

DIAGNOSING SPURIOUS DIAPYCINAL MIXING AND ITS SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION IN Z-COORDINATE OCEAN MODELS USING DISCRETE VARIANCE DECAY

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Theory

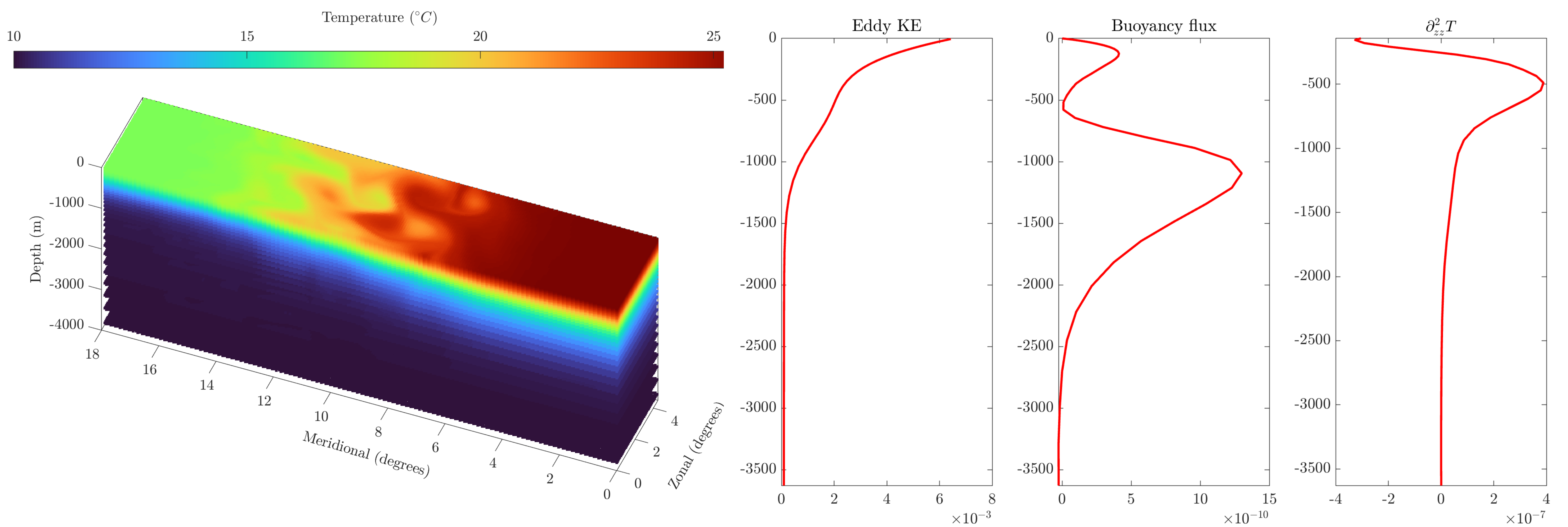
$$\partial_t T^2 + \partial_x (uT^2 - \nu \partial_x T^2) = -2\nu (\partial_x T)^2$$

$$\chi^{\text{net}} = -\nabla \cdot F^{\text{2nd}} - \frac{1}{dt} [hT^2]_n^{n+1}$$

