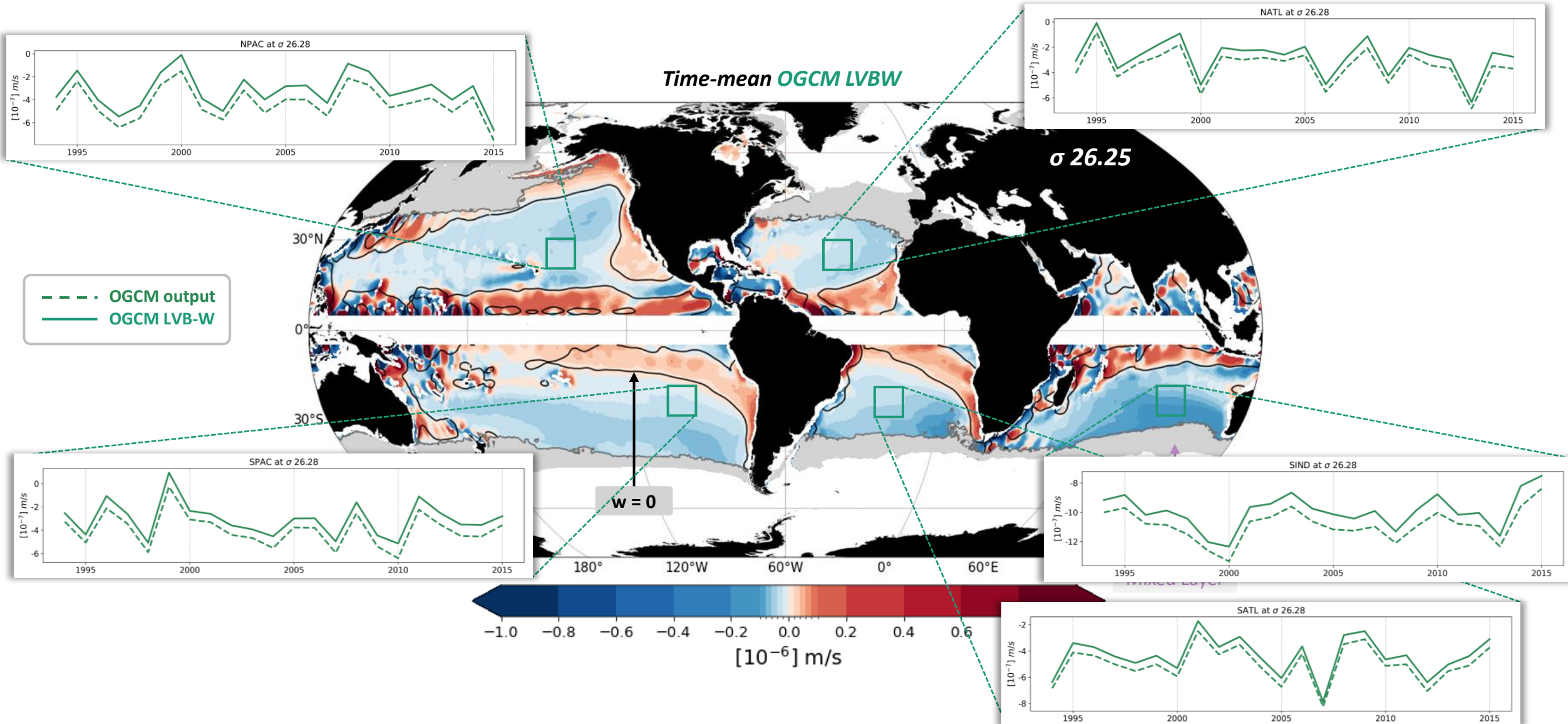
Most of vertical circulation in the Gyres has a relative error below 50%.



