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Modelling of meteoroid impacts on Phobos

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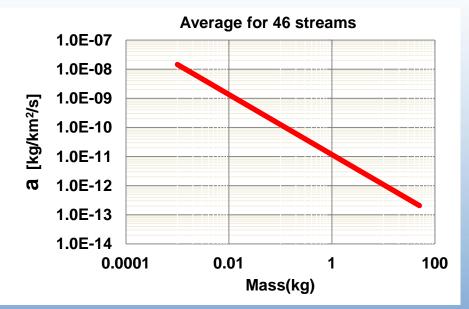
This work has been supported by a grant from the Ministry of Education and Science of the Russian Federation (Agreement № 11.G34.31.0021 dd. 30/11/2010).

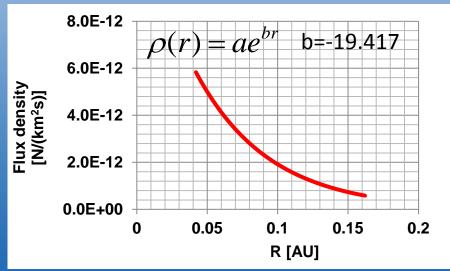


MEx Lab London September 08-13, 2013



Model of spatial distribution of meteoroids





➤ Database of 1037 periodical comets was analyzed, and 137 potential parent bodies of Martian meteoroid streams were identified. Model of spatial distribution of cometary meteoroids was constructed by using known parameters of 46 terrestrial meteoroid streams.

> Database of 28,000 asteroids was analyzed, and 5957 potential parent bodies of Martian meteoroids were identified. It is assumed that small non-observed asteroids move at orbits close to known near Mars asteroids. Each known asteroid with magnitude H0 is associated with N small non-observed asteroids with magnitude H:

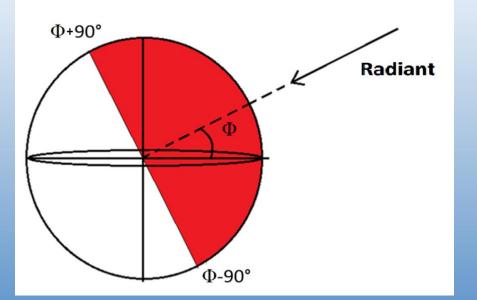
Modeling of asteroid impact probability was performed by using Opik 1976 method.

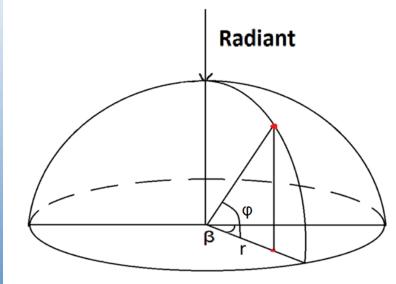
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 $(\mathbf{\hat{H}})$

Calculation of the coordinates of meteoroids impacts using a random number generator





Coverage area of each meteor stream:

Latitude: $(\Phi - 90^{\circ} < \phi < \Phi + 90^{\circ})$, where Φ is radiant latitude - the angle between the radiant and Phobos equator.

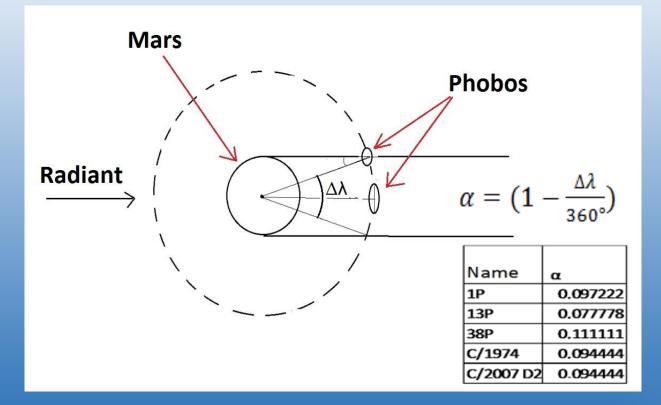
Longitude: 0° to 360°





Screening of meteoroids by Mars

Effect of Mars screening may take place for streams with orbit inclination to Phobos orbit less than ~ 20 (the angle at which Mars is visible from Phobos).



