

## EGU23-16511: Revisiting the low-gradient problem with weather-resolving atmosphereocean coupled simulations

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#### Warming in the mid-latitude Pacific

- Amplified warming in the Pacific mid-latitudes (e.g., Tierney et al., 2019)
- Remains difficult for the PlioMIP2 simulations to capture

SST anomalies (mid-Pliocene minus Preindustrial core top SSTs with  $U_{37}^{K}$ ) Tierney et al., 2019 Pliocene  $\Delta$  SST (°C)  $(40 - 60^{\circ} N/S)$ minus 10°N – 10°S, Regional  $\Delta SST_{T-M}$ 145°E to 200°E) 0 Unpublished, in prep -3 -2 proxy site  $\Delta SST_{T-M}$ 

# Possible explanations, and added benefit from high resolution

- Perturbed ocean diffusivity (Fedorov et al., 2010, Sci.; Lohmann et al., 2022, P&P)
- Perturbed cloud albedo (Burls et al., 2014, P&P)
- Different moist processes and heat transport by the atmosphere?
  - high resolution may lead to different results?



Schlunzen et al., 2011

### Modeling framework

- Community Earth System Model version 1.3
  - Adapted for high resolution simulations (25 km atmosphere and land, 10 km ocean) (Chang et al., 2020)
  - Applied for historical and future climate projections (Meehl et al., 2013; Chang et al, 2020, JAMES)
- Experiments and resolutions
  - HR: ~25 km atmosphere, land and ~100 km ocean
  - LR: ~100 km atmosphere, land and ~100 km ocean
  - Two experiments: HR and LR Pliocene
    - Initialized with Feng et al., (2020, JAMES)



# Comparison between HR and LR and equilibration

- Comparison of HR Pliocene minus Pl, and LR Pliocene minus Pl
- HR: 100 yrs of PI (Rosenbloom at NCAR) and 60 yrs of the mid-Pliocene
  - The model reaches equilibrium quickly
  - Focus on the atmospheric responses
- LR: 500 yrs of PI (Jiang Zhu at NCAR) and 150 yrs of the mid-Pliocene



# Does mid-Pliocene HR show more poleward amplified SST warming in the Pacific?





#### Possible role of atmospheric heat transport

- Response of wind and sea level pressure pattern consistent with the "Gill mode" (Gill, 1980)
- Anomalous wind divergence from the eastern tropical Pacific
  - Enhanced poleward heat transport from the region

Difference in SST warming pattern between HR and LR Difference in SLP and 850 hPa wind response pattern





#### Possible role of moist convection in the EEP

- Base PI state EEP SST is similar between HR and LR
- More pronounced low cloud reduction at high SSTs
- Greater increase in the resolved heavy precipitation with high SSTs



Preliminary findings:

- HR simulates more poleward amplified SST warming along the western Pacific
  - Enhanced EEP SST warming and meridional atmospheric heat transport
  - Better resolved moist convection may lead to greater low cloud reduction at high SSTs?

Thank you!

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Upcoming HR simulations (10 km ocean) for LGM, Pliocene, and Eocene (Contact: ottobli@ucar.edu)