*Cortés-Morales and Lazar, submitted*

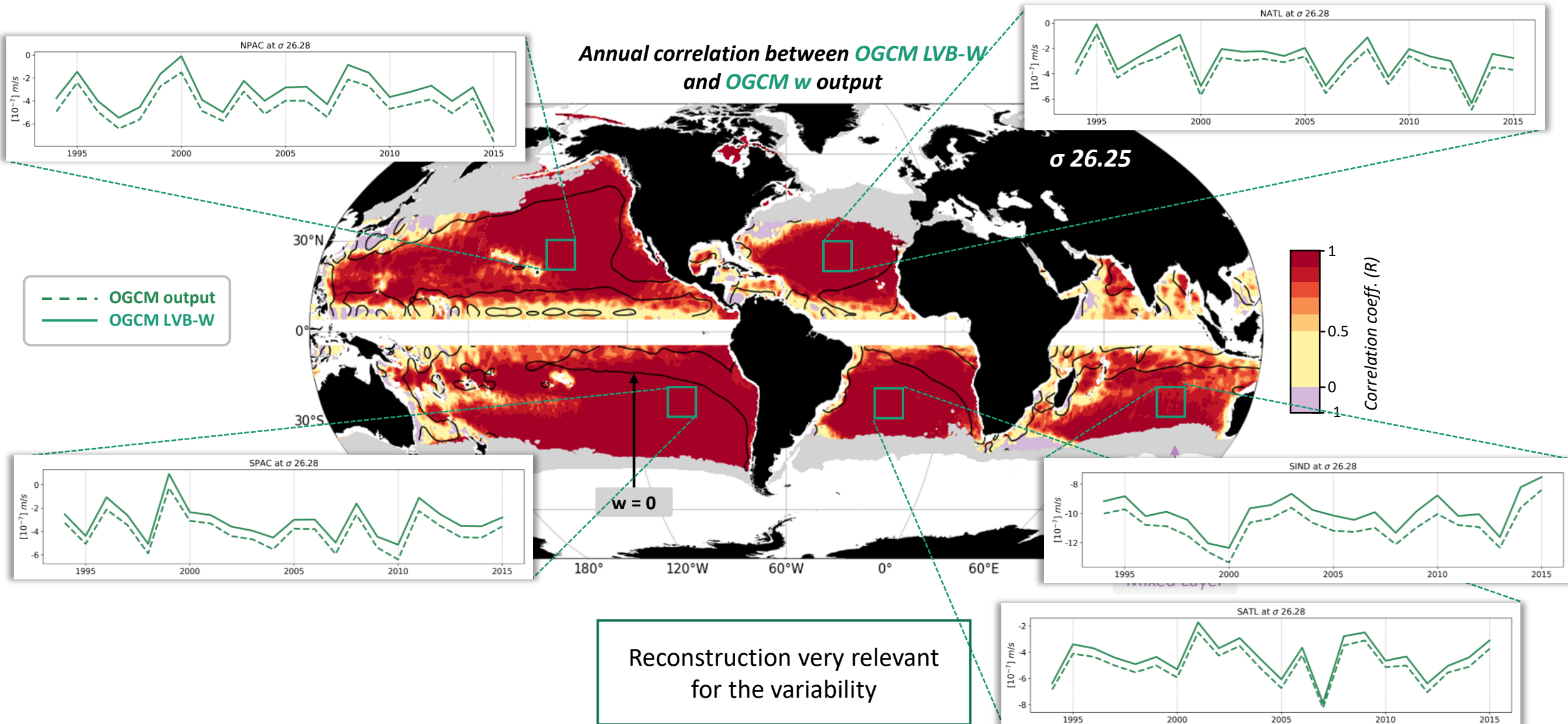
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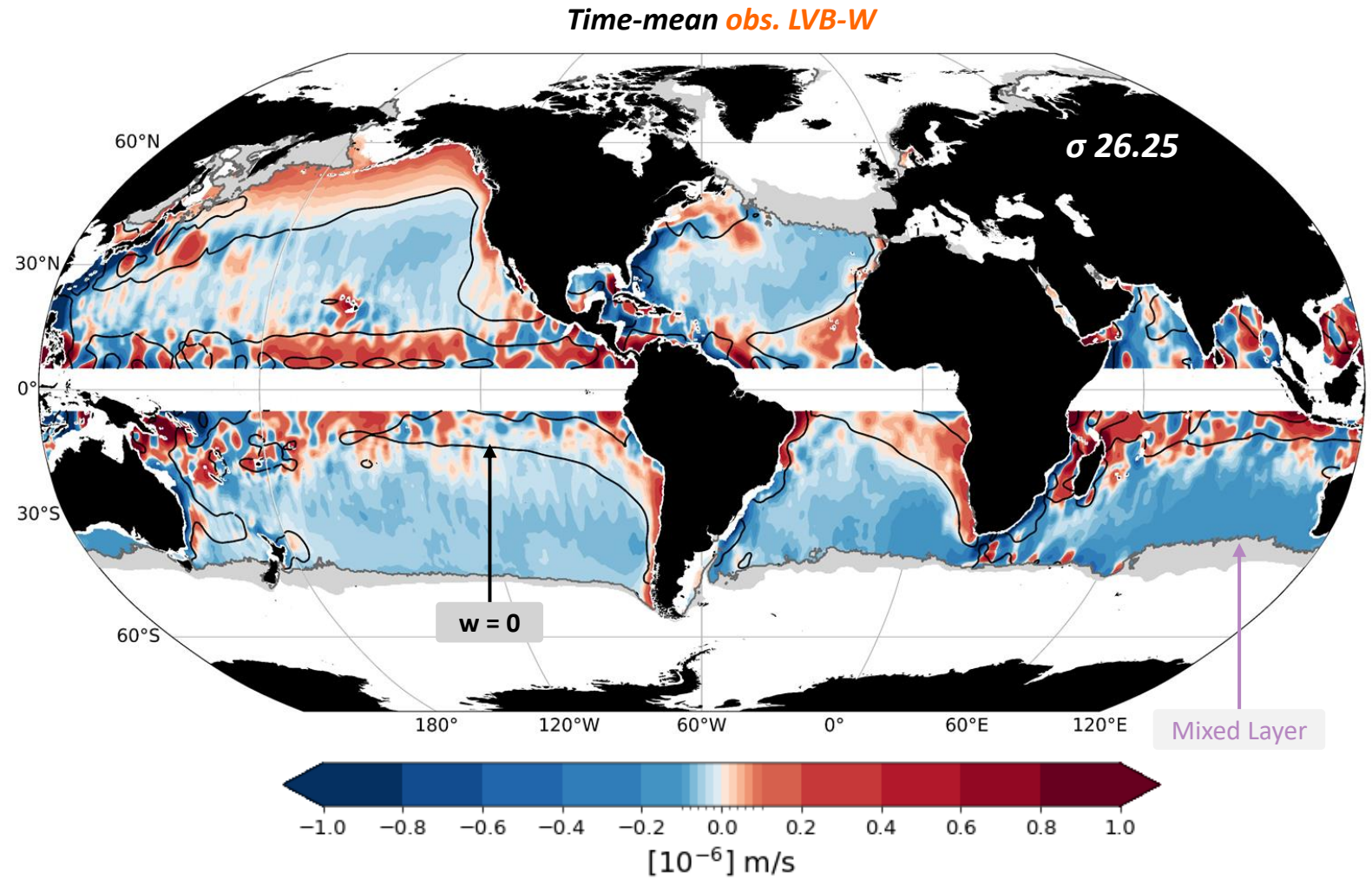
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# Time-mean $w$ estimate (LVB-W) from **observations**

