

# Combining spatio-temporal neural networks with mechanistic interpretability to investigate teleconnections in S2S forecasts



Philine Lou  
Bommer\*



Prof. Marlene  
Kretschmer



Kirill Bykov

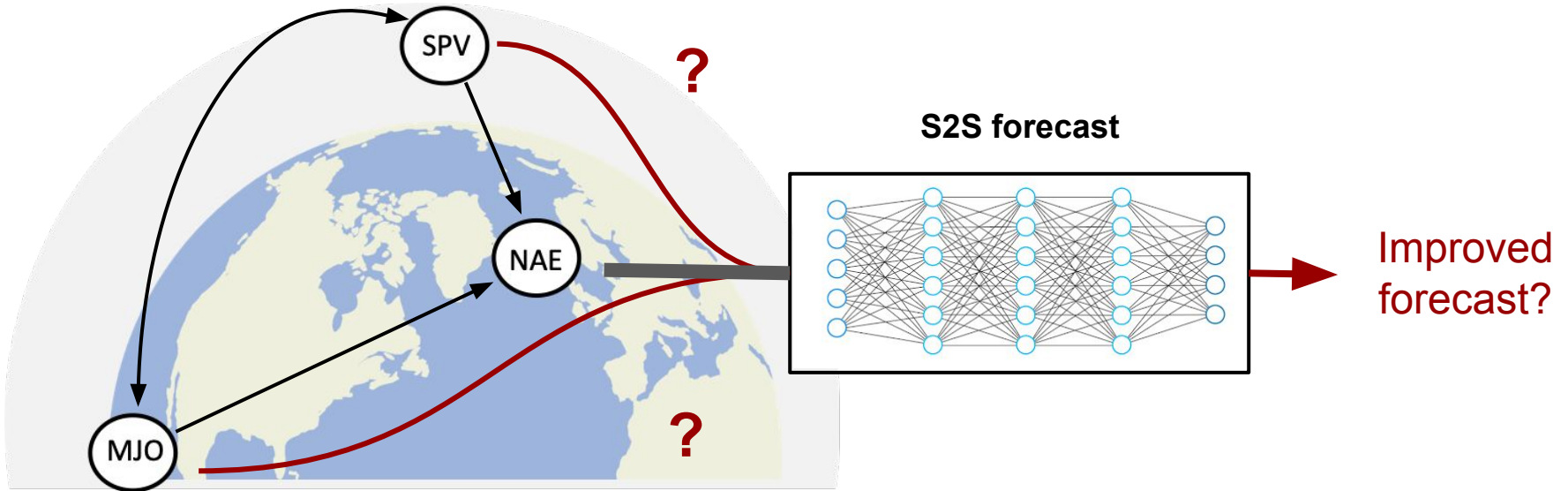


Fiona Spurler



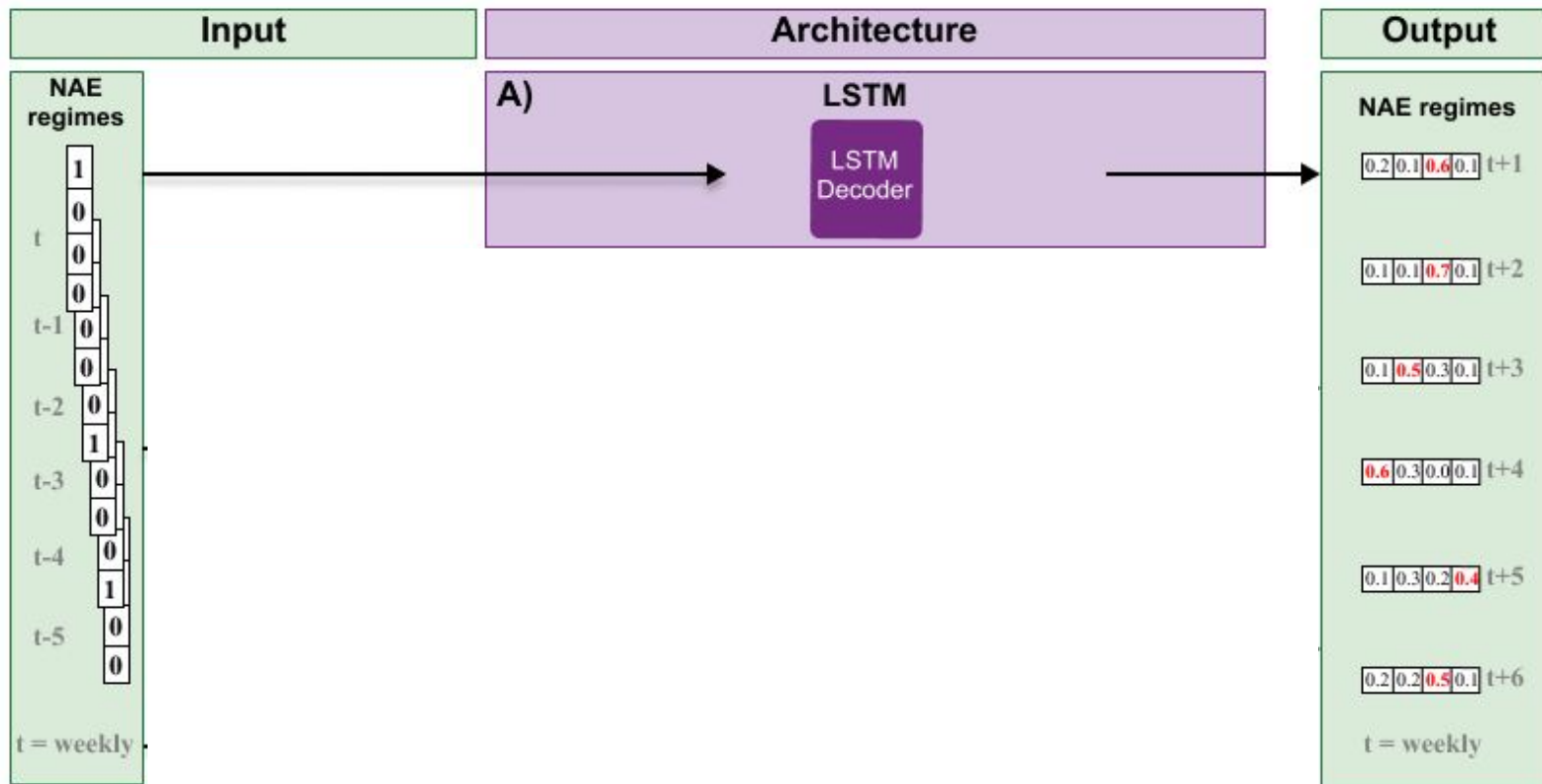
Prof. Marina  
M.-C. Hoehne

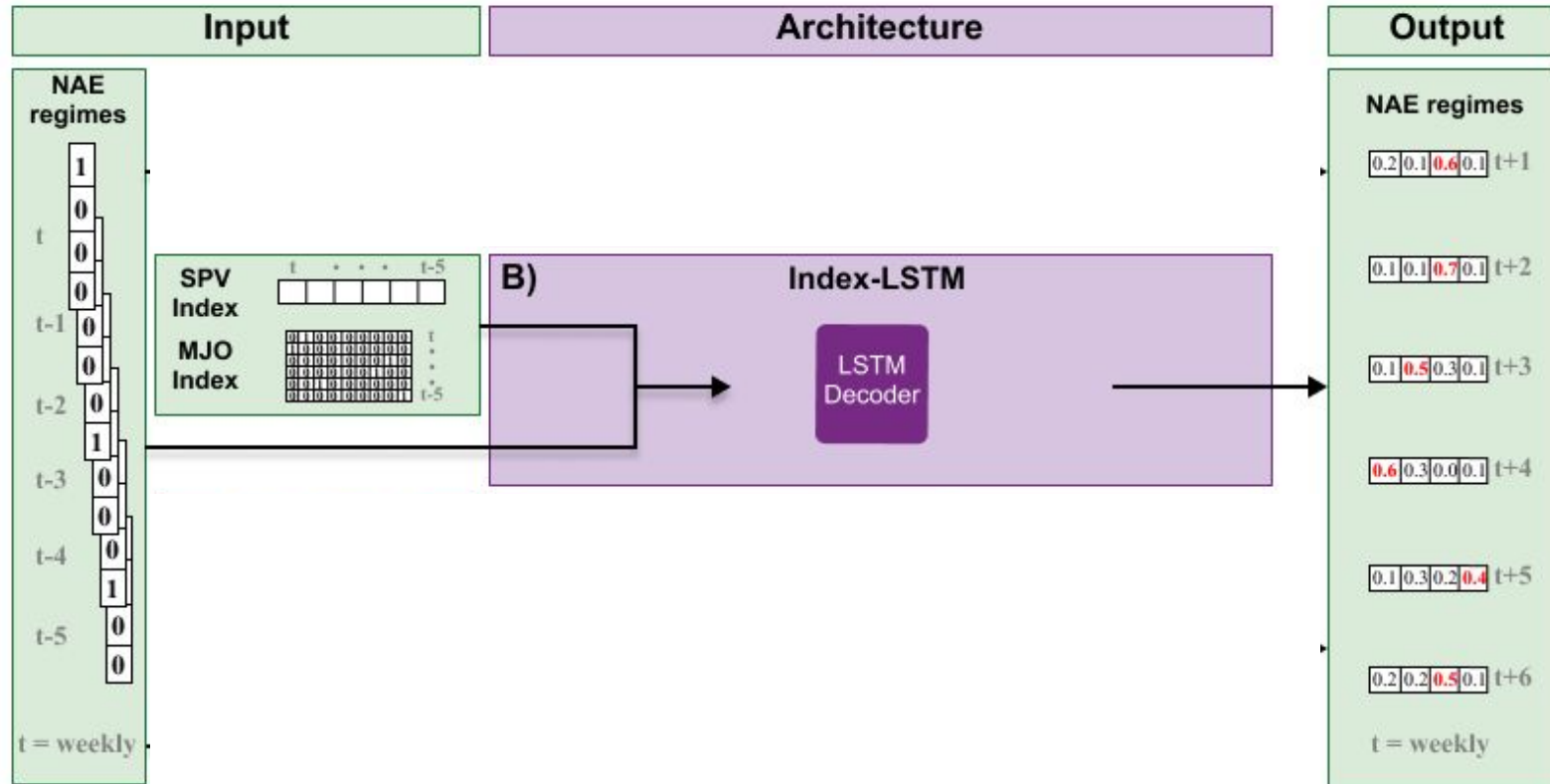
