



The Water-Energy-Food Nexus in Naxos Island: Enhancing Self-Sufficiency Through Traditional Techniques

Manthos Maravelakis, Theano Iliopoulou, and G.-Fivos Sargentis



Δήμος Νάξου
και Μικρών Κυκλάδων

May 2026



Funded by
the European Union

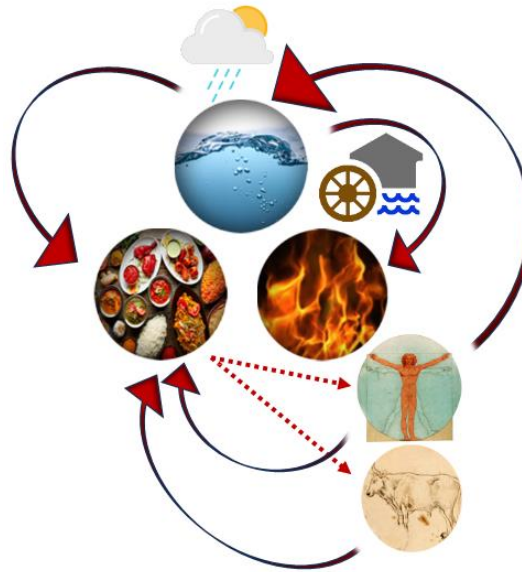
Why Study Mediterranean Islands?

- Mediterranean islands face increasing water scarcity
- Strong seasonal tourism pressure
- Climate variability and decreasing rainfall trends
- High dependence on external energy and water inputs
- Need for resilient and decentralized solutions

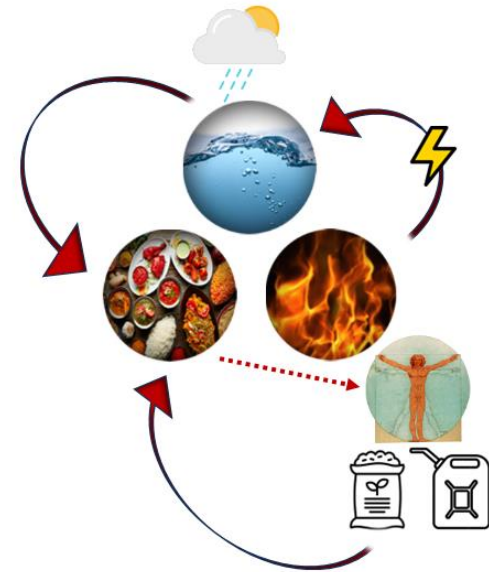
The WEF Nexus Concept

- Water, energy, and food systems are interconnected
- Water needed for agriculture and energy production
- Energy required for pumping, desalination, irrigation
- Agriculture consumes both water and energy
- Integrated management improves sustainability

