

Application of solar radiation forecast for the management of a mixed PV-biomass power plant: a preliminary evaluation.

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Introduction





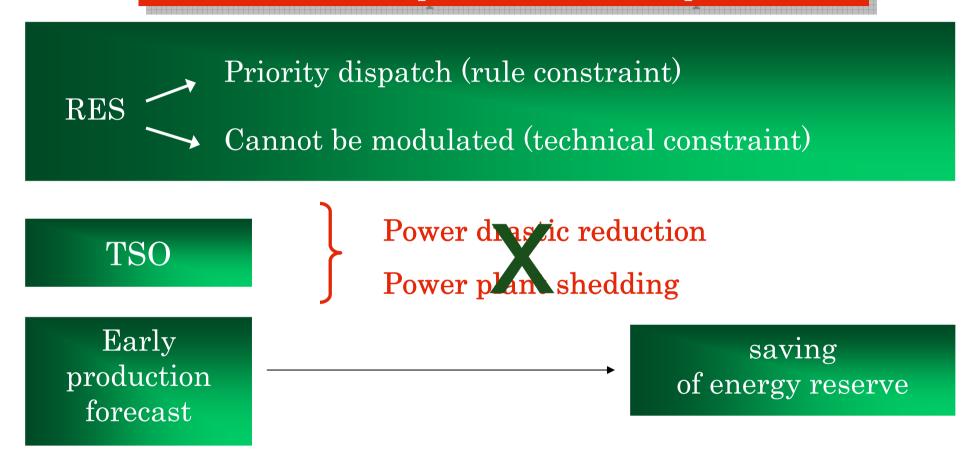
unbalance between power demand and power bid





Introduction

unbalance between power demand and power bid



Governmental Rule "system with predictable input energy profile"





System with predictable input energy profile

Ministerial Decree Aug-2010 (art.2, par.1, lett.q):

- PV plant (200KW- 10 MW) + power plant (less or equal the PV power (P))
- 10% daily error on hourly power forecast (8.00 a.m 8 p.m) supplied by the RE producer the day before for 300 days a year.

Extra Bonus = 53 €/MWh (20% of the feed in tariff on PV plant)

$$err_{day} = \frac{\sum_{h} |P_{h}^{obs} - P_{h}^{for}|}{\sum_{h} P_{h}^{for}}$$

$$N = \sum_{day} (err_{day} < 10\%) \ge 300$$

First CASE: radiation forecast + PV

Second CASE: radiation forecast + PV + Biomass Plant



PV plant characteristics:

- □ STC (standard test conditions) efficiency modules = 17%
- □ BOS (balance of system) efficiency = 75%
- \Box Area = 8 m²/kWp
- \Box Power = 200 kWp



Production [kWh] = irradiance [kW/m²] *h* 17% * 75% * total area [m²]





Global Model ECMWF

LAM Model: LAMI (ARPA EMR) 7 Km

Global
horizontal
irradiance
+24 h (1h)

RTM: Radiative
Transfer
Model
(Geleyn-Hollingsworth)

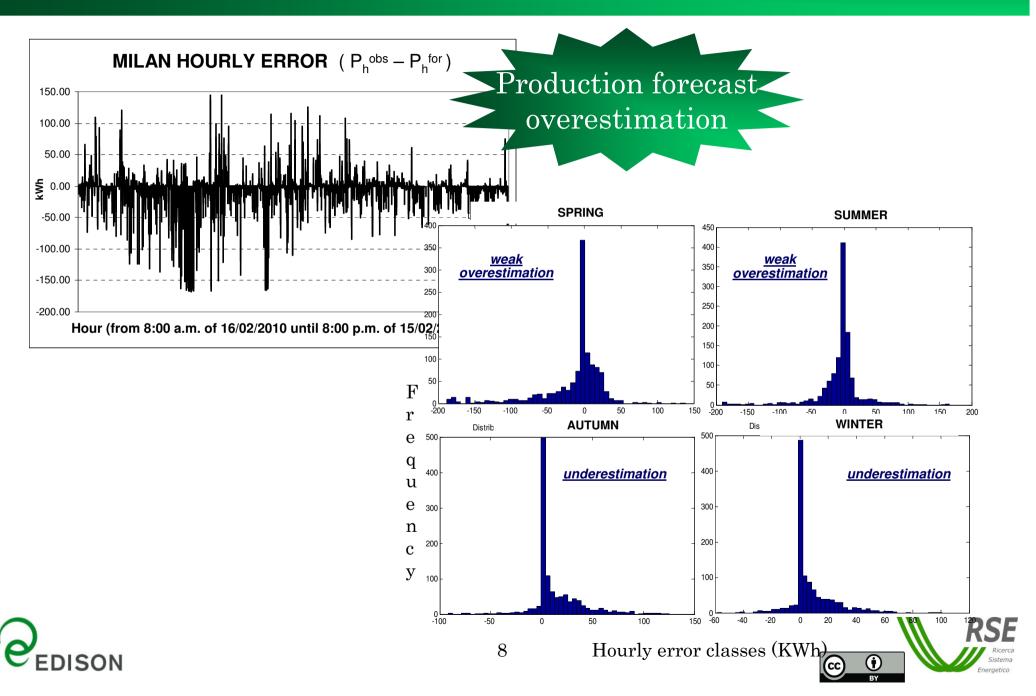
pres, temp, rhu, liquid/ice water content, cloud cover +72 h (1h step)