# Research questions

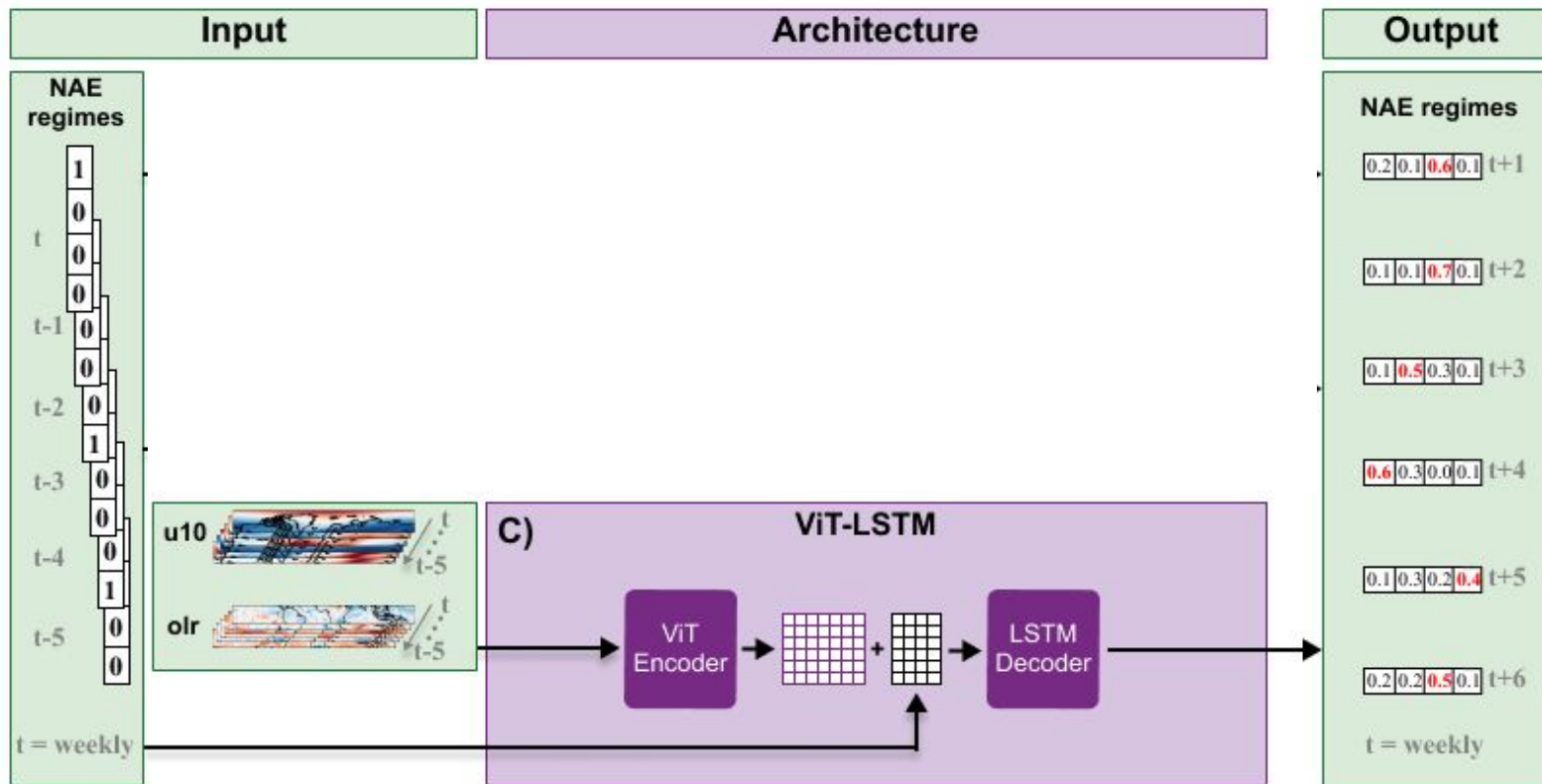


# Task & Architecture

# Architecture





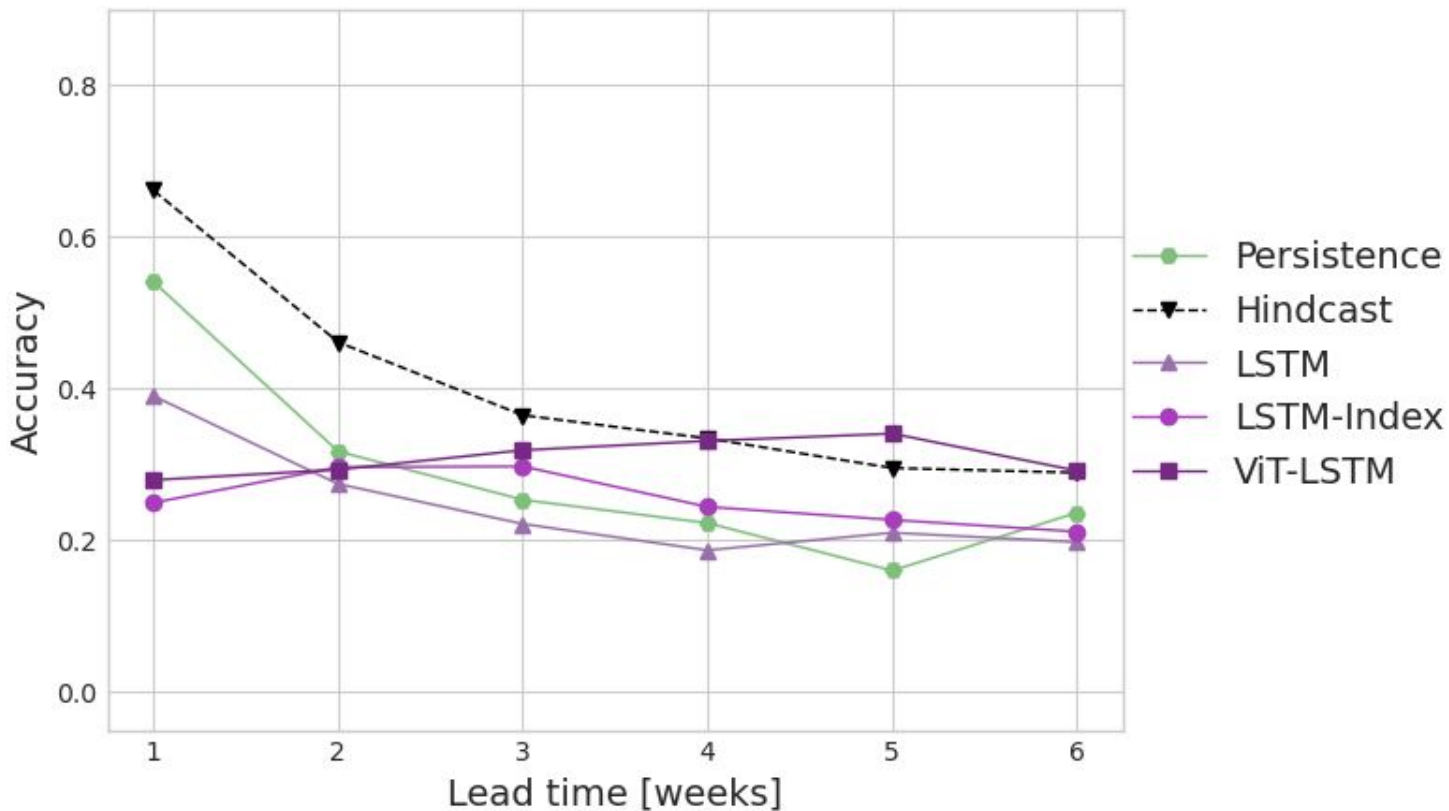


# Results

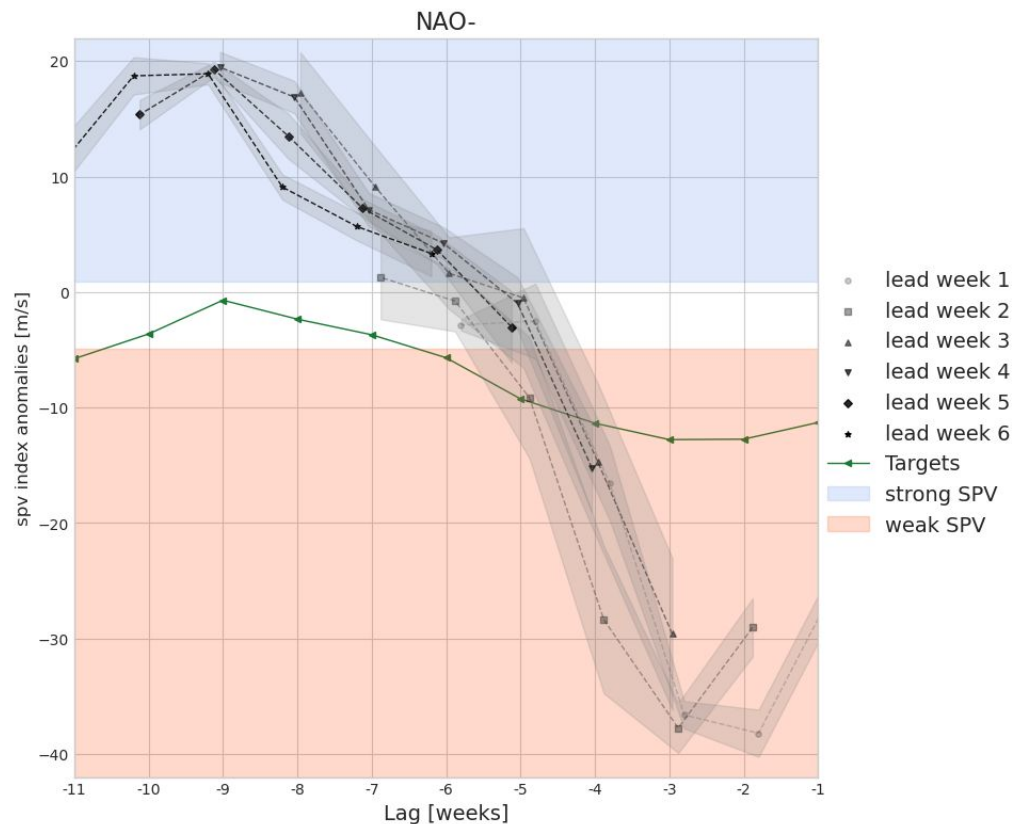
# I) Forecast Skill



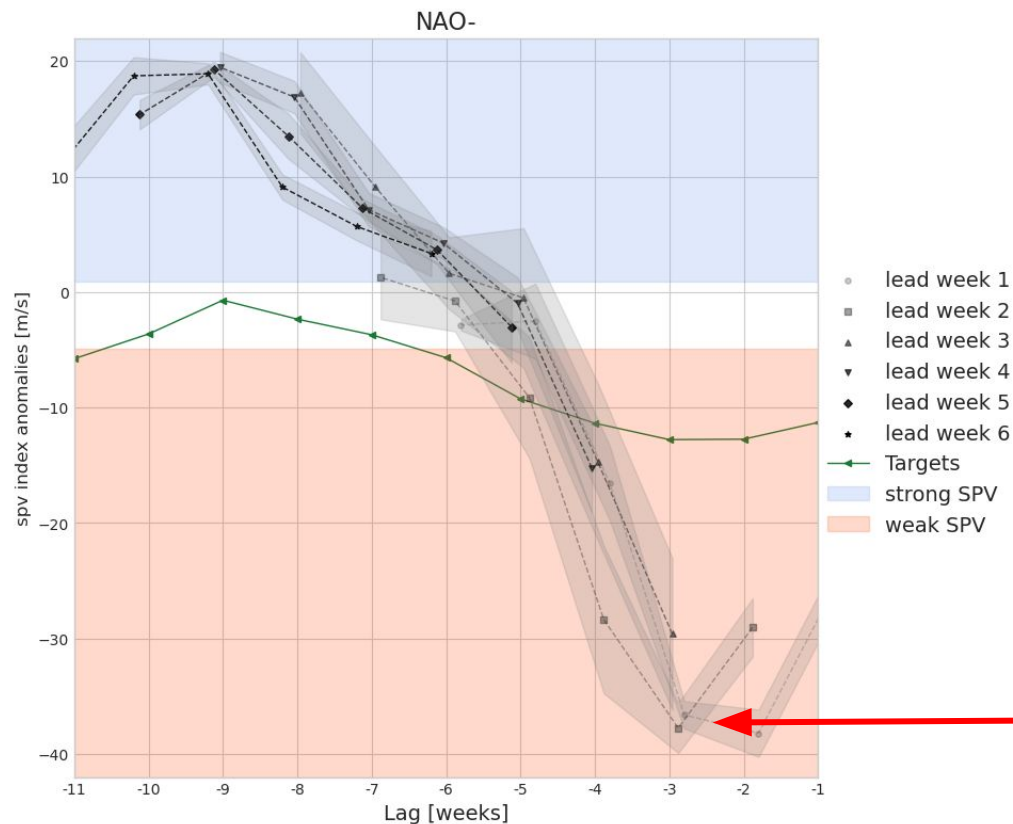
# Performance



## II) Impact of teleconnections



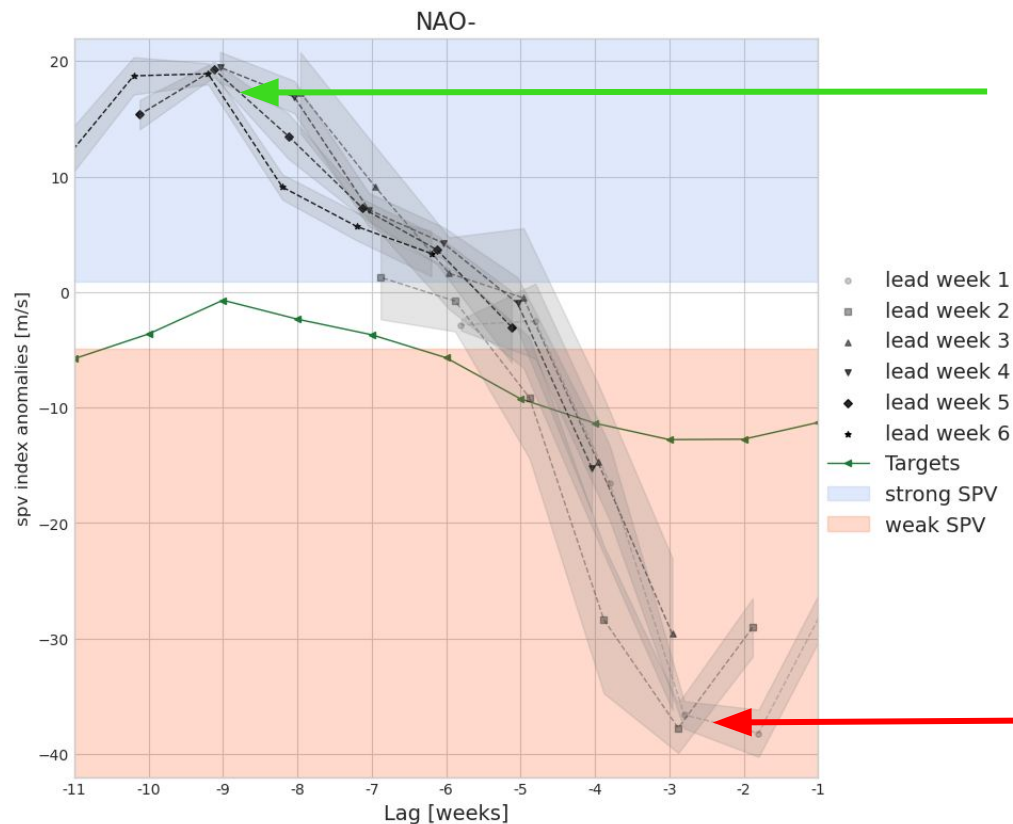
# SPV Precursor



Domeisen et al. 2020



