What happens to the sky?

Communicating 'A simple recipe for the Greeenhouse Effect'

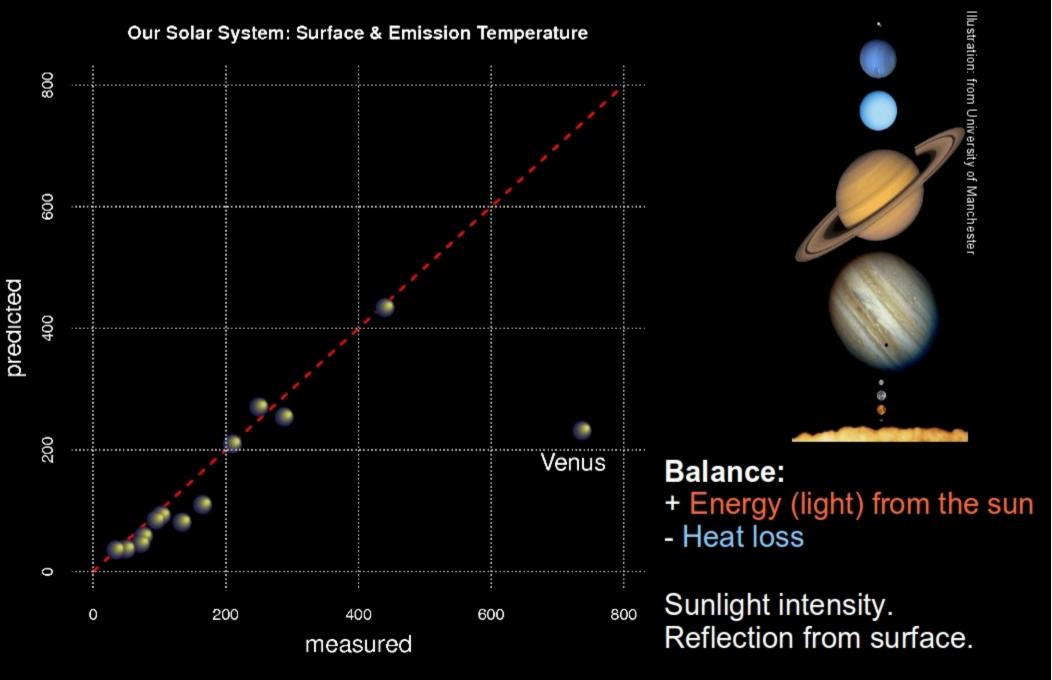
rasmus.benestad@met.no

The blue sky: -Evidence of atoms' existence. -Scattering processes

The Space filled with vacuum

Light is energy. The earth receives energy. The earth loses energy

Measured & predicted



The sunlight reaches earth's surface, where it deposits energy.

Heat loss cannot take place from surface

Earth's mean temperature: +15°C

Energy balance: heat loss ~ -19°C

Heat loss to space at +15°C would violate the energy balance.

Colours in the sky:

-Scatter and abosorption of light. -depends on wavelength

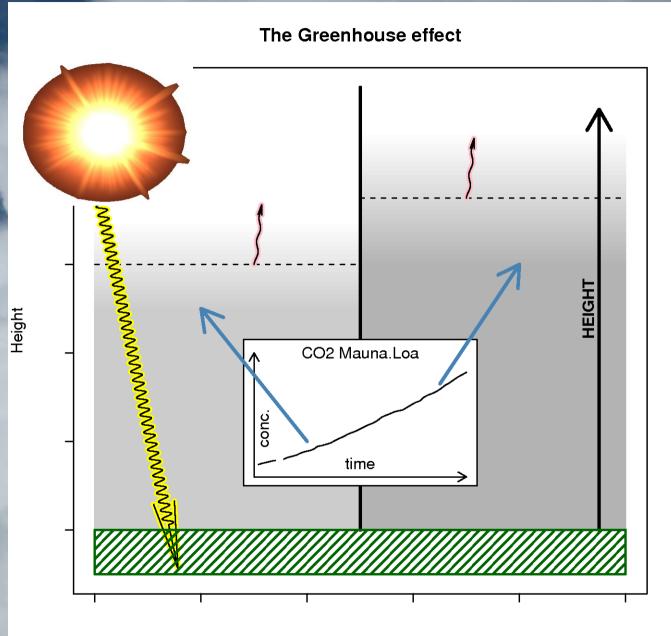
Absorption of light \rightarrow opaque atmosphere

- Only light emitted high aloft escapes unhindered.

 An observer above looking down, can only see down to some depth.

