

# Sea level projections for the German Coast

Corinna Jensen<sup>1</sup>, Frank Janssen<sup>1</sup>, Jens Möller<sup>1</sup>, Tim Kruschke<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Federal Maritime and Hydrographic Agency (BSH), Hamburg, Germany

## Motivation

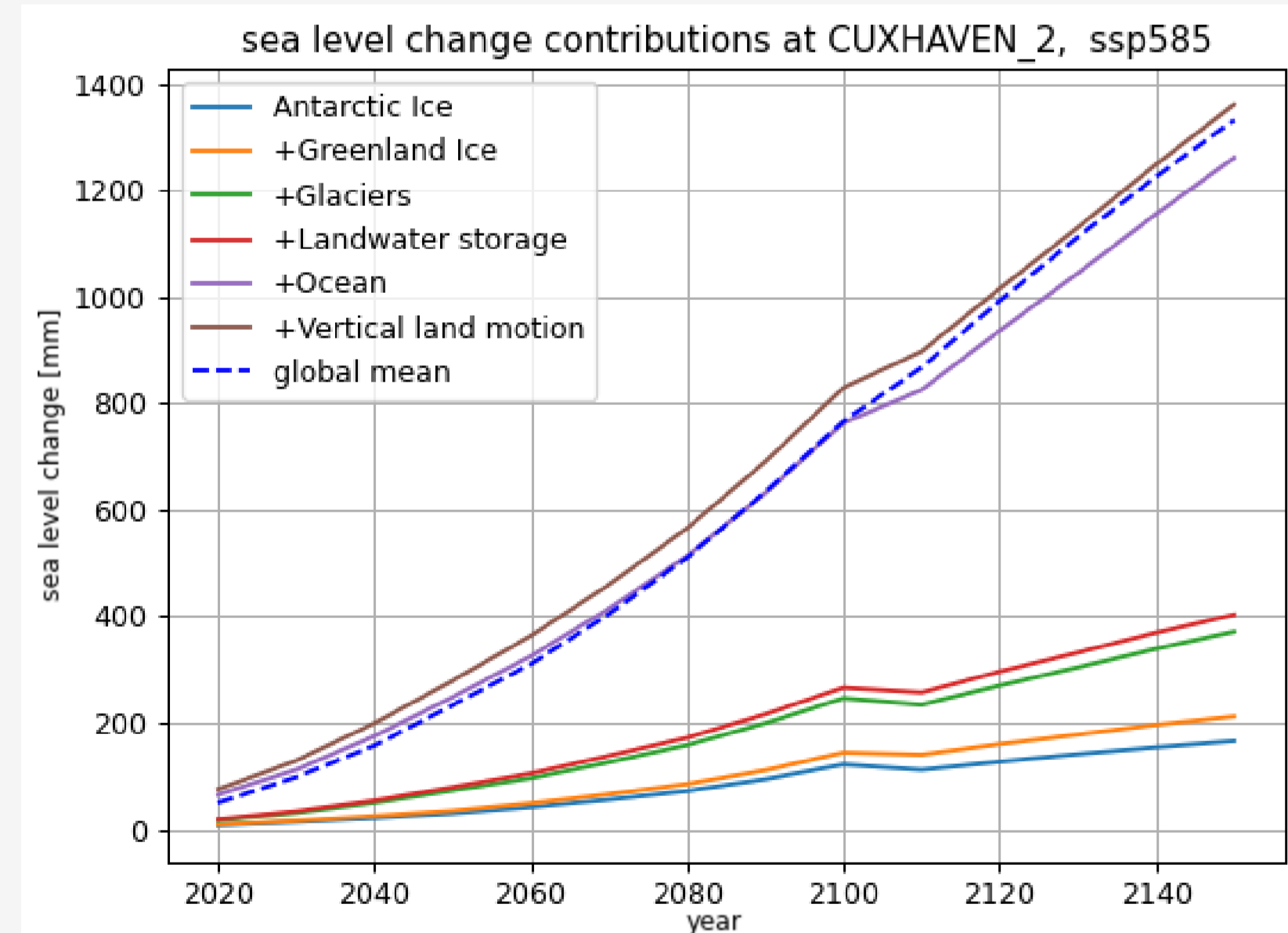
Our aim is to provide high-quality projections of relative sea level change for the German coastal areas, both in terms of spatial data as well as time series for specific stations. → *DAS core service "climate and water"*

Existing data from the IPCC projections are combined with a new and high-resolution land elevation model (instead of the coarse land elevation model for this region in the IPCC) → *BMDV „Network of Experts“*

## Good to know - Land elevation?

Over Europe mostly post-glacial land uplift, caused by the missing weight of the ice sheet from the last ice age.