# SPV Precursor



Strong SPV improves predictability on longer timescales?

Domeisen et al. 2020



# Conclusion

1. ***External drivers and DL can improve S2S predictability***
  
2. **Purely data-driven embeddings** potentially complementary to established physics
  
3. **ML as an investigative tool** for unknown atmospheric relationships

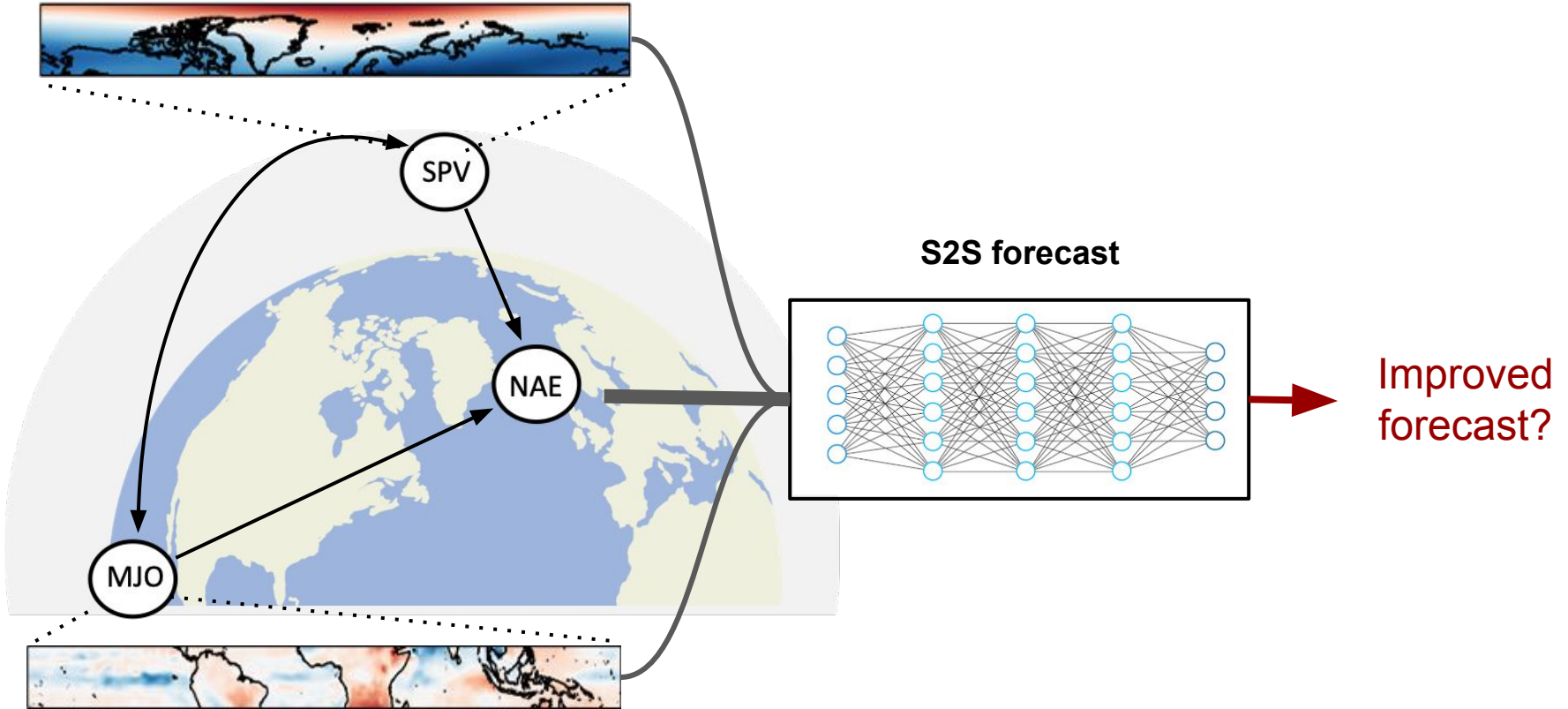


Check out the paper and  
github!