$$\text{obs. LVB-W}(z') = w_{Ek}^{ERA5} - \int_{z'}^0 \frac{\beta v_g}{f} dz$$

ARMOR3D

**obs. LVB-W**  
with similar **large scale**  
structures and amplitude  
as **OGCM** simulation



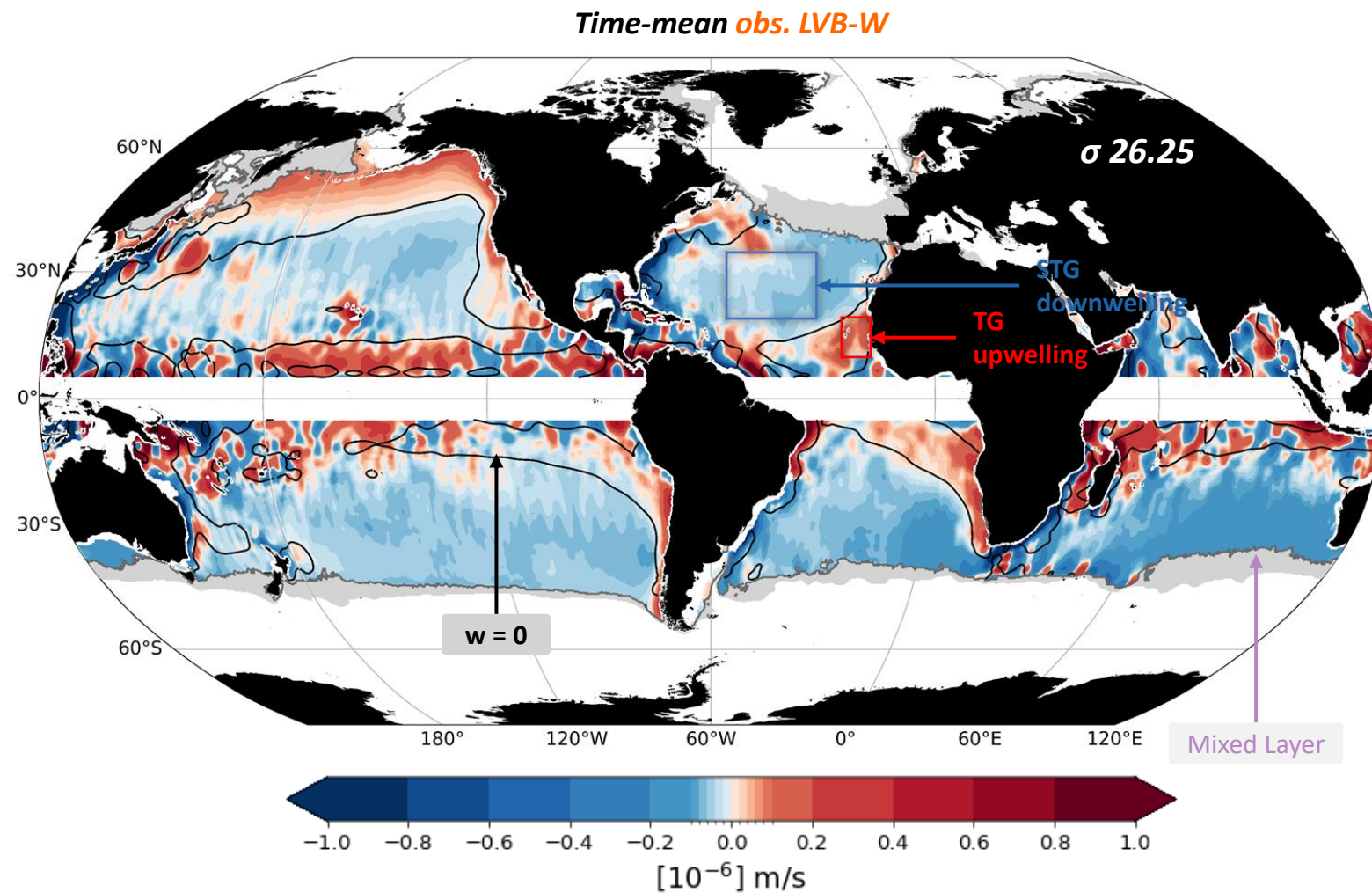
ARMOR3D: Mulet et al., 2012

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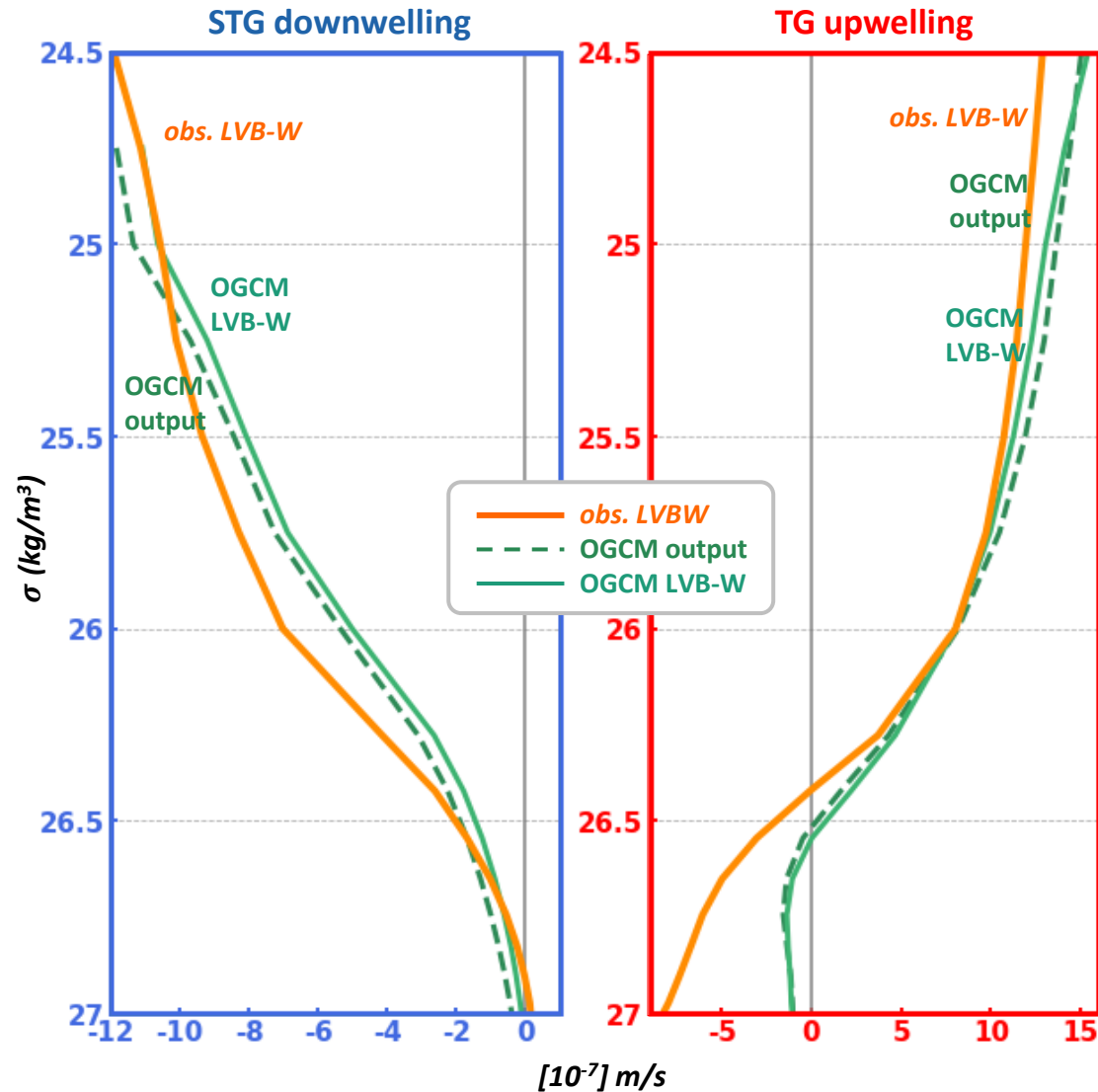
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# Comparison of **obs-based LVB-W** with other datasets

