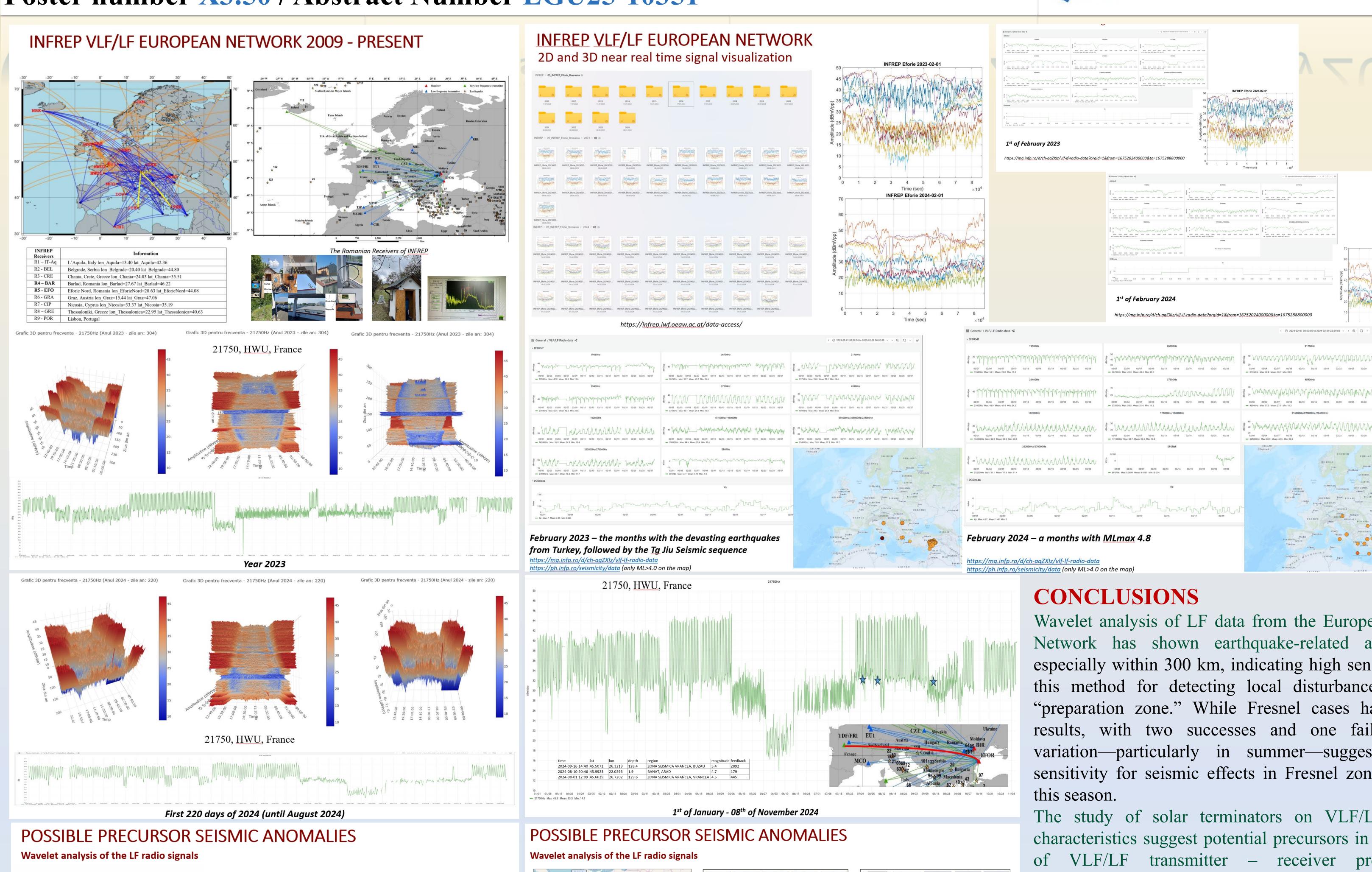
### NH4.4 - Multi-parametric Short-Term Seismic Hazard monitoring and Physical and Statistical Models for Earthquake Risk assessment

### (EGU General 2025

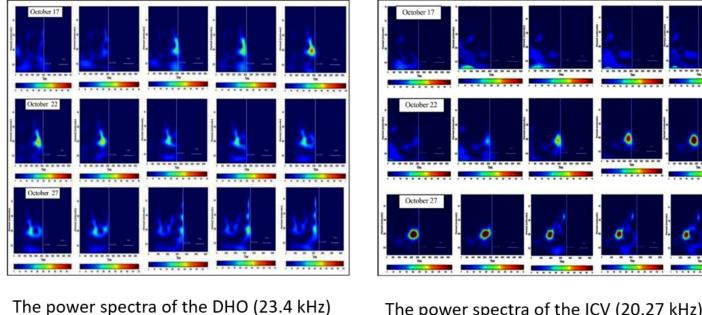
### Poster number X3.50 / Abstract Number EGU25-10351





Location of the Norcia (Central Italy) earthquakes occurred at the end of October 2016. The dashed line encloses the Dobrovolsky area of the main shock (M w = 6.5, October 30, 2016); the ellipses define the 5 th Fresnel zones of the two radio paths

(Biagi et al., 2019)



radio signal collected by CIP receiver from 17 th to 31 st of October 2016. In the time interval between 17 th and 28 th October **2016**, the Wavelet analysis is performed on the 15 days [2700 data (minutes)] preceding the reference day (vertical white line); in the last three days, analysis is performed on the 20 days [3600 data

Night time amplitude method

(minutes)]

The power spectra of the ICV (20.27 kHz) radio signal collected by CIP receiver for the time interval between the 17 th and 31 st of October 2016. In the time interval between the 17 th and 28 th of October, the Wavelet analysis is performed on the 15 days [2700 data (minutes)] preceding the reference day (vertical white line); in the last three days the Wavelet analysis is performed on the 20 days [3600 data (minutes)].