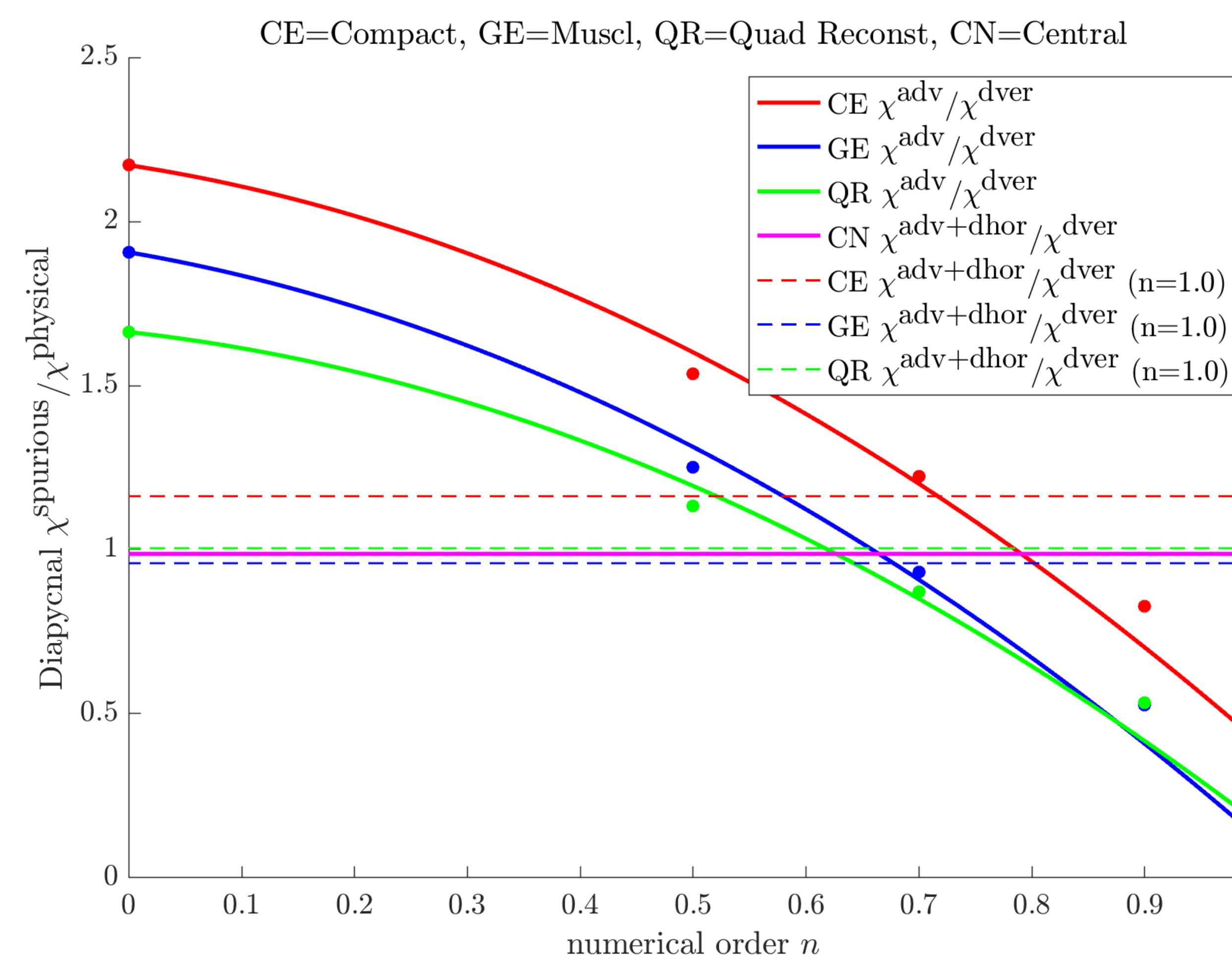
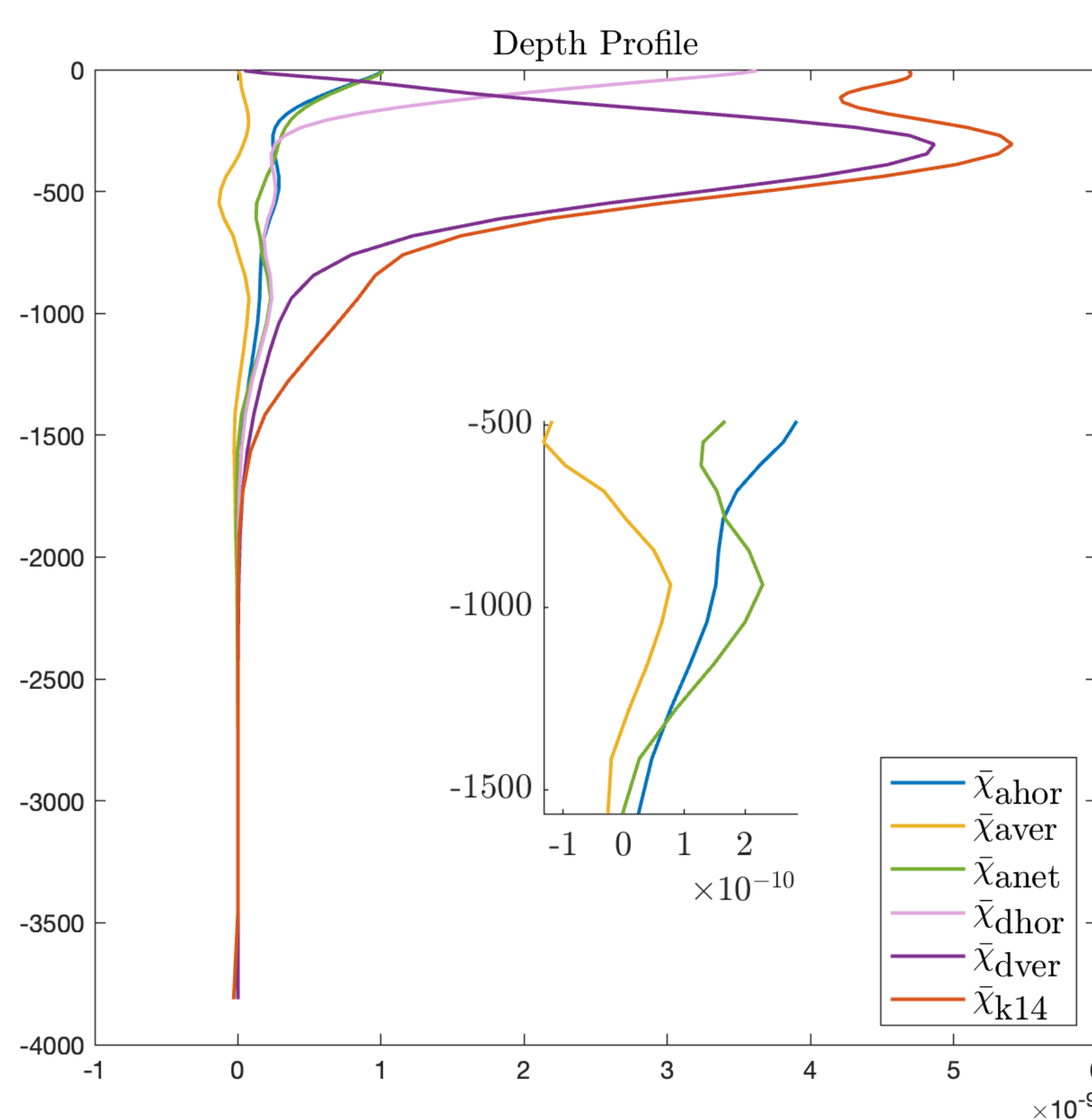
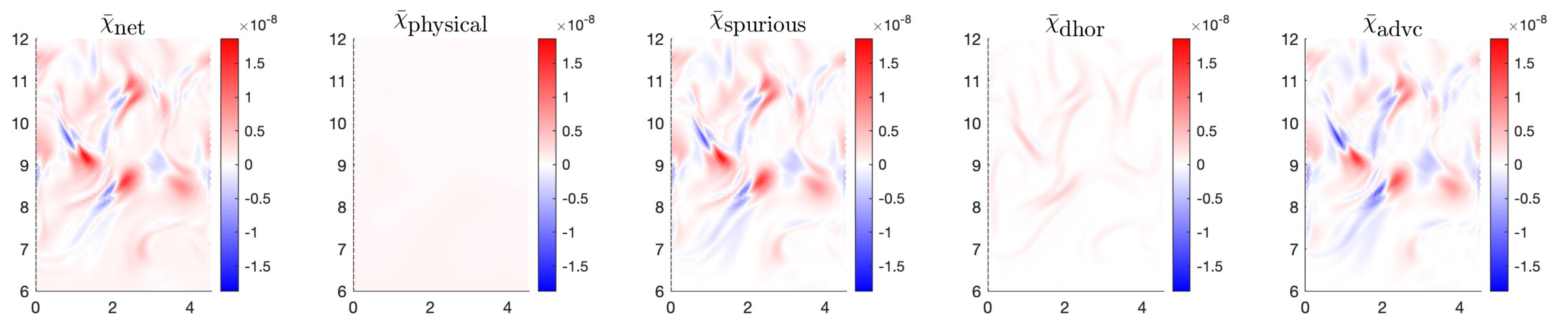
$$\chi^{\text{net}} = \chi_{\text{hor+ver}}^{\text{adv}} + \chi_{\text{hor+ver}}^{\text{diff}} = \chi_{\text{iso+dia}}^{\text{Physical}} + \chi_{\text{iso+dia}}^{\text{Spurious}}$$

1. What are these second moment fluxes F^{2nd} for processes like advection and diffusion?
2. How such processes individually contribute to net spurious diapycnal mixing $\chi_{\text{dia}}^{\text{net}}$?
3. How spurious diapycnal mixing from different advection schemes compare to physical mixing

Idealized Channel



Decomposition



References

1. Soufflet, Y., Marchesiello, P., Lemarié, F., Jouanno, J., Capet, X., Debreu, L., & Benschila, R. (2016). On effective resolution in ocean models. *Ocean Modelling*, 98, 36-50.
2. Klingbeil, K., Mohammadi-Aragh, M., Gräwe, U., & Burchard, H. (2014). Quantification of spurious dissipation and mixing—Discrete variance decay in a Finite-Volume framework. *Ocean Modelling*, 81, 49-64.