Pre-industrial nexus

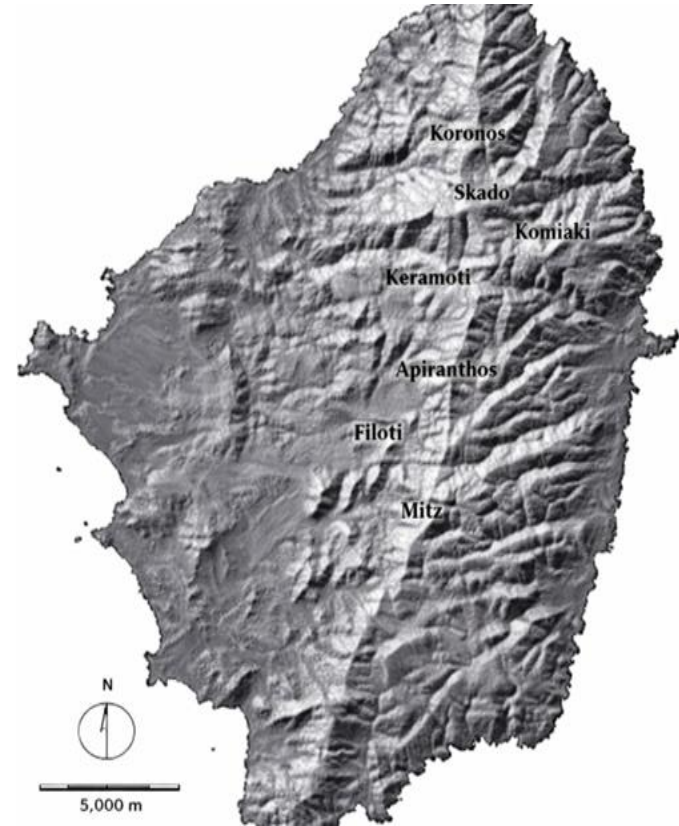


Modern nexus



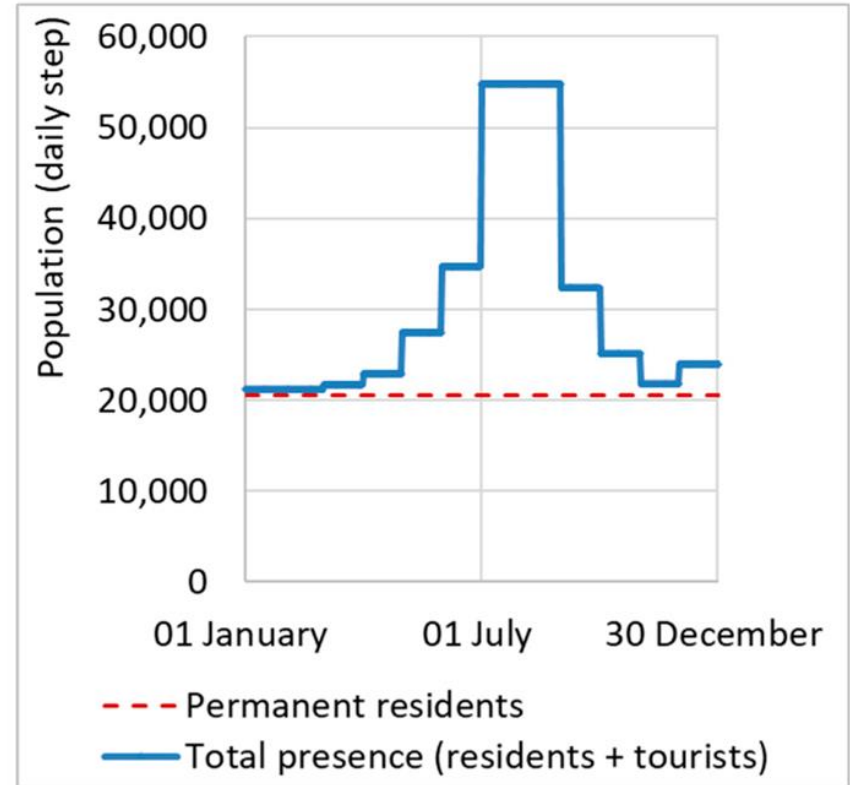
Study Area: Naxos Island

- Largest island of the Cyclades
- Area: 430 km²
- Mountainous interior (Mount Zas: 1004 m)
- Agricultural tradition
- Growing tourism sector



Socioeconomic Characteristics

- Permanent population
~20,000 capita
- Strong seasonal tourism
(>600,000 visitors annually)
- Agriculture and livestock
remain important
- Tourism and agriculture
coexist

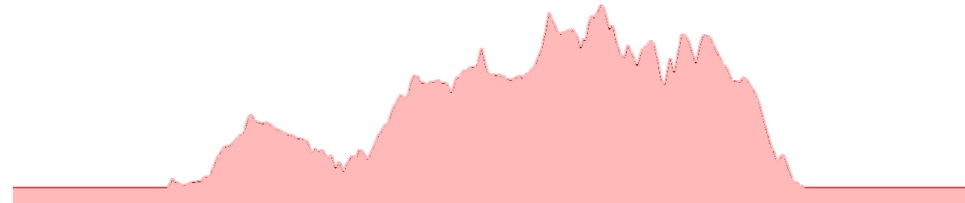


Natural Resources

- Average rainfall: 575 mm/year
- Significant spatial rainfall variability
- Agricultural land availability