## Sea level contributions



**Fig. 1** Cumulative sum of sea level contributions according to IPCC AR6 ssp585 at station Cuxhaven and global mean for comparison

## Literature

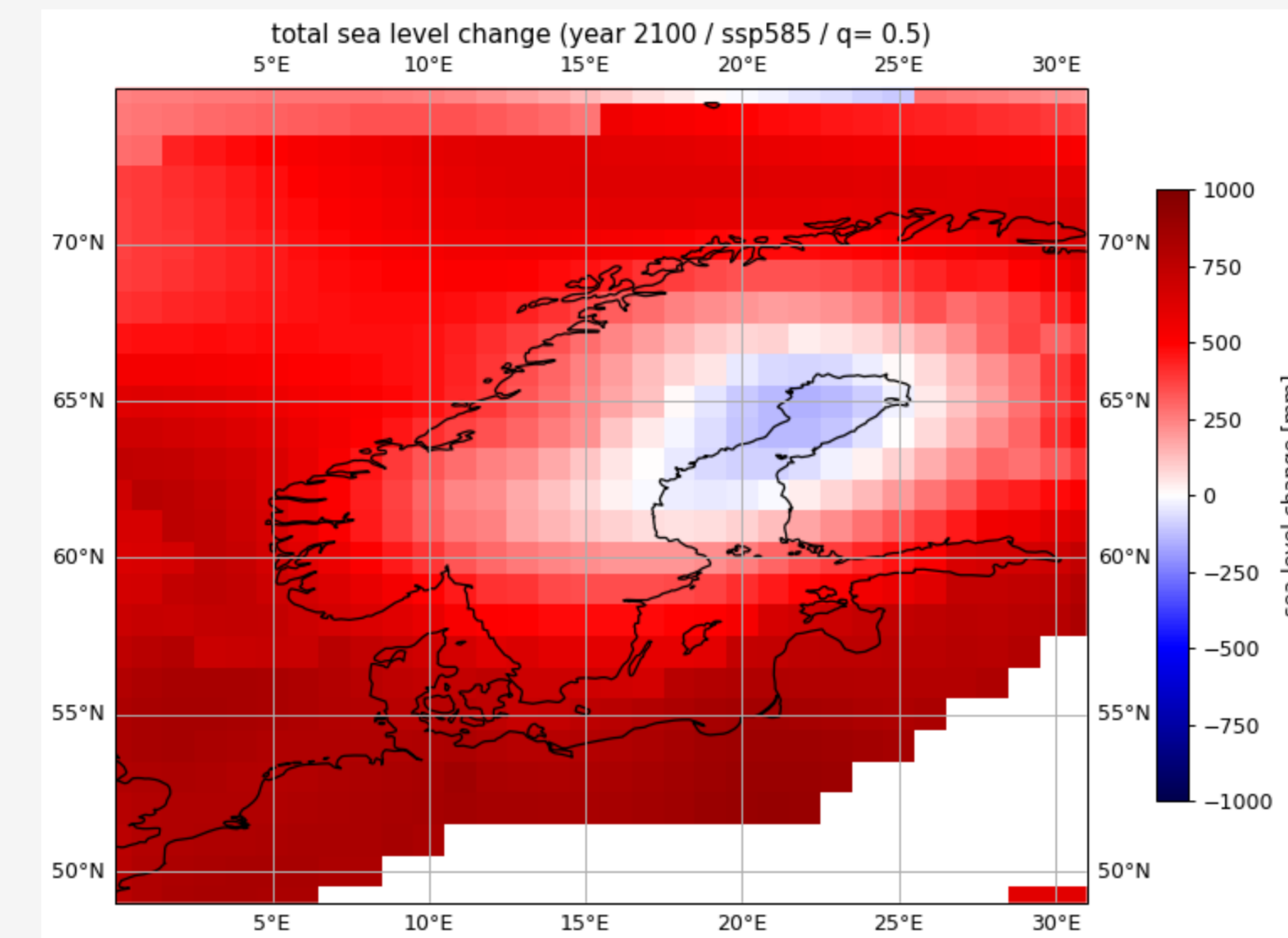
Garner, G., Hermans, T. H., Kopp, R., Slangen, A., Edwards, T., Levermann, A., ... & Pearson, B. (2022). IPCC AR6 WGI Sea Level Projections.

