

Contact

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Towards retrieval of CO from MTG-IRS in the Fourier space with IASI as a demonstrator

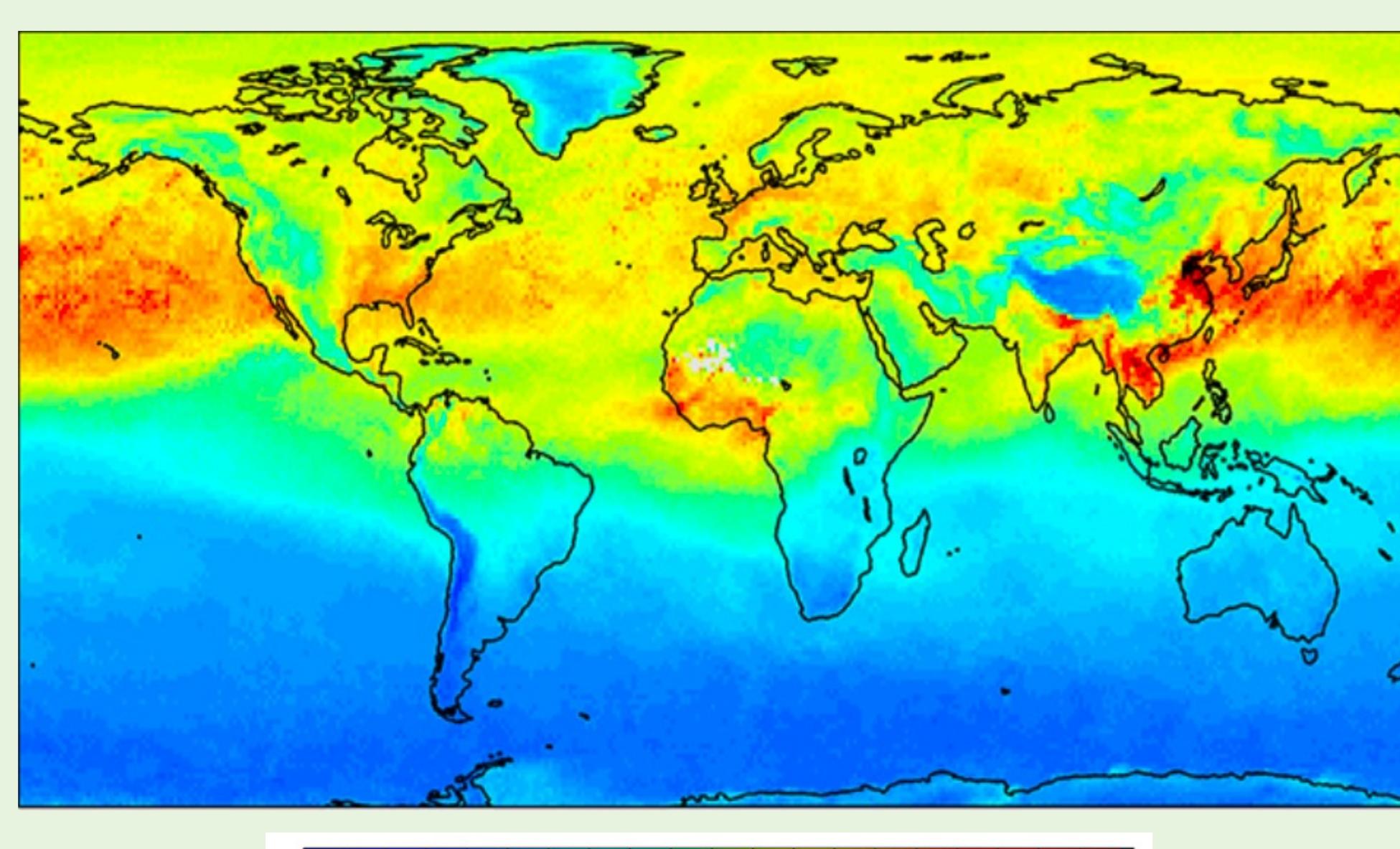
5. Prospects

- Classification applied to CO
- Near-to-real-time maps of column density from IASI
- Apply the same principle to the MTG-IRS data
- New mission design on PSI retrieval approach
 - On-board High Altitude Platforms System
 - Increased persistence of observation