Rainwater in Naxos: $\sim 250,000,000 \text{ m}^3/\text{year}$



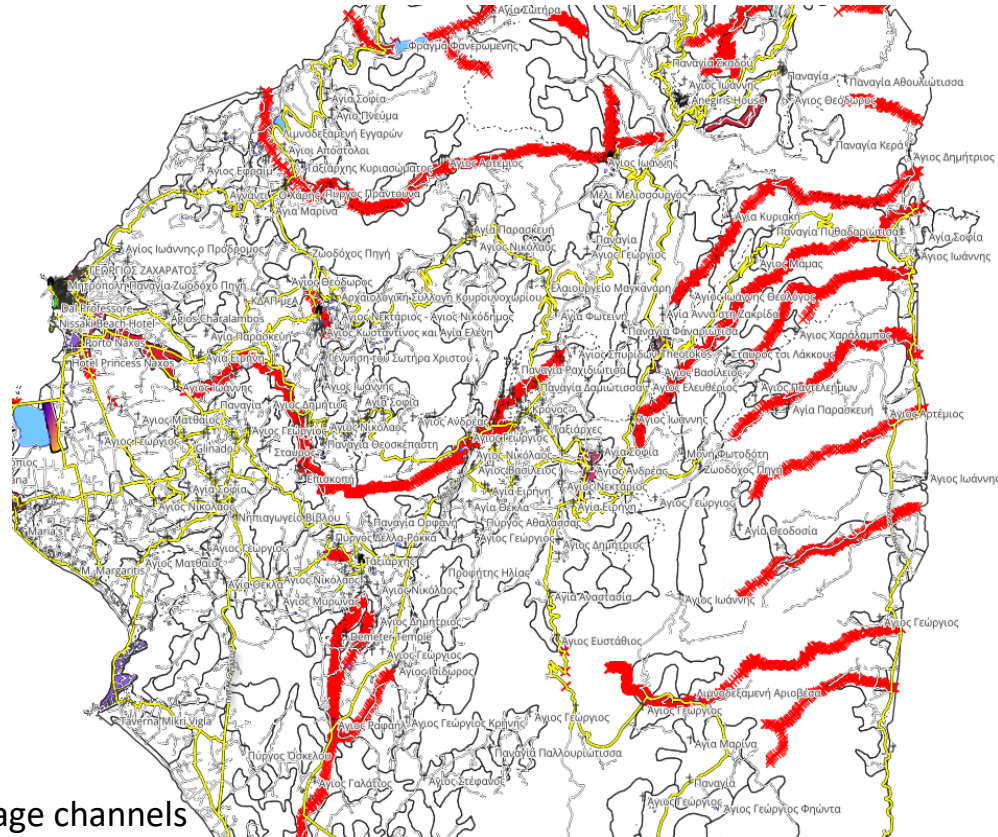
Water Demand



-   **Domestic demand**
-   **Tourism demand**
-   **Agricultural irrigation demand**
-   **Livestock demand**

Existing Water Infrastructure

- Groundwater extraction
- Small reservoirs
- Irrigation systems
- Desalination units



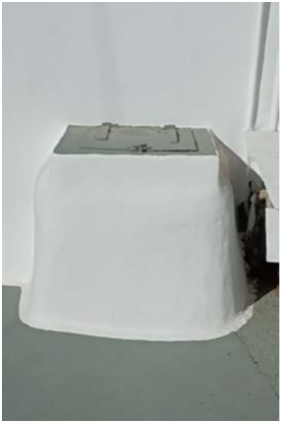
Streams and drainage channels

Traditional water infrastructures (Cisterns)

Rainwater Collection Sources

- Rooftops (blue water)
- Courtyards (grey water)
- Road networks (grey water)
- Natural runoff

Blue water



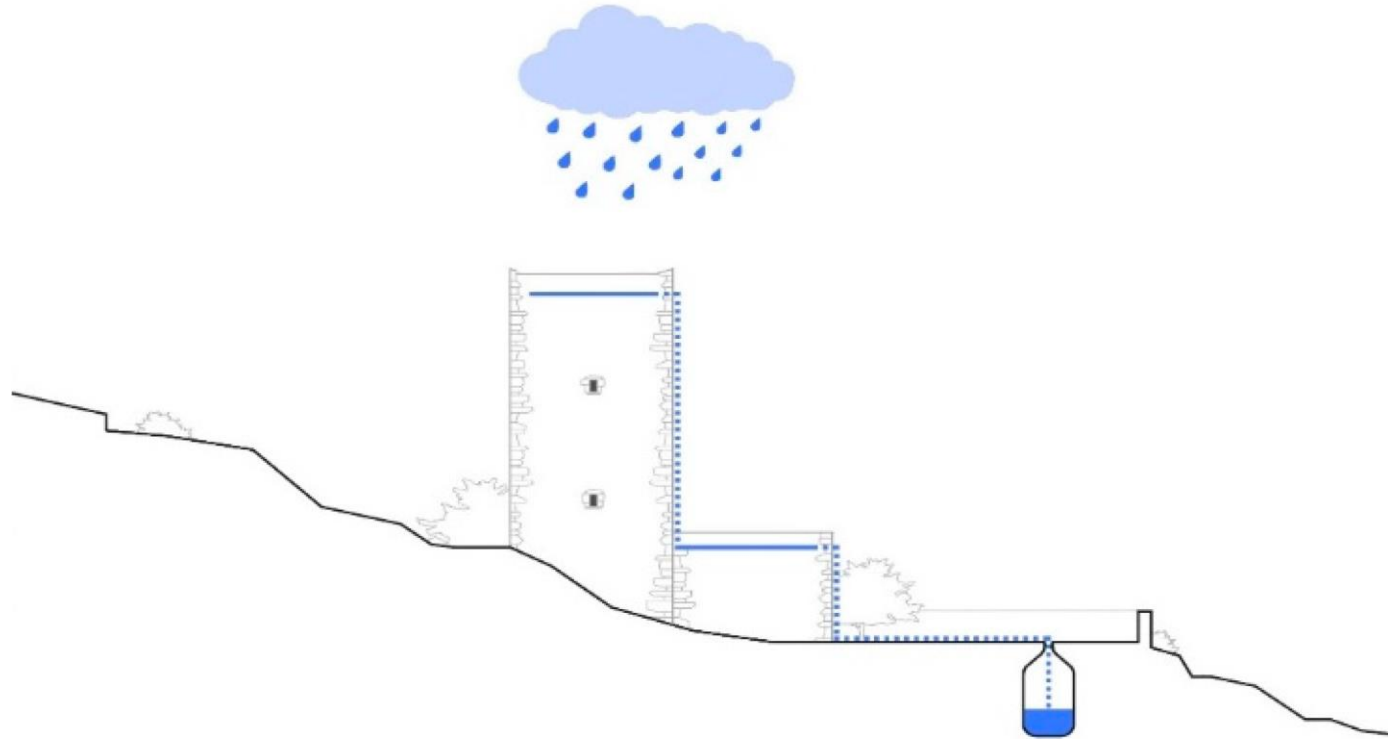
Grey water



Traditional water infrastructures (Cisterns)

