







Sicherheit in Technik und Chemie

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# Innovative Disposal Container Materials: Improved Durability and Manufacturing Feasibility (InCoManD)

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safeND2025 - Session T5b

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## **InCoManD** participation and tasks







Work Package 9: Innovative Disposal Container Materials -**Improved Durability and Manufacturing Feasibility** 

26 Partners (9 countries)

InCoManD

2024 - 2029

Short name of participant Short name of

**6 Associated Partners** (3 countries) Short name of participant + + +

Task 2:

Task 1:

Knowledge Management

Management/Coordination

Task 3:

**Innovative HLW Container Materials** 

Task 4:

**Evaluation of Materials Durability** 

Task 5:

**Experimental and Modeling Assessment** of Degradation Mechanisms

- + Expert Review Group (ERG)
- + End-users

IRCER (FR)

participant

Short name of participant

### **Project Goals: Impact and Added Value**





- Innovation and/or optimization of material solutions (incl. assessment of the materials durability and analysis of the economical implications)
- Better description and understanding of material degradation mechanisms (improving state-of-the-art knowledge by implementing as realistic as possible conditions)
- Building of comprehensive predictive models
- Synergy through a cooperative project involving several countries across Europe sharing a common goal.
- Capitalise on ConCorD results (EURAD-1), but also, develop common methodologies, encourage Round Robin experiments and benchmarking to provide more confidence on the results produced by each partner.
- Significant effort in attracting and training new scientists (lectures at the Master and Doctorate levels).





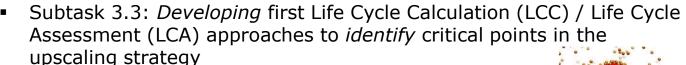
What's new?
Materials and
processes to be
tested, improved,
optimized under
more realistic
(field) conditions
never done so far.

## Task 3: Innovative HLW Container Materials



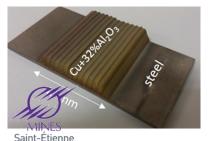


- Subtask 3.1: *Improve* recently selected innovative, bulk and coating materials, and seek for new options (e.g. multilayered materials, ceramic-metal composites)
- Subtask 3.2: For selected materials, define and optimize elaboration or fabrication processes





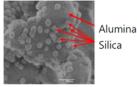












SEM micrograph of alumina/silica heteroaggregation



## Task 4: **Evaluation of Materials Durability**

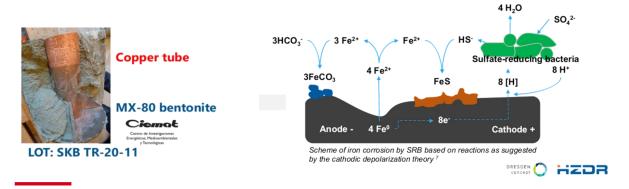




- Subtask 4.1: *Evaluate* materials durability (*i.e.*, corrosion resistance under transients), by implementing lab-scale experiments, systematic parametric studies (irradiation, pH, temperature,...), to *identify* the main degradation mechanisms and associated important parameters.

InCoManD

Subtask 4.2: *Development* of dedicated complex (even *in situ*) experiments to mimic accelerated field conditions (necessity to build improved test devices for coupling stress factors)







# **Task 5: Experimental and Modeling Assessment of Degradation Mechanisms**

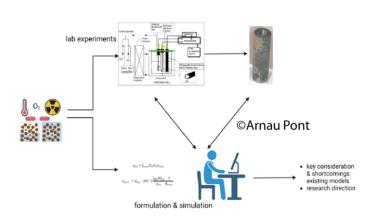


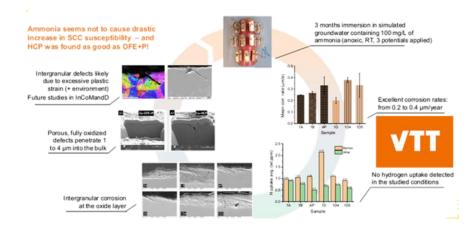


- Subtask 5.1: Experimentally assess joint mechanical-corrosion degradation in selected materials via threshold stress and intensity factor measurements under disposal conditions
- Subtask 5.2: *Develop* a modelling of geochemistry and time-dependent transients