POSSIBLE PRECURSOR SEISMIC ANOMALIES

### CONCLUSIONS

1<sup>st</sup> of February 2024

https://mg.infp.ro/d/ch-aqZXIz/vlf-lf-radio-data?orgId=1&from=1675202400000&to=1675288881. A simple of the control of the co

Wavelet analysis of LF data from the European Radio Network has shown earthquake-related anomalies, especially within 300 km, indicating high sensitivity of this method for detecting local disturbances in the "preparation zone." While Fresnel cases had mixed results, with two successes and one failure, this variation—particularly in summer—suggests lower sensitivity for seismic effects in Fresnel zones during this season.

The study of solar terminators on VLF/LF waves characteristics suggest potential precursors in the shifts transmitter – receiver propagation characteristics.

To validate and enhance these findings, future studies will apply additional methods, including residual dA/dP analysis, principal component analysis, and detrended fluctuation analysis. Multi-parametric observations shall also complement the methods.

To achieve robust results INFREP VLF/LF network will be maintained and upgraded with other receivers. We need to involve researchers with skills and expertise in EM waves transmission, radio amateurs, engineers.

### POSSIBLE PRECURSOR SEISMIC ANOMALIES

(Righetti et al., 2012)

Night-time (TOP left) and day-time (TOP right) spectrograms of three LF

transmitters TRT (180 kHz), MCO (216 kHz) and CZE (270 kHz) transmitter

radio signals collected by the Thesaloniki (GRE) receiver, together with

the geomagnetic/solar and the (local) meteorological data, from July to

September 2009. Top panels: Spectrograms of the night-time (left) and

day-time (right) radio signals. Continuous horizontal lines, delimitation of

the region of the wavelet spectra in which edge effects become important

(Torrence and Compo, 1998). Centre panels: Dst and Kp geomagnetic

indices and solar burst numbers (SS) (left), and air temperature, air

pressure and occurrence of rain and storms (right). Bottom: map showing

the 5th Fresnel zone of the GR/MCO path, showing the epicentres of the

August 21 and September 6, 2009, Albania earthquakes that occurred

inside these zones. Vertical dashed lines, time of occurrence of these

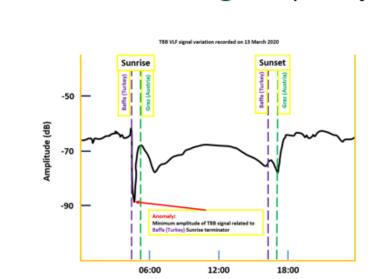
## UtraMSK1 Graz – TBB Transmitter

2009/08/21 h = 2.0 km M = 5.0

009/09/06 h = 10 km M = 5.6

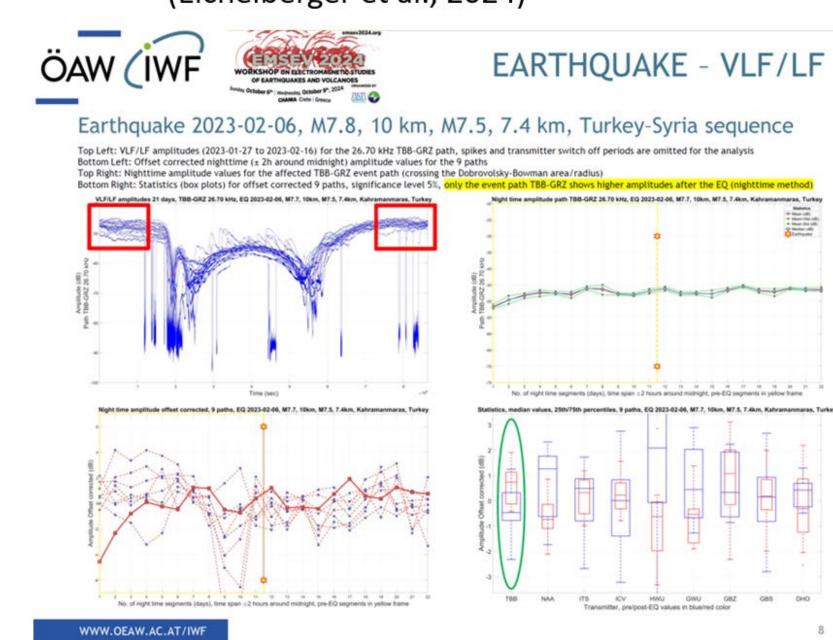
**Terminator time method** 

TBB transmitter signal variations recorded by the Ultra-MSK system from 10 to 25 March 2020, which correspond, respectively, to 70 DOY and 85 DOY. The horizontal and vertical axes indicate the time (24 h) and the amplitude from -110 dB to -40 dB. The vertical lines designate the sunrises and sunsets at the TBB transmitter location (violet dashed vertical lines) and the sunrises and sunsets at the Graz VLF/LF facility (green dashed vertical lines). The EQ occurred on 22 March 2020 (82 DOY) at 05:24 UT, ML5.8 in Croatia, near Zagreb. (Boudjada et al., 2024)



# EARTHQUAKE - VLF/LF

(Eichelberger et al., 2024)



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**DOY 2020** 

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Vienna, Austria & Online 27 April-2 May 2025

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