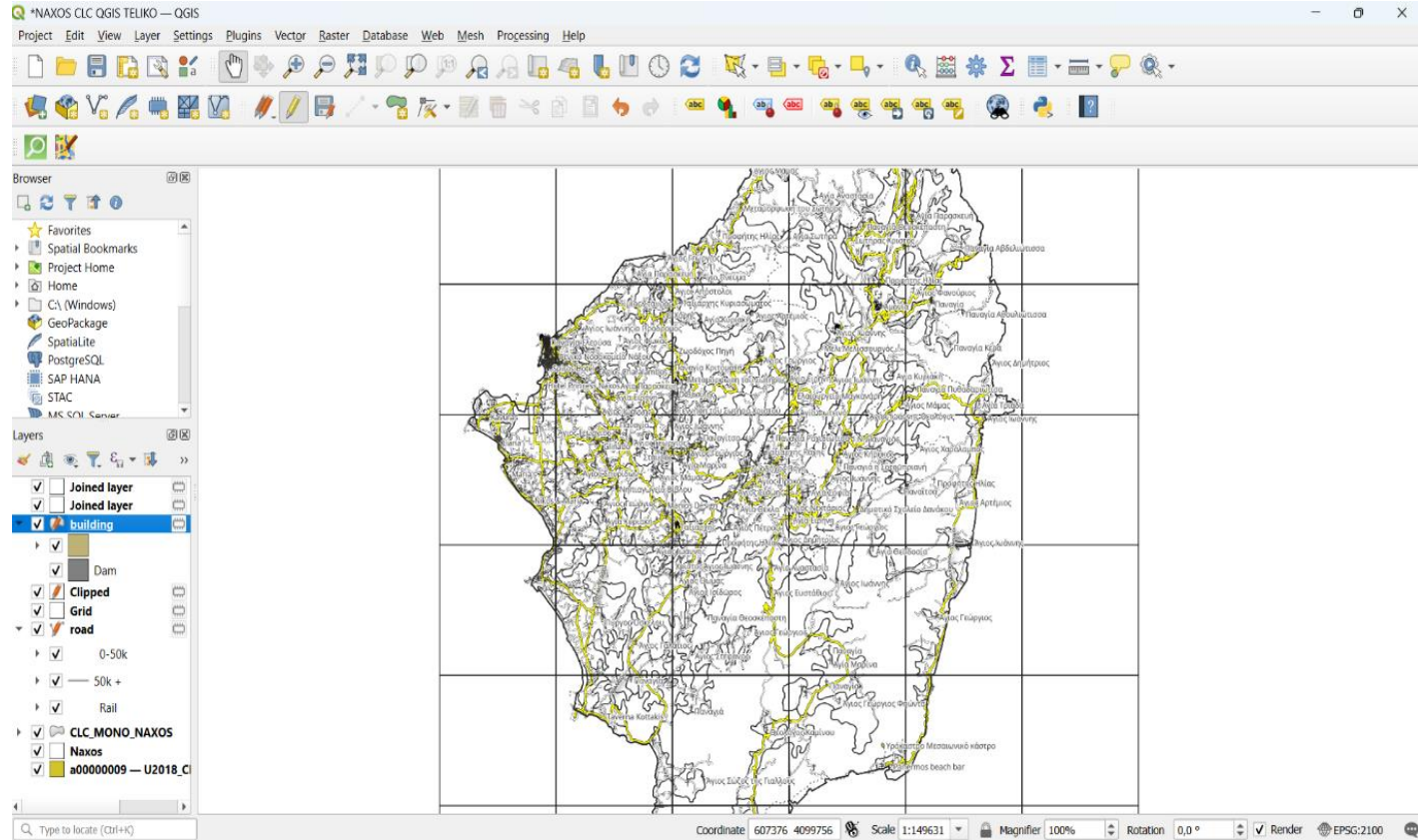
Characteristics

- Low-energy solution
- Historical use in Cyclades
- Decentralized water management