1. Background

- Spectral domain VS a partial interferogram retrieval approach

Periodic signatures of CO in spectra
↓
Sharp signatures in interferograms



Carbon monoxide
– incomplete combustion of carbon-containing substances

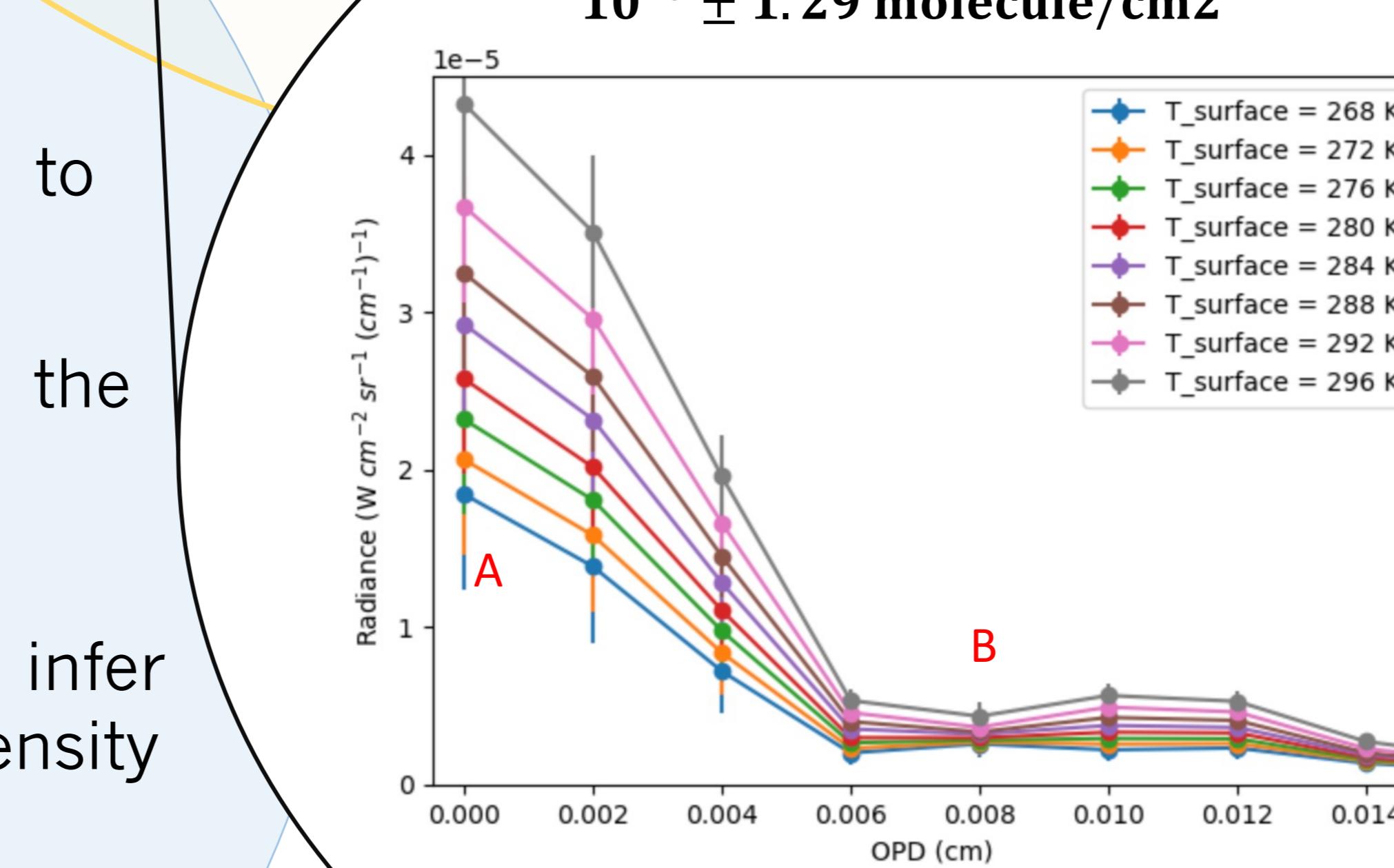