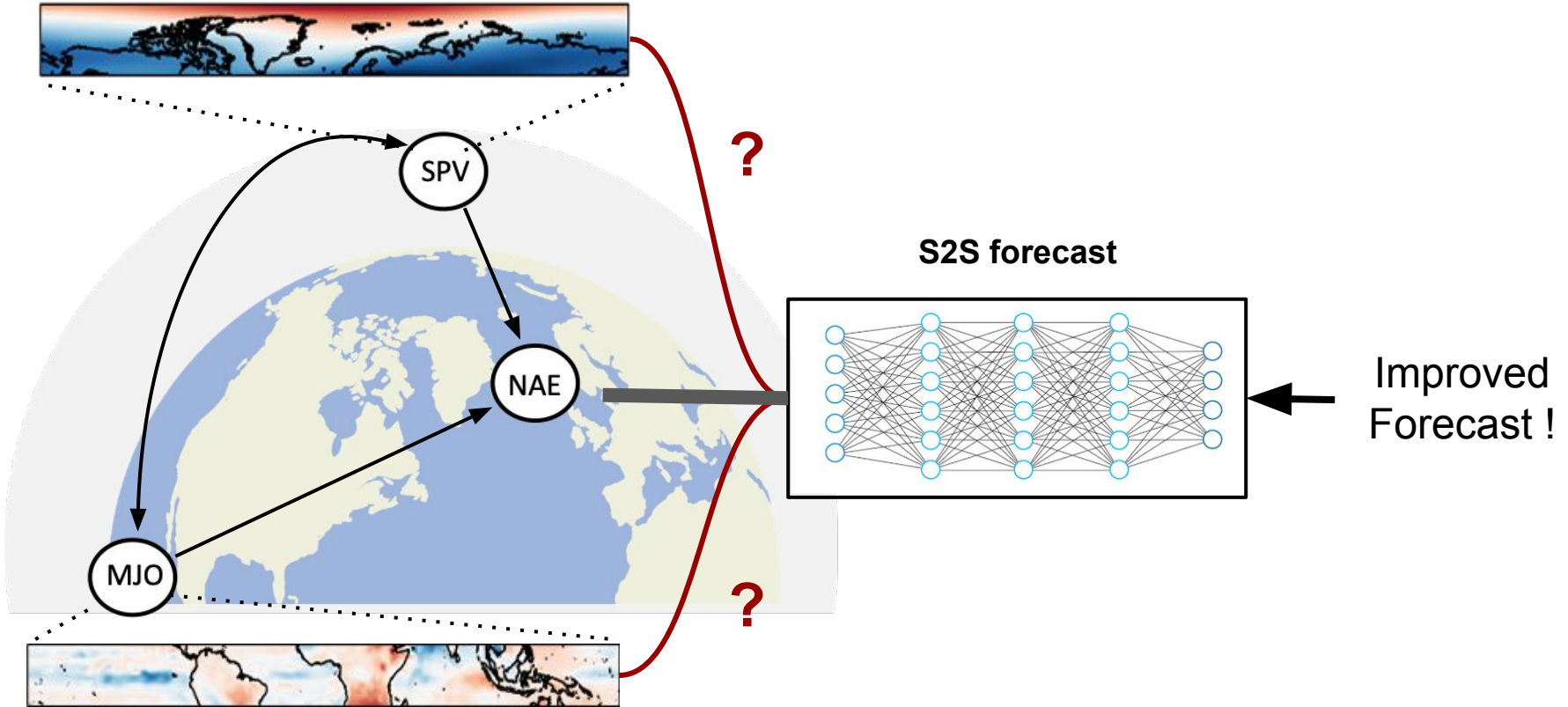
# Appendix



# Research question A

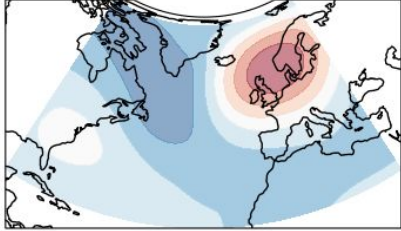


# Research question B



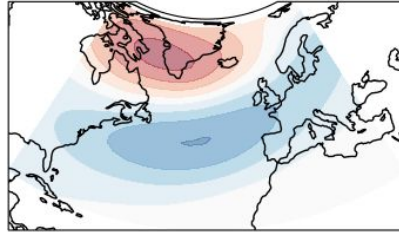
# Prediction Task

Scandinavian blocking (24.50%)



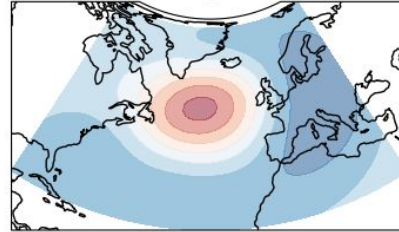
**Class 1**

NAO - (19.03%)



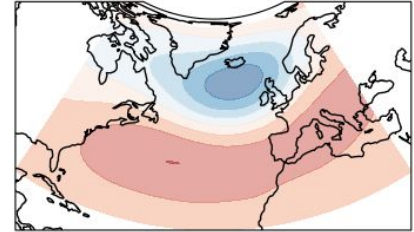
**Class 2**

Atlantic Ridge (24.50%)

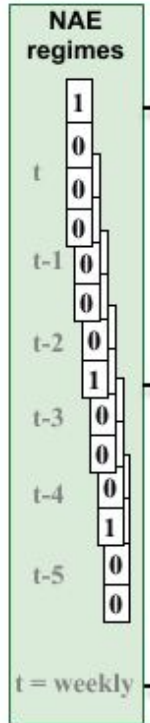


**Class 3**

NAO+ (31.96%)

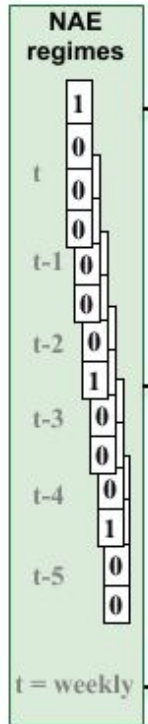


**Class 4**



## Inputs:

- 6 weekly averages
- Time series:
  1. 4 **NAE regimes** as classes

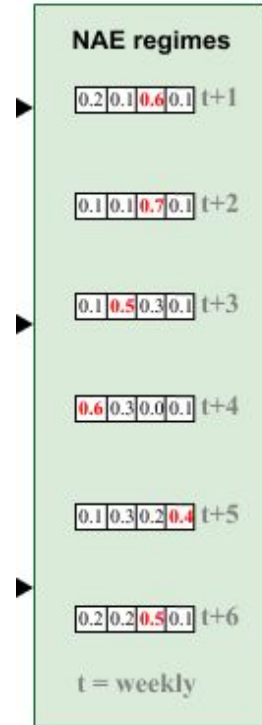


## Inputs:

- 6 weekly averages
- Time series:
  1. 4 **NAE regimes** as classes

## Outputs:

- weekly regime probabilities for  $t + 1$  to  $t + 6$  weeks
- predicted class: regime of highest probability