Research Methodology

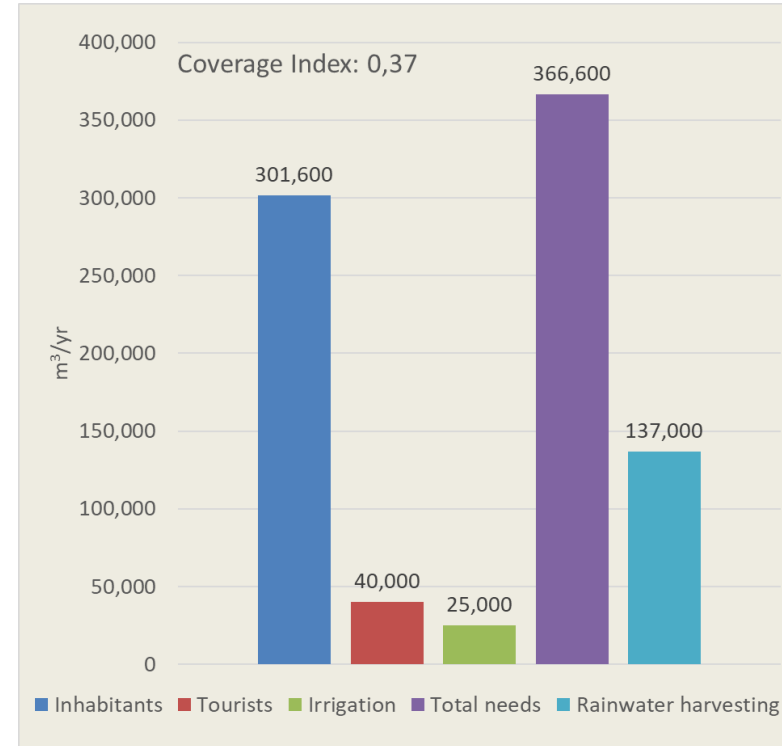
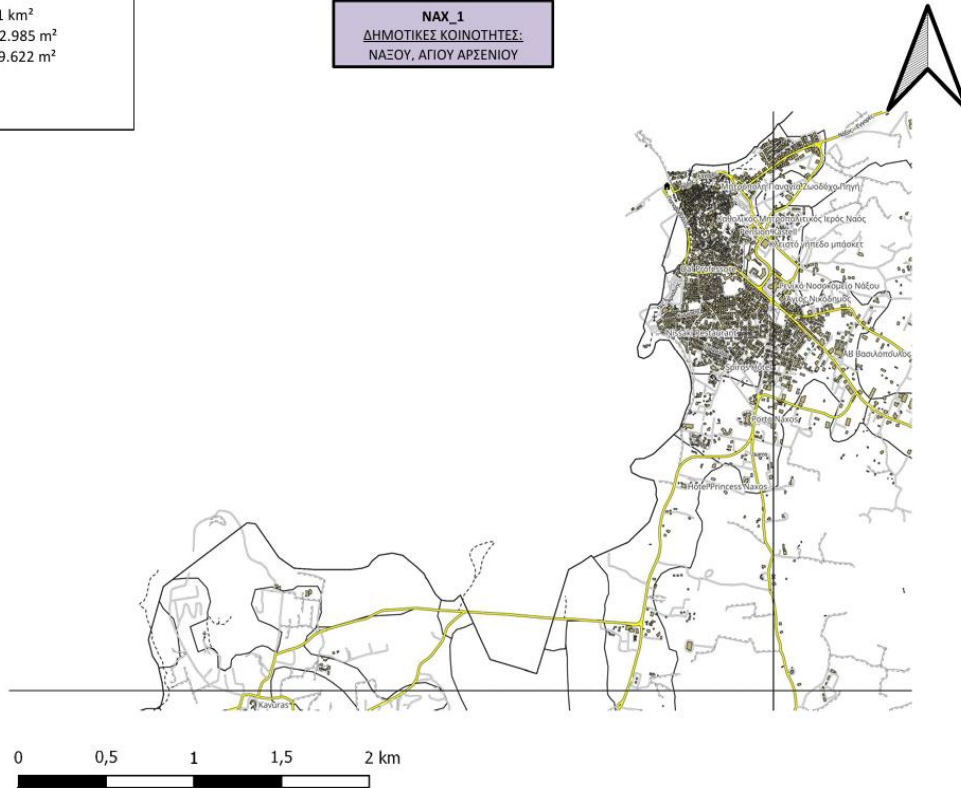
- GIS-based spatial analysis
- QGIS processing
- Island divided into 28 grid cells
- Rainfall and land use integration
- Water balance calculations



Research Methodology (example)