RSE Milan

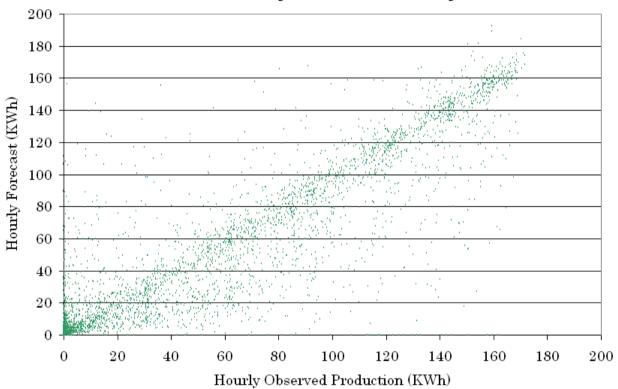
Verification period:

February 2010 – February 2011





Milan February 2010 - February 2011



	KWh
RMSE	24.21
MAE	12.79
BIAS	4.69

Err _d < 10%	RSE forecast	Rule constraint
N days	83	300



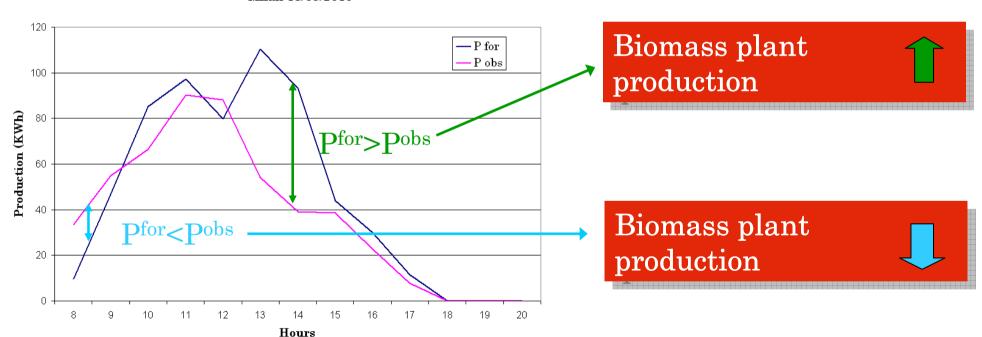


Mixed solar - biomass power system

Main features of biomass power plant:

- ☐ Wood chips power plant
- \Box Power plant = 200 kWp
- \Box Electrical efficiency = 24%
- Feed in tariff = $280 \in MWh$ with P<1MW

Milan 18/03/2010







Economic assessment

- □ CASE A. REVENUE: PV (no extra bonus) + full power BIOMASS => two separeted power plants (1 year)
- □ CASE B. REVENUE: PV (with extra bonus) + modulated BIOMASS => integrated system (1 year)
- □ DIFFERENTIAL REVENUE: economical loss of biomass modulated plant

Economic evaluation	k€
A: PV+Biomass Revenue at full power	491
B: PV+Revenue of modulated biomass	441
C: Avoided biomass source costs	11
(B+C)-A: Revenue Variation	-39

-6% with respect to the biomass revenue at full power considering the PV extra bonus







Conclusion

□ The radiation forecast alone is not enough to get the PV extra bonus
 □ The integrated PV-Biomass system causes an economic loss
 □ The loss depends on different factors (type of biomass source, source cost...)
 □ Appropriate incentive
 □ Forecast improvement by statistical postprocessing
 □ Smart grids
 □ Virtual power plants

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