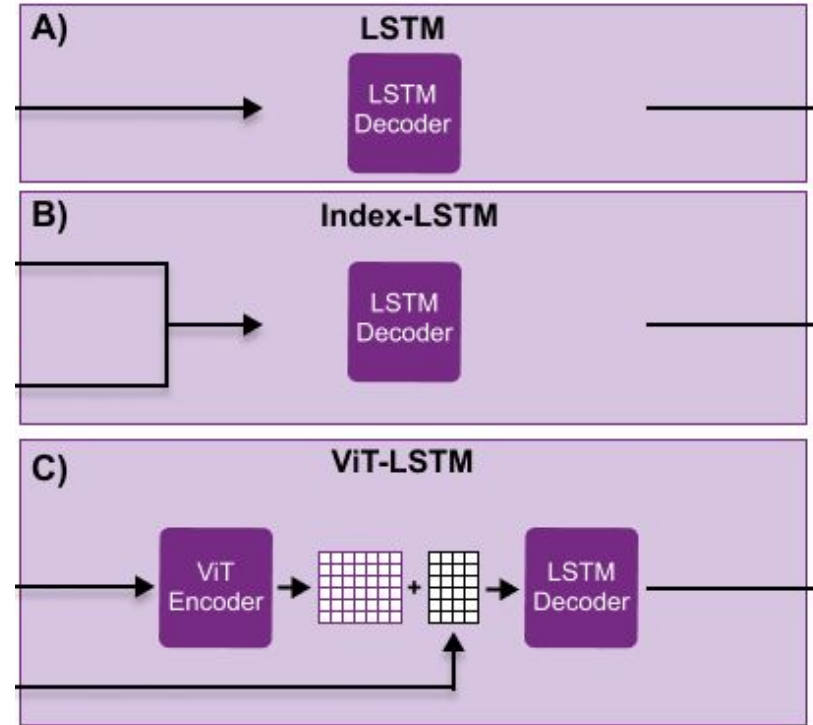


## 1. Pre-training (MAE-based)

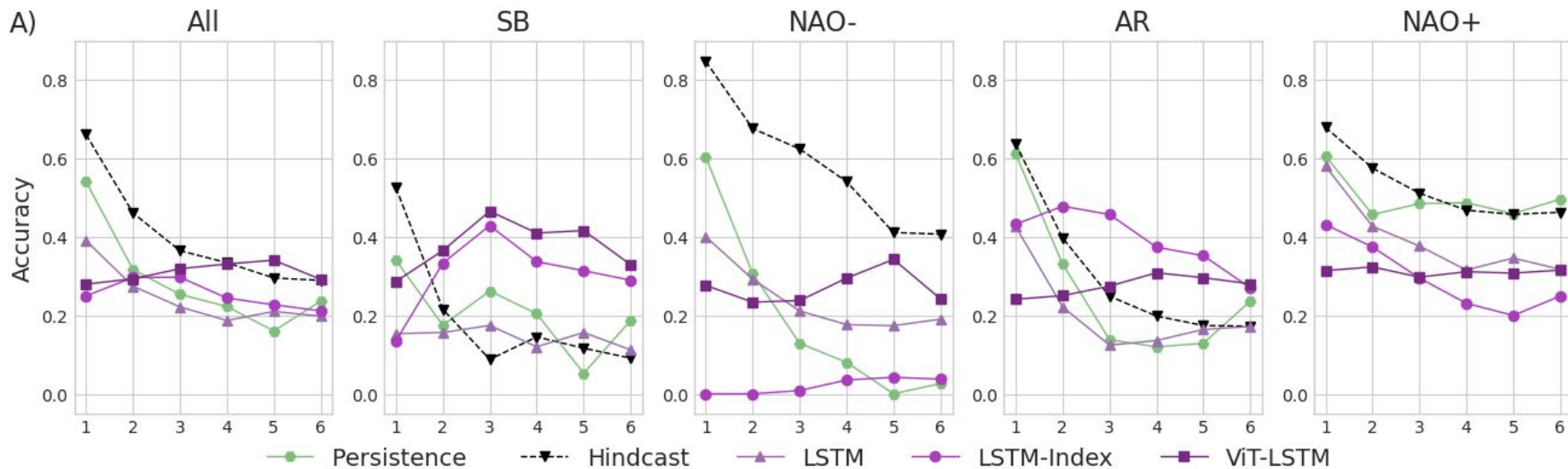
- 20CRv3 (1836 - 1979)
- ERA5 (1980 - 2023)

## 2. Fine-tuning (Classification)

- ERA5 (1980 - 2023)

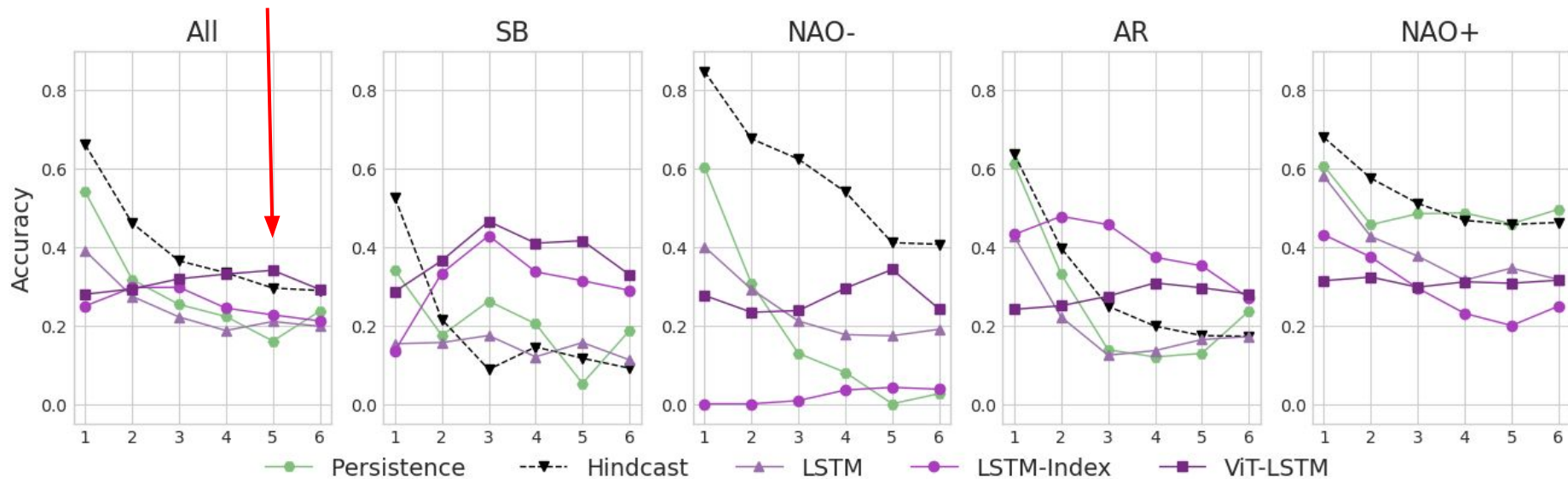


|                 |              | lead week 1   | lead week 2   | lead week 3   | lead week 4    | lead week 5    | lead week 6    |
|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| <b>Baseline</b> | Persistence  | 54.1%         | 31.7%         | 25.3%         | 22.3%          | 16.0%          | 23.6%          |
|                 | Climatology  | 24.8%         | 24.6%         | 24.3%         | 23.6%          | 23.6%          | 22.6%          |
|                 | Hindcast     | <b>66%</b>    | <b>46.1%</b>  | <b>36.5%</b>  | <b>33.4%</b>   | 29.5%          | <b>28.9%</b>   |
| <b>ML</b>       | LR           | 35.65 ± 0.09% | 32.53 ± 0.08% | 26.89 ± 0.09% | 20.46 ± 0.09%  | 16.1 ± 0.1%    | 23.30 ± 0.08%  |
|                 | LSTM         | 39 ± 3%       | 28 ± 1%       | 22.1 ± 0.7%   | 18 ± 1%        | 21 ± 1%        | 21 ± 1%        |
|                 | Index - LSTM | 25 ± 1%       | 30 ± 1%       | 30 ± 1%       | 24 ± 1%        | 23 ± 1%        | 21 ± 2%        |
|                 | ViT - LSTM   | 28 ± 2%       | 30 ± 2%       | 31 ± 2%       | <b>33 ± 2%</b> | <b>33 ± 2%</b> | <b>30 ± 2%</b> |
|                 | Aurora-T     | 37 ± 1%       | 26 ± 1%       | 26 ± 2%       | 22 ± 2%        | 22 ± 1%        | 21 ± 2%        |