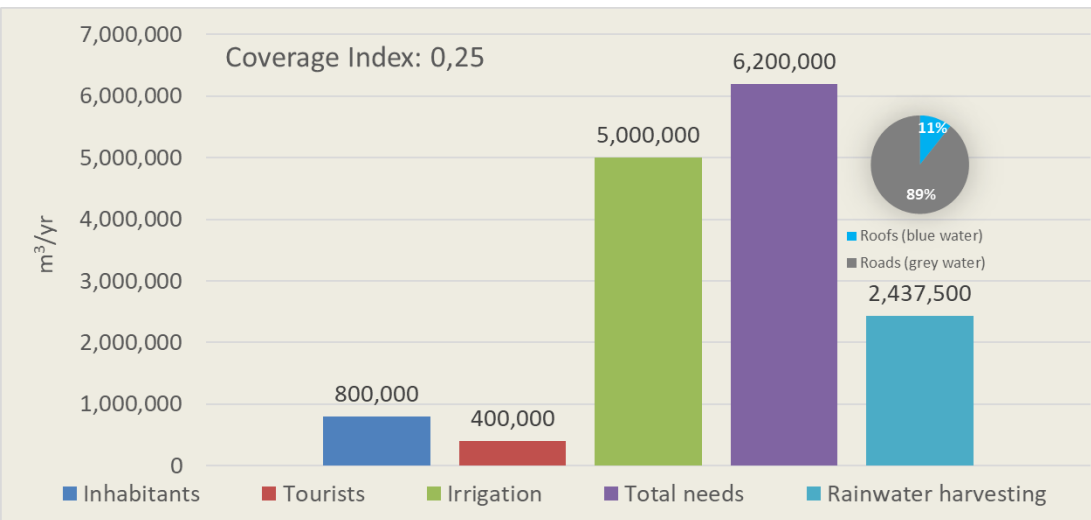
AREA: 3,61 km²
ROAD: 282.985 m²
ROOF: 259.622 m²

NAX_1
ΔΗΜΟΤΙΚΕΣ ΚΟΙΝΟΤΗΤΕΣ:
ΝΑΞΟΥ, ΑΓΙΟΥ ΑΡΣΕΝΙΟΥ



Results

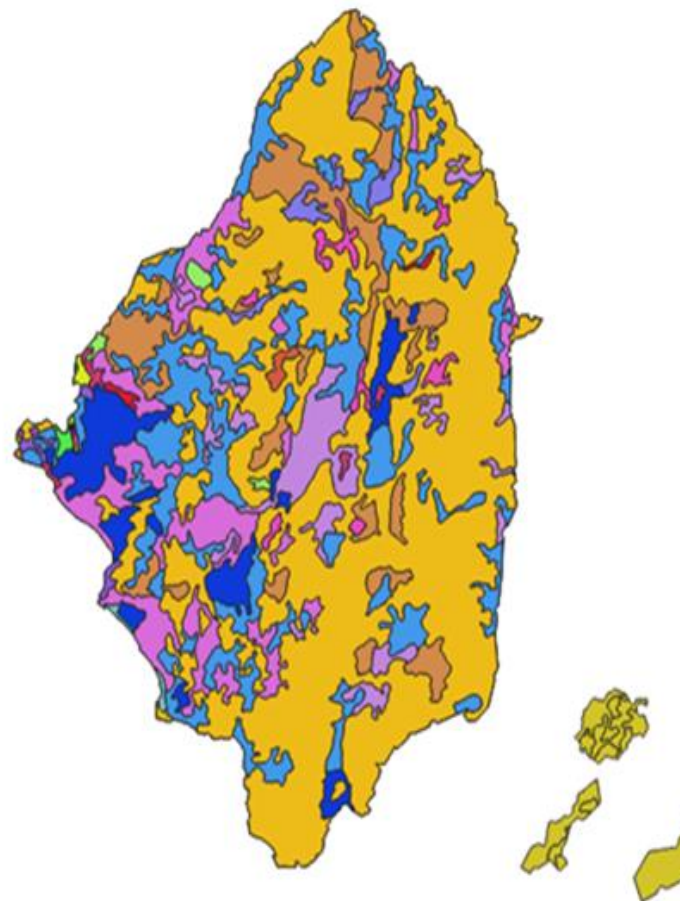
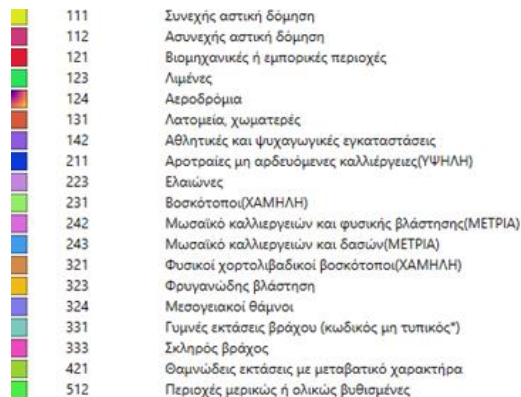
- Harvestable Water per Cell
- Coastal areas: 5,800 m³/year
- Mountainous areas: >200,000 m³/year
- Strong spatial variability