*Analysis of the time-mean vertical structure of the North Atlantic gyres*

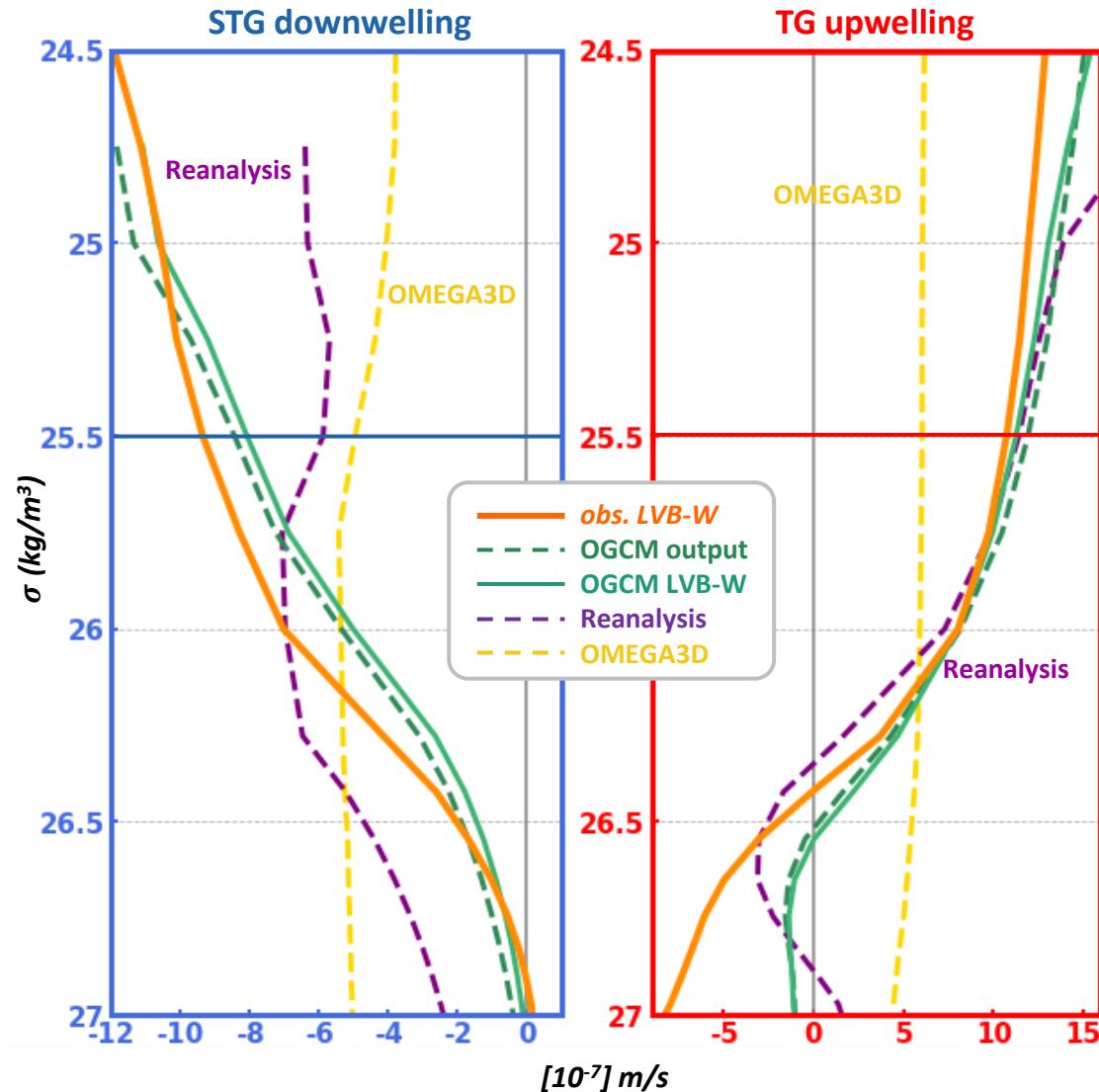


**obs. LVB-W** vertical structure consistent with:

- **OGCM output** and **OGCM LVB-W**

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*Analysis of the time-mean vertical structure of the North Atlantic gyres*