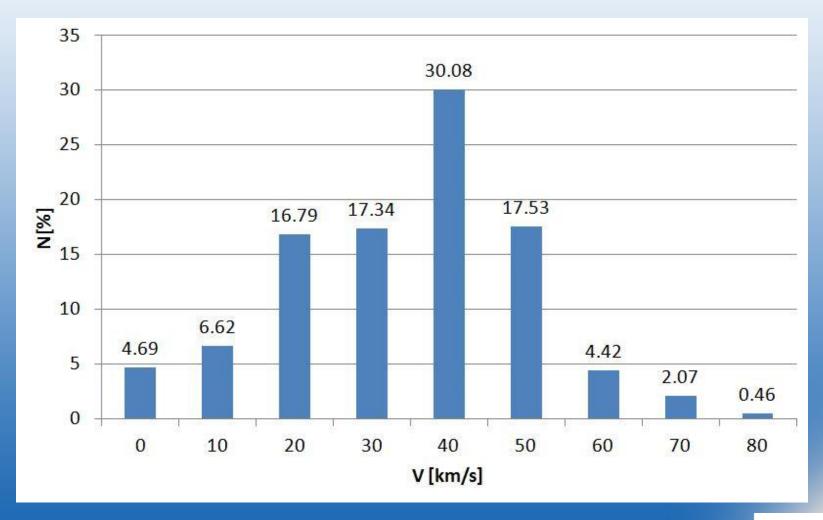
Example: Meteoroid showers, which are subject to screening and the screening coefficient α (part of meteoroids stopped by Mars).





