

The public engagement of academics Findings of a working group at the University of Lausanne

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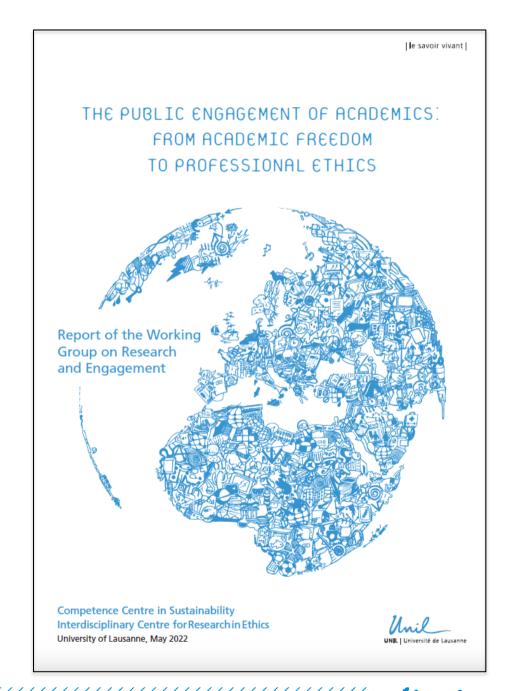


Context

Working group:

- > Constituted in February 2020
- > 12 members
- Case studies and literature reviews
- > A panel debate
- > A survey
- > Several focus groups
- > A report

https://www.unil.ch/centredurabilite/en/home/menuinst/recherche/rechercheet-engagement.html





Why take up this issue?

Public engagement by academics is not a new phenomenon, however, we are witnessing :

- An increase in (and democratization of) public statements by the research community.
- > A transformation of methods: social media, sometimes provocative and frontal statements, calls for academic activism, civil disobedience, etc.
- > An upsurge in internal and external questioning of University management and political authorities.

Structure of the report

- Definitions and clarifications
 - 1.1 Definition of engagement
 - 1.2 The place of academics in the public debate
 - 1.3 The notion of neutrality
- 2. Engagement at UNIL: practices and perceptions
 - 2.1 UNIL 2021 survey
 - 2.2 Focus groups
- 3. Discussion of issues related to academic engagement
 - 3.1 Academic freedom and duty of confidentiality
 - 3.2 Interventions in the public sphere and best practices
 - 3.3 Engagement from an institutional perspective
 - 3.4 Supporting engagement: ways forward

Definition of engagement

Broad definition: any form of interaction with the extra-academic world.

Report's definition:

Engagement = a process, statement or action that is both **public** and **normative** in content (ethical, social or political evaluation or prescription).

- → Narrower than just interaction with the extra-academic world
- → Broader than activism

Engagement can be thought of not as a discrete category, but placed on a **continuum** ranging from the *purely factual* to the *purely normative*.



Legal context at UNIL

Law on the University of Lausanne (LUL) of July 6, 2004

Art. 2

Missions

The University's missions are:

- a. to transmit knowledge and develop science through teaching and research;
- b. to promote the development of intellectual life and the dissemination of culture;
- c. to encourage the next generation of academics and scientists;
- d. to promote the valorization of research results;
- e. to prepare for professions requiring academic training;
- f. to organize continuing education in its areas of competence;
- g. to perform a service function for the community and to stimulate social debate

A controversial issue ...

Why does engagement trigger reactions? (case studies)

- > Perceived abuse of the "authority" offered by the status of researcher.
- > Unclear separation between scientific results and personal opinions.
- > Statements deemed contrary to scientific consensus.
- Participation of members of the academic community in actions of civil disobedience.
- > Criticism of federal or cantonal authorities



A controversial issue ...

Arguments against (in the literature)

- > jeopardizes their ability to do their job properly
- > contradicts the neutrality or objectivity of science
- > undermines the credibility of scientists and science in general

Arguments in favor (in the literature)

- > responsibility of researchers/ duties as citizens
- > a lack of engagement could be detrimental to society
- > some form of engagement is unavoidable (strict distinction between facts and values is not tenable; not taking a stand is also taking a stand)

Science neutrality

- > The notion of neutrality is often associated with the idea of a "value-free" science, isolated from social influences.
- Recent developments in the philosophy and sociology of science show that such an ideal is not only unattainable, but also undesirable (at least for some authors).
- As this notion is often the source of misunderstandings, we prefer the ideas of:
 - Research of objectivity (methods and procedures)
 - Scientific deontology (duties related to the research profession)
 - Transparency about our own values.



Academic Freedom

- > General freedom of expression. Legal limits:
 - Reputational damage, hate speech, calls for violence, etc.

- > Academic freedom: research, teaching, expression
 - Protects academics from censorship and institutional, political or ideological interference.
 - Same legal limits as general freedom of expression
 - Is accompanied by deontological duties related to the research profession (scientific integrity, ethics of academic life)



Recommendations to individuals

- > Requirement for **clarity** and **transparency** with respect to:
 - The role that is assumed (expert, researcher, citizen, etc.)
 - The field of specialization
 - The nature of the assertions made (scientific facts, personal opinions)
- > It's hard to keep roles and discourse registers clearly separate at all times
 - But transparency is an ideal to be pursued as best as possible in each situation, according to possibilities and context.
- > The risks of loss of credibility must be taken into account, but the literature is rather reassuring in this respect.

Recommendation to the institution

- > Situating rather than regulating the voice of researchers
 - No top-down, a priori regulation of public statements of researchers
 - Supporting the drive for clarification and transparency
- > Promoting a «culture of engagement»
 - Developing conditions conducive to engagement, in good conditions and according to best practices
 - Propose tools for effective engagement, adapted to the academic context



Key messages from the report

- > The WG supports the engagement of researchers, which is part of the university's mission.
- > It affirms the importance of defending academic freedom and freedom of expression for academics
- > Academic freedom does, however, come with individual and institutional responsibilities (academic deontology).
- The role of the institution is not to regulate a priori, nor to settle controversies, but to provide sound and clear conditions for the academic debate.
- > The University of Lausanne should promote a "culture of engagement" and a working climate conducive to this under the right conditions.

Thank you!

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