**obs. LVB-W** vertical structure consistent with:

- **OGCM output** and **OGCM LVB-W**
- **Ocean reanalysis (ECCO)**

**OMEGA3D** (Omega Equation derived  $w$ ) represents a barotropic ocean

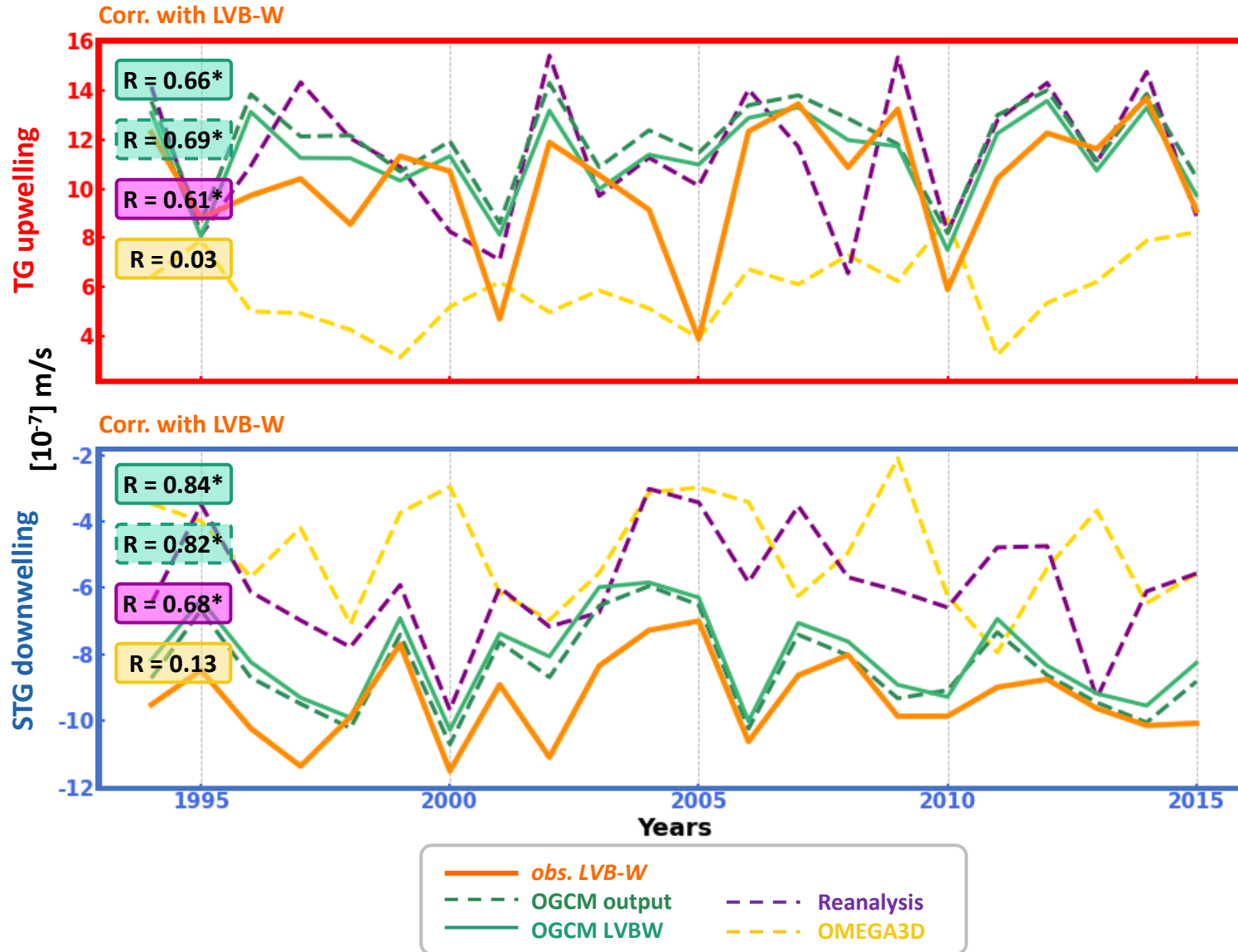
**obs. LVB-W** reproduces the baroclinicity of the **OGCM  $w$**  unlike **OMEGA3D**.