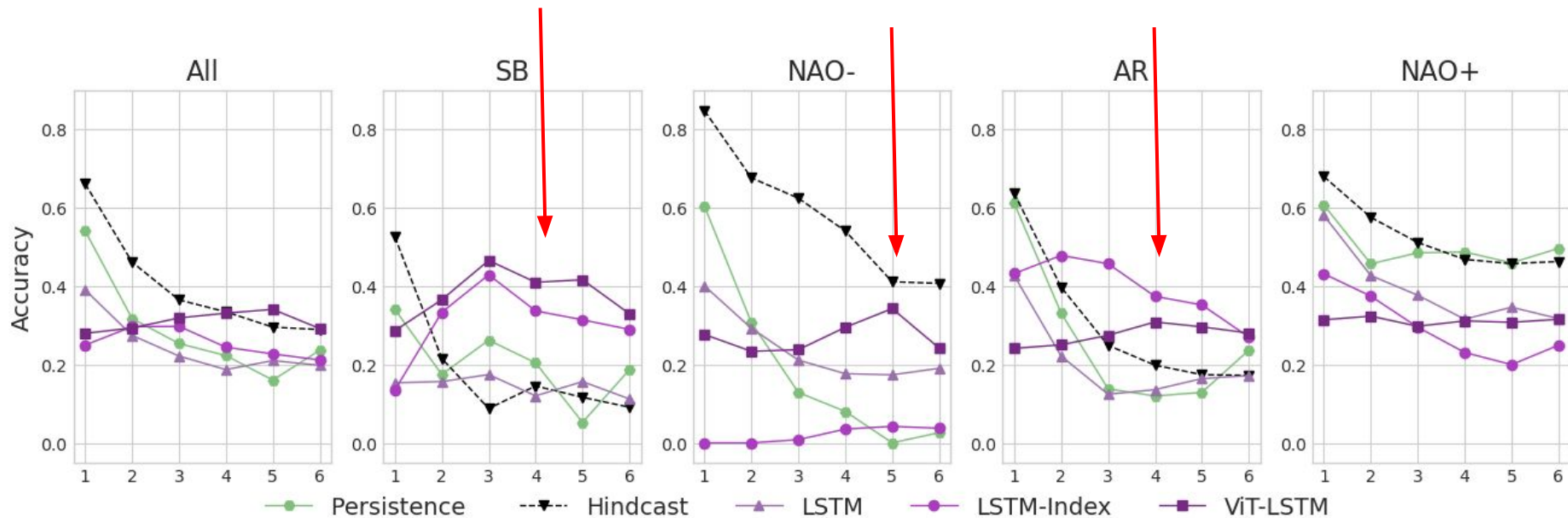




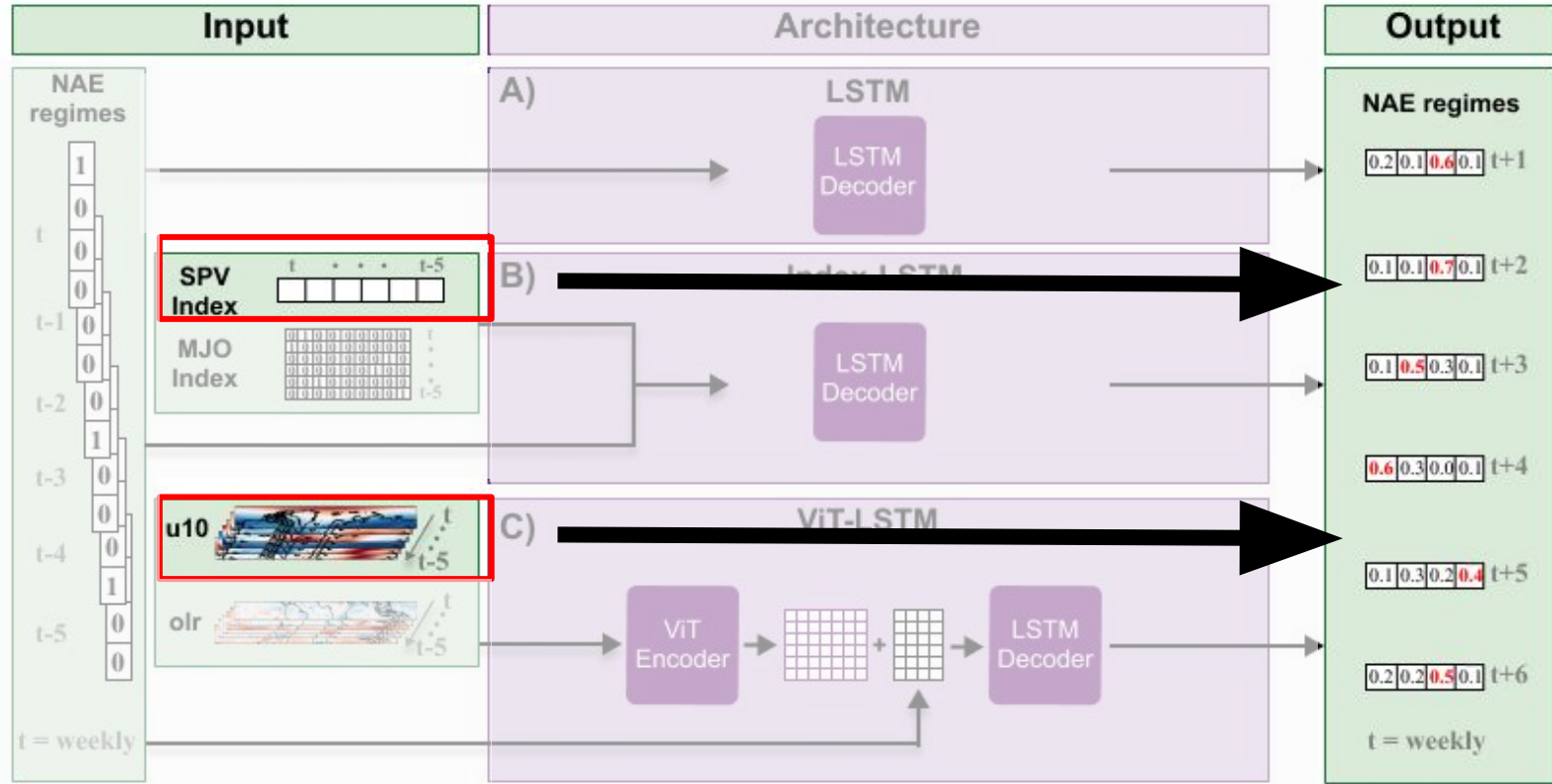
# Performance



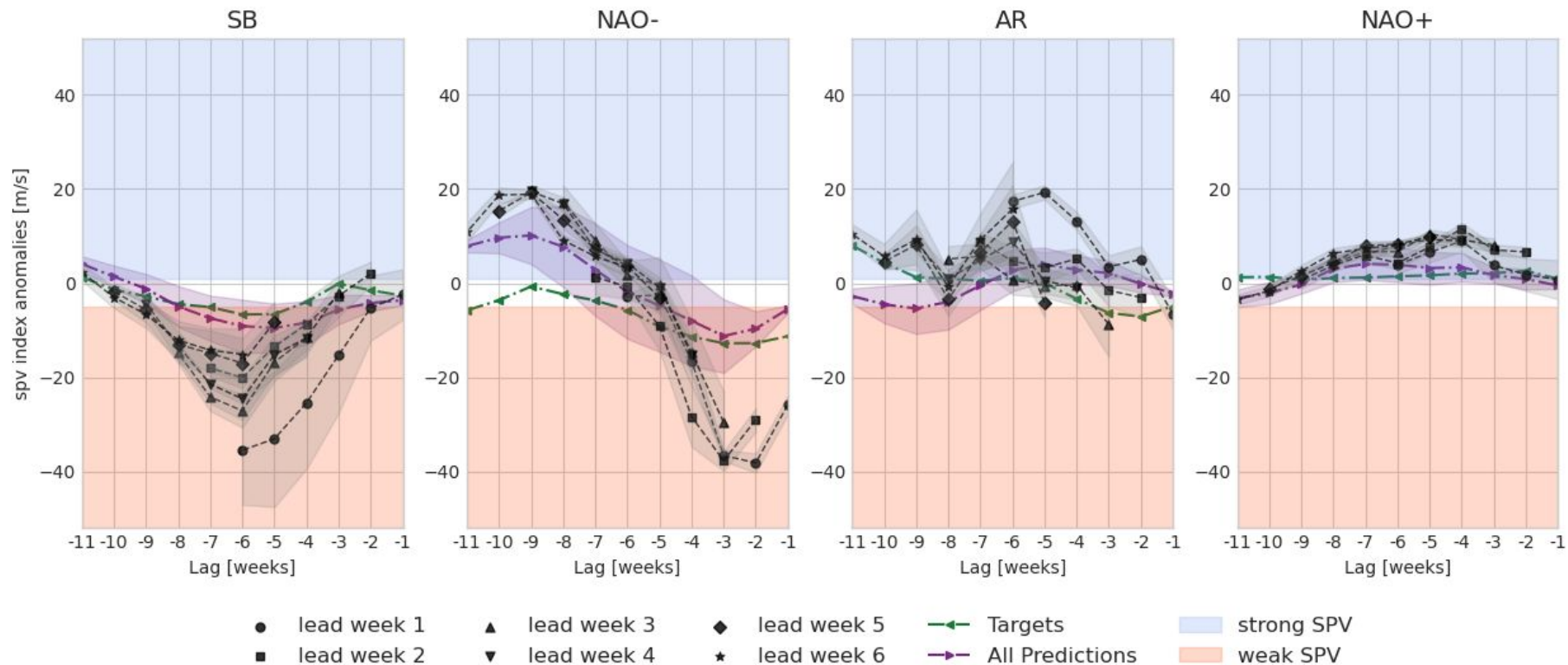
# Performance



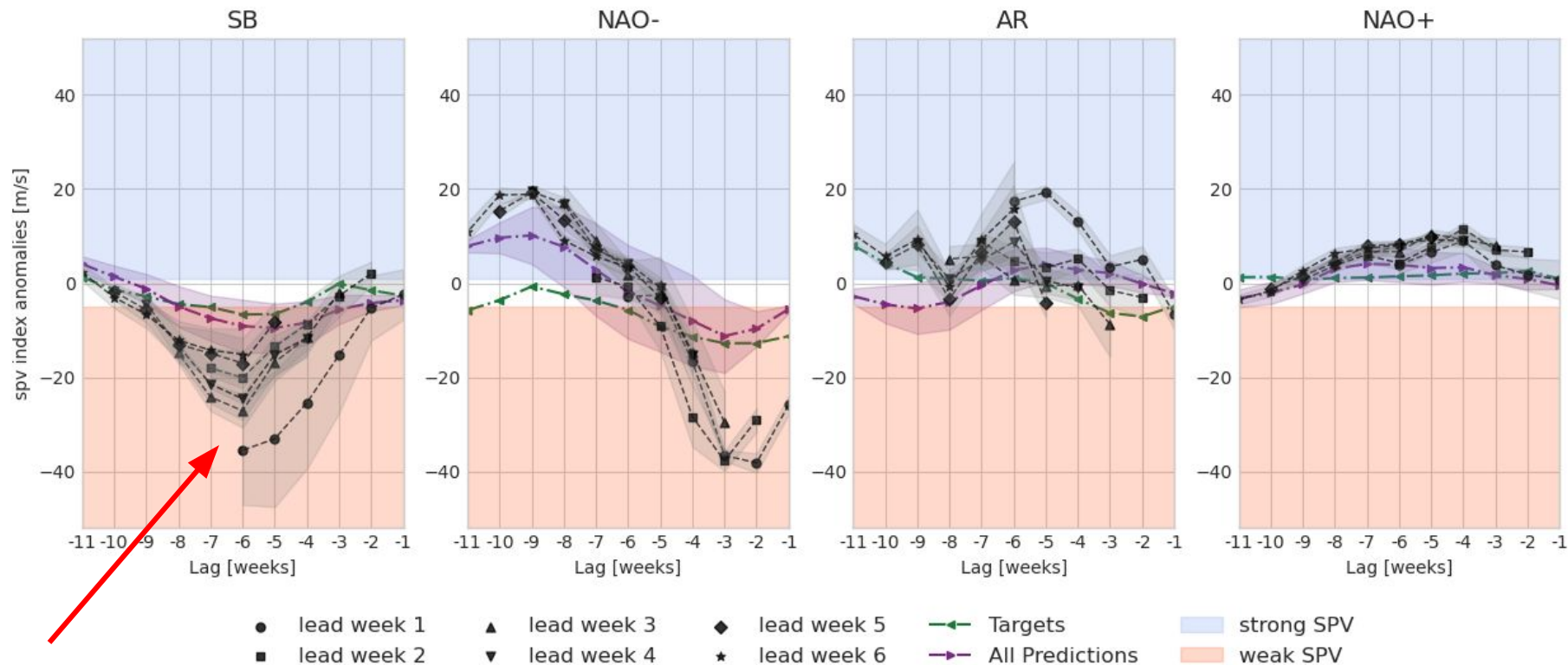
## Example - SPV Precursor



# SPV Precursor

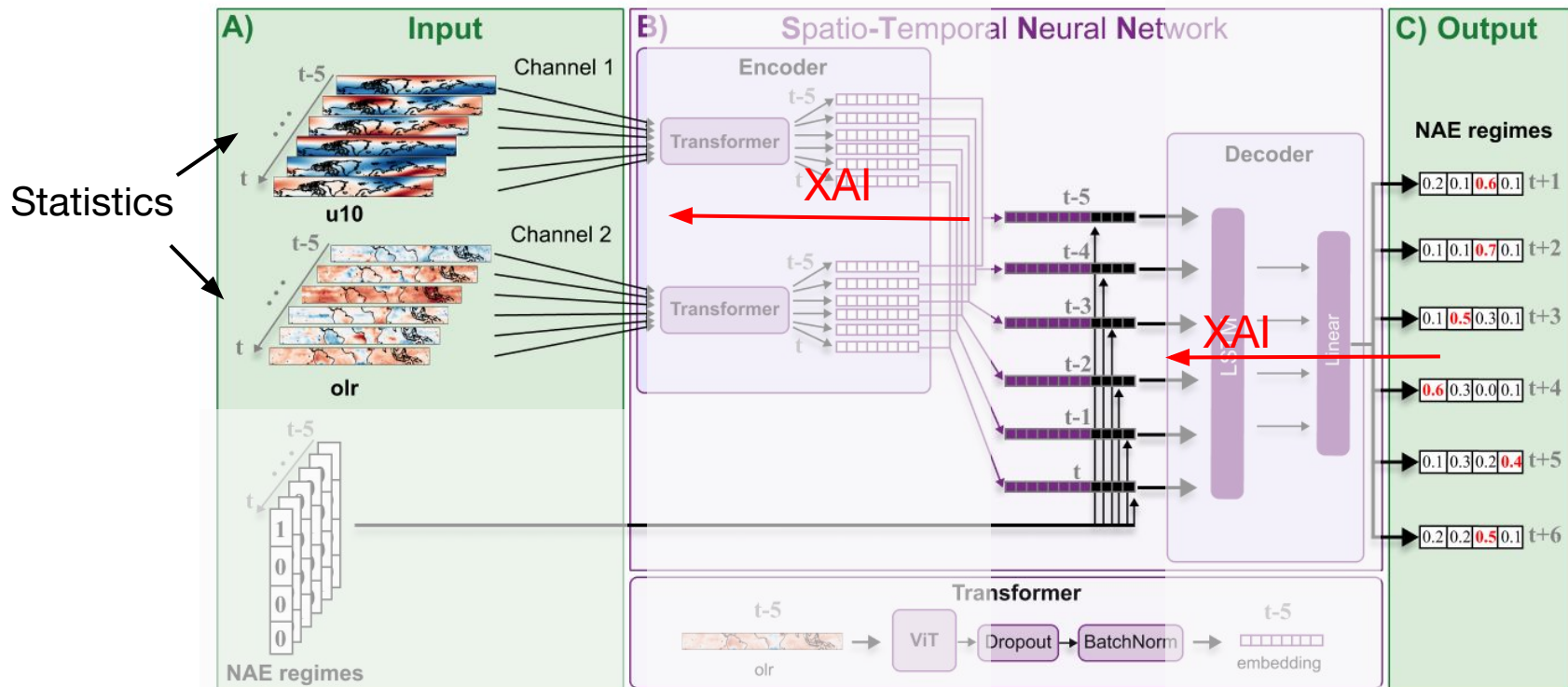