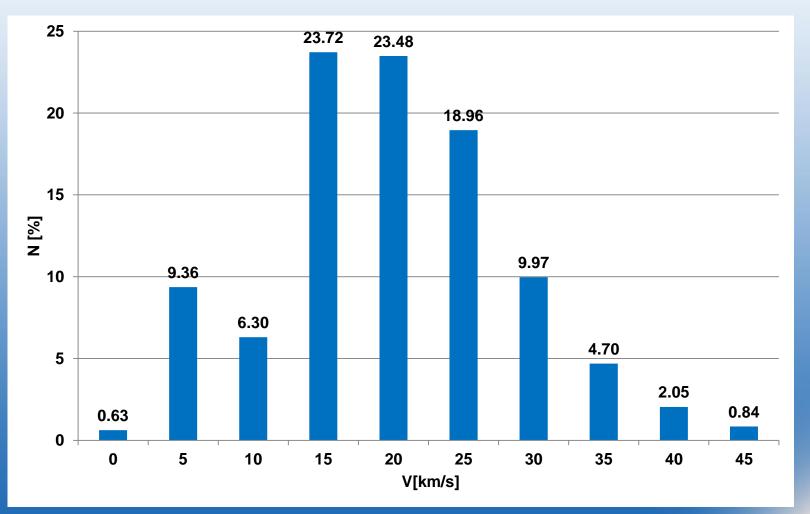


Cometary meteoroids impact velocity distribution for long periodic comets





Cometary meteoroids impact velocity distribution for Jupiter-family comets



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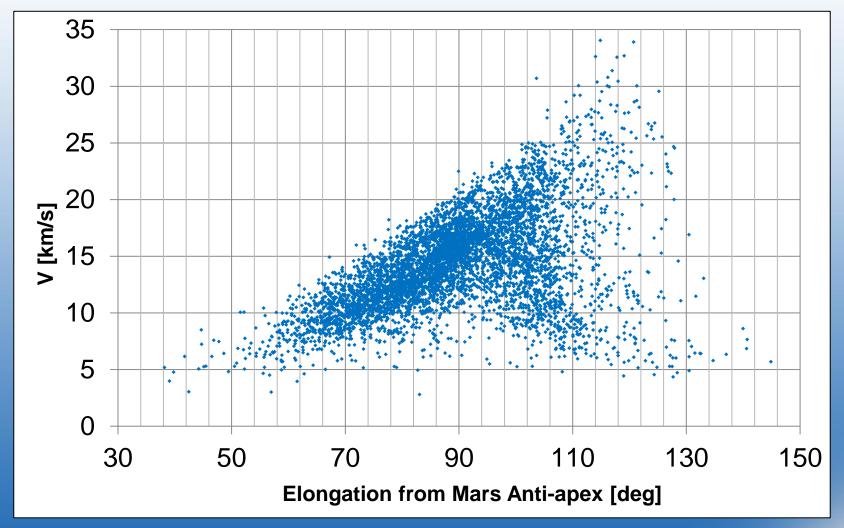
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Mars approaching asteroids orbital velocity distribution

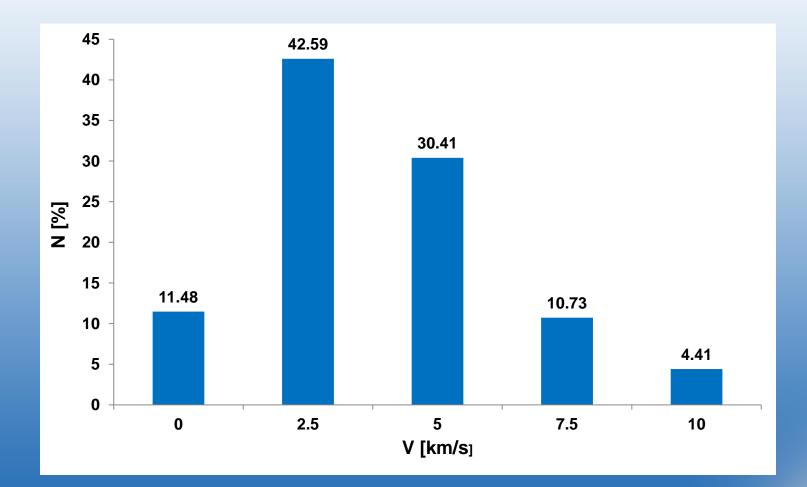
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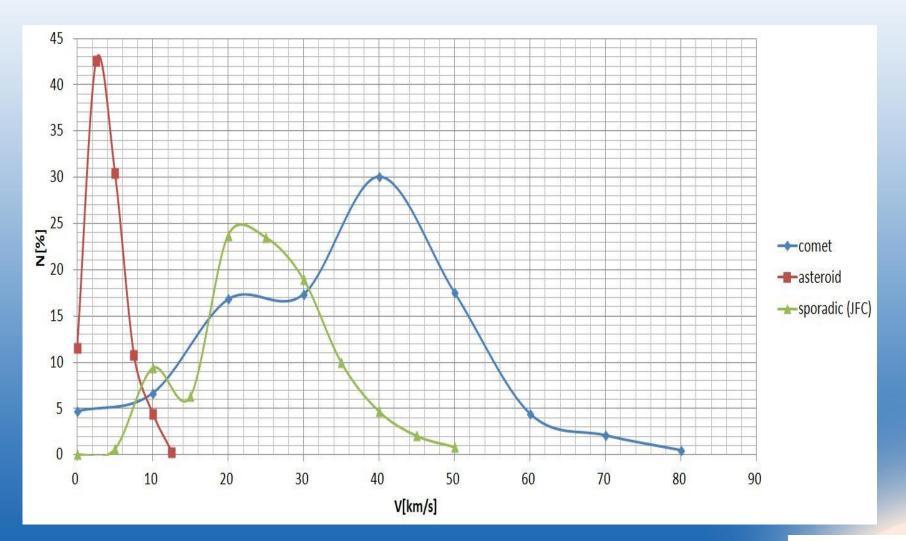
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Asteroidal meteoroids impact velocity distribution