**ECCO**: Forget et al., 2015

**OMEGA3D**: Buongiorno Nardelli et al., 2018; 2020

# Comparison of interannual *obs-based LVB-W* with other datasets

## Analysis of the time variability of the North Atlantic gyres

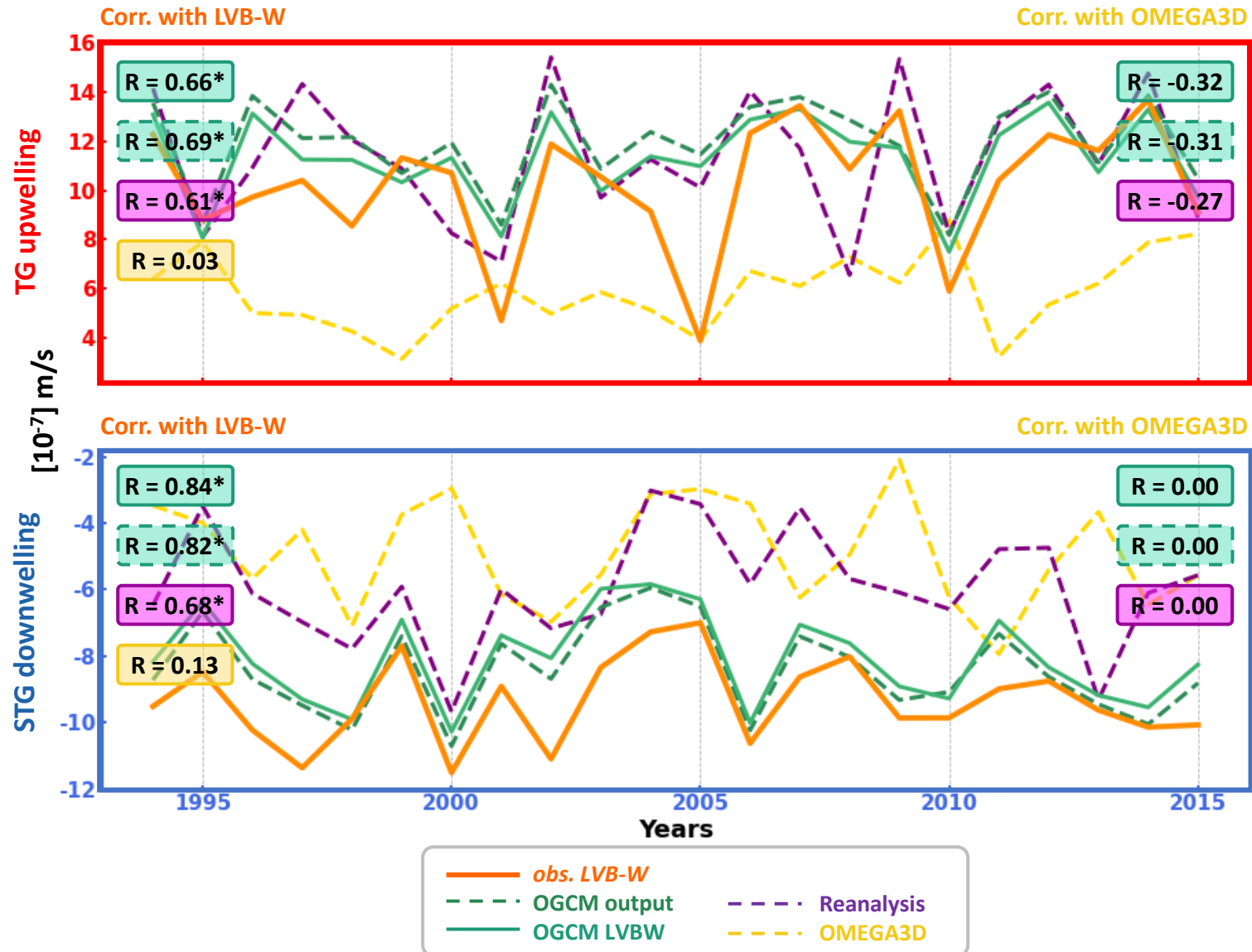


- Significant correlation between **obs. LVB-W** and model-based **w** (OGCM; Reanalysis)
- No correlation between **obs. LVB-W** and OMEGA3D



