

Numerical modelling of the lahars generated during the 2015 eruption at Volcán Villarrica (Chile)

Silvio Kmetyko¹, Martin Mergili² and José Luis Palma³

¹Institute of Geography and Regional Science, University of Graz, Austria (silvio.kmetyko@edu.uni-graz.at)

²Institute of Geography and Regional Science, University of Graz, Austria (martin.mergili@uni-graz.at)

³Department of Earth Sciences, University of Concepción, Chile (jose@udec.cl)



Additional Graphics for the Preliminary Simulation results

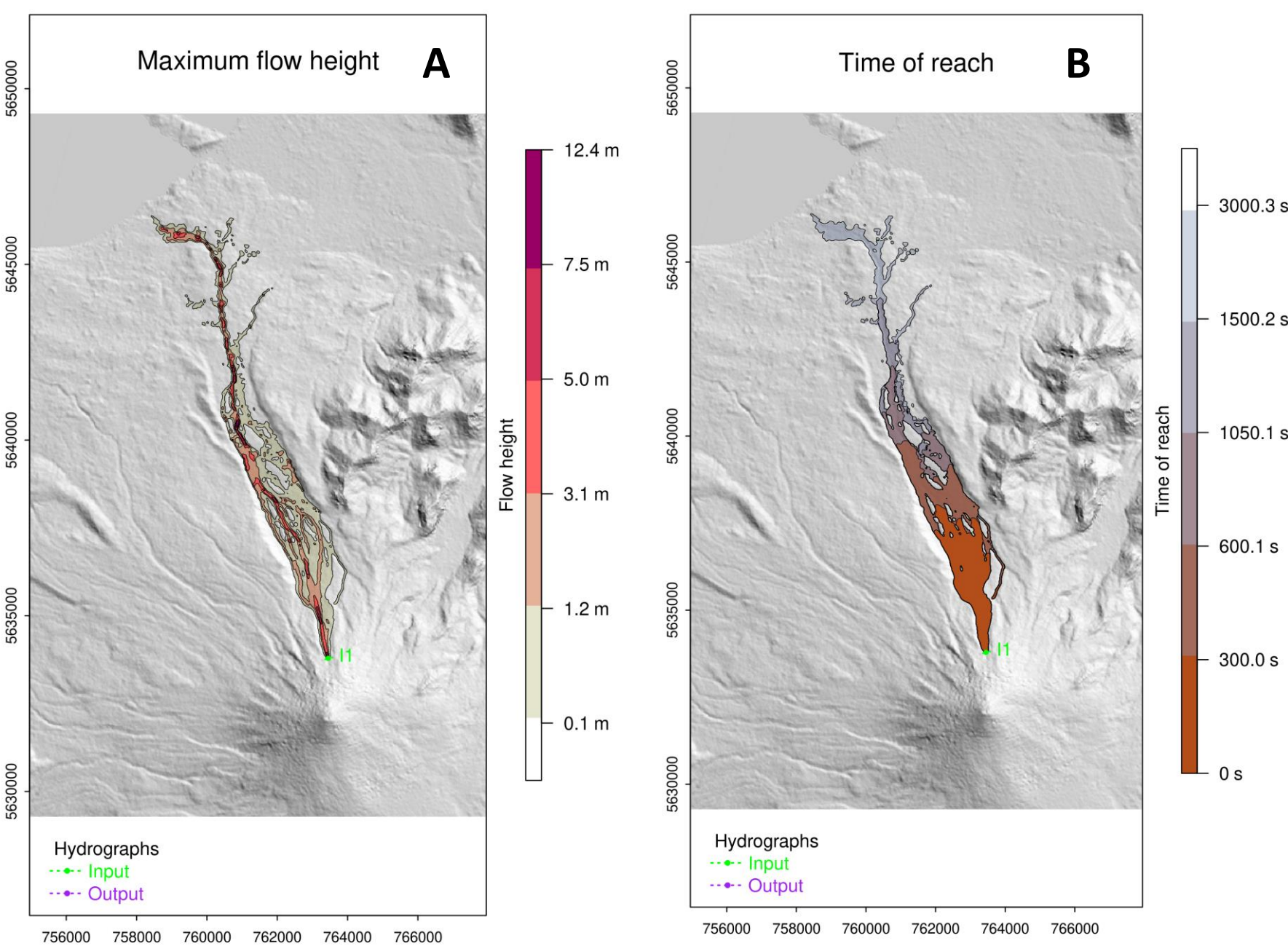


Figure 1S: Preliminary simulation results with a mixture model of *r.avaflow*. Total mass included 240,000 m³. Total simulation time: 3,000 s. **A:** Maximum flow heights in the channel **B:** Time of reach in seconds

