

CO₂-Plume Geothermal (CPG) in Austria? Tackling the CCS dilemma – supplementary material

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The logo for Montan Universität Leoben consists of a large teal letter 'M' followed by the text 'MONTAN UNIVERSITÄT LEOBEN' in a teal sans-serif font.

Additional information

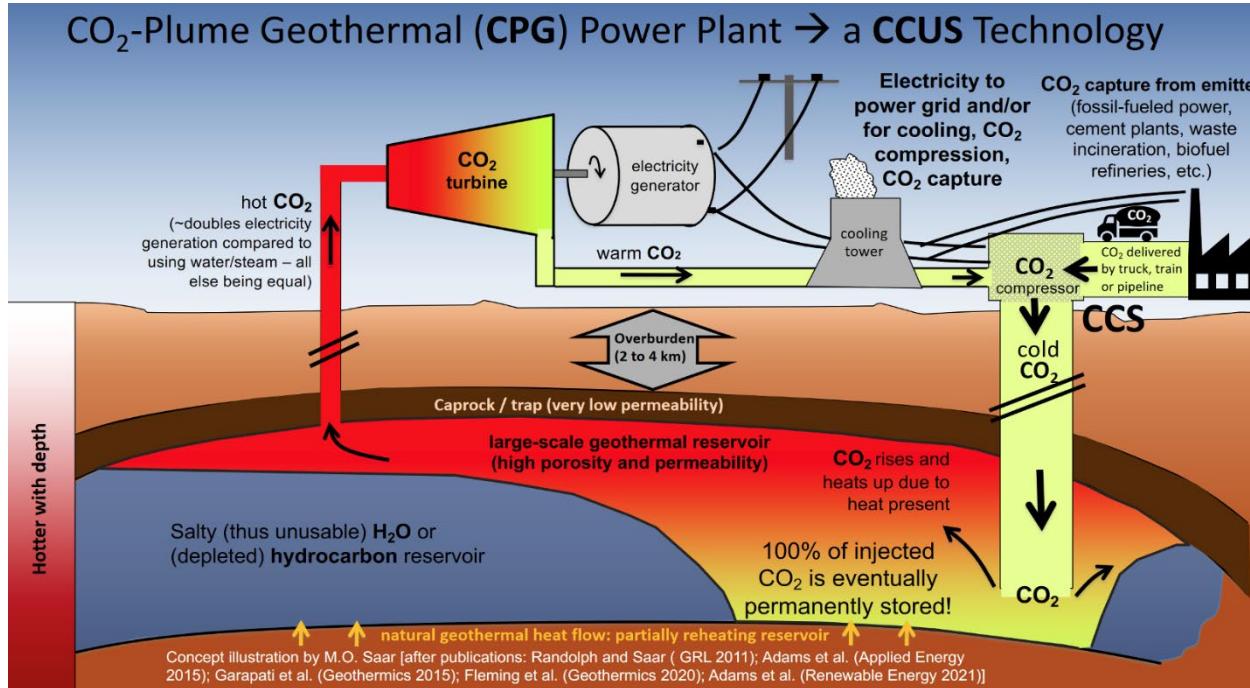
CO₂ emission data for Austria from UNFCCC v26

Information about CPG, see <https://geg.cpg.ethz.ch/>

For techno-economic-analysis considerations, see

<https://chemrxiv.org/engage/chemrxiv/article-details/60c75392f96a0012f62884aa>

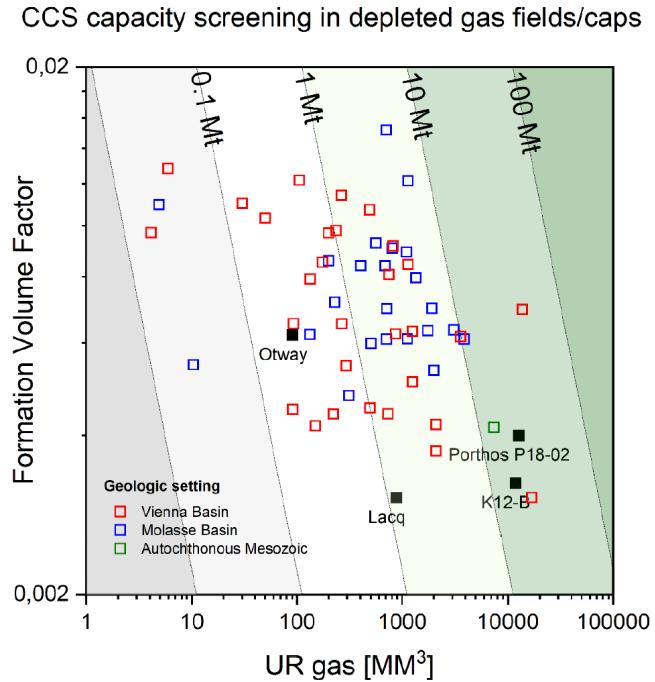
What is CPG?



CPG uses CO₂ as the subsurface working fluid for geothermal applications

Randolph and Saar (2011), Adams et al. (2015, 2021), Garapati et al. (2015) and Fleming et al. (2020)

CCS capacity screening in Austria's gas fields



UR = Ultimate recovery

*For workflow, see
Bump (2022),
Hoffman (2015)*

Schönkirchen ÜT gas field

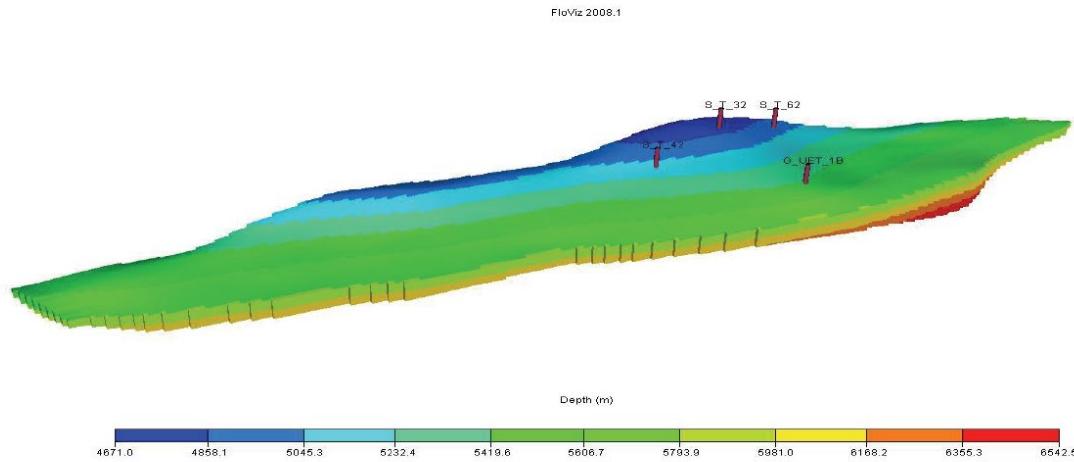


Fig. 6-Top structure map of Schoenkirchen Uebertief.

*One of Austria's
biggest gas fields.*

>5000 m depth

*Fractured carbonate
reservoir*

*Up to 400 m
thickness*

*Contains natural CO₂
~13 vol%*

see, Secklehner (2010)

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