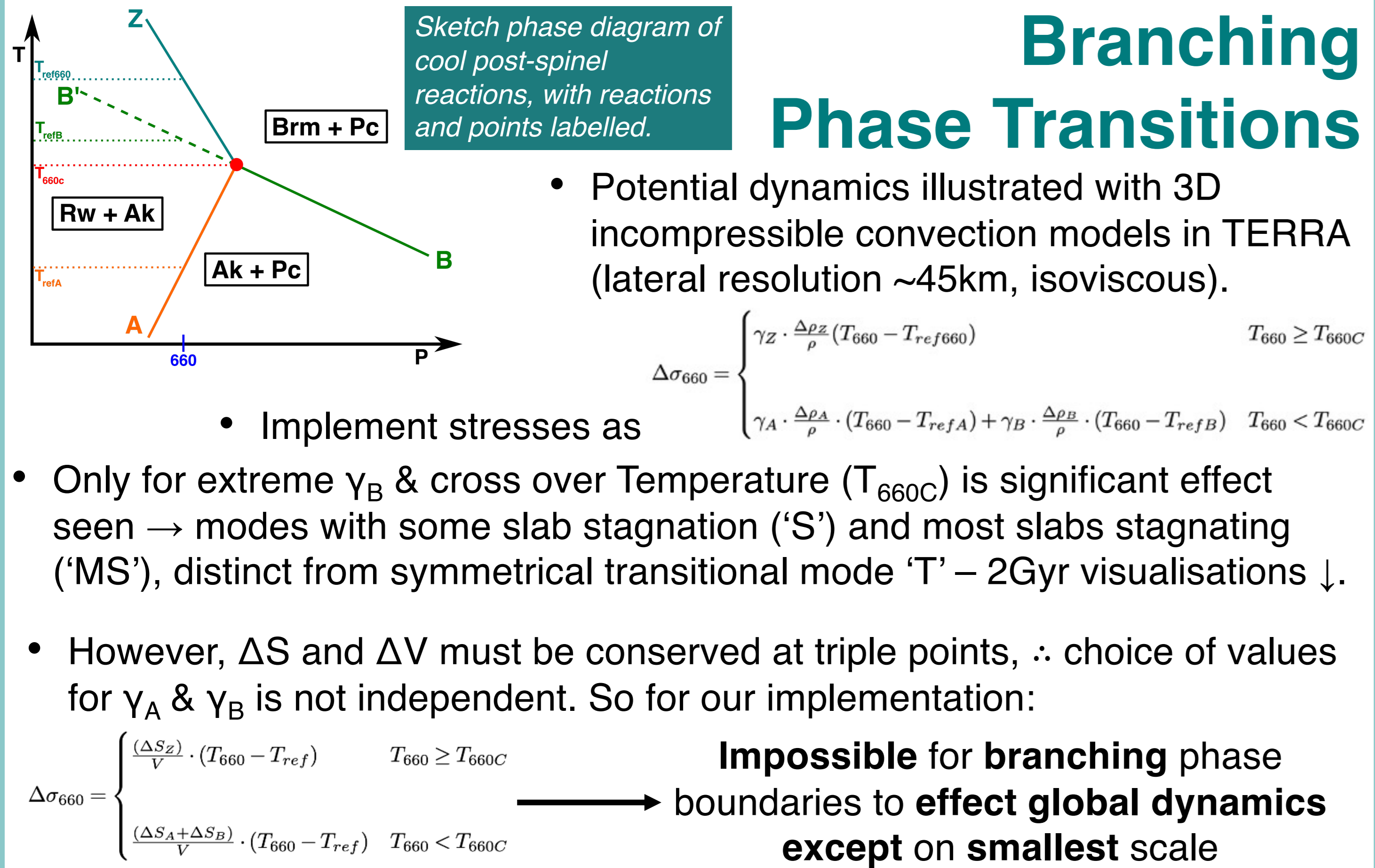


Modelling the Global Geodynamic & Seismological Consequences of Different Phase Boundary Morphologies