# SPV Precursor



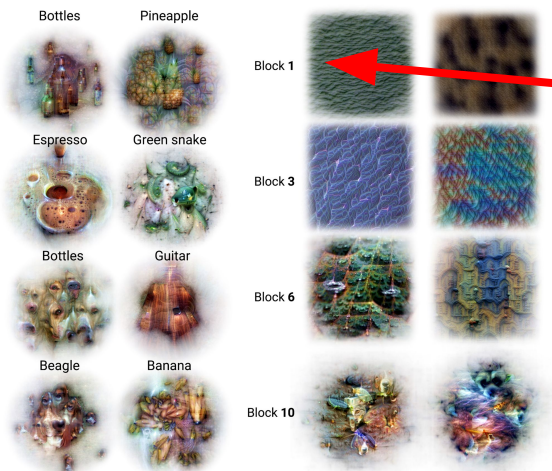
similar to Spaeth et al.  
2024

# Forecasts of Opportunity?

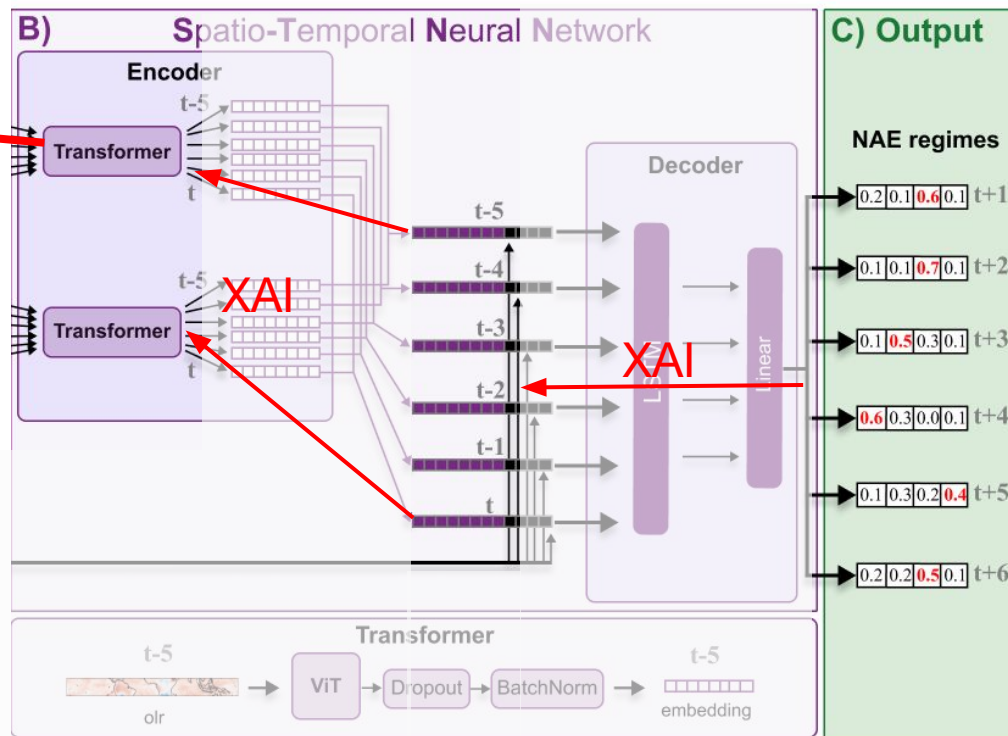




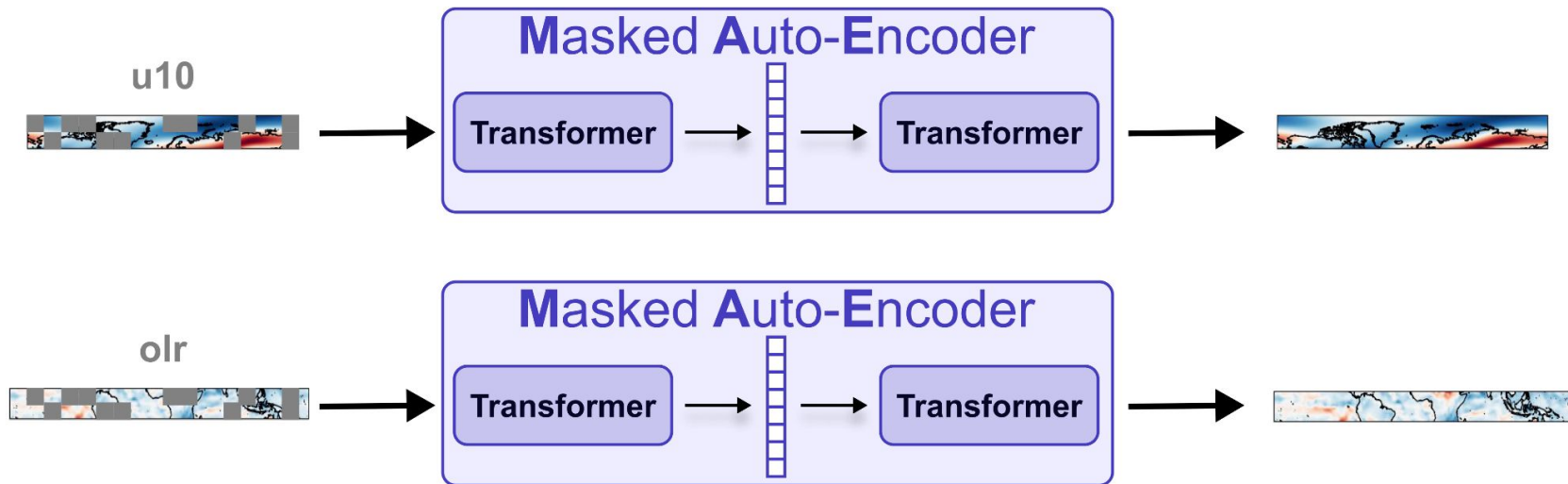
# Physics-based Representations?