Agricultural Focus

Main Crops

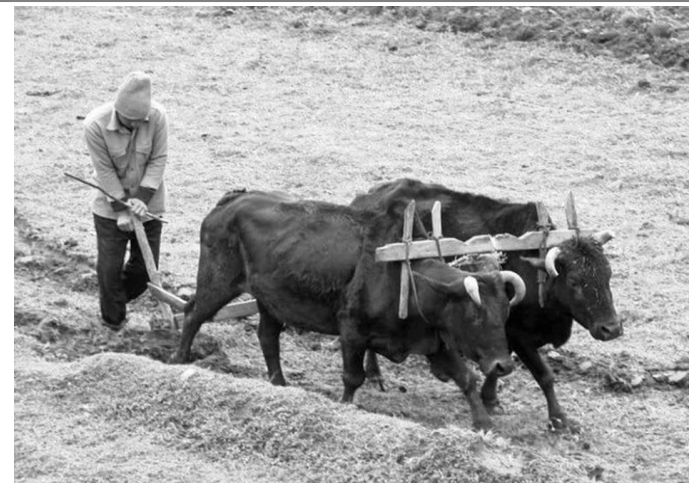
- Potatoes
- Olives
- Vineyards
- Cereals



CROP CATEGORY (PLOWED CROPS)	Area (ha)
Legumes for dried nuts	1.8
Potatoes	375.6
Industrial plants	2.6
Fresh vegetables, melons, strawberries	129.8
Forage crops	1,487.7
Set-aside periods	257.5
Total:	2,255

Livestock Integration

- Animal Manure Use
 - Nutrient recycling
 - Reduced fertilizer dependency
 - Reduced embedded energy
 - Circular agriculture
- Total annual production: 170,000–190,000 t/year, for 5,600 cattle, 50,000 sheep, and 40,000 goats.
 - Nitrogen content by species (cattle, sheep and goats): conservatively estimated average content of 0.5% N.
 - For 180,000 t/year → 900 t of nitrogen annually.
 - Utilization of 30–50% of total nitrogen during the first year → immediately available nitrogen: 270–450 t N/year.
 - Coverage of needs: 1,100–3,000 ha of potato crops (375 ha) and fresh vegetables (129 ha).



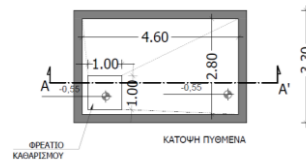
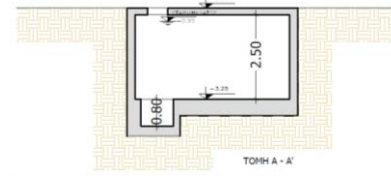
Energy Implications

- Energy Savings
- Reduced desalination demand
- Reduced pumping
- Lower fossil fuel use
- Renewable energy integration

Conclusions

- Decentralized water management is feasible
- Traditional techniques remain effective
- Optimization of WEF Nexus means sustainability
- Model applicable to Mediterranean islands

Further research: Experimental cistern



Contact:

- marabelakes@gmail.com
- tiliopoulou@hydro.ntua.gr
- fivos@itia.ntua.gr



**Funded by
the European Union**

References (1)

1. Angelakis, A.N.; Sargentis, G.-F.; Gigourtakis, N.; Kourgialas, N.N. Hydro-Technologies in Greece from Prehistory to Modern Times: A Review of Water Management, Sustainability, and Resilience. *Water* 2026, 18, 560. <https://doi.org/10.3390/w18050560>
2. Angelakis, A.N.; Capodaglio, A.G.; Tzanakakis, V.A.; Sargentis, G.-F. Learning from the Past to Secure the Future: Greek Hydro-Technologies and the Evolution of Water Management. *Sustainability* 2026, 18, 3753. <https://doi.org/10.3390/su18083753>
3. Arvanitidis, I. and Sargentis, G.-F.: Spatial Indicators of Dynamic Self-Sufficiency and Resilience in the Water–Energy–Food Nexus. Case study: Small Rural Village in North Euboea, Greece, EGU General Assembly 2026, Vienna, Austria, 3–8 May 2026, EGU26-14761, <https://doi.org/10.5194/egusphere-egu26-14761>, 2026.
4. Gleick, P.H. Basic Water Requirements for Human Activities: Meeting Basic Needs. *Water Int.* 1996, 21, 83–92.
5. Iliopoulou, T.; Dimitriadis, P.; Siganou, A.; Markantonis, D.; Moraiti, K.; Nikolinakou, M.; Meletopoulos, I.T.; Mamassis, N.; Koutsoyiannis, D.; Sargentis, G.-F. Modern Use of Traditional Rainwater Harvesting Practices: An Assessment of Cisterns’ Water Supply Potential in West Mani, Greece. *Heritage* 2022, 5, 2944-2954. <https://doi.org/10.3390/heritage5040152>.