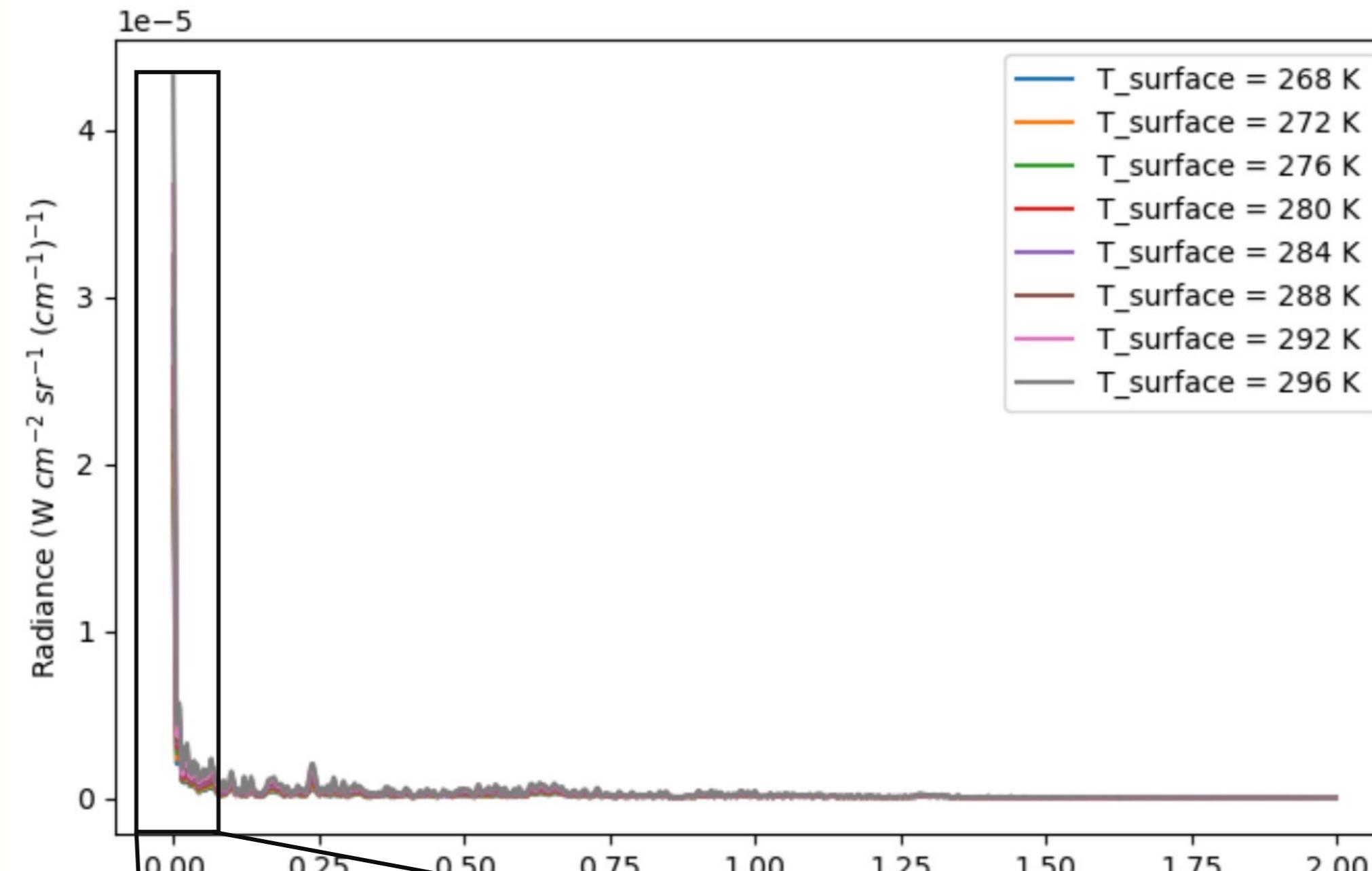
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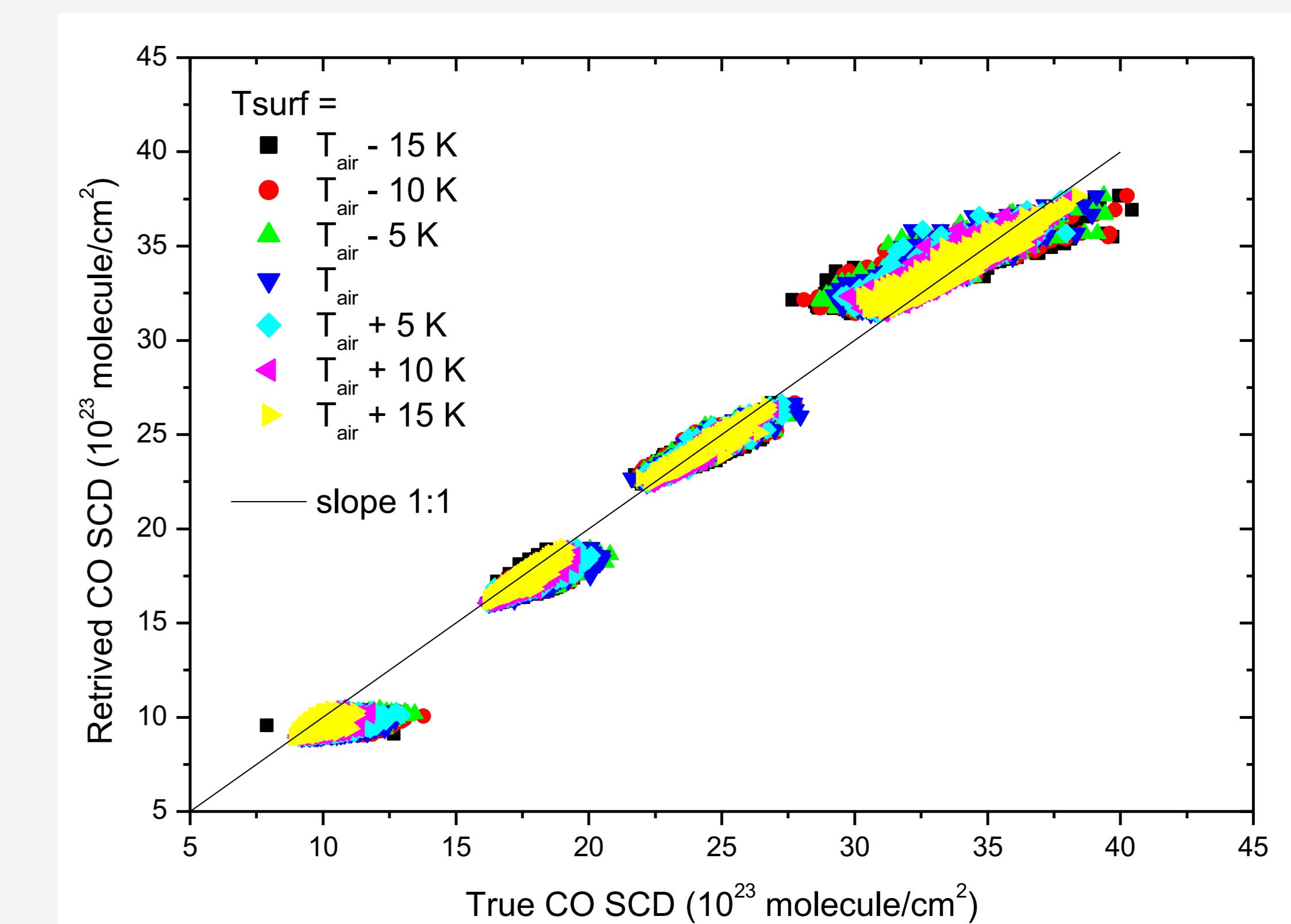
3. Classification