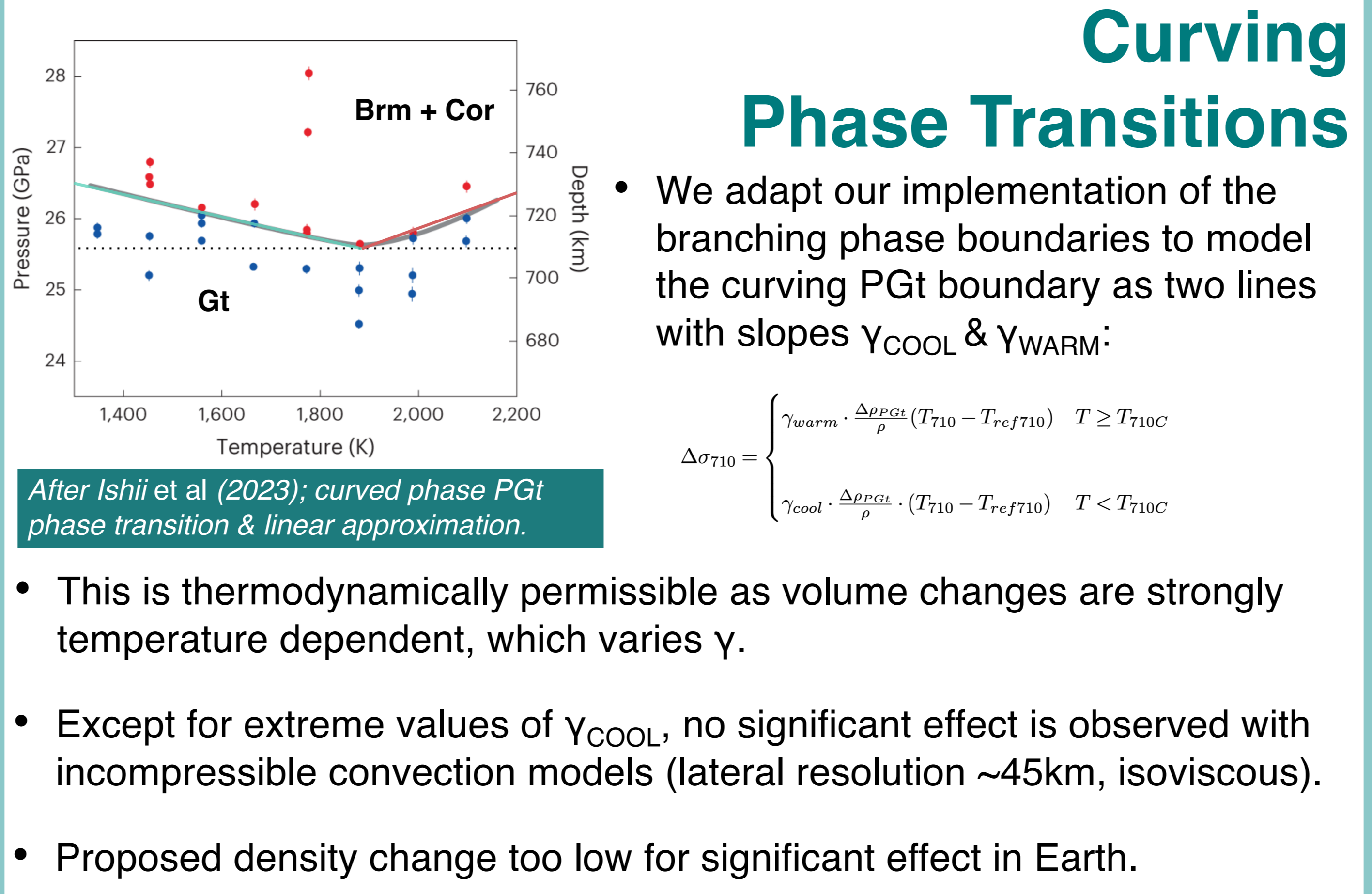
Gwynfor T. Morgan^[1], J. Huw Davies^[1], Bob Myhill^[2], James Wookey^[2], James Panton^[1]
^[1]School of Earth and Environmental Sciences, Cardiff University ^[2]School of Earth Sciences, University of Bristol
 * Presenting Author: morgantg2@cardiff.ac.uk

Chanyshv et al (2022) and others suggest that post-spinel reactions via **Akimotoite** in sub-Adiabatic mantle, with extremely negative Clapeyron slopes, could **stagnate downwellings**.