Kopp, R. E., Horton, R. M., Little, C. M., Mitrovica, J. X., Oppenheimer, M., Rasmussen, D. J., ... & Tebaldi, C. (2014). Probabilistic 21st and 22nd century sea-level projections at a global network of tide-gauge sites. *Earth's future*, 2(8), 383-406.

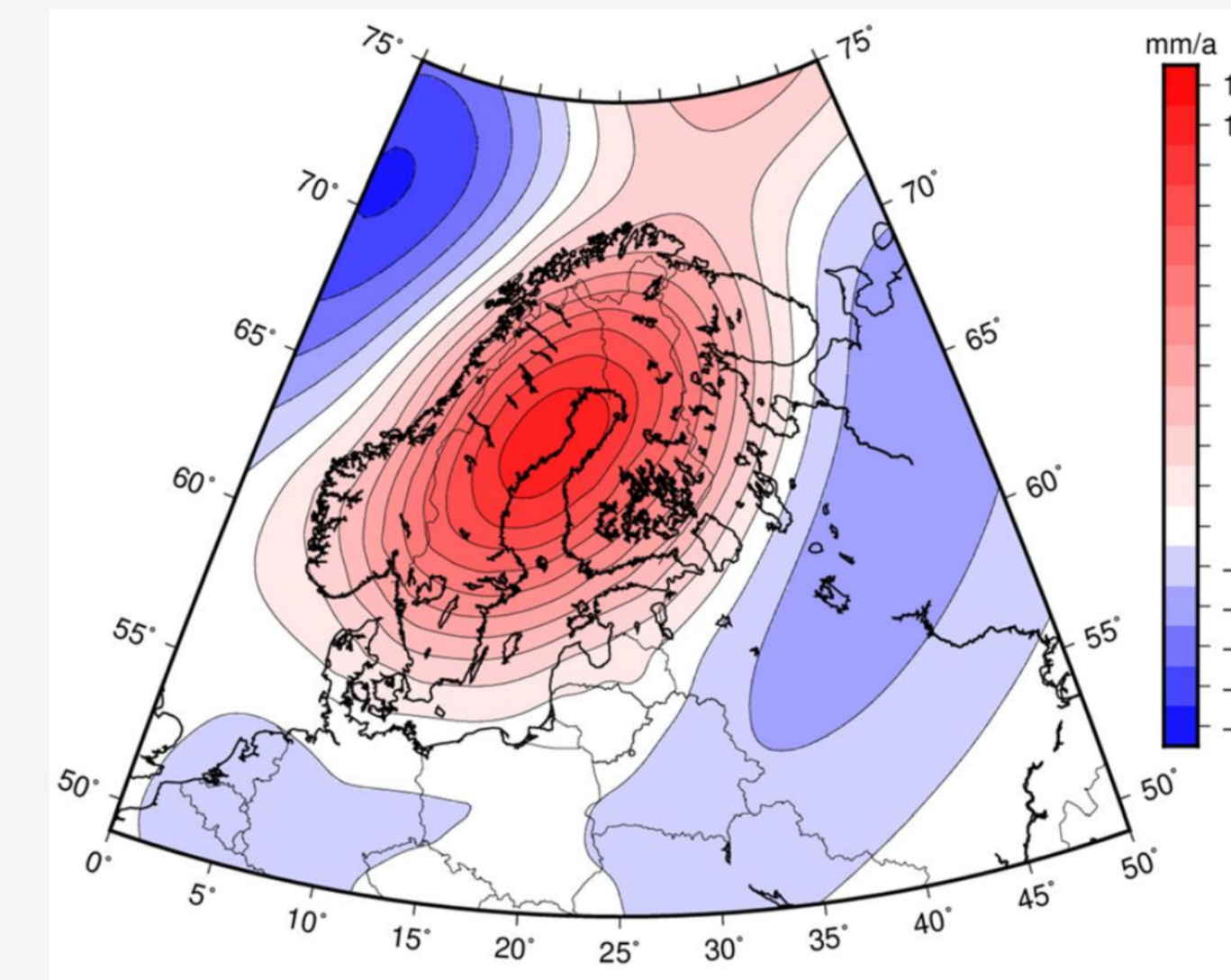
Vestøl, O., Ågren, J., Steffen, H., Kierulf, H., & Tarasov, L. (2019). NKG2016LU: a new land uplift model for Fennoscandia and the Baltic Region. *Journal of Geodesy*, 93, 1759-1779.