Preliminary Simulation results with a high-resolution DEM

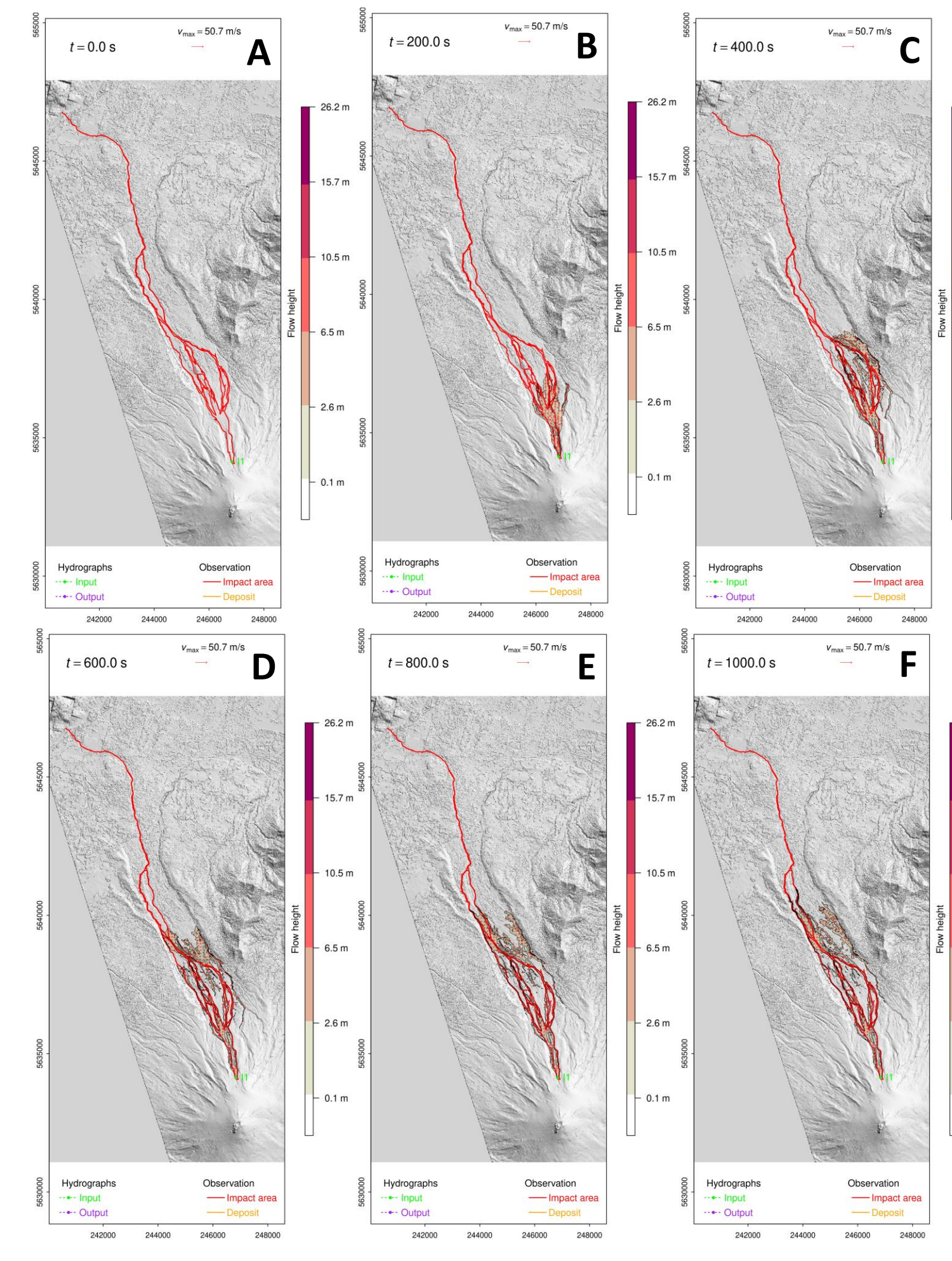


Figure 4S: Preliminary simulation result with a high-resolution DEM and a mixture model. Total mass included 240,000 m³. Total simulation time: 1,000 s. The red area illustrates the observed impact area. **A:** Observed impact area, simulation time: 0 s **B:** Reach after 200 s **C:** Reach after 400 s **D:** Reach after 600 s **E:** Reach after 800 s **F:** Reach after 1,000 s