#### Current Status of InCoManD





- Duration: 01.10.2024 30.09.2029
- Kick-off meeting (in person) in Paris in January 2025
- 1<sup>st</sup> Online-Workshop between experimentalists and modelers (May 2025)
- First Delivery EURAD-2-D9.1 published in June 2025: EURAD-2 - D9.1 Durability of Traditional and Innovative Disposal Container Materials and Coatings: State-of-the-Art and further Research within InCoManD | Eurad
- Work Program Year 2 confirmed in June 2025
- In October 2025, the first Annual Event takes place at







## **Highlights of Work Program Year 2**





**Task 3** (Innovative HLW Container Materials)

## eurad 2 European Partnership on Radioactive Waste Management

#### **Bulk ceramics:**

- First steps of alumina gelcasting elaboration process by varying the slurry composition
- Testing sealing materials based on intimate blends of alumino-silicate powders
- Improving SiC-based materials containing Cr additive

#### **Coatings:**

- Preparation of CrN/CrON and Ti/TiO<sub>2</sub> multilayer coatings and Cu-Ni/Sn coatings using electrochemical deposition, both for further experimental investigation
- Improving cold spray deposited Cu/Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> coatings performing thermal treatments

#### **Sealing methods:**

- Development of a microwave sealing device for ceramics focusing on an innovative approach combining an ad hoc sealing material and SiC fibres as a susceptor
- Testing of sealing process parameters (composition, temperature, time) for (bulk) SiC
- Studies on assessing the potential of arc-welding processes for sealing steel and copper containers



## **Highlights of Work Program Year 2**





**Task 4** (Evaluation of Materials Durability)

## Implementation of corrosion tests of selected materials under conditions relevant for repository concepts:

- Various investigations on <u>Cu-based materials</u> (e.g. friction-stir welded coupons; Cu-coatings; composite  $\text{Cu/Al}_2\text{O}_3$  cold spray coatings; electrochemically deposited Cu-Ni/Sn coatings)
- Corrosion resistance of <u>non-copper coatings</u> (Ti, Cr PVD) and multilayers of those in passive oxide and anoxic Opalinus Clay water and its slurry with Wyoming bentonite at 50 °C.
- <u>Ceramics</u>: Leaching experiments on  $Al_2O_3$  (~90 °C, pH 12.5, + preliminary irradiation tests at 10 Gy/h)
- <u>Fe-based materials</u>: Cr-steel and Cr-Ni-steel (pH 7,5 8,5, aerobic and anaerobic conditions with porewater containing chloride, sulphate, hydrogen...)

#### Development of ad hoc experiments to mimic accelerated field conditions

 Various investigations on selected container materials in combination with bentonite, defining the near-field conditions, under environmental disposal conditions with and without microorganisms.





## **Highlights of Work Program Year 2**





Task 5 (Experimental and Modeling Assessment of Degradation Mechanisms)

#### Experimental evaluation for the joint effects of deformation and corrosion

- Working at reducing the potential pH range in which stress corrosion cracking (SCC) agents (e.g., nitrates) can initiate cracking on Cu-OFE+P and Cu-HCP in the presence or not of chlorides
- Investigation of (i) microstructure, (ii) effect of cold work and (iii) hardness on the susceptibility to crack initiation and propagation of these materials
- Consideration of steels and role of residual stresses

#### Modelling for geochemistry and time-dependent transformations

- Improvement of current reactive transport modelling to gain higher accuracy regarding corrosion rates over time.
- Modelling of transport geochemical reactions, at the microscale, occurring at the carbon/stainless steel – clay or cement interfaces.





### **Summary**





- InCoManD has been successfully launched
- Partners have coordinated their planned work
- The initial State-of-the-Art report has been published including an outlook on what is planned for InCoManD
- Selection of materials and test parameters is ongoing as planned
- Experimental setups and tests have been launched
- Year 2 work program is approved
- First results, experiences and further investigations will be discussed during the 1<sup>st</sup> annual event of InCoManD in Granada/Spain in October 2025.







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