References (2)

6. Kirkmalis, G.; Sargentis, G.-F.; Ioannidis, R.; Markantonis, D.; Iliopoulou, T.; Dimitriadis, P.; Mamassis, N.; Koutsoyiannis, D. Fertilizers as batteries and regulators in the global Water-Energy-Food equilibrium, EGU General Assembly 2023, Vienna, Austria, 24–28 Apr 2023, EGU23-11915, <https://doi.org/10.5194/egusphere-egu23-11915>, 2023.
7. Papadodimas, N., Laoutaris, G. D., Mamassis, N., and Sargentis, G.-F.: Reverse Engineering for the Chronology of Medieval Aqueducts: A Case Study of the Holy Monastery of Dochiariou, Mount Athos, EGU General Assembly 2026, Vienna, Austria, 3–8 May 2026, EGU26-14910, <https://doi.org/10.5194/egusphere-egu26-14910>, 2026.
8. Sargentis, G.-F.; Dimitriadis, P.; Ioannidis, R.; Iliopoulou, T.; Frangedaki, E.; Koutsoyiannis, D. Optimal utilization of water resources for local communities in mainland Greece (case study of Karyes, Peloponnese), *Procedia Manufacturing*, Volume 44, 2020, Pages 253-260, ISSN 2351-9789, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.promfg.2020.02.229>.
9. Sargentis G.-F. and N. Mamassis Water Collection in Complexes & Residences – Design for Small Scales, *KTIRIO 6/2021*, 75–80, 2021. <https://www.itia.ntua.gr/en/docinfo/2131/>
10. Sargentis, G.-F.; Iliopoulou, T.; Dimitriadis, P.; Mamassis, N.; Koutsoyiannis, D. Stratification: An Entropic View of Society’s Structure. *World* 2021, 2, 153-174. <https://doi.org/10.3390/world2020011>.

References (3)

11. Sargentis, G.-F.; Defteraios, P.; Lagaros, N.D.; Mamassis, N. Values and Costs in History: A Case Study on Estimating the Cost of Hadrianic Aqueduct's Construction. *World* 2022, 3, 260-286. <https://doi.org/10.3390/world3020014>
12. Sargentis, G.-F. Issues of Prosperity: Stochastic Evaluation of Data Related to Environment, Infrastructures, Economy and Society. Ph.D. Thesis, National Technical University of Athens, School of Civil Engineering, Athens, Greece, 2022. <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6785733>
13. Sargentis, G.-F.; Iliopoulou, T.; Dimitriadis, P.; Mamassis, N.; Koutsoyiannis, D. Stratification: An Entropic View of Society's Structure. *World* 2021, 2, 153-174. <https://doi.org/10.3390/world2020011>
13. Sargentis, G.-F.; Koutsoyiannis, D.; Angelakis, A.; Christy, J.; Tsonis, A.A. Environmental Determinism vs. Social Dynamics: Prehistorical and Historical Examples. *World* 2022, 3, 357-388. <https://doi.org/10.3390/world3020020>
14. Sargentis G.-F.; Mamassis N.; Kitsou O.; Koutsoyiannis D. The role of technology in the water–energy–food nexus. A case study: Kerinthos, North Euboea, Greece. *Front. Water* 6:1343344, 2024. <https://doi.org/10.3389/frwa.2024.1343344>
15. Sargentis, G.-F. Fragility in Human Progress. A Perspective on Governance, Technology and Societal Resilience *Front. Complex Systems* 2025. <https://doi.10.3389/fcpxs.2025.1609467>

References (4)

16. Sargentis G.-F.; Markantonis D. Water-energy-food nexus and its stochastic dynamics: case study Greece. *Discover Sustainability*, Springer-Nature, 2024, 5, 511. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s43621-024-00751-z>
17. Sargentis, G.-F.; Markatos, E.; Malamos, N.; Iliopoulou, T. Enhancing Resilience and Self-Sufficiency in the Water–Energy–Food Nexus: A Case Study of Hydroponic Greenhouse Systems in Central Greece. *Earth* 2025, 6, 95. <https://doi.org/10.3390/earth6030095>
18. Sargentis G.-F.; Ioannidis R.; Dimitriadis, P.; Malamos N.; Lyra O.; Kitsou O.; Kougkia M.; Mamassis N.; Koutsoyiannis D. Energy Self-Sufficiency in Rural Areas, Case Study: North Euboea, Greece. *Advances in Environmental and Engineering Research*, 2024, 2766-6190. <https://doi.org/10.21926/aer.2404025>
19. Sargentis G.-F., Baroudi S, Angelidis M.-A., Arvanitidis I, Mamassis N, Ioannidis R. Restoring the Resilience of Water-Energy-Food Nexus Based on Desalination through Biomass Management: Case Study West Mani, Greece. *Adv Environ Eng Res* 2026, 7(1): 005; <http://dx.doi.org/10.21926/aer.2601005>
20. Sargentis, G.-F.; Palamarczuk, E.; Iliopoulou, T. Swimming Pools in Water Scarce Regions: A Real or Exaggerated Water Problem? Case Studies from Southern Greece. *Water* 2025, 17, 2934. <https://doi.org/10.3390/w17202934>
21. Sargentis G.-F.; Ioannidis R. The impacts of altering biodiversity to the Water–Energy–Food nexus: case study North Euboea, Greece. *Discover Water*, Springer-Nature, 2024, 4, 105. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s43832-024-00165-y>