Meteoroids impact velocity distribution



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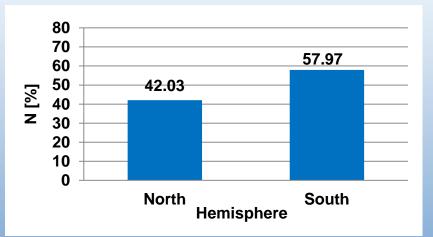


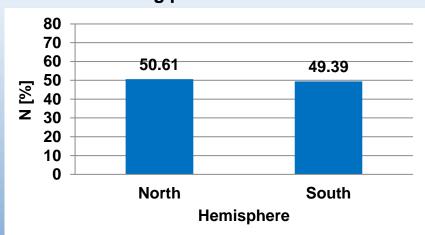
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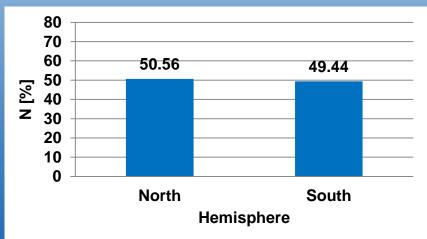
Cometary meteoroids impact statistics for the North and South hemispheres

Jupiter-family comets

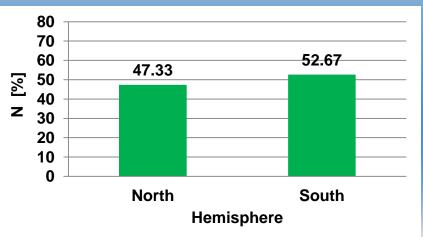




Asteroids



Observations for craters with diameter > 100 m



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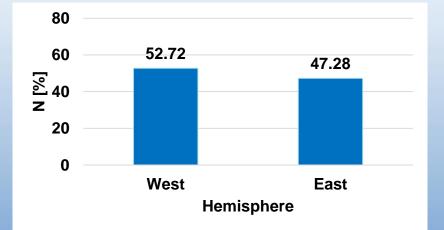
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Long periodic comets

Cometary meteoroids impact statistics for the West and East hemispheres

Jupiter-family comets





Asteroids

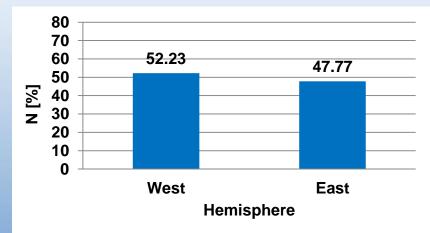
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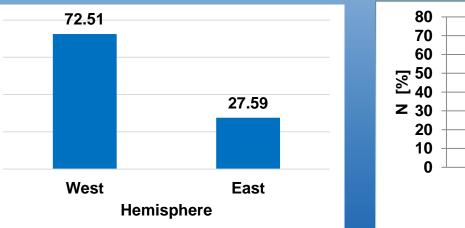
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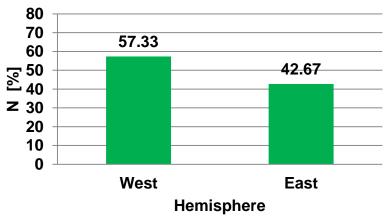
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Observations for craters with diameter > 100 m