Reactions via **Akimotoite** cannot have a large effect on global mantle dynamics

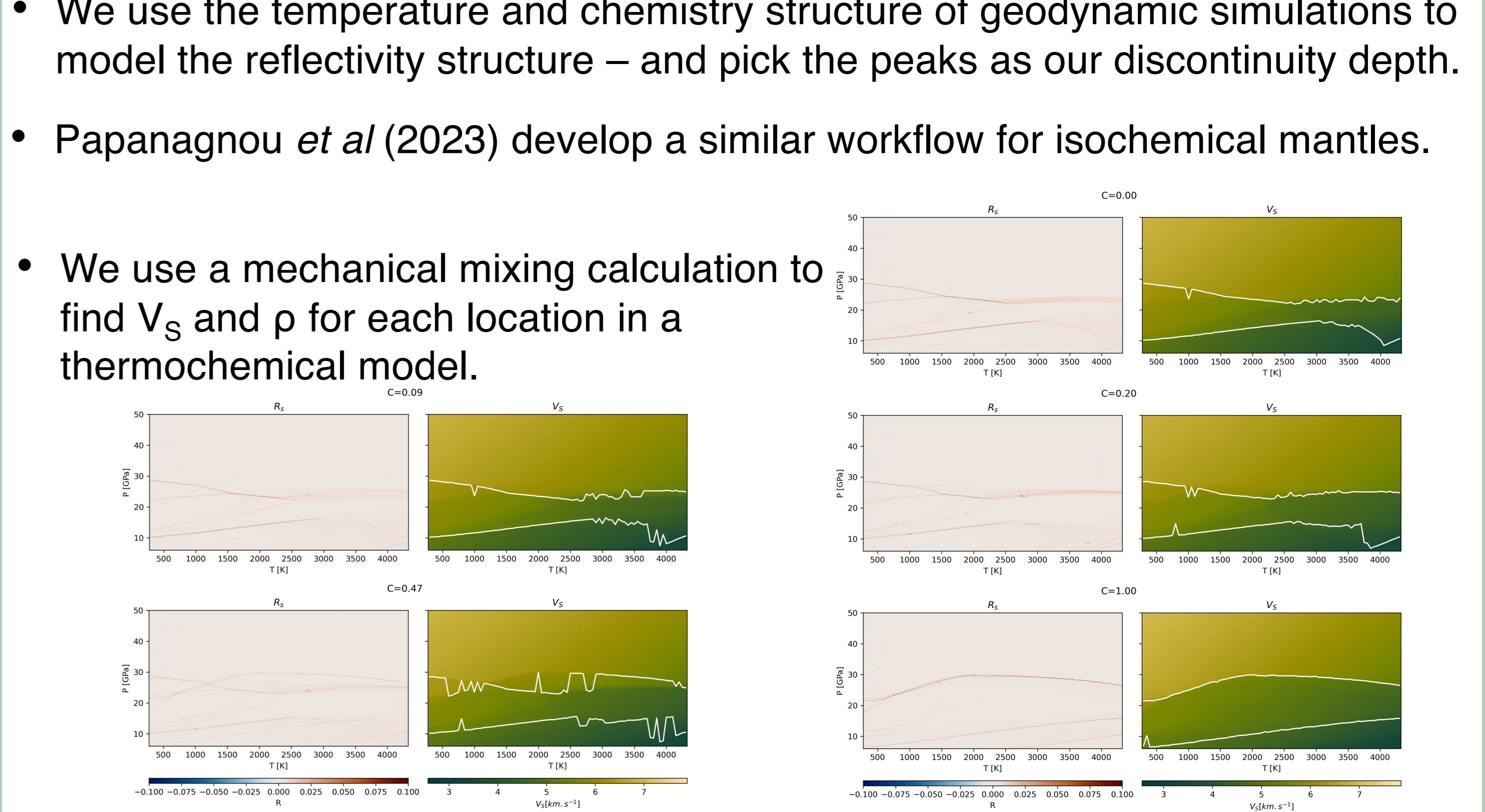
Ishii *et al* (2023) suggest that a **sharper, curved Post Garnet phase transition (PGT)** could make upwellings and downwellings more buoyant.