Preliminary Simulation results with a reduced mass by 20%

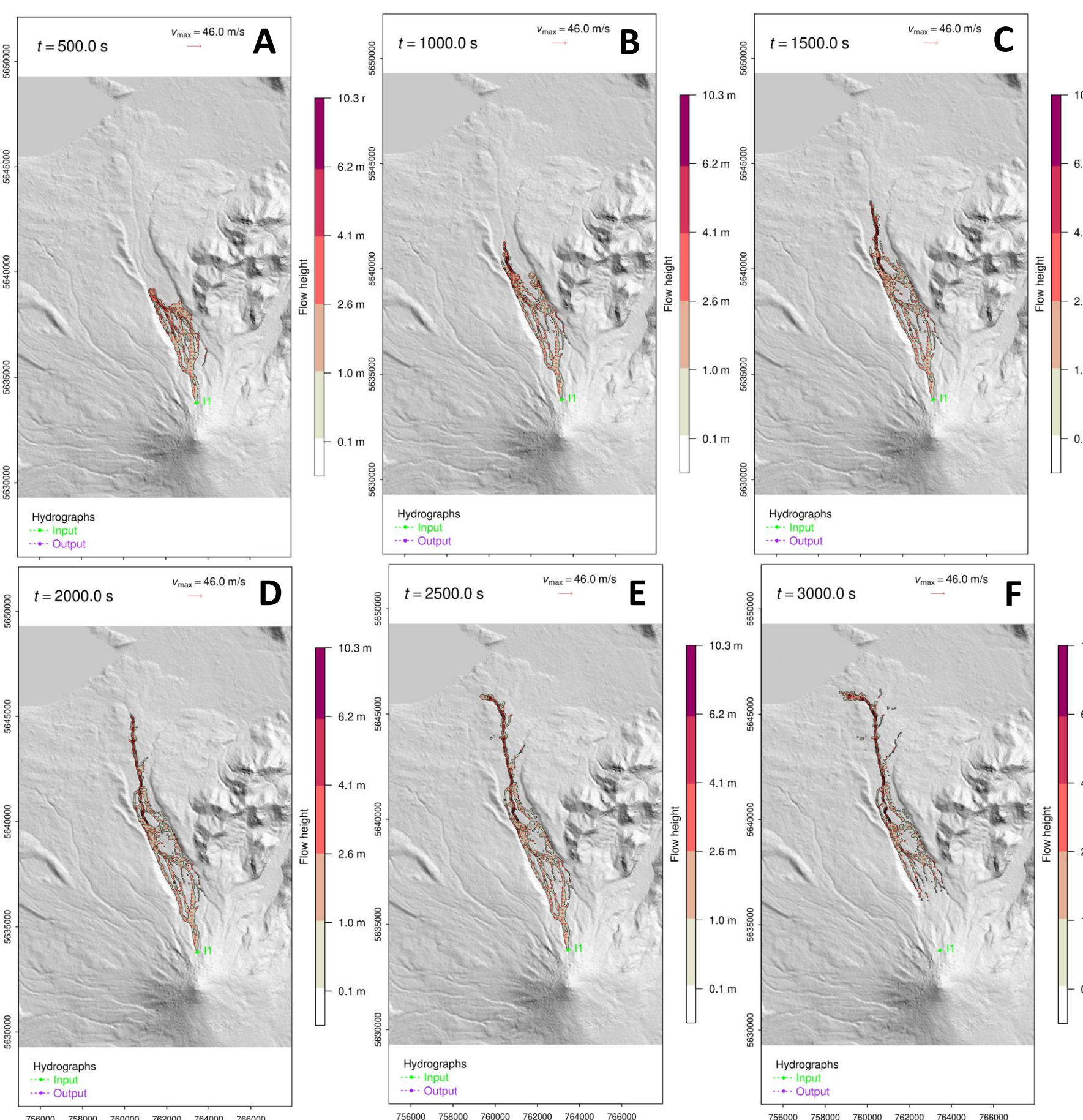


Figure 2S: Preliminary simulation results with a mixture model of *r.avaflow*. Total mass included 192,000 m³. Total simulation time: 3,000 s. **A:** Reach after 500 s **B:** Reach after 1,000 s **C:** Reach after 1,500 s **D:** Reach after 2,000 s **E:** Reach after 2,500 s **F:** Reach after 3,000 s