## Data

- IPCC AR6 sea level change (*Garner et. al 2022*), land motion from *Kopp (2014)*
- Regional land elevation model over the North and Baltic Sea (Fennoscandia) („NKG“, NKG2016\_LU\_lev, *Vestøl et. al 2019*)



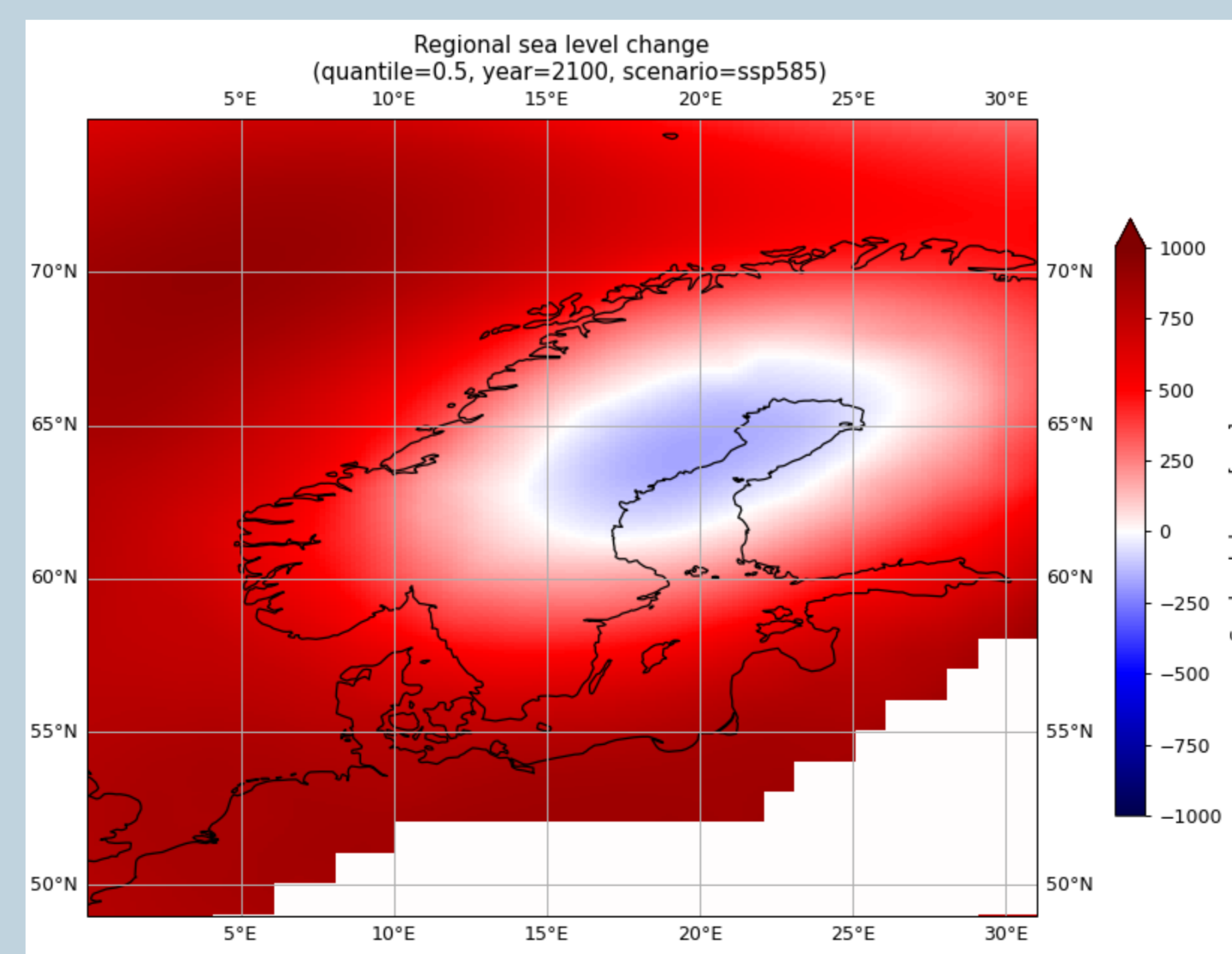
**Fig. 2** Median of total sea level change relative to 1986–2005 from IPCC AR6 „ssp585“ scenario for year 2100