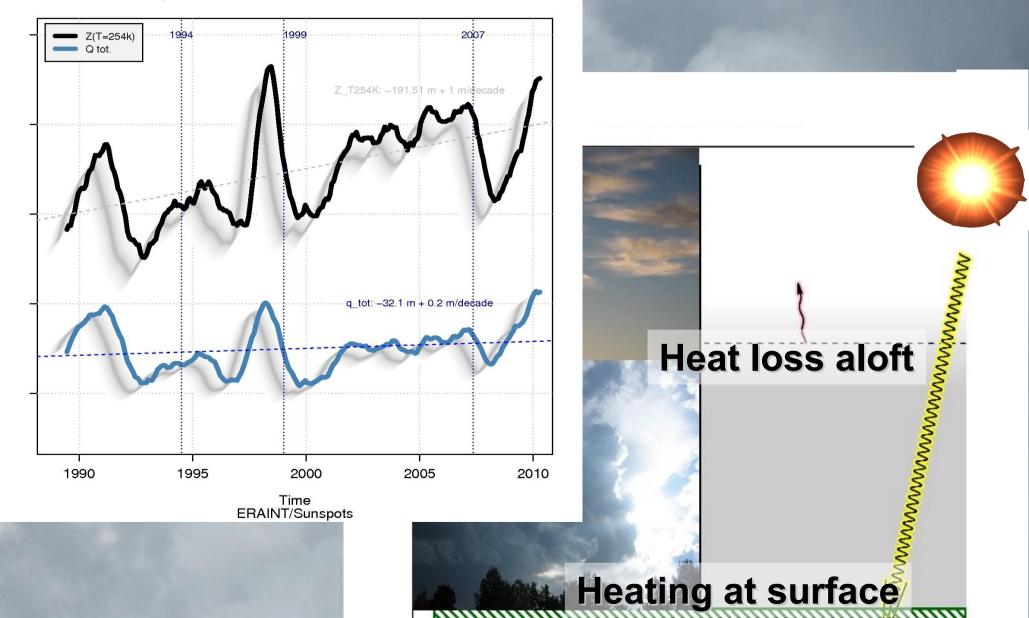
- Like looking down on the sea.