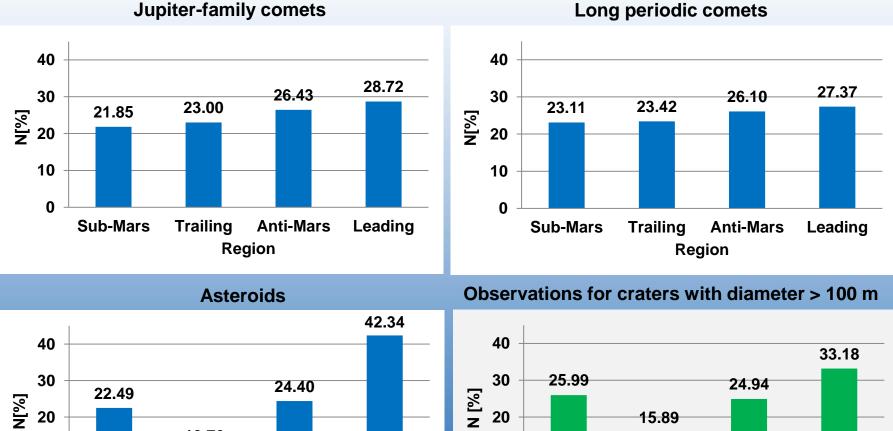
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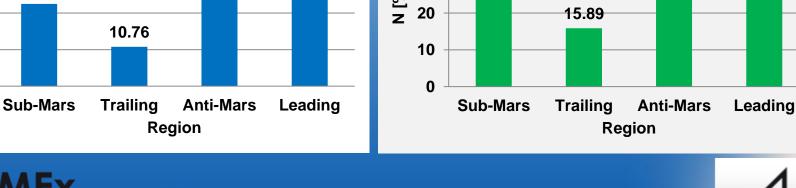


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Impact statistics for the 90 degrees longitude zones





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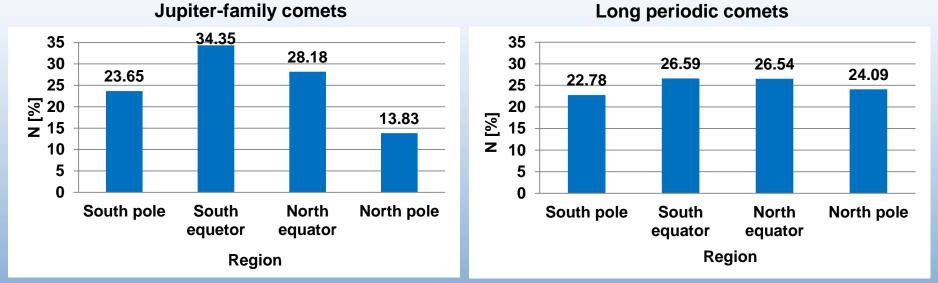
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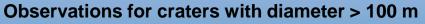
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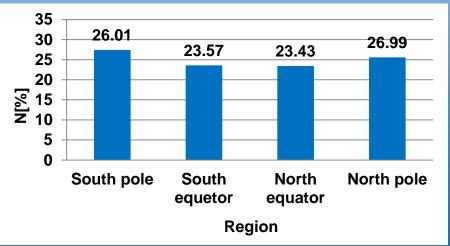
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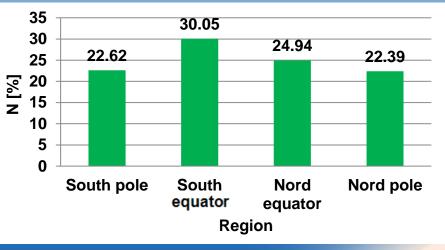
Impact statistics for equal-area latitude zones