**Fig. 3** Fig.9 from Vestøl et. al 2019, final NKG2016LU\_abs land elevation model

Combination of IPCC sea level with different land elevation model „NKG“

## Results - products

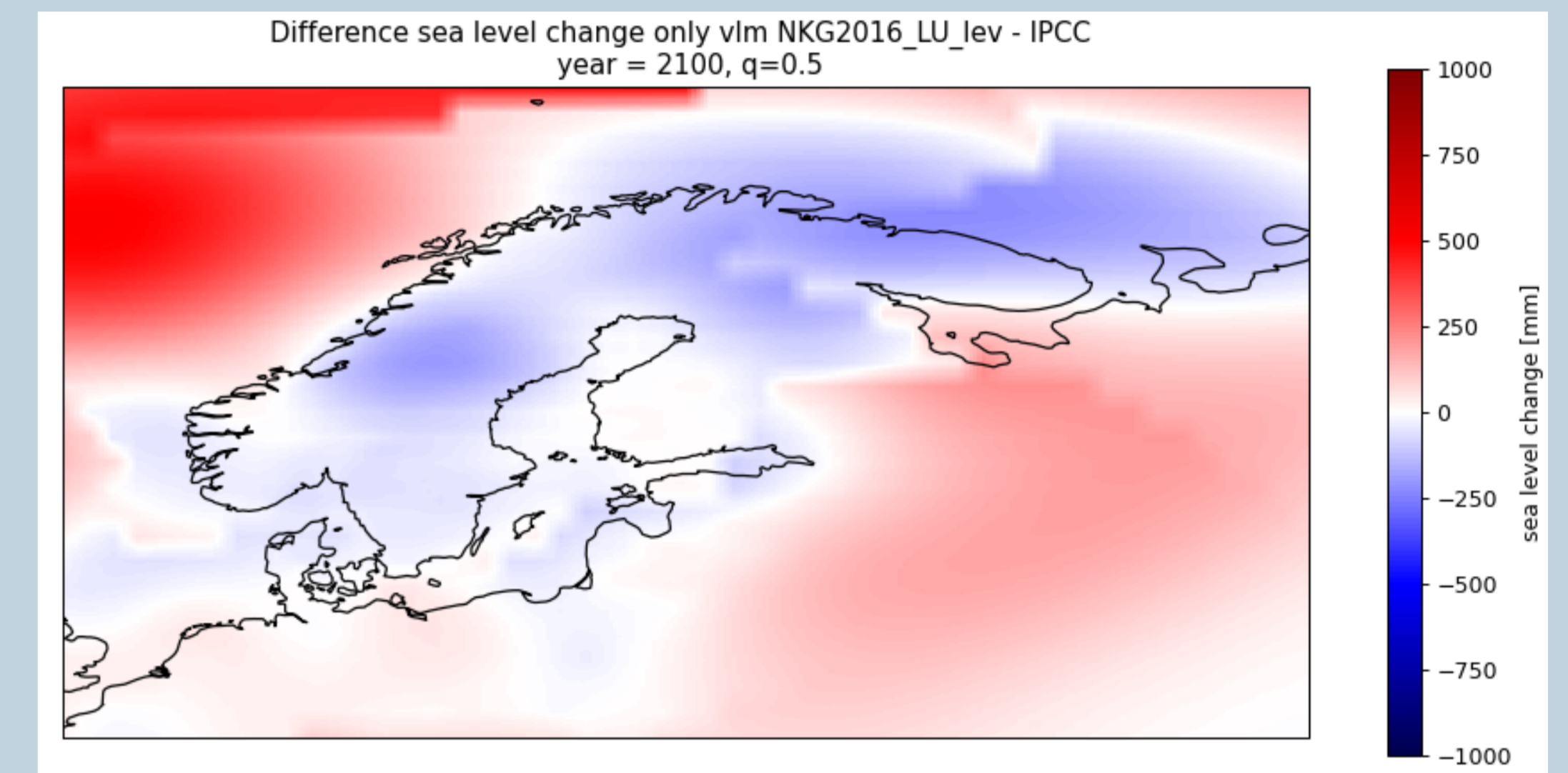


**Fig. 4** Regional total sea level change IPCC AR6 „ssp585“ scenario interpolated onto „NKG“ grid using NKG2016\_LU\_lev land motion **Left:** Median for 2100, **Right:** Timeseries including uncertainties (16,7. and 83,3. percentile) for grid point close to Cuxhaven before and after combination with „NKG“

- Spatial data for the North and Baltic Sea
- Time series incl. uncertainties for stations along the German Coast