Optical depth

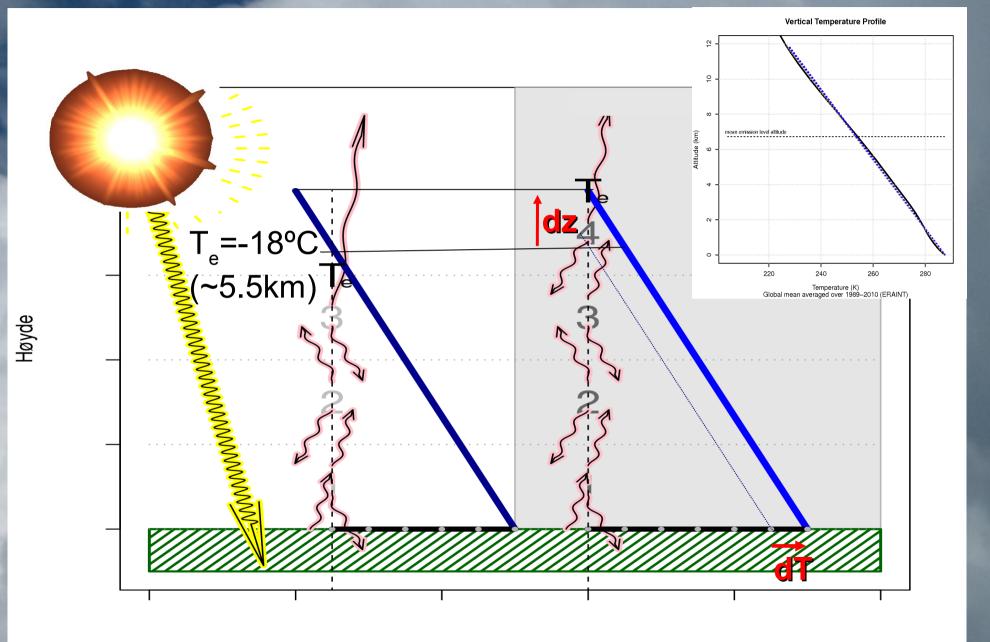


Heating & Heat loss

Atmospheric bulk emission level and moisture

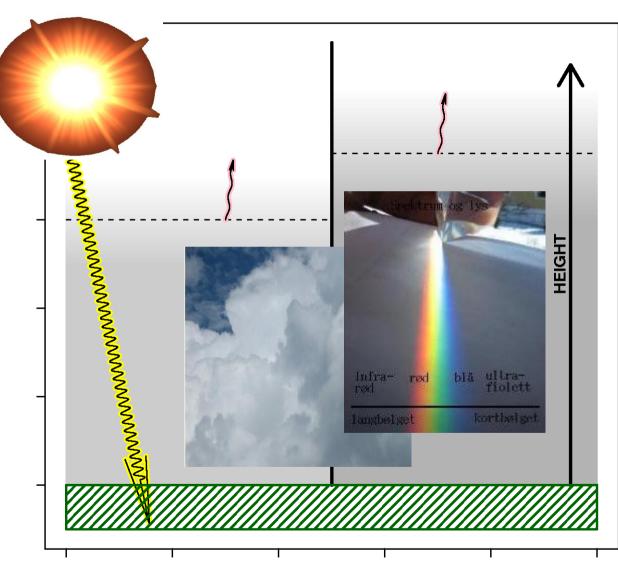


The greenhouse effect



Temperatur

The energy flows



The Greenhouse effect

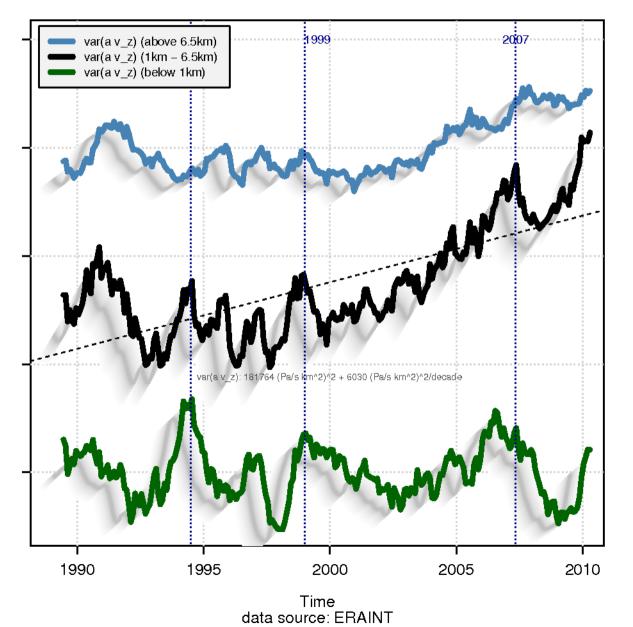
Energy not created nor destroyed.

Modes of transfer Light Vertical motion Waves

Implications Vertical Temperature profile

Compensation of vertical energy flow?

Atmospheric 'overturning' anomaly



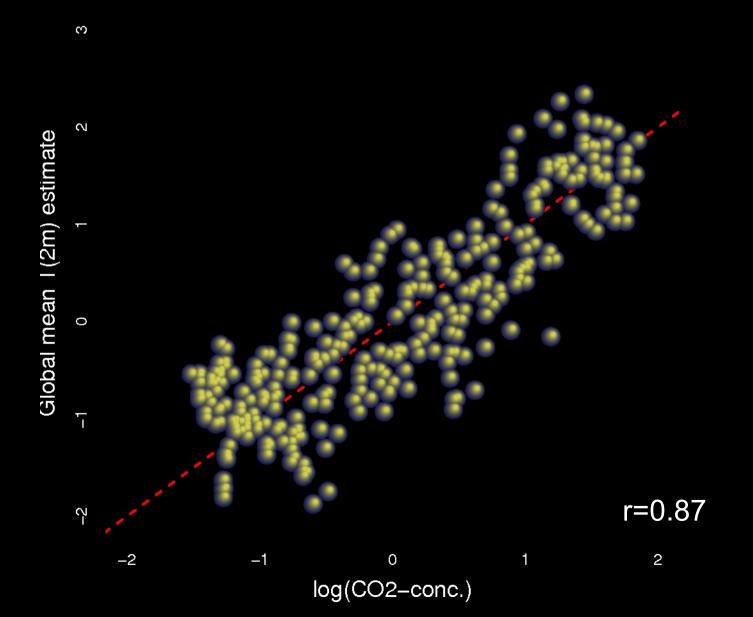
'Atmospheric Overturning'

Other studies do not agree

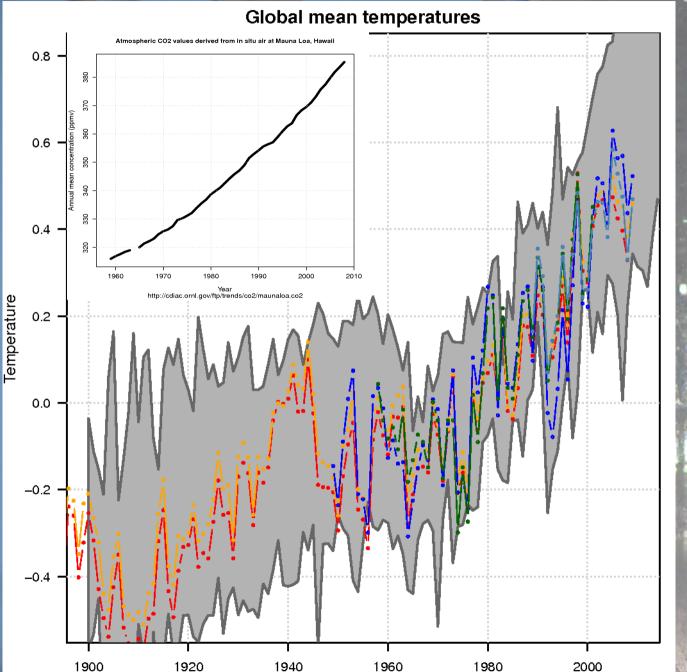
ERAINT reanalyses.

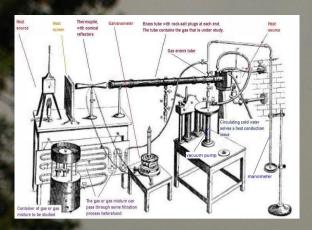
Correlation CO₂ and temperature

log(CO2) – versus temperature



Climate change





arXiv:1106.4937