Fel et al. 2023

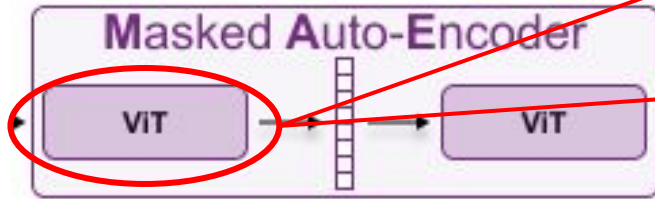


# Pretraining of Transformer

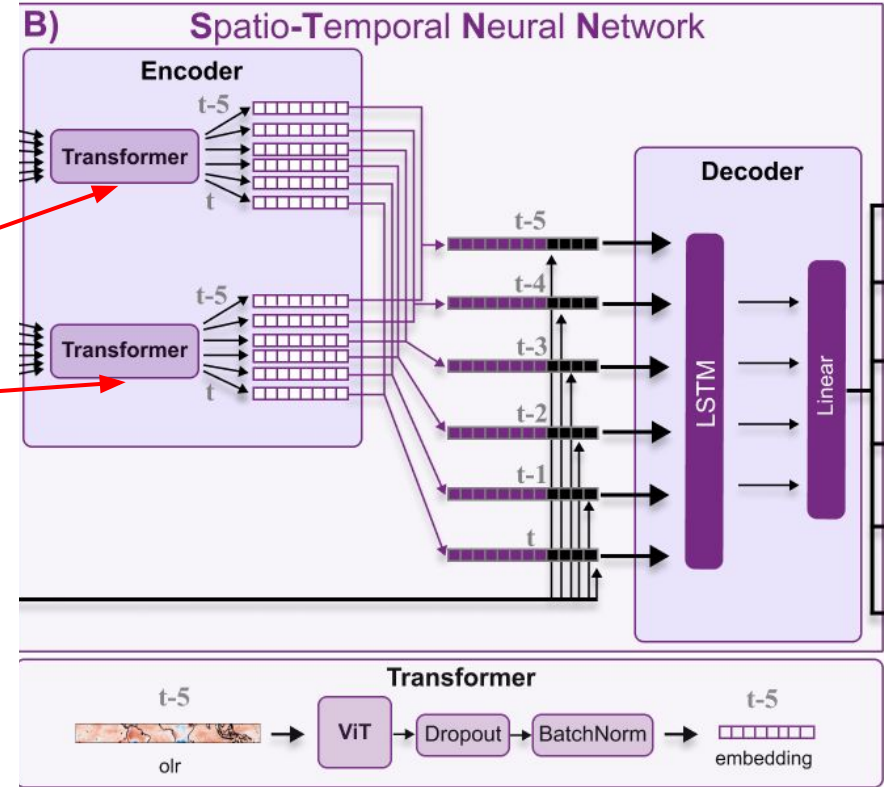




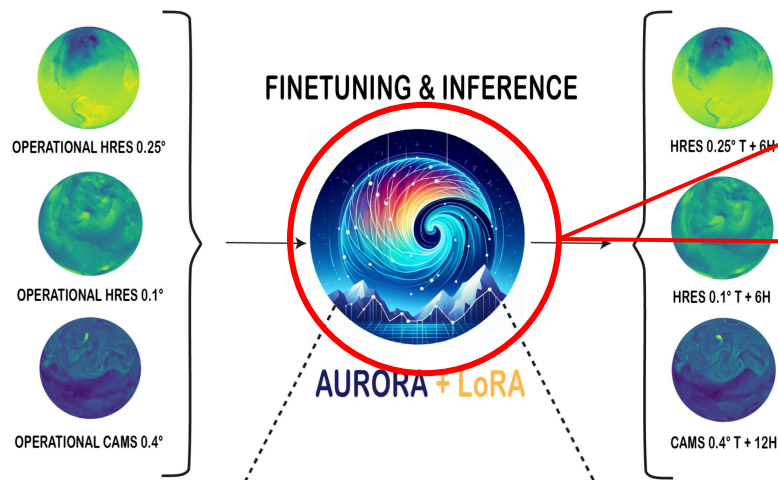
# Architecture



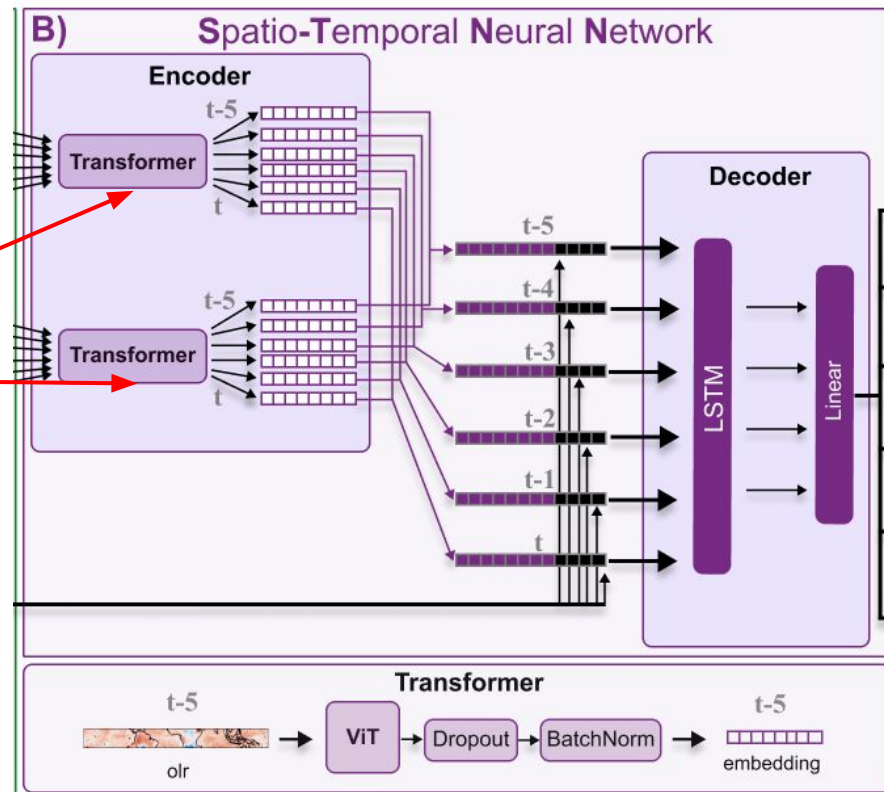
[He et al. 2021](#)



# Architecture

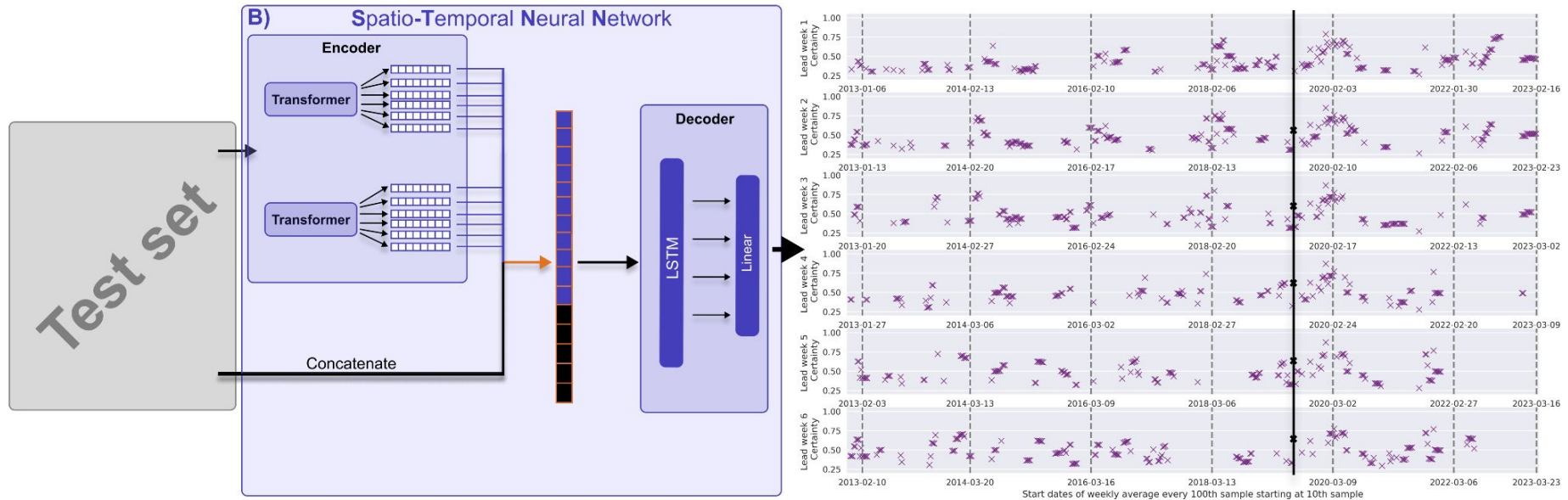


[Bodnar et al. 2024](#)

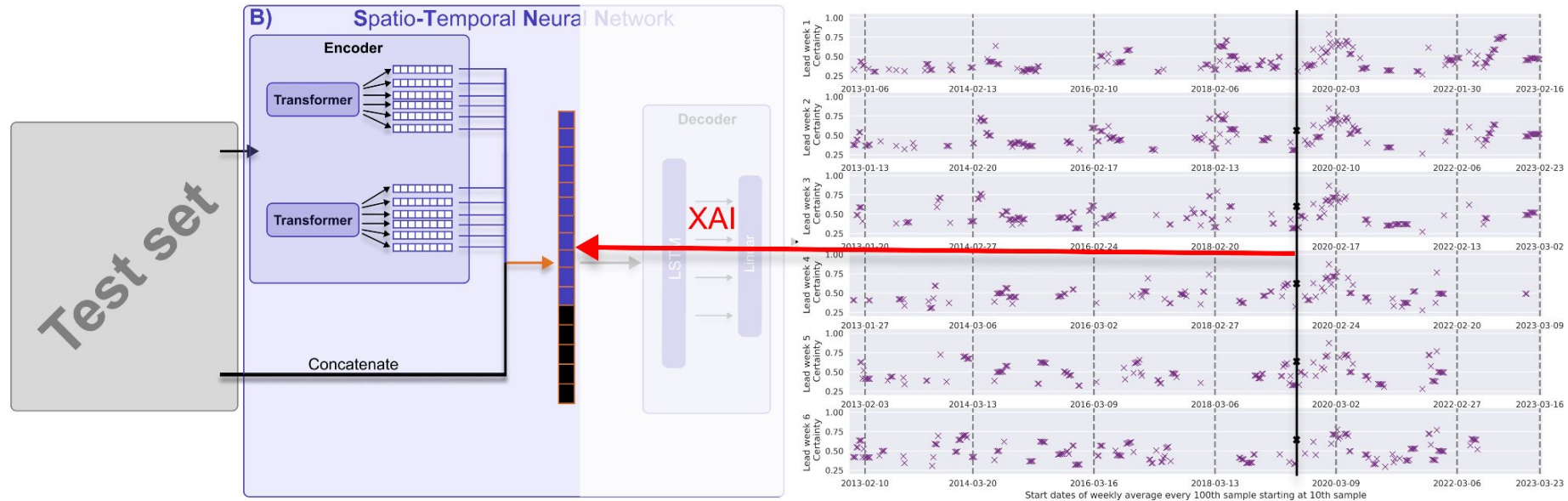


# Explainable AI (XAI)

# XAI for teleconnections



# XAI for teleconnections



# XAI for teleconnections