## Results – different land uplift models

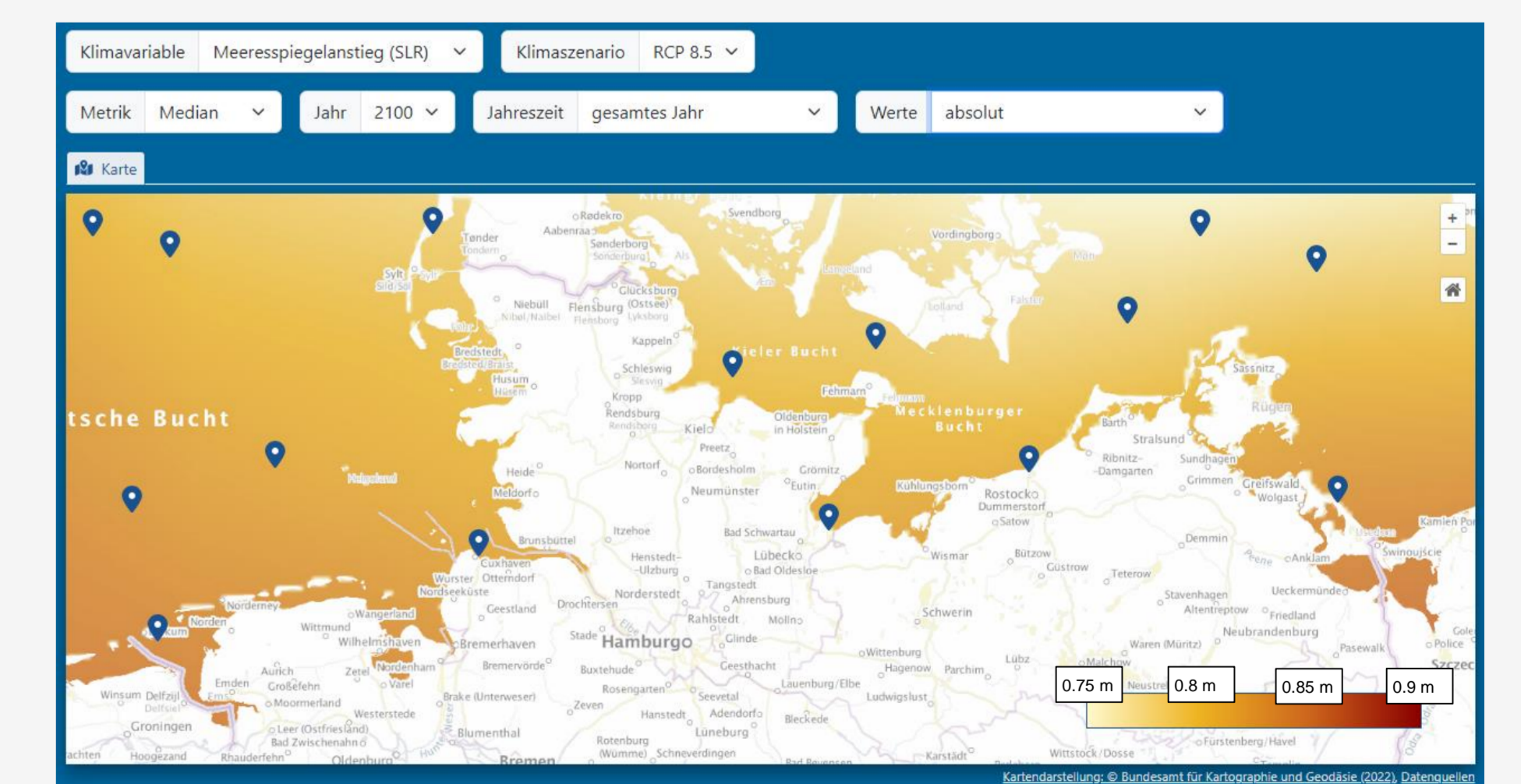
Land elevation models IPCC and NKG show different land uplifts, especially over the North Atlantic and Scandinavia.



**Fig 5** Sea level difference due to land elevation - NKG2016LU\_lev minus IPCC AR6 median for scenario „ssp585“ interpolated onto NKG grid

- IPCC shows sharper edges in land uplift over North Sea/Atlantic whereas
- NKG shows more land uplift over Scandinavia ~100 mm by 2100
- Validation: NKG land elevation model is more accurate (Federal Agency for Cartography and Geodesy - BKG - based on levelling measurements in Germany)

## Future plans - info service & download



**Fig. 6** Schematic example of DAS core service website at BSH. (<https://das.bsh.de/>)