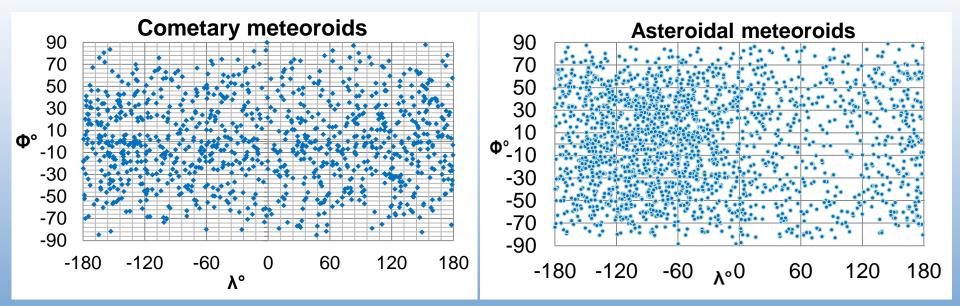
Asteroids

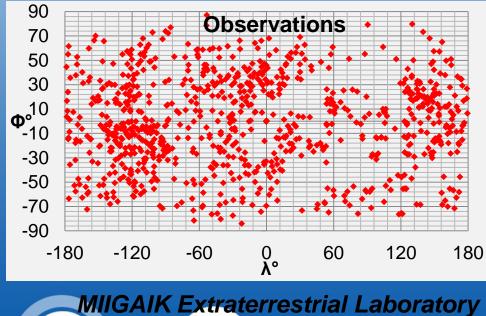






Comparison of observed and simulated crater distribution







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Statistics of model and observed meteoroid impact craters on Phobos

Location on Phobos	Long Period Comets	Jupiter- Family Comets	All Comets	Asteroids	Observations
	N[%]	N[%]	N[%]	N[%]	N[%]
Sub-Mars (-45° < λ < 45°)	23.1±1.3	21.8±1.3	21.4±1.3	22.5±1.3	26.0
Trailing $(45^\circ < \lambda < 135^\circ)$	23.4±1.3	23.0±1.4	24.2±1.4	10.8±0.9	15.9
Anti-Mars $(135^{\circ} < \lambda < 225^{\circ})$	26.1±1.4	26.4±1.4	26.6±1.4	24.4±1.4	24.9
Leading $(225^{\circ} < \lambda < 315^{\circ})$	27.4±1.5	28.7±1.5	27.8±1.5	42.3±1.8	33.3
North Polar ($\phi > 30^{\circ}$)	24.1±1.4	13.8±1.3	19.5±1.2	27.0±1.5	22.6
North Equatorial $(0^{\circ} < \phi < 30^{\circ})$	26.6±1.4	28.2±1.5	28.9±1.5	23.4±1.3	22.4
South Equatorial $(-30^{\circ} < \phi < 0^{\circ})$	26.6±1.4	34.4±1.5	29.9±1.5	23.6±1.3	24.9
South Polar $(\phi < -30^{\circ})$	22.8±1.4	23.6±1.2	21.7±1.3	26.0±1.4	30.0
Northern Hemisphere	50.6±2.0	42.0±1.9	48.4±1.9	50.6±2.0	47.3
Southern Hemisphere	49.4±1.9	58.0±2.0	51.6±1.9	49.4±1.9	52.7
Western Hemisphere	52.2±2.0	52.7±2.0	52.7±2.0	72.5±2.5	57.3
Eastern Hemisphere	47.8±1.9	47.3±1.9	47.3±1.9	27.5±1.4	42.7

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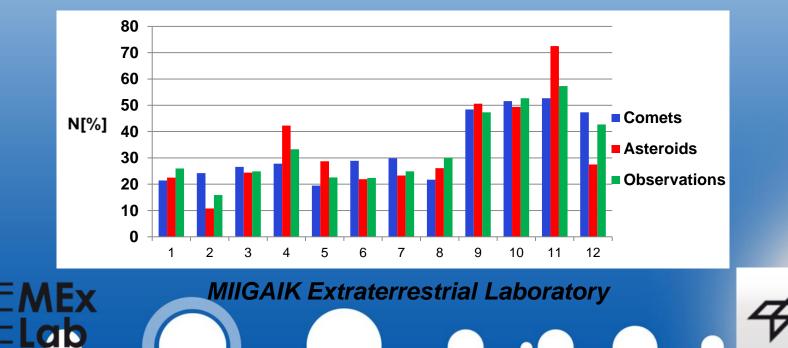


Average impact velocity for the leading trailing hemispheres

Average velocity by hemisphere, [km/s]				
Meteoroid	Leading	Trailing		
LPC	42.4	41.1		
JFC	23.0	21.8		
Asteroidal	5.4	4.5		

Average effect of the meteoroid screening by Mars for sub-Mars hemisphere is about 11% for cometary and 2% for asteroidal meteoroids.

Simulated crater distribution is well correlated with observations



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Thank You !