Figure 3S: Preliminary simulation results with a mixture model of *r.avaflow*. Total mass included 192,000 m³. Total simulation time: 3,000 s. Time of reach in seconds

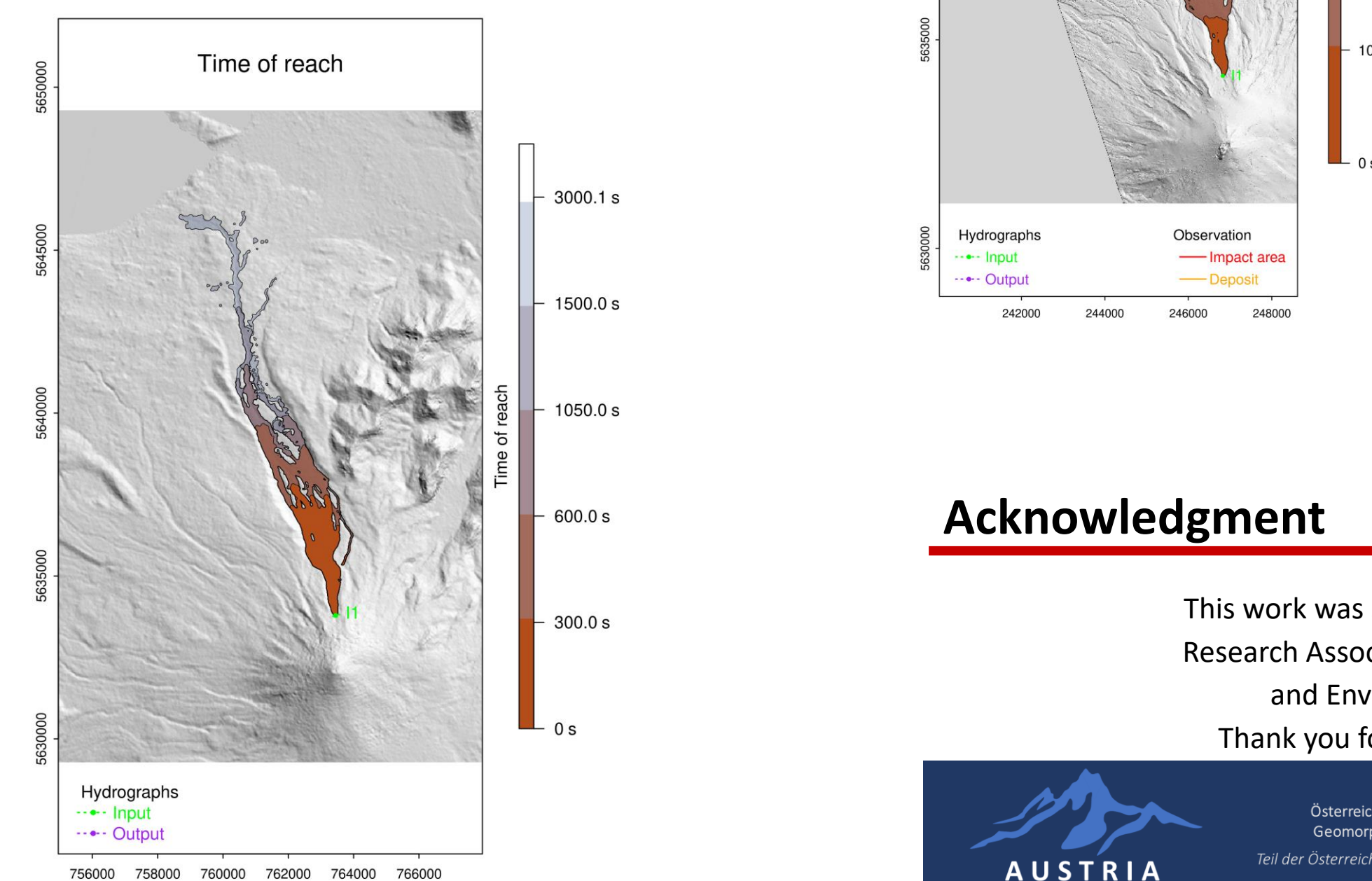


Figure 5S: Preliminary simulation results with a high-resolution DEM and a mixture model of *r.avaflow*. Total mass included 240,000 m³. Total simulation time: 1,000 s. Time of reach in seconds

Acknowledgment

This work was supported by the Austrian Research Association on Geomorphology and Environmental change. Thank you for making this possible!