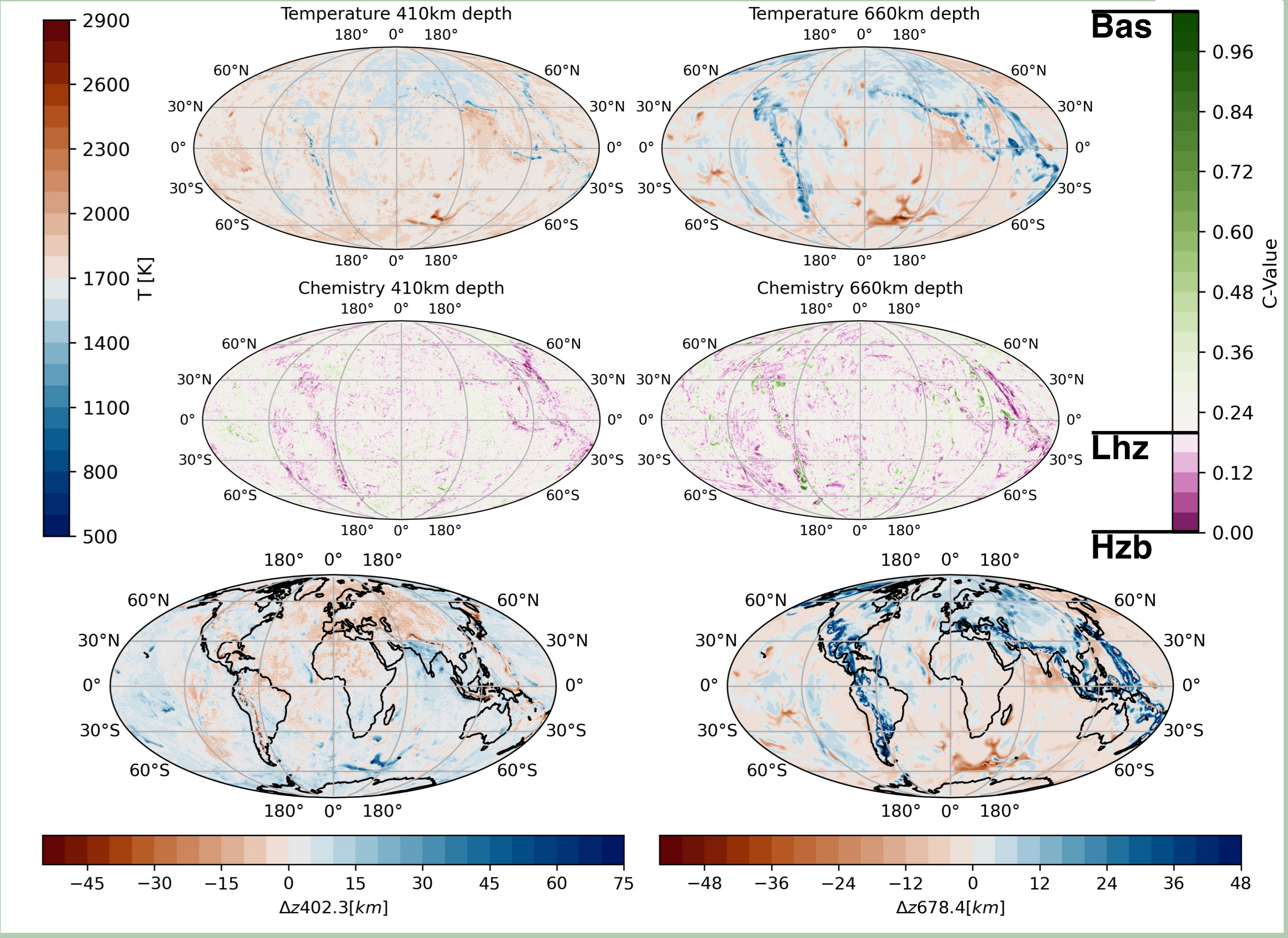
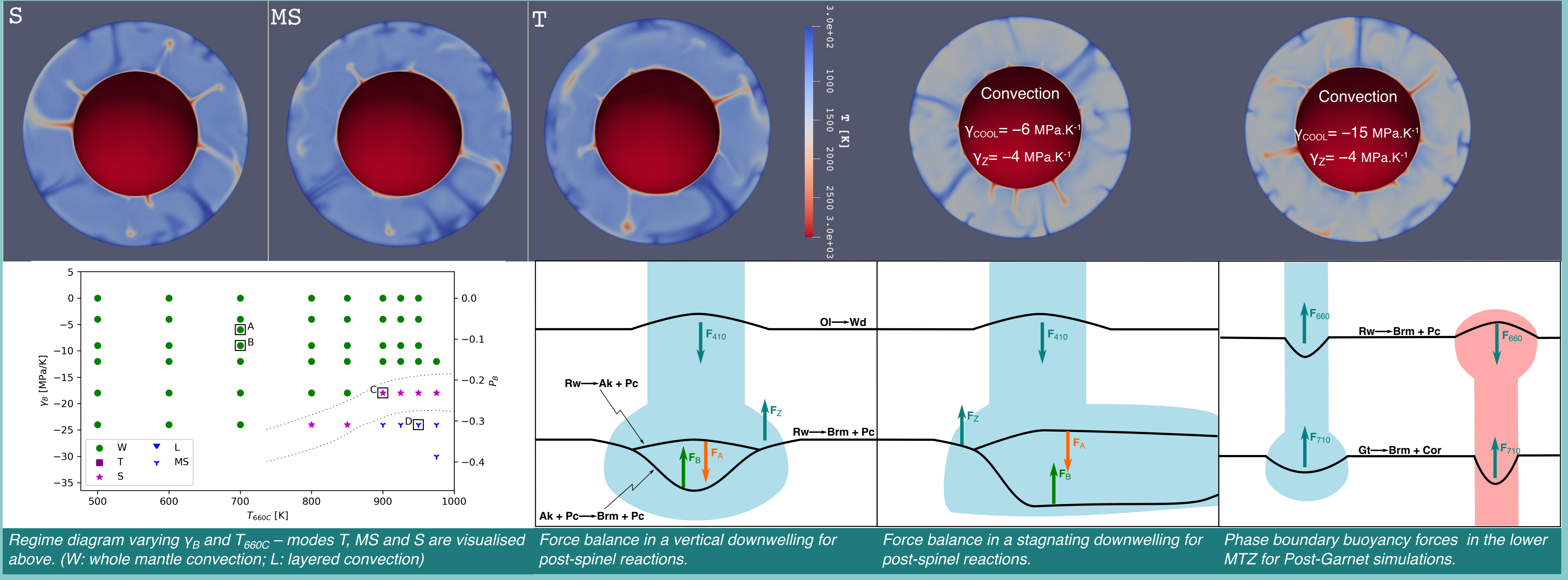
A curving phase transition can have a significant effect on global mantle dynamics, for PGT this is unlikely

Seismic discontinuity topography is sensitive to Temperature and Composition – making it a plausible constraint on MCMs

Thermochemical Predictions of Seismic Discontinuities



We compute seismic velocity discontinuity topography of thermochemical mantle circulation models (MCMs)



Acknowledgments

This work is associated with the MC² NERC large grant
 GTM's PhD is funded by the College of Physical Sciences and Engineering, Cardiff University
 This work used the ARCHER2 UK National Supercomputing Service (<https://www.archer2.ac.uk>).

References

Chanyshv, A. *et al.* (2022) 'Depressed 660-km discontinuity caused by akimotoite–bridgmanite transition', *Nature*, 601(7891), pp. 69–73.
 Ishii, T., Chanyshv, A. and Katsura, T. (2022) 'A New Approach Determining a Phase Transition Boundary Strictly Following a Definition of Phase Equilibrium: An Example of the Post-Spinel Transition in Mg₂SiO₄ System', *Minerals*, 12(7), p. 820.
 Papanagnou, I., Schuberth, B.S.A. and Thomas, C. (2023) 'Geodynamic predictions of seismic structure and discontinuity topography of the mantle transition zone', *Geophysical Journal International*, 234(1), pp. 355–378.