# Comparison of interannual *obs-based LVB-W* with other datasets

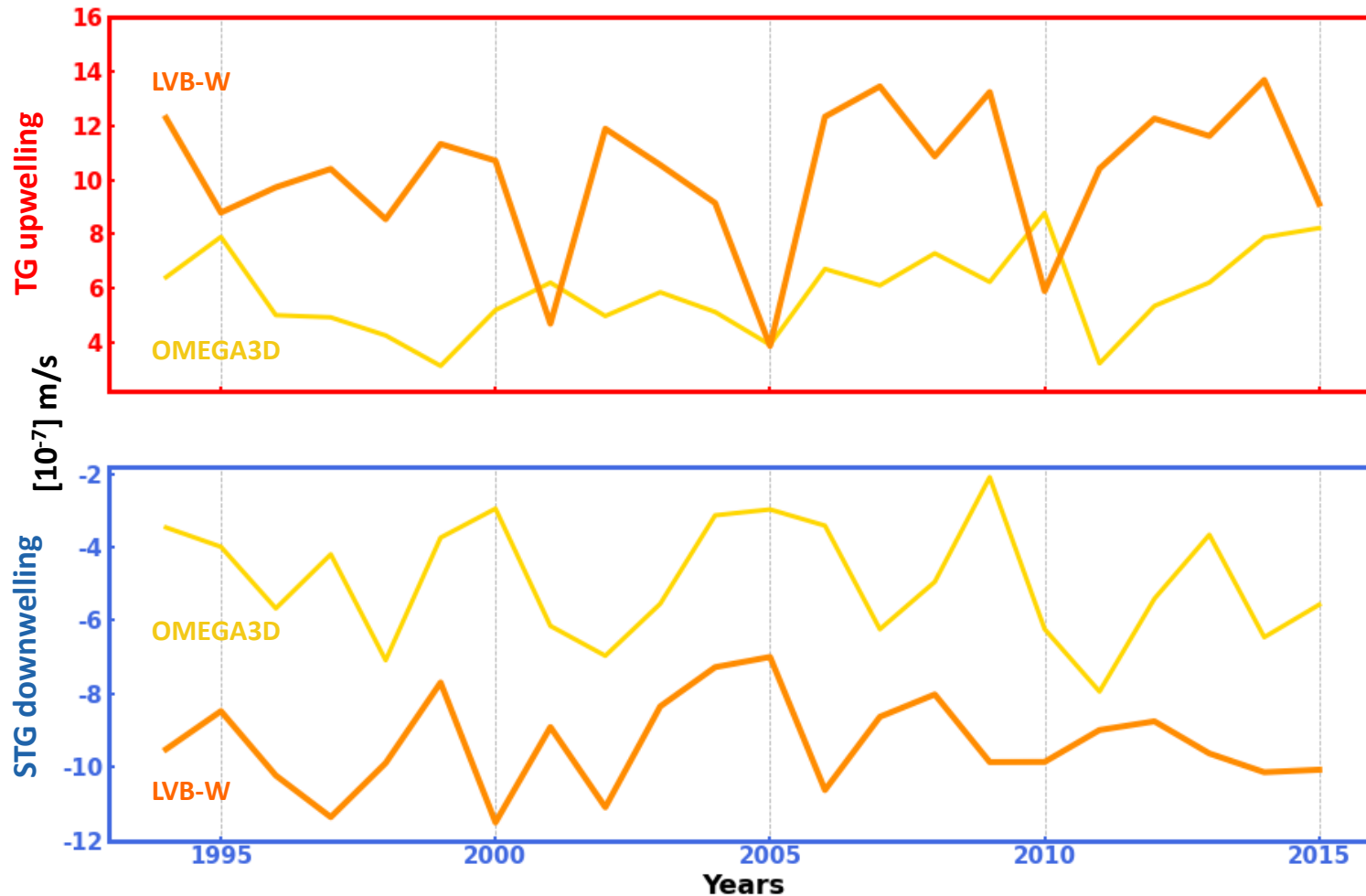
## Analysis of the time variability of the North Atlantic gyres



- Significant correlation between **obs. LVB-W** and model-based **w** (**OGCM**; **Reanalysis**)
- No correlation between **obs. LVB-W** and **OMEGA3D**

**OGCM** and **Reanalysis** variability better explained by **obs. LVB-W** than **OMEGA3D**

# Comparison of interannual *obs-based LVB-W* with other datasets



April 23, 2023

Dataset Open Access

## Global vertical velocity estimates from observation-based geostrophic meridional velocities

Cortés Morales, Diego; Lazar, Alban

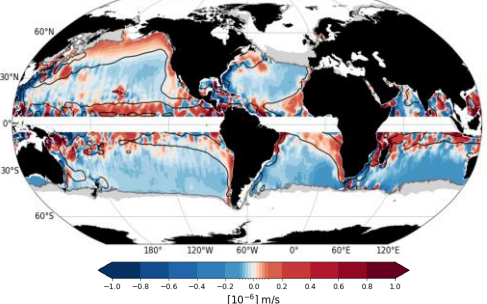
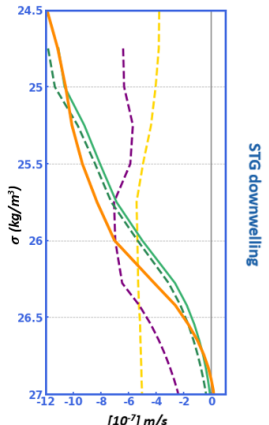
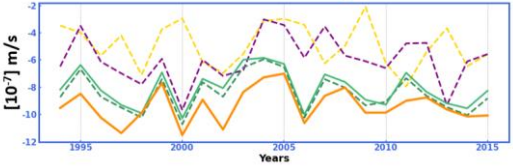
Annual vertical velocity ( $w$ ) estimates from observation-based geostrophic velocities within the global thermocline during the 1994-2018 period.