- Explore potential of deep learning with interferogram instead of spectra
- Investigate and remove the dependency on surface temperature and the H₂O content
- Point A sensitive to surface temperature
- Point B sensitive to slight column density of H₂O



4. Retrieval

Fig. 4: Retrieved VS true CO SCD



- Successful retrieval of surface temperature, H₂O and CO column densities
- Slope of linear regression is 1.0168 with standard deviation 4×10^{-4} (with R = 0.99)
- CO retrieval is less efficient for high and low values of SCD
- Effect of the thermal contrast is not negligible

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IASI spectra and TIGR@LMD provided by AERIS data center



- Quick map of CO column density from satellite spectra big data set
- Quantify flux / origin of the plumes

Signature peak of CO at ~0.24 cm OPD as expected due to line spacing of ~2 cm⁻¹ in the spectral domain

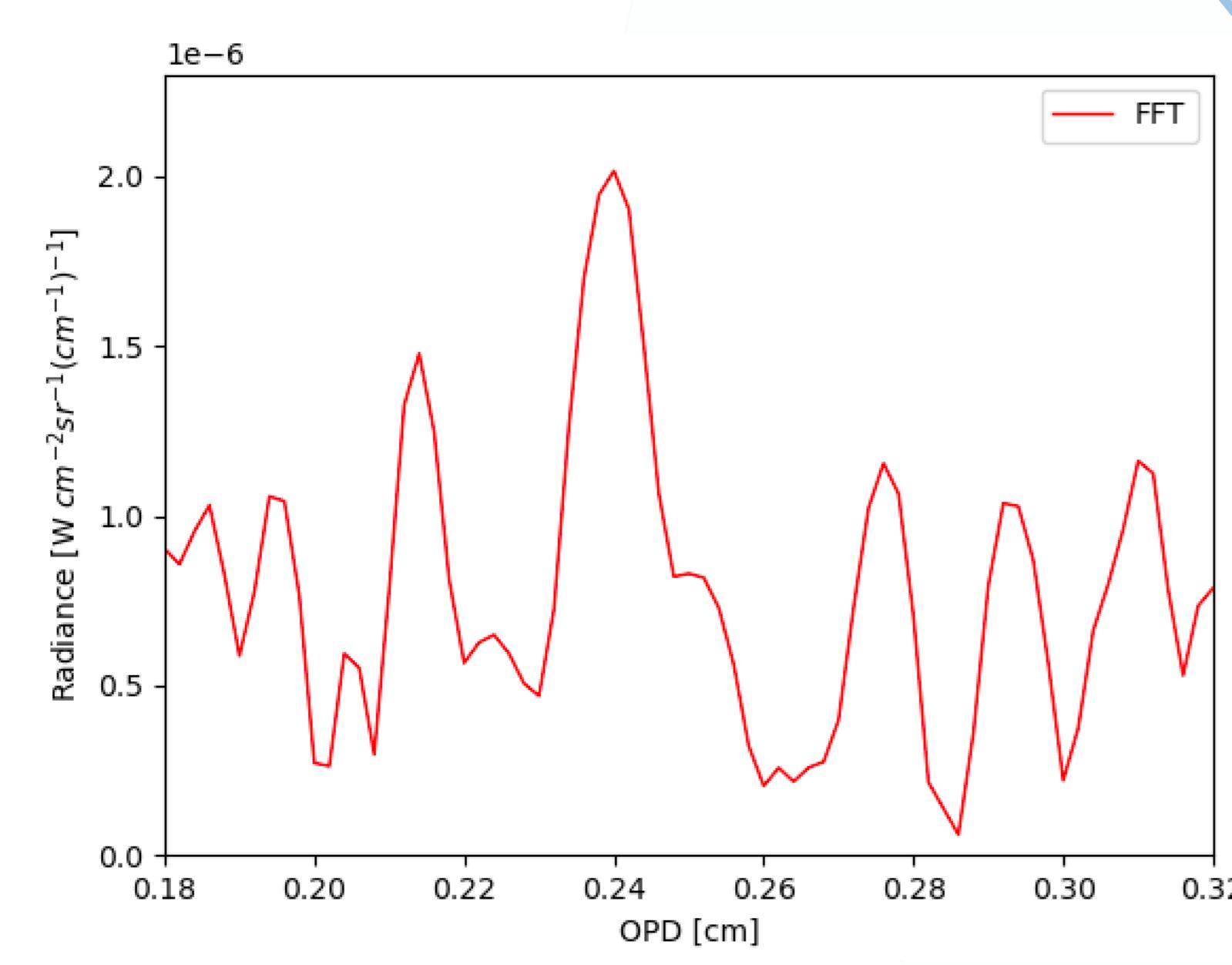
- Used case : Infrared Atmospheric Sounding Interferometer data (IASI / FTIR)

- Radiative transfer code LARA used to simulate the IASI spectra²

- Spectra transformed back to the

- First approach : Classification to infer quick estimation of CO column density

- Second approach : full physics retrieval using optimal estimation method



2. [Segonne et al., 2020, doi: 10.3390/rs12244107]

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