The  $w$  fields are computed following the methodology described in Cortés-Morales and Lazar, *submitted* applied to the ARMOR3D [Mulet et al., 2013] geostrophic meridional velocities. The boundary condition used is the Ekman pumping vertical velocities computed from ERA5 wind stress.

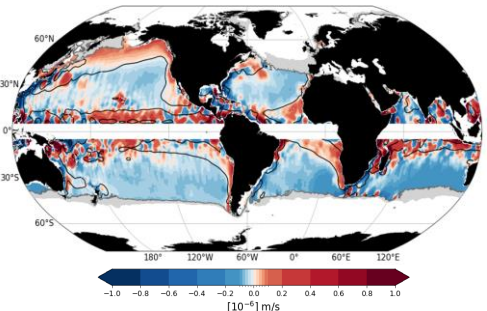


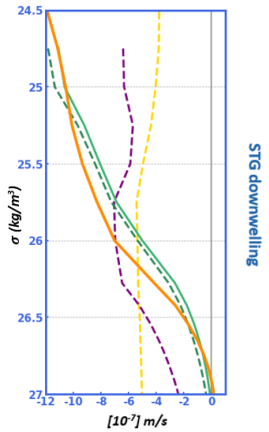


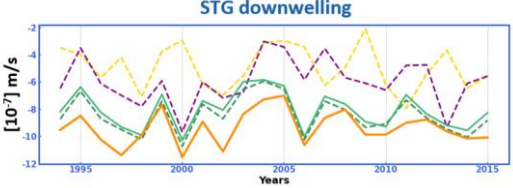


<https://zenodo.org/record/7857246#.ZEeVynZBxaQ>

**Two thermocline  $w(x,y,z,t)$  estimates derived from observations for the community**

# Where we are now?

		LVB-W	OMEGA3D
Large scale horizontal structure	<p>Mean obs. LVBW</p> 	✓	✓ NOT SHOWN HERE
Baroclinicity		✓	✗
Time variability	<p>STG downwelling</p> 	✓	✗

# Where we are now?

		LVB-W	OMEGA3D
Large scale horizontal structure			 NOT SHOWN HERE
Baroclinicity			
Time variability			

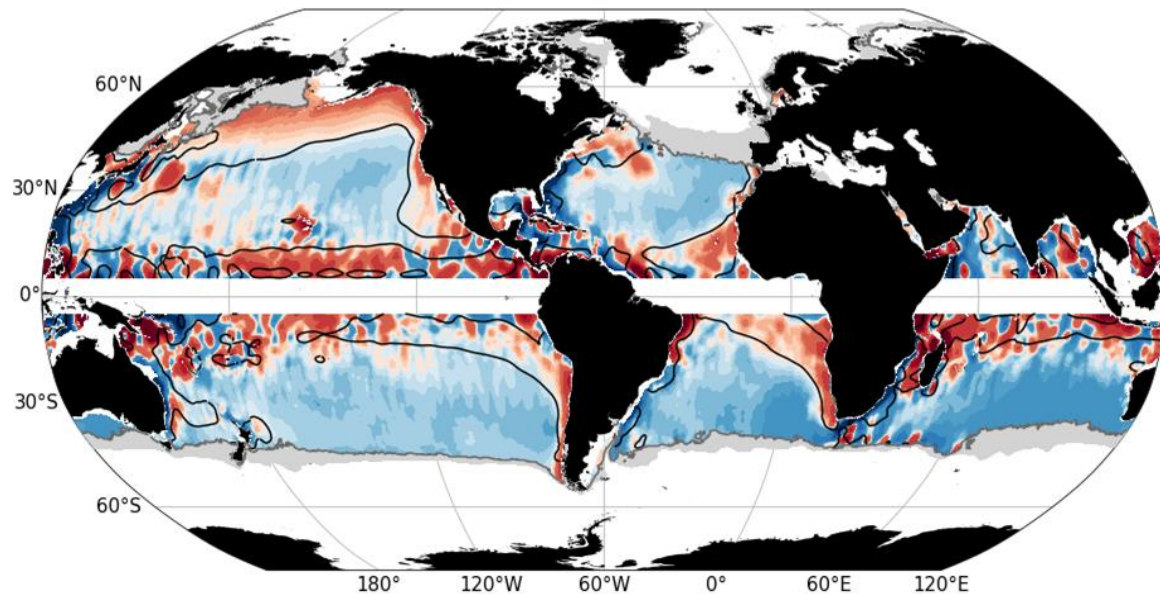
WHY?

Thank you for your attention

# Comparison of interannual *obs-based LVBW* with previous datasets

*Analysis of the horizontal distribution of the circulation*

Mean *obs. LVBW*



Mean *OMEGA3D*

